

02.17-functions

February 21, 2020

1

1.1

function

```
In [3]: def add(x, y):  
        """Add two numbers"""  
        a = x + y  
        return a  
  
- def -def , def foo(): - -docstring "" -return None
```

1.2

Python

```
In [4]: print (add(2, 3))  
        print (add('foo', 'bar'))
```

5
foobar

Python

```
In [5]: print (add(2, "foo"))
```

TypeError

Traceback (most recent call last)

```
<ipython-input-5-fc607c31368f> in <module>  
----> 1 print (add(2, "foo"))
```

```

<ipython-input-3-a0af632d0680> in add(x, y)
      1 def add(x, y):
      2     """Add two numbers"""
----> 3     a = x + y
      4     return a

```

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'

```
In [6]: print (add(1, 2, 3))
```

```

-----

TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

```

```

<ipython-input-6-199dc382af0f> in <module>
----> 1 print (add(1, 2, 3))

```

TypeError: add() takes 2 positional arguments but 3 were given

```
In [7]: print (add(1))
```

```

-----

TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

```

```

<ipython-input-7-15efd13f3023> in <module>
----> 1 print (add(1))

```

TypeError: add() missing 1 required positional argument: 'y'

Python

```
In [8]: print (add(x=2, y=3))
        print (add(y="foo", x="bar"))
```

```

5
barfoo

```

```
In [9]: print (add(2, y=3))
```

5

1.3

```
In [10]: def quad(x, a=1, b=0, c=0):  
         return a*x**2 + b*x + c
```

```
In [11]: print (quad(2.0))
```

4.0

```
In [12]: print (quad(2.0, b=3))
```

10.0

```
In [13]: print (quad(2.0, 2, c=4))
```

12.0

2 a

```
In [14]: print (quad(2.0, 2, a=2))
```

TypeError

Traceback (most recent call last)

<ipython-input-14-396c5b01c664> in <module>

----> 1 print (quad(2.0, 2, a=2))

TypeError: quad() got multiple values for argument 'a'

1.4

```
In [15]: def add(x, *args):
          total = x
          for arg in args:
              total += arg
          return total
```

*args

```
In [16]: print (add(1, 2, 3, 4))
          print (add(1, 2))
```

10

3

```
In [17]: def add(x, **kwargs):
          total = x
          for arg, value in kwargs.items():
              print ("adding ", arg)
              total += value
          return total
```

**kwargs

```
In [18]: print (add(10, y=11, z=12, w=13))
```

adding y

adding z

adding w

46

```
In [19]: def foo(*args, **kwargs):
          print (args, kwargs)
```

foo(2, 3, x='bar', z=10)

(2, 3) {'x': 'bar', 'z': 10}

args kwargs

1.5

```
In [20]: from math import atan2

def to_polar(x, y):
    r = (x**2 + y**2) ** 0.5
    theta = atan2(y, x)
    return r, theta

r, theta = to_polar(3, 4)
print (r, theta)

5.0 0.9272952180016122
```

Python

```
In [21]: print (to_polar(3, 4))

(5.0, 0.9272952180016122)
```

```
r, theta = to_polar(3, 4)
```

```
In [22]: a, b, c = [1, 2, 3]
         print (a, b, c)

1 2 3
```

```
In [23]: def add(x, y):
         """Add two numbers"""
         a = x + y
         return a

z = (2, 3)
print (add(*z))
```

*

```
In [24]: def add(x, y):  
         """Add two numbers"""  
         a = x + y  
         return a  
  
         w = {'x': 2, 'y': 3}  
         print (add(**w))
```

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