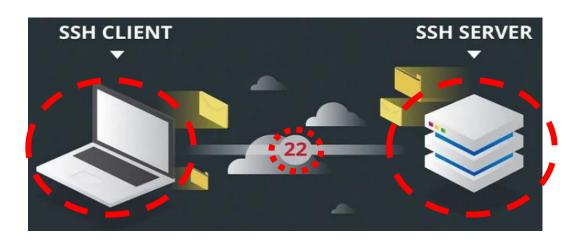
운영체제 및 실습 - SSH and Terminal -

한예진, 김수창, 이승준 Dankook University

SSH

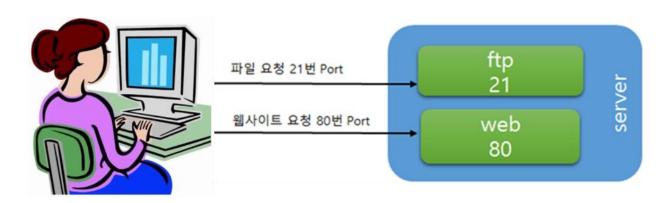
- SSH (Secure SHell)
 - 네트워크 상의 다른 컴퓨터에 로그인, 원격제어 프로토콜
 - Terminal을 통해 다른 컴퓨터를 관리하고 파일을 공유할 수 있음
 - Client와 Server의 통신이 암호화되어 보안적으로 안전하게 통신



Port

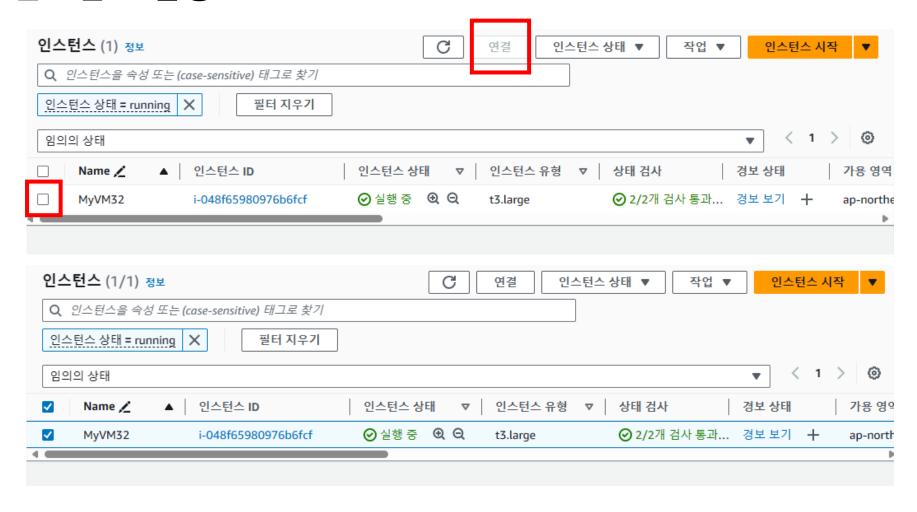
Port

- 통신을 필요로 하는 프로그램이 다수일 때 이를 구별할 수 있는 번호
- 각각의 응용 프로그램에 이미 정해진 포트 번호를 이용해 구분
- ex) 21: FTP, 22: SSH, 80: HTTP, 115: SFTP, ...



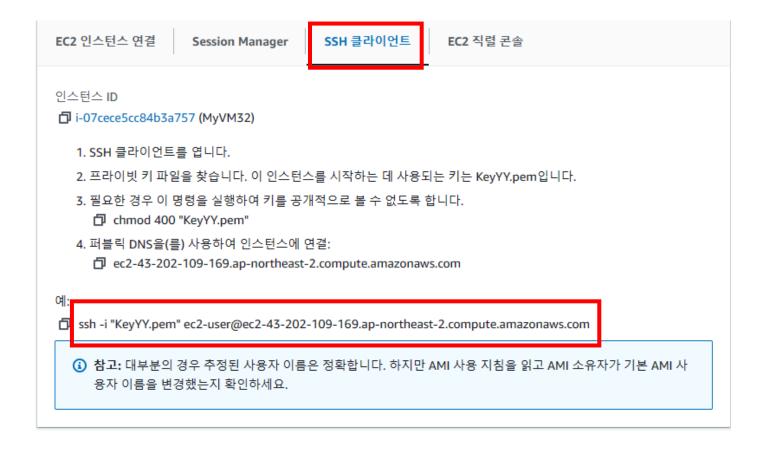
AWS EC2 server

• 인스턴스 실행



AWS EC2 server

• 인스턴스 실행



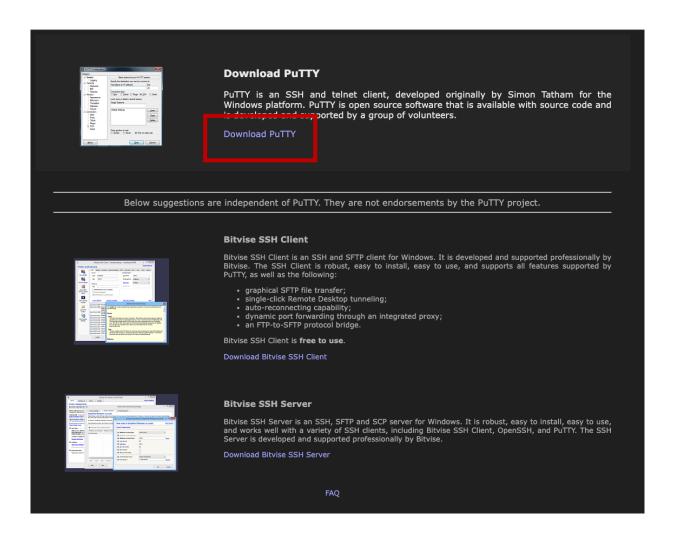
CMD Test

ssh —i "개인키 파일명" userID@Amazon EC2 Instance DNS

ex) ssh -i "KeyYY.pem" ec2-user@ec2-43-202-109-169.ap-northeast-2.compute.amazonaws.com



https://www.putty.org/



Package files

You probably want one of these. They include versions of all the PuTTY utilities (except the new and

(Not sure whether you want the 32-bit or the 64-bit version? Read the FAQ entry.)

We also publish the latest PuTTY installers for all Windows architectures as a free-of-charge downloafew days to appear there after we release them.

MSI ('Windows Installer')

64-bit x86:	<u>putty-64bit-0.80-installer.msi</u>	<u>(signature)</u>
64-bit Arm:	putty-armo4-0.ou-installer.msi	<u>(signature)</u>
32-bit x86:	<u>putty-0.80-installer.msi</u>	(signature)

Unix source archive

.tar.gz: putty-0.80.tar.gz (signature)

Alternative binary files

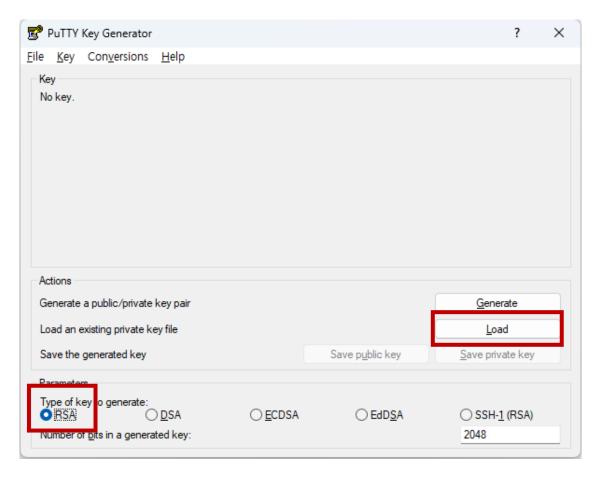
The installer packages above will provide versions of all of these (except PuTTYtel and pterm)

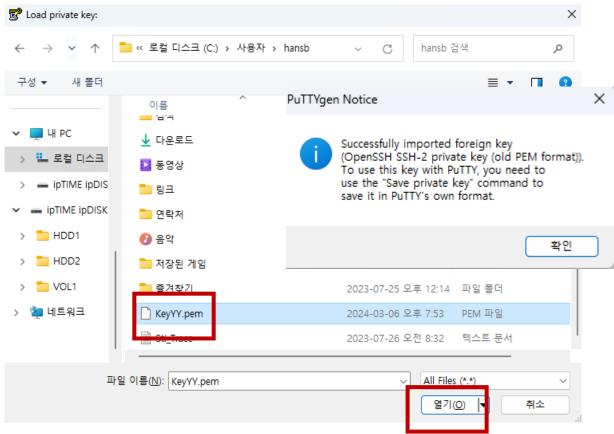
(Not sure whether you want the 32-bit or the 64-bit version? Read the FAQ entry.)

putty.exe (the SSH and Telnet client itself)

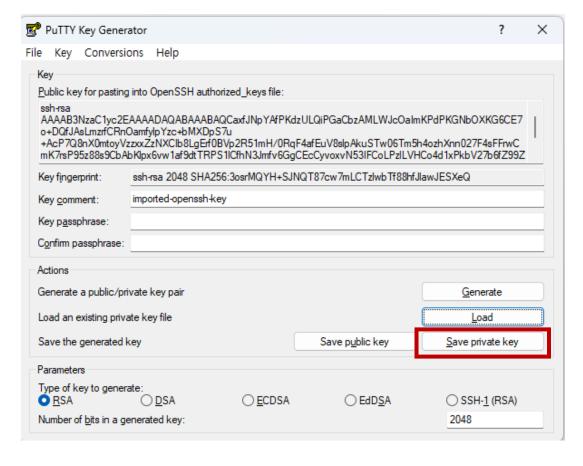
64-bit x86:	putty.exe	(signature)
64-dit Arm:	<u>putty.exe</u>	<u>(signature)</u>
32-bit x86:	putty.exe	(signature)

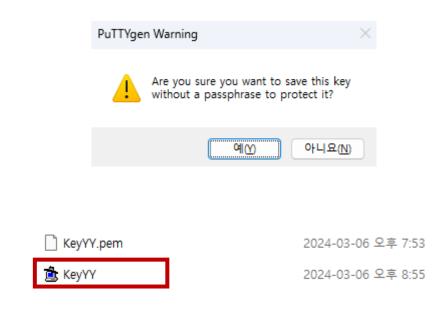
PuTTY gen



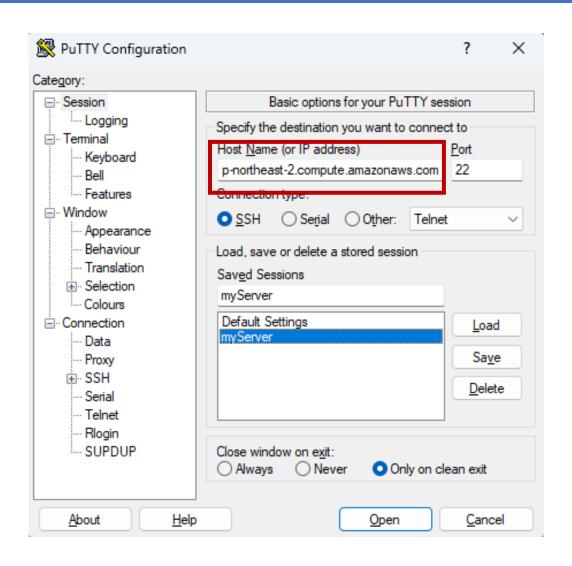


PuTTY gen



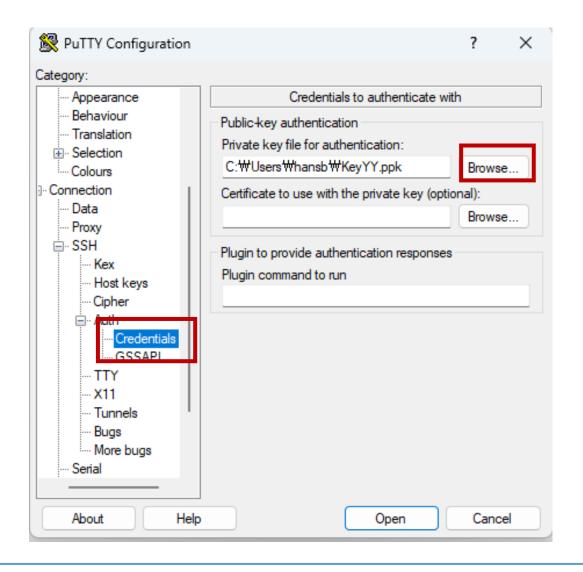


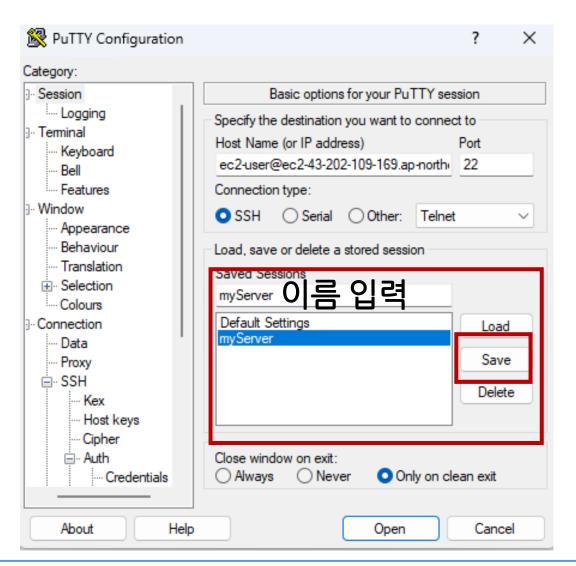
키 페어에 사용한 것과 동일한 키 이름을 지정하고 저장

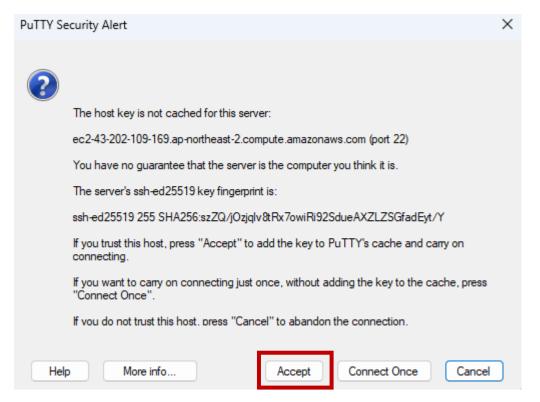


호스트 Name instance-user-name@instance-public-dns-name

호스트 port 22







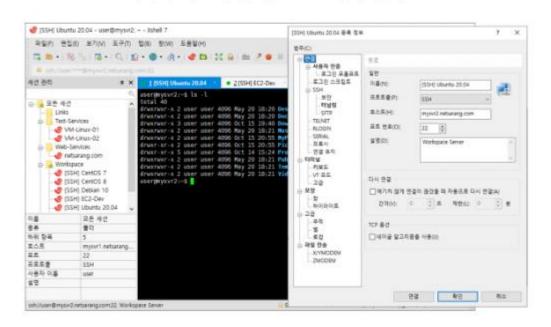
```
ec2-user@ip-172-31-30-110:~
  Using username "ec2-user".
  Authenticating with public key "imported-openssh-key"
                    Amazon Linux 2023
                    https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023
ast login: Wed Mar 6 11:25:19 2024 from 222.117.242.216
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-30-110 ~]$
```

인스턴스 연결





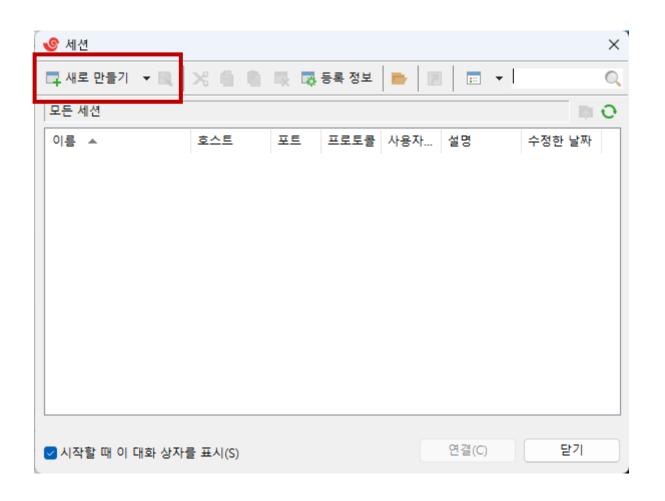
업계 최고의 강력한 SSH 클라이언트

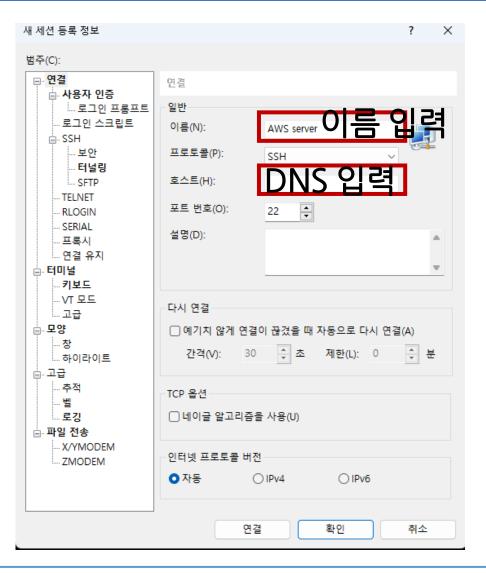


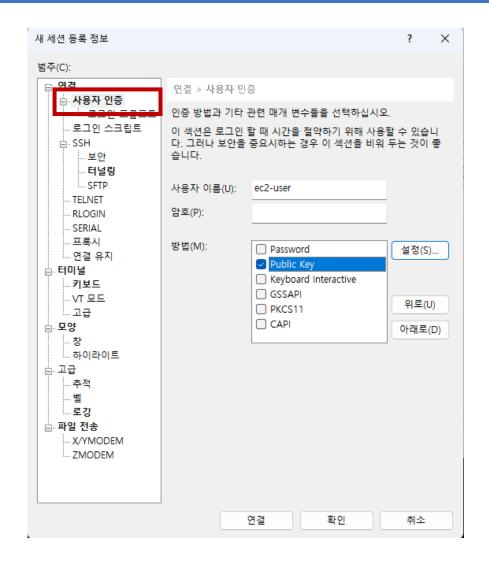
https://www.netsarang.com/ko/free-for-home-school/



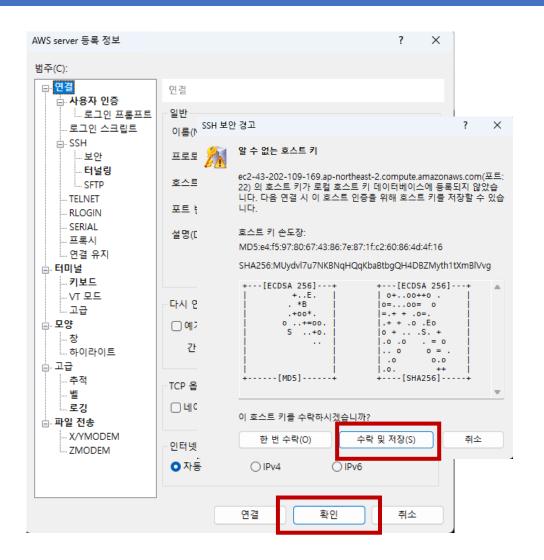


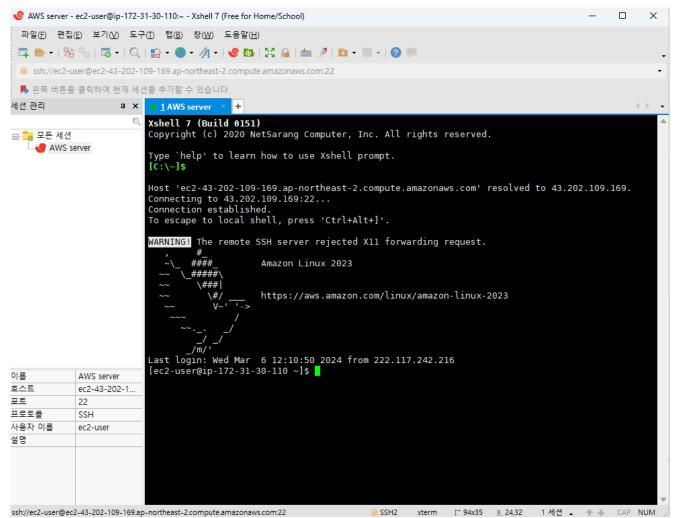




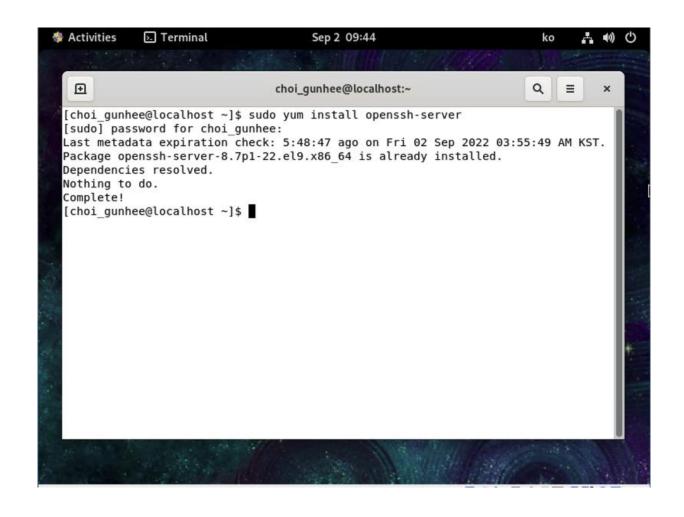








Appendix: SSH 설치



sudo yum install openssh-server

Appendix: SSH 설치

```
# If you want to change the port on a SELinux system, you have to tell
# SELinux about this change.
# semanage port -a -t ssh_port_t -p tcp #PORTNUMBER
#
Port 22
#AddressFamily any
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key
#Ciphers and keying
#RekeyLimit default none
```

sudo vim /etc/ssh/sshd_config

주석제거

Appendix: SSH 설치

```
1
                                                                     Q =
                 choi_qunhee@localhost:~ — /bin/systemctl status sshd.service
[choi gunhee@localhost ~]$ sudo vim /etc/ssh/sshd config
[choi gunhee@localhost ~]$ service sshd status
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status sshd.service
sshd.service - OpenSSH server daemon
     Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/sshd.service; enabled; vendor pres
     Active: active (running) since Fri 2022-09-02 09:42:46 KST; 16min ago
       Docs: man:sshd(8)
             man:sshd config(5)
   Main PID: 856 (sshd)
      Tasks: 1 (limit: 22992)
     Memory: 3.0M
        CPU: 9ms
     CGroup: /system.slice/sshd.service
             └856 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"
Sep 02 09:42:46 localhost systemd[1]: Starting OpenSSH server daemon...
Sep 02 09:42:46 localhost sshd[856]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Sep 02 09:42:46 localhost sshd[856]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Sep 02 09:42:46 localhost systemd[1]: Started OpenSSH server daemon.
lines 1-16/16 (END)
```

service sshd start service sshd status