# Git and GitHub

Version Control Systems and Teamwork



**SoftUni Team Technical Trainers** 









**Software University** 

https://softuni.bg

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     Push the Changes, Pull Changes, Merge Changes



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- 3. Introduction to GitHub
  - Create a Repo, Clone, Commit, Push, Conflicts



#### Have a Question?





#### **Source Control Systems: Lesson Summary**



Source control systems keep the source code
 (+ other project assets) in a shared repository

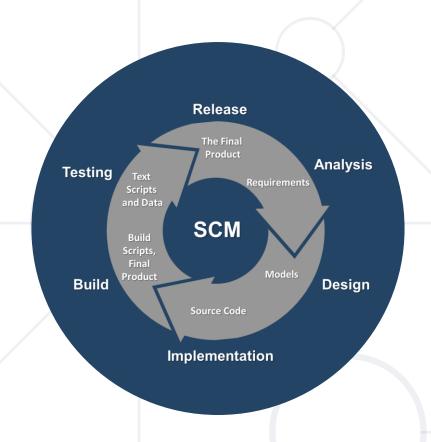


- Developers can clone a repository, pull the latest version,
   commit & push local changes, view the change logs, etc.
- Git is the most popular source control system
  - Other version control systems: SVN, TFS, Perforce



- GitHub is the #1 site for Git project hosting
  - Git hosting + issue tracker + review system + project tracker + build system





# Software Configuration Management

Working on Shared Code: Source Control Systems

#### **Software Configuration Management**



Version control ≈ Software Configuration
 Management (SCM) ≈ source control system



- A software engineering discipline
- Consists of techniques, practices and tools for working on shared source code and files
- Mechanisms for changes tracking and conflict resolution
- Defines the process of change management
- Keeps track of what is changing in the project over time
- Solves conflicts in the changes

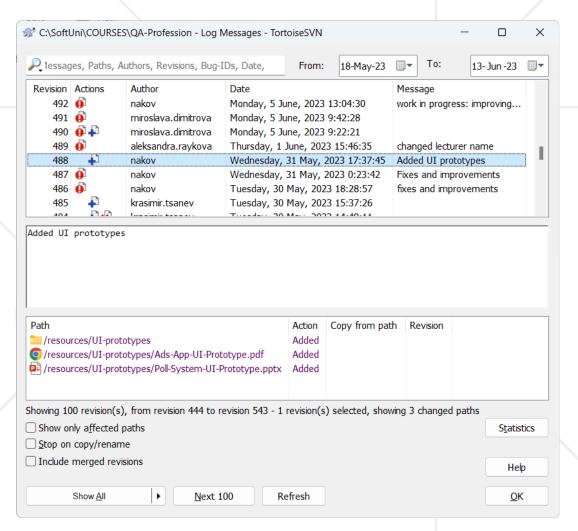
#### **Change Log**



Version control systems keep their own change

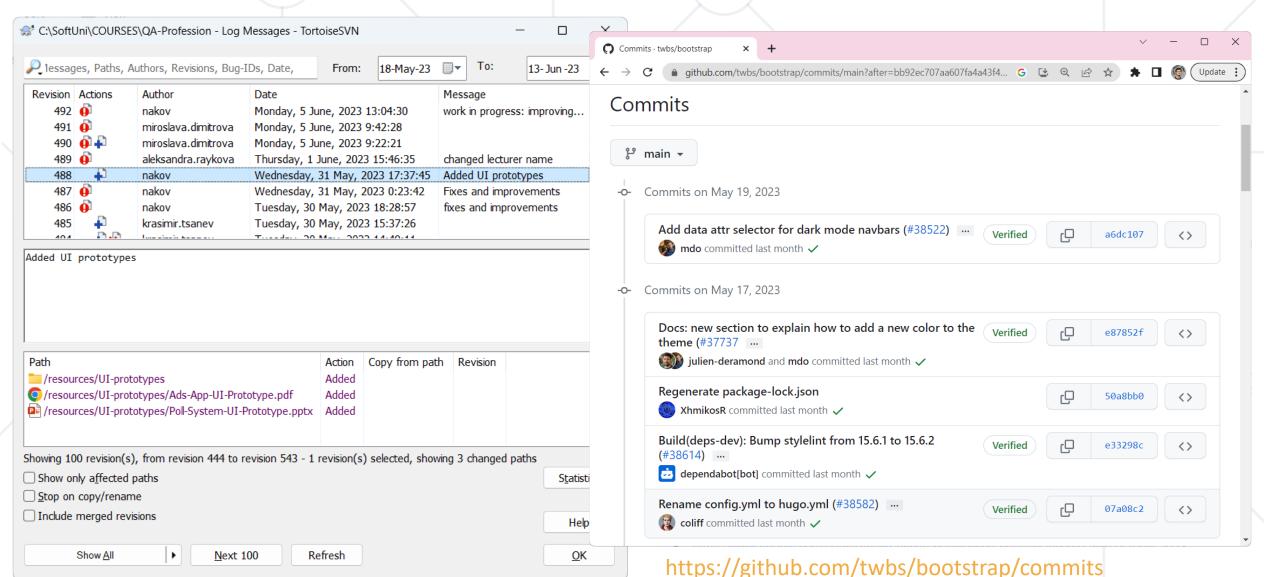
log (version history):

- Who?
- When?
- Why?
- What was changed?
- Old versions can be reverted back



#### **Change Log – Examples**





#### Vocabulary: Repository (Repo)



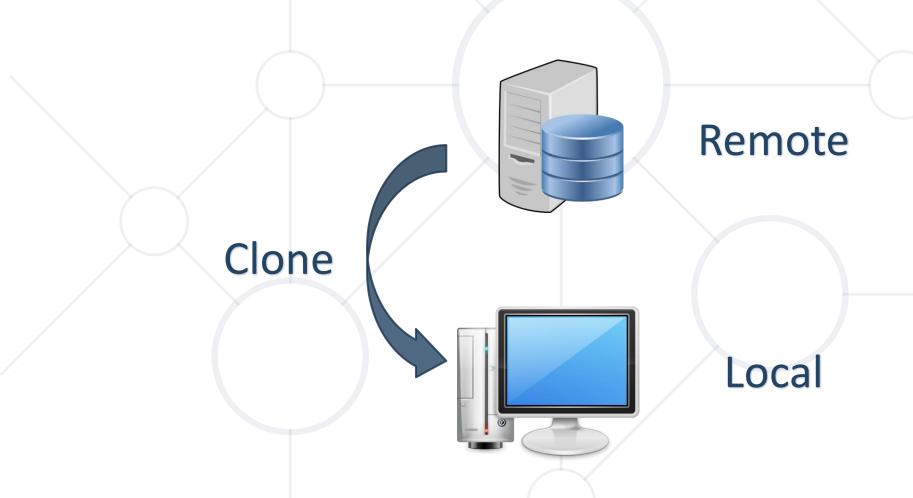
Repo holds the project in a remote server



### Vocabulary: Clone



Clone == download a local copy of the remote project



#### **Vocabulary: Commit**



Commit == saves a set of changes locally



Remote

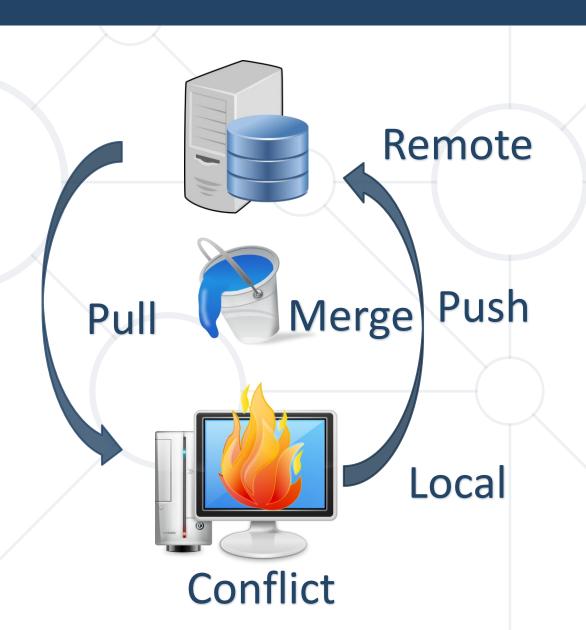


Local

#### Vocabulary: Sync (Pull / Push)

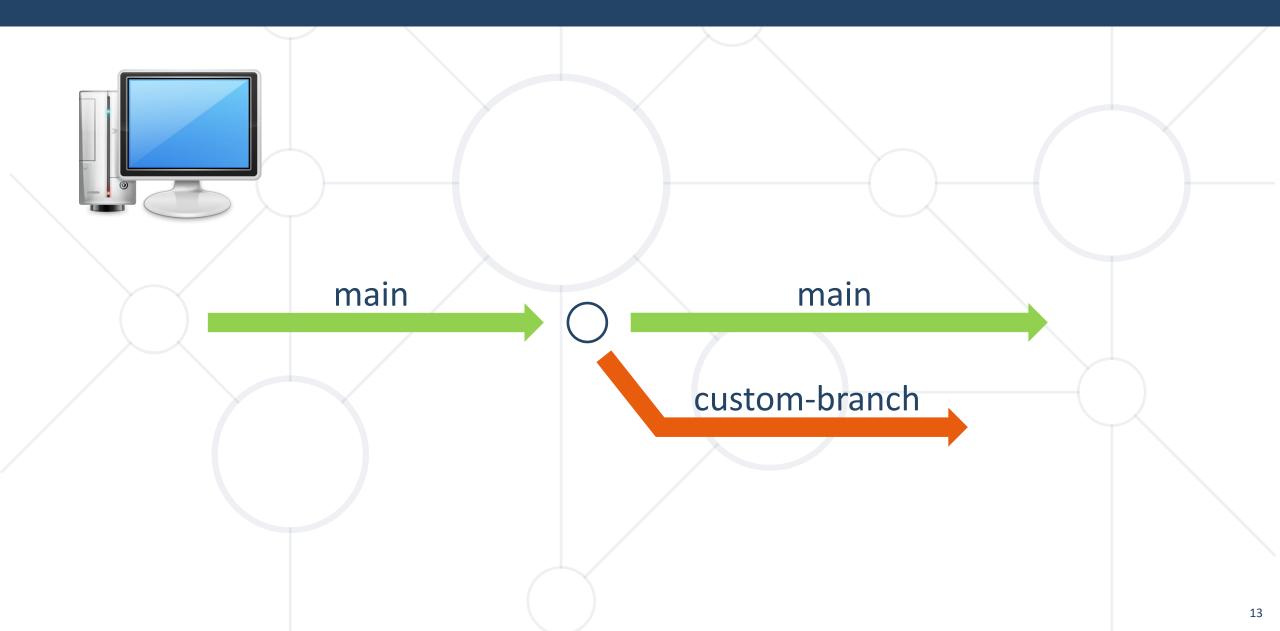


- Pull take and merge the changes from the Remote
- Push send local changes to the Remote



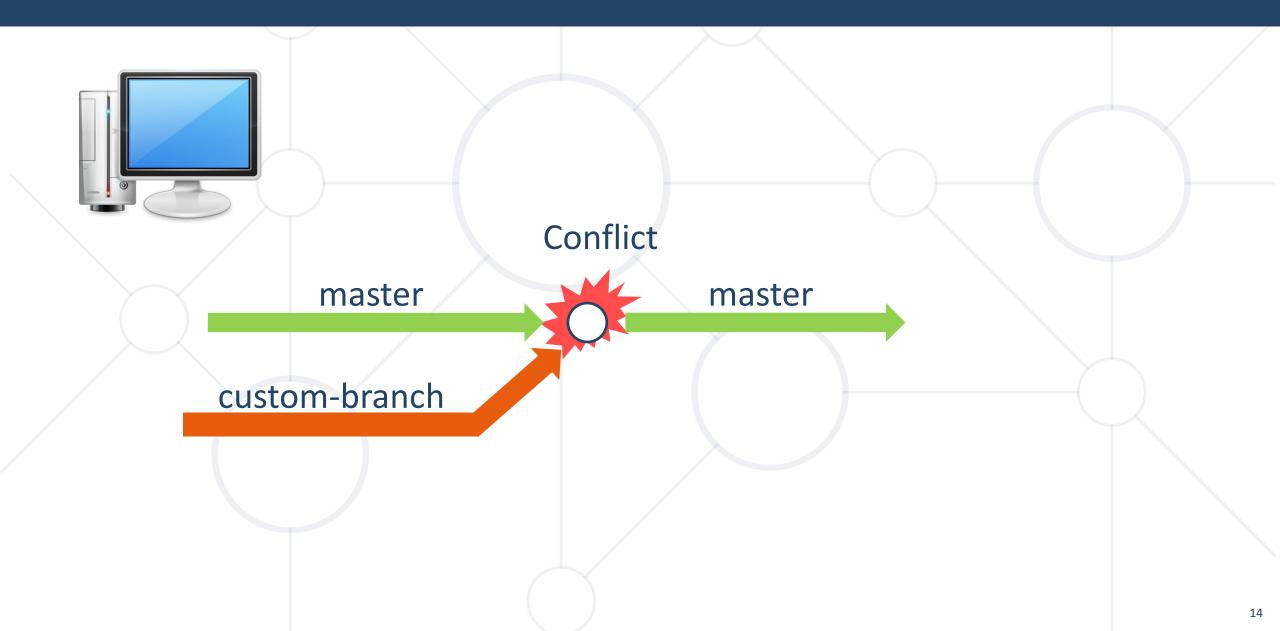
# Vocabulary: Branch





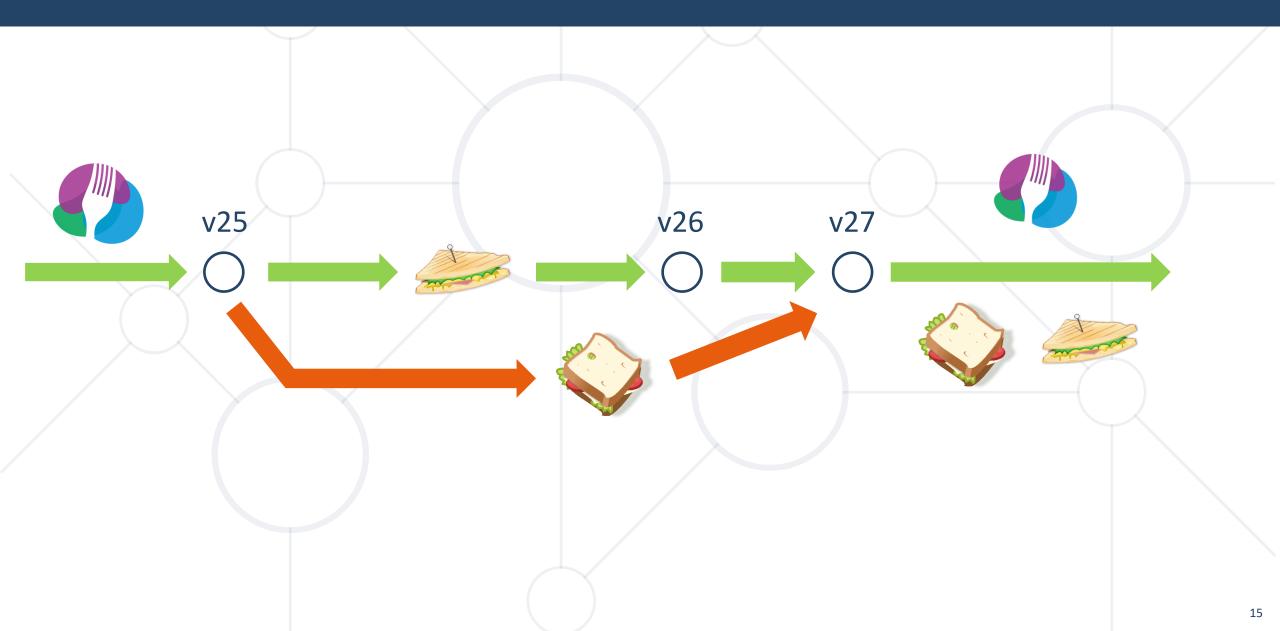
#### Vocabulary: Merge Branches





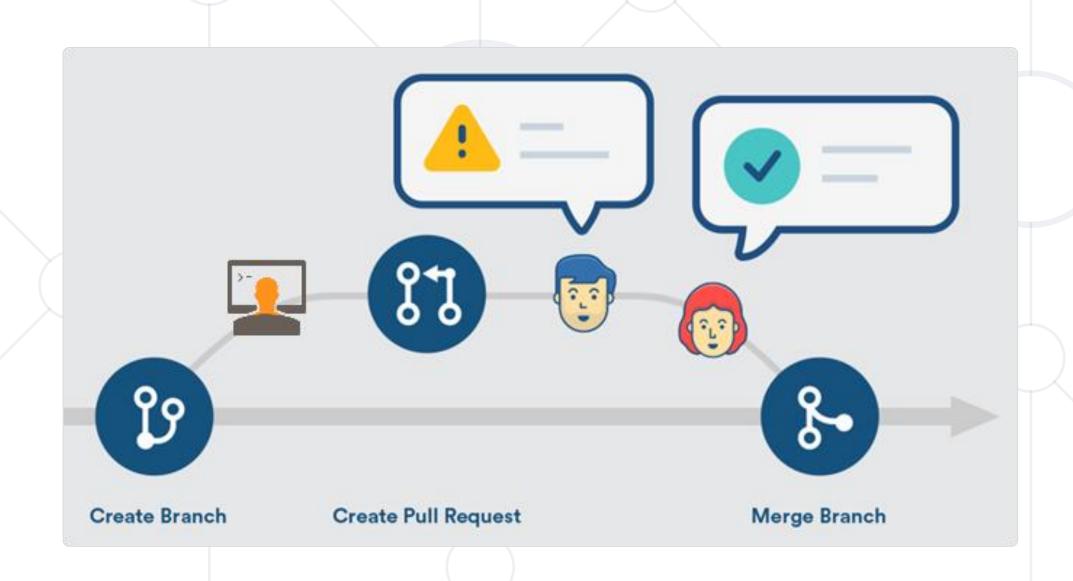
## **Example: Branches**





#### **Pull Requests: The Code Review Process**







Git

World's #1 Source Control System

#### What is Git?



- Git == distributed source-control system
  - The most popular in the world
  - Free, open-source software

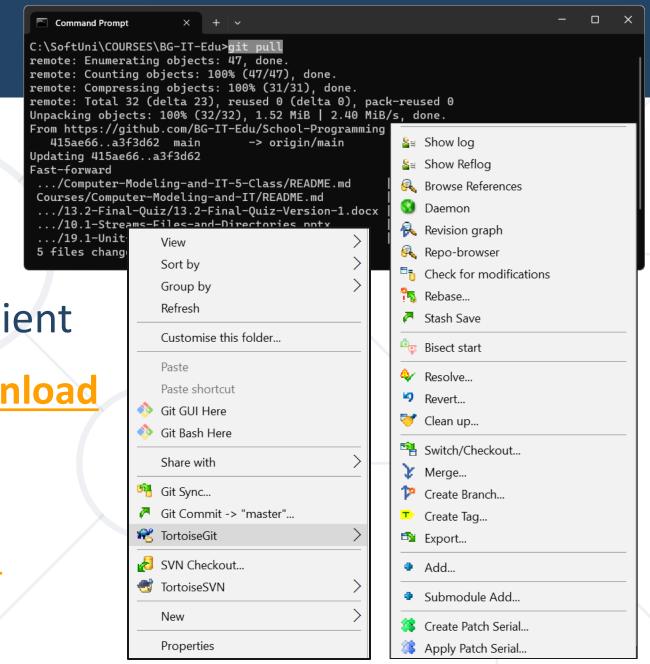


- Works with local and remote repositories
- Git bash command line interface for Git
- Runs on Linux, macOS and Windows (msysGit)
  - https://git-scm.com



#### **Using Git**

- Console-based Git client
  - git, Git Bash
- TortoiseGit Windows GUI client
  - https://tortoisegit.org/download
- GitHub Desktop client
  - https://desktop.github.com

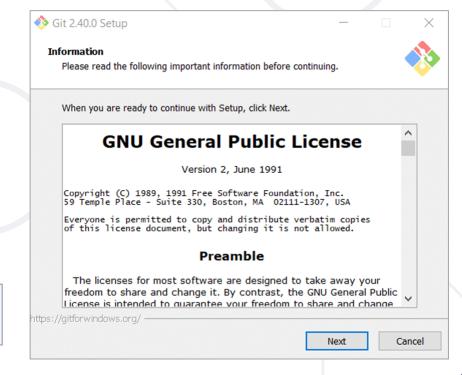


#### **Installing Git**



- Git installation on Windows: Git for Windows (msysGit)
  - https://git-scm.com/downloads
  - Options to select (selected by default)
    - "Use Git Bash Only"
    - "Checkout Windows-style,Commit Unix-style Endings"
- Git installation on Linux:

sudo apt-get install git



#### **Basic Git Commands (1)**



Cloning an existing Git repository

```
git clone [remote url]
```

Fetch and merge the latest changes from the remote repository

```
git pull
```

Preparing (adding / selecting) files for a commit

```
git add [filename] ("git add ." adds everything)
```

Committing to the local repository

```
git commit -m "[your message here]"
```

#### **Basic Git Commands (2)**



Check the status of your local repository (see the local changes)

```
git status
```

Creating a new local repository (in the current directory)

```
git init
```

Creating a remote (assign a short name for remote Git URL)

```
git remote add [remote name] [remote url]
```

Pushing to a remote (send changes to the remote repository)

```
git push [remote name] [local name]
```

#### GitHub – Example



Clone a repository from GitHub

```
git clone https://github.com/SoftUni/playground
```

Modify local files

```
notepad README.md
```

Commit changes (local)

```
git add . & git commit -m "Added something"
```

Push the changes to GitHub

```
git push
```



## **Git: Live Demo**

Checkout → Modify → Commit → Push

#### **GitHub – Teamwork Example**



Alice (terminal)

git clone https://github.
com/SoftUni/playground

notepad README.md

git add . & git commit -m
"Added something"

git push

Bob (TortoiseSVN)

git clone https://...

notepad README.md

git add & git commit

git push → conflict

git pull → merge

git push → success





# Git: Live Demo

Teamwork and Resolve a Conflict



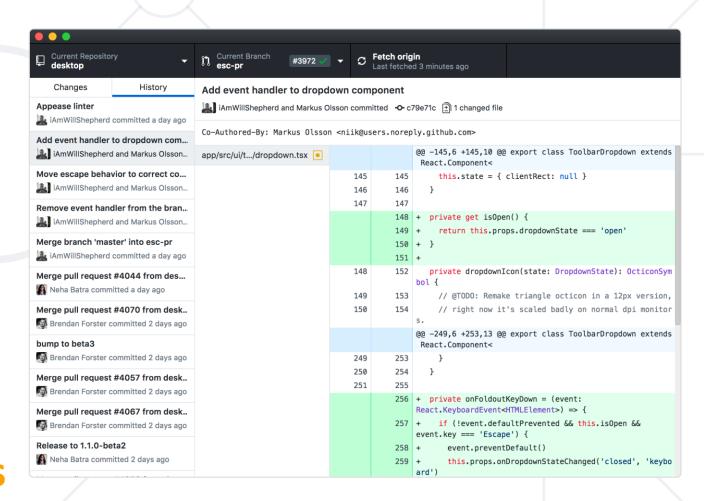
# GitHub Desktop

**Development Workflow Simplified** 

#### What is GitHub Desktop?



- Simple Desktop GUI client app by GitHub
- Translates Git operations from command-line into a user-friendly UI
- Functions: manage repositories, branches, commits, and pull requests without opening a terminal



#### **GitHub Desktop's Key Features**



- Repository management
  - Create, clone, pull
- Change management
  - Add, commit, push
  - Conflict resolution
- Branch management
  - Create, switch, merge
  - Pull requests and merging



https://desktop.github.com



#### What is GitHub?



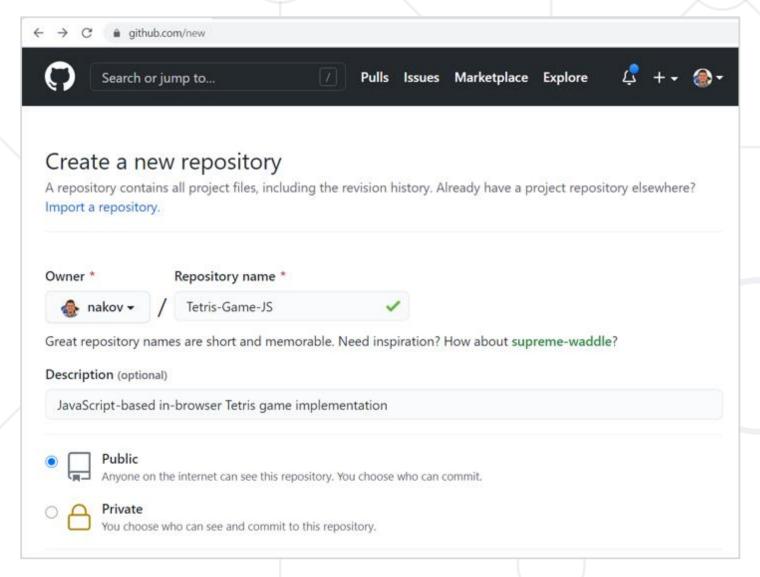
GitHub is the world's #1 source code hosting site

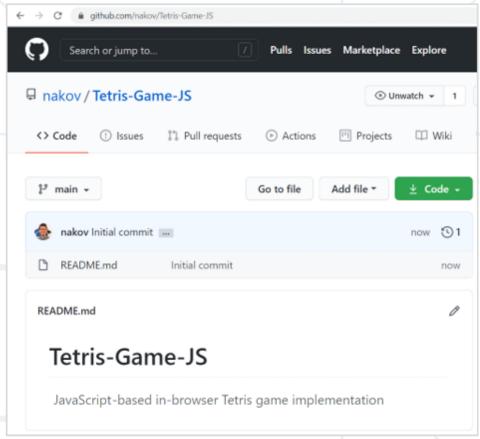
- Free for open-source projects
- Paid plans for private repositories
- GitHub provides:
  - Git source code repository
  - Issue tracker (bug tracker)
  - Project board (Kanban style)
  - Wiki pages (documentation)

- Code reviews (pull requests)
- Build system (actions)
- Site hosting (pages)
- Online IDE (spaces)

#### **Creating a GitHub Repository**







#### GitHub – Example



Clone a repository from GitHub

```
git clone https://github.com/SoftUni/playground
```

Modify local files

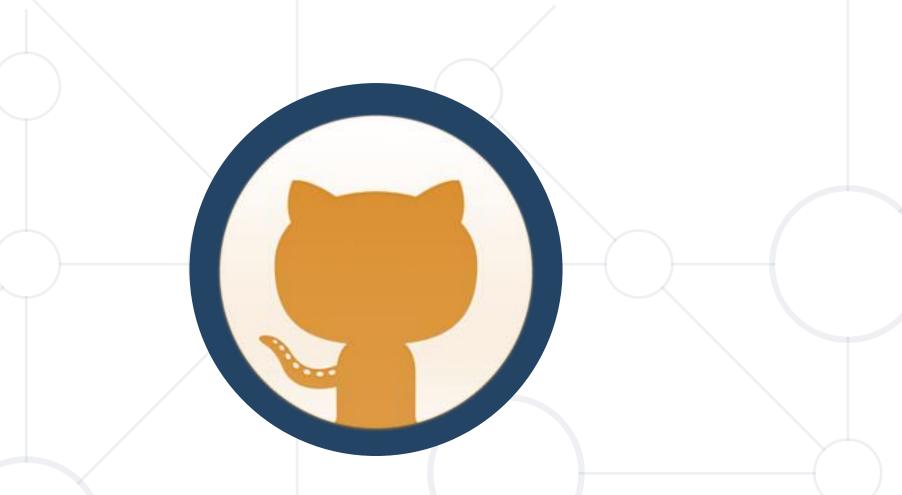
```
notepad README.md
```

Commit changes (local)

```
git add . & git commit -m "Added something"
```

Push the changes to GitHub

```
git push
```



# GitHub: Live Demo

Create Repo → Edit Files → Checkout → Push



# **Live Exercises**

Creating a Repo, Cloning a Repo, Commit and Push Changes, Resolve Conflicts, Team Interactions

#### Summary



- Use version control systems to work in a team
  - Keep the shared code in a central repository
  - Handle merge conflicts with ease
- Important Git commands:
  - clone, pull, add, commit, push
- Git clients: TortoiseGit, GitHub Desktop
- GitHub == the world's most used software project hosting platform
  - Git repository, issue tracker, Kanban board, Wiki





# Questions?

















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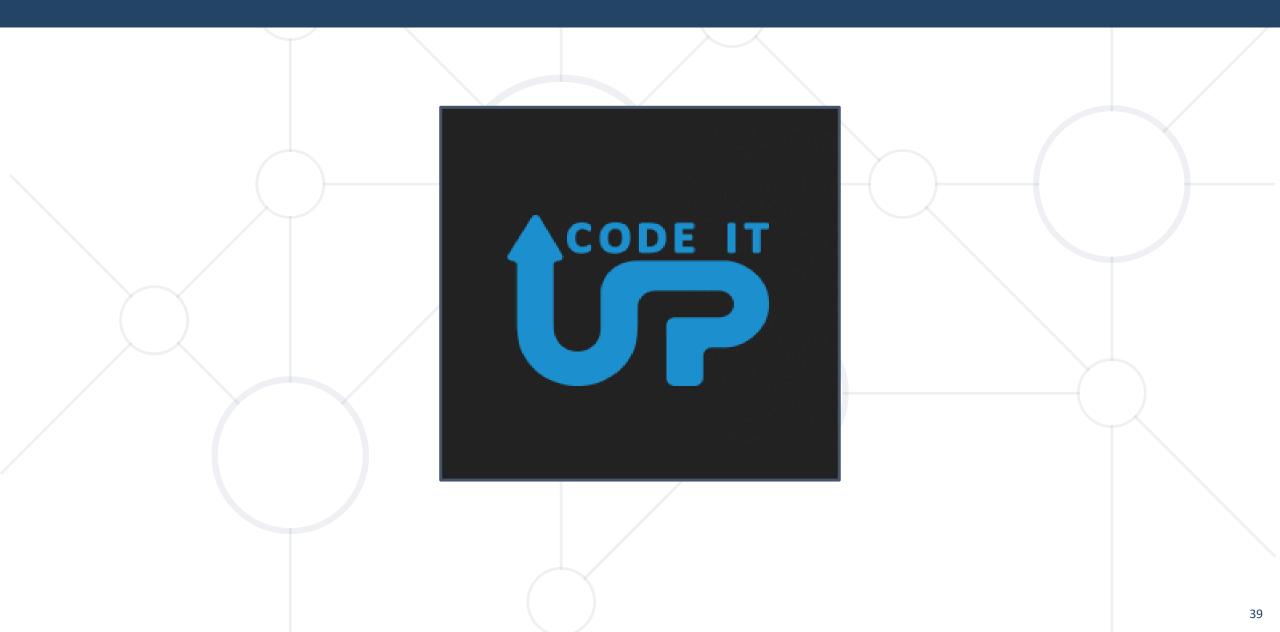






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