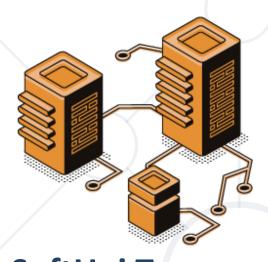
Software Architectures and Containers



SoftUni Team Technical Trainers









Software University

https://softuni.bg

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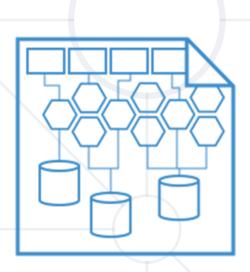


Software Architectures

Software Architectures



- Software systems consist of interconnected components organized in certain structure called an architecture
- Concepts related to software architectures:
 - Monolith apps
 - Client-server model
 - Front-end and back-end
 - 3-tier and multi-tier architecture
 - SOA and microservices



Monolith Apps



- Monolith apps
 - A single application holds its data, logic and user interface (UI)
 - Single user (no shared data access)
 - Disconnected from the Internet
 - App data is stored on the local machine
 - Examples:
 - A simple smartphone game
 - The Notepad text editor

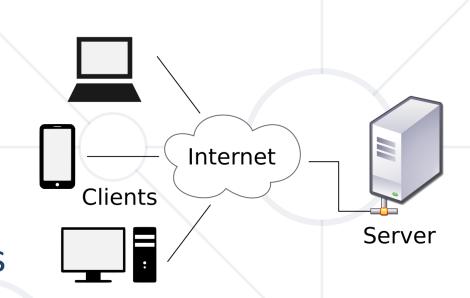
The "Client-Server" Model



- The client-server architectural model
 - The server holds app data and logic and provides APIs to clients
 - The clients implement the UI (the user interface) and consume the server APIs

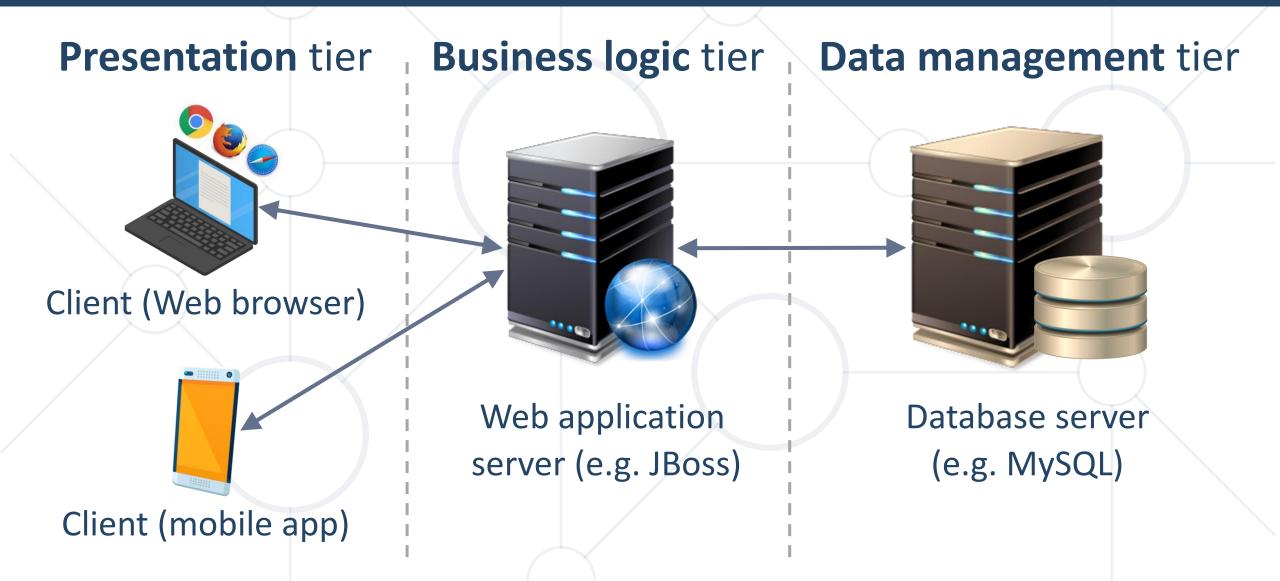


- Email client → Email server



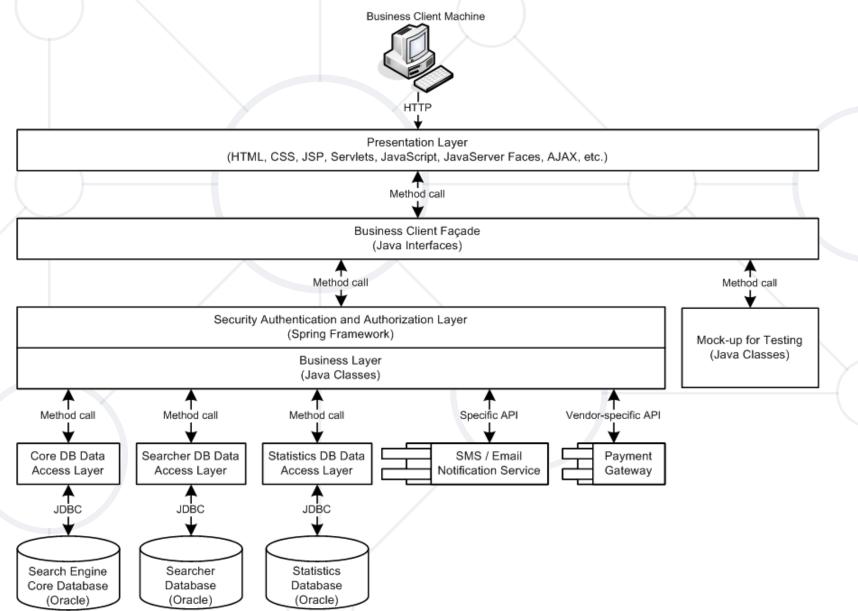
3-Tier Architecture / Multi Tier Architecture





Multi-Tier Architecture – Example

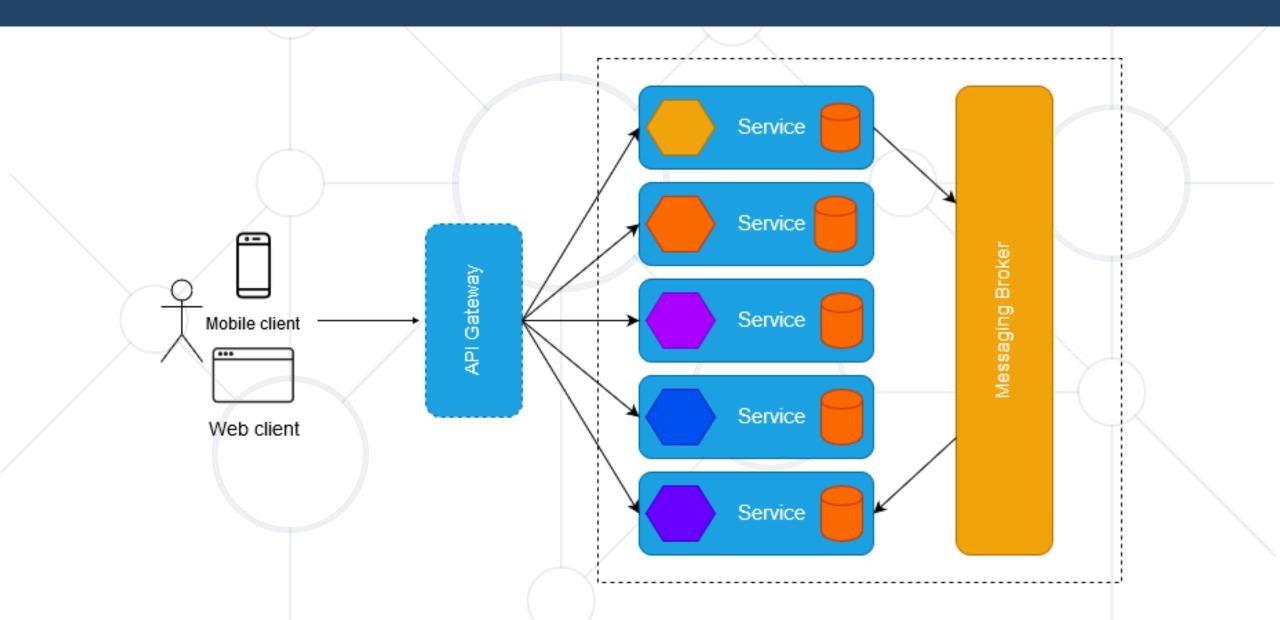






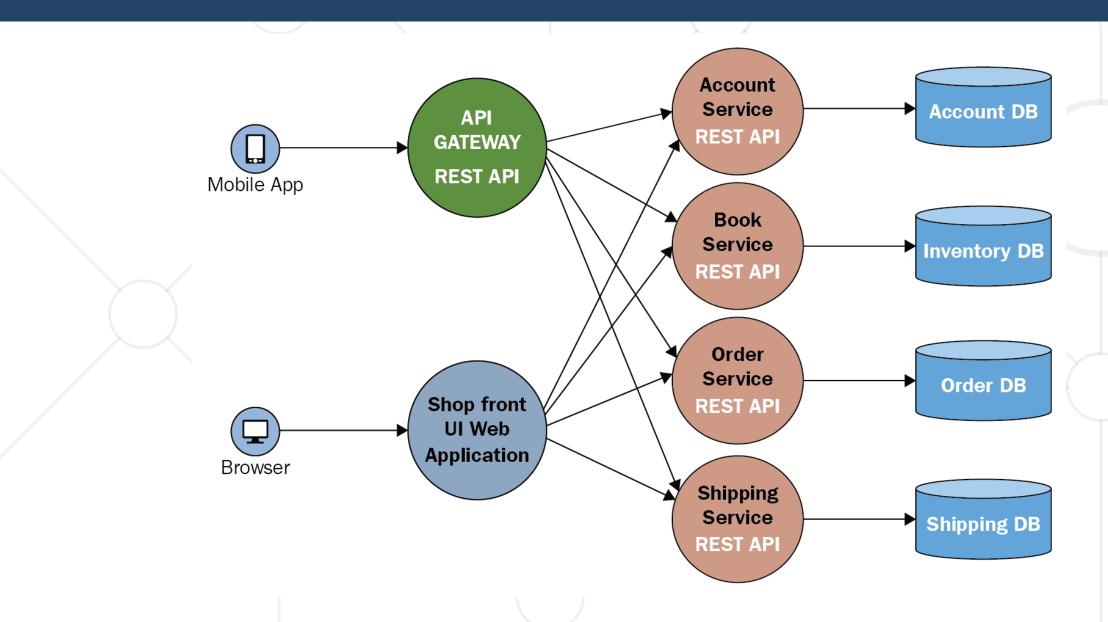
Microservice Architecture





Microservice Architecture – Example

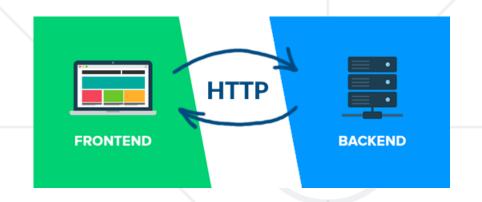




Front-End and Back-End



- Front-end and back-end separate the modern apps into client-side (UI) and server-side (data) components
- Front-end == client-side components (presentation layer)
 - Implement the user interface (UI)
- Back-end == server-side components (data and business logic APIs)
 - Implements data storage and processing



 HTTP connects frontend with back-end



Front-End Technologies



- Front-end technologies
 - Web front-end: HTML + CSS + JavaScript + JS libraries
 - Web front-end frameworks: React, Angular, Vue, Flutter
 - Desktop front-end: XAML (Microsoft), UIKit (Apple)
 - Mobile front-end: Android UI, SwiftUI
 - Hybrid mobile front-end: React Native, Ionic
- Front-end developers deal with UI, UX and front-end technologies and frameworks



Web Front-End and DOM



- Web front-end technologies (see https://platform.html5.org)
 - HTML, CSS, JavaScript, DOM, AJAX
 - JS front-end frameworks (e.g. React, Angular, Vue)
- DOM (the Document Object Model)
 - DOM == a tree of UI and other elements
 - Documents in the Web browser are represented by a DOM tree
 - The DOM API allows changing the DOM from JS



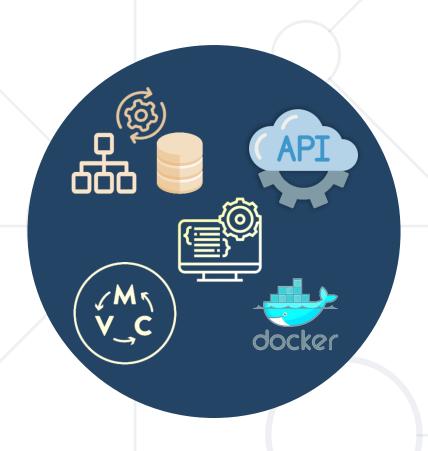
AJAX and RESTful APIs



 AJAX is a technology for asynchronous execution of HTTP requests from client-side JavaScript

```
let httpRequest = fetch('https://some-url...');
httpRequest.then(function(httpResponse) {
   // Process the HTTP response here and update the DOM tree ...
});
```

- RESTful APIs are HTTP-based Web services
 - The HTTP methods GET, POST, PUT and DELETE retrieve, create, modify and delete data



Back-End

Concepts and Technologies

Back-End Technologies



- Back-end technologies are about server-side programming
 - Data management technologies and ORM frameworks

- Backend Web frameworks and MVC frameworks
- **REST API** frameworks, **reactive** APIs, other services and APIs
- Microservices, containers and cloud
- Back-end developers work on the server-side. They deal with the business logic, data processing, data storage, APIs

Back-End Languages and Platforms



- Back-end technologies: server-side frameworks and libraries
 - C# / .NET back-end: ASP.NET MVC, Web API, Entity Framework, ...
 - Java back-end: Java EE, Spring MVC, Spring Data, Hibernate, ...
 - JavaScript back-end: Node.js, Express.js / Meteor, MongoDB, ...
 - Python back-end: Django / Flask, Django ORM / SQLAlchemy, ...
 - PHP back-end: Apache, Laravel / Symfony, ...





Databases



- Databases hold and manage data in the back-end systems
- Relational databases (RDBMS)
 - Hold data in tables + relationships
 - Use the SQL language to query / modify data
 - Examples: MySQL, PostgreSQL, Web SQL in HTML5
- NoSQL databases
 - Hold collections of documents or key-value pairs
 - Examples: MongoDB, IndexedDB in HTML5

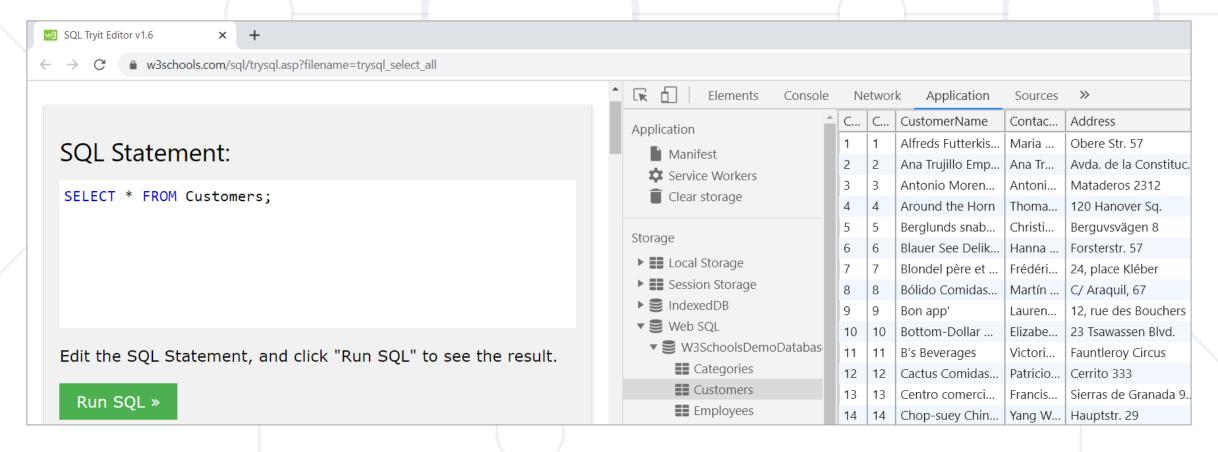




Web SQL – Example



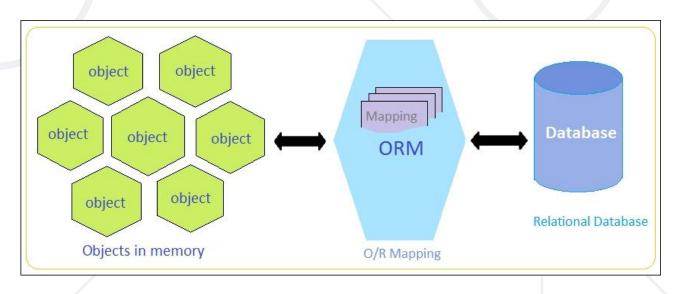
- Web SQL is a relational database, embedded the Web browsers
 - It is fully functional RDBMS system, runs at the client-side



ORM Frameworks



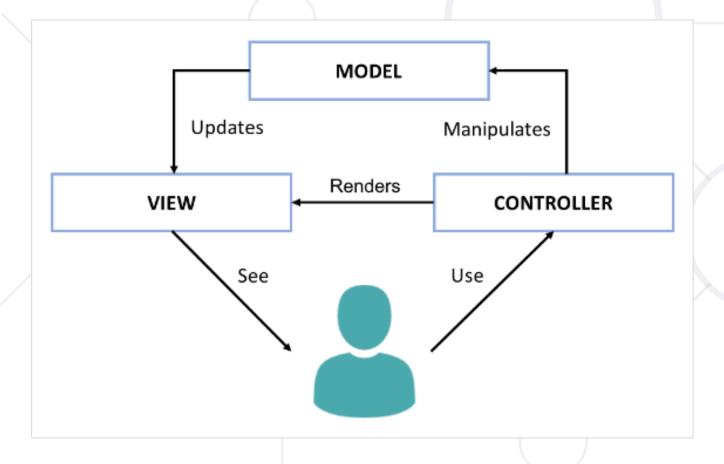
- ORM frameworks (object-relational mapping) allow persisting objects in relational database (by mapping classes to tables)
 - E.g. store JS objects in MySQL database
- Popular ORM frameworks:
 - Entity Framework (C#)
 - Hibernate (Java)
 - Sequelize (JavaScript)
 - SQLAlchemy (Python)



The Model-View-Controller (MVC) Pattern



The Model-View-Controller (MVC) pattern



Controller

- Handles user actions
- Updates the model
- Renders the view (UI)
- Model
 - Holds app data
- View
 - Displays the UI, based on the model data

Web MVC Frameworks



- Web MVC frameworks are used build Web applications
 - Controllers handle HTTP GET / POST and render a view
 - Views display HTML + CSS, based on the models
 - Models hold app data for views, prepared by controllers
- Examples of Web MVC frameworks:
 - ASP.NET MVC (C#), Spring MVC (Java),
 Express (JS), Django (Python), Laravel (PHP),
 Ruby on Rails (Ruby), Revel (Go), ...



Web Services

Communication between Systems and Components

What is API?



- API == Application Programming Interface
 - Programming interface, designed for communication between system components
 - Set of functions and specifications that software programs and components follow to talk to each other

API examples:

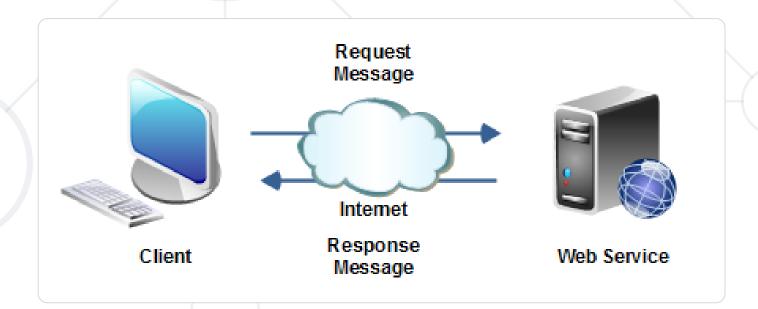
- JDBC Java API for apps to talk with database servers
- Windows API Windows apps talk with Windows OS
- Web Audio API play audio in the Web browser with JS



What is Web Service?



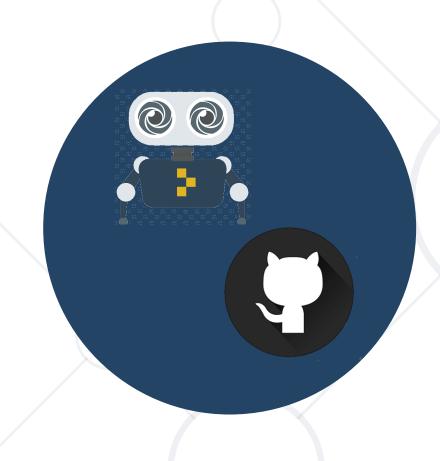
- Web services implement communication between software systems or components of over the network
 - Using standard protocols, such as HTTP, JSON and XML
 - Exchanging messages, holding data and operations



Web Services and APIs



- Web services expose back-end APIs over the network
 - May use different protocols and data formats: HTTP, REST,
 GraphQL, gRPC, SOAP, JSON-RPC, JSON, BSON, XML, YML, ...
- Web services are hosted on a Web server (HTTP server)
 - Provide a set of functions, invokable from the Web (Web API)
- RESTful APIs is the most popular Web service standard



Running an app from a GitHub repo in Repl.it

Live Demo

https://github.com/nakov/Eventures



Virtualization, Docker, Containers, and Cloud

Virtualization and Cloud



- Virtualization == running a virtual machine (VM) / virtual environment inside a physical hardware system
 - E.g. run Android VM or Linux inside a Windows host
 - Storage, memory, networking, desktops can also be virtual
- Cloud == computing resources, virtual machines, storage, platforms and software instances, available on demand
 - laaS (infrastructure as a service) virtual machines on demand
 - PaaS (platform as a service) app deployment environments
 - SaaS (software as a service) software instances, e.g. Office 365

Containers and Docker



- Container image == software, packaged with its dependencies, designed to run in a virtual environment (like Docker)
 - E.g. WordPress instance (Linux + PHP + Apache + WordPress)
 - Simplified installation, configuration and deployment
- Docker is the most popular containerization platform
 - Runs containers from local image or downloaded from the Docker Hub online repository
 - Open-source, runs on Linux, Windows, Mac



Docker – Example



- Install Docker on your local computer
 - Or use the Docker online playground: https://labs.play-with-docker.com (with a free Docker Hub registration)
- Download and run a Docker image in a new container:

```
docker run -d -p:8080:80 dockersamples/static-site
```

- Open the exposed URL: http://localhost:8080
- View currently running Docker containers

```
docker ps
```



Play with Docker

Live Demo

https://labs.play-with-docker.com

Summary



- Use version control systems to work in a team
 - Keep the shared code in a central repository
 - Handle merge conflicts with ease
- Important Git commands:
 - clone, add, commit, pull, push
- GitHub == the world's most used software project hosting platform
 - Git repository, issue tracker, Kanban board, Wiki
- GitHub Desktop Git made easy





Questions?

















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