Offensive and Defensive Cybersecurity

21-22

Download Now! (~5GB)

https://bit.ly/ODC21VM

https://bit.ly/ODC21VM_mirror2

Schedule (Tentative)

- Shellcode Writing
- Dynamic Loading
- Protection bypass
- RET to lib & ROP
- Heap Exploitation
- Reversing
- Symbolic Execution

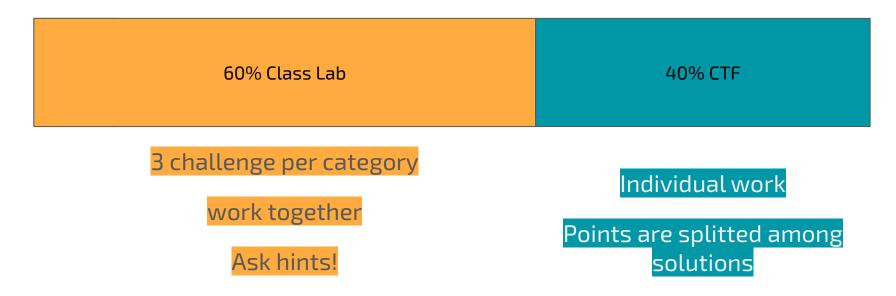
- Dom based XSS
- Race Condition
- Serialization
- Unpacking
- Dynamic Malware Analysis
- Hardware Security

- CTF

13/09 -> **2**0/12

Beginning of January

Evaluation (Tentative)



A project can be discussed as an alternative if you cannot take part to the CTF

How to learn exploitation techniques?

- Hands-on!
- 30-ish minutes of explanation / demo
- You try on your own!
- Ask questions!

Prerequisites

- Computer Security
- x86 assembly
 - https://bit.ly/CSX86_2020_p1
 - https://bit.ly/CSX86_2020_p2
- python

What do you need? (https://bit.ly/ODC21VM)

- Linux (ubuntu 18.04 LTS recommended)
- x86 and x86_64
- GDB (pwndbg, peda, gef, etc...)
 (https://github.com/pwndbg/pwndbg)
- pwntools (python23) (pip install pwntools)
- ghidra (or IDA Pro) (https://ghidra-sre.org/)
- tmux (screen, terminator)

Binary Challenge Setup

- Challenges (https://training.jinblack.it/)
- Remote Service
 - Running on docker on ubuntu 18.04
- You get the binary
- Read file "/chall/flag"

High-level and Machine Code

```
<stdio.h>
   Developer
             <stdlib.h>
         int foo(int a, int b) {
          int c = 14;
          c = (a + b) * c;
          return c;
         int main(int argc, char * argv[]) {
          int avar;
          int bvar;
          int cvar;
          char * str;
          avar = atoi(argv[1]);
          cvar = foo(avar, bvar);
          gets(str);
          printf("foo(%d, %d) = %d\n", avar, bvar, cvar);
          return 0;
    Compiler
             .cfi startproc
             pushl %ebp
             .cfi def cfa offset 8
             .cfi offset 5, -8
             movl %esp, %ebp
             .cfi def cfa register 5
             andl $-16, %esp
                $32, %esp
                12(%ebp), %eax
                 $4, %eax
             addl
   Assembler
            Machine
             © CINI - 2018
```





No src! - What do I use?

- Objdump Disasm
- radare2 Disasm
- Binary Ninja Disasm + Primitive Decompiler
- GHIDRA Disasm + Decompiler
 (https://ghidra-sre.org/)
- rev.ng Disasm + Decompiler (maybe one day)
- IDA Pro Disasm + Decompiler (de facto standard)

32 bit vs **64** bit

- Registers
- Syscalls (https://w3challs.com/syscalls/):
 - x86 int 80
 - x86_64 syscall
- man is your friend (even google is fine)
 - man 2 read

Writing a Shellcode

- execute a shell!
- plan your shellcode:
 - exec("/bin/sh")
 - use an assembler

(https://defuse.ca/online-x86-assembler.htm)

How to Assemble

- GCC (as)
- Nasm
- pwntools
- Online assembler.
 - https://defuse.ca/online-x86-assembler.htm

Setup the environment

- Most similar env (ubuntu 18.04)
- debug tools (gdb)
- Scripting (pwntools)
- debug while running your script...

Debugging Challenges with GDB

Host the challenge:

```
socat TCP-LISTEN:4000,reuseaddr,fork EXEC:"./shellcode"
```

Connect your script. (NB You script should wait.)

```
python x.py<mark>(OR</mark>ncat 127.0.0.1 4000)
```

Attach with gdb:

```
ps aux | grep shellcode
sudo gdb attach 25209
```

Debugging Challenges with GDB the pwntools way

```
1. context.terminal = ['tmux', 'splitw', '-h']
2. # ssh = ssh("jinblack", "192.168.56.102")
3. r = process("./multistage")
4. gdb.attach(r,'''
5. # b * 0x004000b0
6. # b *0x4000DD
8. input("wait")
```

Writing a Shellcode - Multi Stage

- If you do not have space, you make space.
- plan your shellcode:
 - Stage One
 - read (\cdot, \cdot, \cdot) #second stage
 - Stage Two:
 - exec("/bin/sh")

Writing a Shellcode - Fork Server

- fd 0 or 1 are not always the way.
- plan your shellcode:
 - dup2(·,·,·)
 - exec("/bin/sh")

Writing a Shellcode open read write

- you may need to read bpf filters
 (https://github.com/david942j/seccomp-tools)
- plan your shellcode:
 - open("/flag")
 - read(·,·,·)
 - write(· , · , ·)

Writing a Shellcode - Reverse Shell

- Connect to remote host.
- plan your shellcode:
 - socket(·,·,·)
 - dup2(·,·,·)
 - connect(·,·,·)
 - exec("/bin/sh")