### **Answers for SET 1**

- 1. 4560
- 2. 317.30
- 3. 7500
- 4. 824
- 5. 1398.51
- 6. 2900
- 7. 610
- 8. 9581
- 9. 4264.21
- 10. 6050
- 11. 3899.73
- 12. 1900
- 13. 7220
- 14. 4004.88
- 15. 2547.49
- 16. 9200
- 17. 1129
- 18. 2651
- 19. 1510
- 20. 2307

- 21. 4200
- 22. 7200
- 23. 889.25
- 24. 3192.98
- 25. 4000
- 26. 250 (Estimate: 190 + 60)
- 27. 250 (Estimate: 130 + 120)
- 28. 10600 (Estimate: 160 × 67)
- 29. 13 (Estimate: 290 ÷ 23)
- 30. 12000 (Estimate: 400 × 30)
- 31. 200 (Estimate: 150 + 50)
- 32. 6500 (Estimate: 130 × 50)
- 33. 18 (Estimate: 430 ÷ 24)
- 34. 240 (Estimate: 270 30)
- 35. 5200 (Estimate: 170 × 30)
- 36. 160 (Estimate: 120 + 40)
- 37. 16400 (Estimate: 400 × 40)
- 38. 200 (Estimate: 260 60)
- 39. 19 (Estimate: 430 ÷ 23)
- 40. 240 (Estimate: 220 + 20)
- 41. Lower bound: 8445, Upper bound: 8455
- 42. Lower bound: 7760, Upper bound: 7860
- 43. Lower bound: 578.5, Upper bound: 579.5

- 44. Lower bound: 4117.85, Upper bound: 4117.95
- 45. Lower bound: 5412, Upper bound: 5422
- 46. Lower bound: 1261.35, Upper bound: 1261.45
- 47. Lower bound: 1461, Upper bound: 1561
- 48. Lower bound: 2583.75, Upper bound: 2583.85
- 49. Lower bound: 8045, Upper bound: 8055
- 50. Lower bound: 871.75, Upper bound: 871.85

#### **SET 2 Answers**

- 1. 0.039
- 2. 9880
- 3. 3.5
- 4. 0.0912
- 5. 500,000
- 6. 179.7
- 7. 46,000
- 8. 0.27
- 9. 51.009
- 10. 0.0087
- 11. 4209.1
- 12. 0.123
- 13. 679.00
- 14. 0.500
- 15. Lower: 97.75, Upper: 97.85

- 16. Lower: 651.5, Upper: 652.5
- 17. Lower: 3247.5, Upper: 3347.5
- 18. Lower: 9.7325, Upper: 9.7335
- 19. Lower: 0.00385, Upper: 0.00395
- 20.  $(6 \times 0.8) \div 20 = 4.8 \div 20 = 0.24$
- 21.  $(100 + 50) \times 3 = 150 \times 3 = 450$
- 22.  $(0.05 \times 200) \div 5 = 10 \div 5 = 2$
- 23.  $(8-3) \times 10 = 5 \times 10 = 50$
- 24.  $(70 \div 10) + 4 = 7 + 4 = 11$
- 25. Closest squares: 169 and 196 →  $\sqrt{169}$  = 13,  $\sqrt{196}$  = 14. So estimate ≈ 13.4
- 26. Closest cubes: 512 and 729  $\rightarrow \sqrt[3]{512} = 8$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{729} = 9$ . So estimate  $\approx 8.4$
- 27. Lower: 5.835 m, Upper: 5.845 m
- 28. Lower: 422 g, Upper: 432 g
- **29.**  $0.72945 \le \text{value} < 0.72955$
- 30. a: 3.25 max, b: 4.75 max, sum: 8.00
- 31. c: 6.45 min, d: 2.15 max, diff: 4.30
- 32.  $1.425 \le \text{mass} < 1.435 \text{ kg}$
- 33. Max:  $12.05 \times 7.35 = 88.5675 \text{ cm}^2$
- 34. Min:  $25.85 \div 4.85 \approx 5.33$
- 35. Using 7 instead of 6.7, so it's an overestimate.
- 36. Using 4 instead of 4.47, so it's an underestimate.
- 37. Single-sig-fig rounding reduces accuracy—final result is only accurate to one significant figure.
- 38.  $(18 + 9) \div (0.1 \times 9) = 27 \div 0.9 = 30$
- 39.  $200 \times £0.90 = £180$
- 40.40 10 + 8 = 38
- 41.  $2.425 \text{ m} \le \text{length} < 2.435 \text{ m}$
- 42.  $620 \le mass < 625 g$
- 43. 7.415 ≤ value < 7.425

44. Lower: 142.61, Upper: 142.71 cm<sup>2</sup> (approximate, see how the limits affect area)

45.  $3.285 \le \text{value} < 3.295$ 

46. 
$$15 \times 3 \div 0.5 = 45 \div 0.5 = 90$$

47. 
$$0.7 \div 0.06 \times 9 = 11.7 \times 9 = 105.3$$

$$48.8100 \div 40 = 202.5$$

$$49.40 \times 0.2 = 8 \text{ kg}$$

50. Each side:  $38.80 \div 4 = 9.70$  cm, so lower: 9.675, upper: 9.725 per side. Perimeter:  $4 \times$  lower = 38.70 cm,  $4 \times$  upper = 38.90 cm

#### **SET 3 Answers**

- 1. 0.00428
- 2. 78,000
- 3. 0.05
- 4. 597.88
- 5. 0.970
- 6. 3800
- 7. 310
- 8. 32,076
- 9. 0.078
- 10. 0.0098
- 11. 5438.28
- 12. 99
- 13. 303,000
- 14. 8.58

- 15. Lower: 18.035, Upper: 18.045
- 16. Lower: 4682, Upper: 4692
- 17. Lower: 8450, Upper: 8550
- 18. Lower: 62.5, Upper: 63.5
- 19.  $0.06785 \le x < 0.06795$
- 20. 19.475 cm ≤ length < 19.525 cm
- 21.  $250 \div 8 = 31.25$
- 22.  $5 \times 0.08 = 0.4$
- 23.  $500 \times £0.30 = £150$
- 24.  $\sqrt{169} = 13$ ; so estimate is 13
- 25.  $\sqrt{324} = 18$ ,  $\sqrt{361} = 19$ ; so estimate is about 18
- 26. 50 + 10 40 = 20
- 27.  $0.2 \times 4 = 0.8$
- 28. Max a: 10.65, Max b: 71.85; sum = 82.5
- 29. Min x: 4.25, Min y: 2.15; product =  $4.25 \times 2.15 \approx 9.14$
- 30.  $2.465 \le \text{weight} < 2.475 \text{ kg}$
- 31. The result is not accurate beyond one significant figure, so 1.1342 should be rounded to 1.
- 32.  $\sqrt{36} = 6$ , actual  $\sqrt{35} \approx 5.92$ , so it's an overestimate.
- 33.  $\sqrt{25} = 5$ , actual  $\sqrt{27} \approx 5.2$ , so it's an underestimate.
- 34.  $124.95 \le \text{mass} < 125.05 \text{ g}$
- 35. 4.2325 ≤ length < 4.2375 m
- $36.60 \div 9 + 2 = 8.7$
- $37. (10 3) \times 2 = 14$
- $38.400 \times 0.1 = 40$
- 39. 1300 + 400 + 50 = 1,750
- $40.0.03 \times 400 = 12$
- 41.  $4.565 \le x < 4.575$

- 42.  $17.25 \le \text{time} < 17.35 \text{ seconds}$
- 43.  $\sqrt{49}$ , because it's closer to 50 than  $\sqrt{64}$
- 44.  $600 \times 60 \div 30 = 1,200$
- 45. £8.50 ÷ £0.30 = 28 (using 30p per sweet, answer is about 28 sweets)
- $46.350 \div 20 = 17.5$
- 47.  $0.02 \times 0.004 = 0.00008$
- $48.2100 \div 60 = 35$
- 49.  $0.9835 \le \text{weight} < 0.9845 \text{ kg}$
- 50. Because it greatly simplifies calculations and provides a quick estimate appropriate for checking or initial planning

### answers of SET 4

Here are the answers for SET 4

- 1. 0.007185
- 2. 535,000
- 3. 0.092
- 4. 8755.0
- 5. 1.398
- 6. 5000
- 7. 0.0395
- 8. 45,700
- 9. 0.83
- 10. 0.00487
- 11. 16284.24
- 12. 100
- 13. 500,000

- 14. 7.932
- 15. Lower: 0.3835, Upper: 0.3845
- 16. Lower: 6700, Upper: 6800
- 17. Lower: 565,000, Upper: 569,999.5
- 18. Lower: 88.25, Upper: 88.35
- 19.  $0.004285 \le x < 0.004295$
- 20.  $24.945 \le \text{length} < 24.955 \text{ m}$
- 21.  $320 \div 7 = 45.71$
- 22.  $3 \times 0.09 = 0.27$
- 23.  $400 \times £0.70 = £280$
- 24. Closest are  $\sqrt{121} = 11$ , so estimate 11
- 25. Closest are  $\sqrt{400} = 20$ ,  $\sqrt{441} = 21$ , so estimate about 20
- 26. 100 + 20 70 = 50
- 27.  $0.6 \times 6 = 3.6$
- 28. Max u: 13.85, max v: 51.95; sum: 65.8
- 29. Min p: 5.35, min q: 1.85; product = 9.8975
- 30.  $14.315 \le \text{mass} < 14.325 \text{ kg}$
- 31. Because you can't be more accurate than your least accurate input
- 32. Overestimate
- 33. Underestimate
- 34.  $873.25 \le \text{mass} < 873.75 \text{ g}$
- 35.  $2.3925 \le length < 2.3975 m$
- $36.60 \div 8 + 3 = 10.5$
- 37.  $(9-2) \times 3 = 21$
- $38.1300 \times 0.04 = 52$
- 39. 800 + 400 + 100 = 1,300
- $40.0.02 \times 300 = 6$
- 41.  $6.9245 \le x < 6.9335$

- 42.  $2.45 \le \text{time} < 2.55 \text{ hours}$
- 43.  $\sqrt{121}$  = 11 is closer to 115 than  $\sqrt{100}$  = 10
- 44.  $800 \times 20 \div 90 = 177.8$
- 45. £42 ÷ £7 = 6
- $46.600 \div 10 = 60$
- 47.  $0.02 \times 0.09 = 0.0018$
- $48.3700 \div 80 = 46.25$
- 49.  $1.8665 \le \text{weight} < 1.8675 \text{ kg}$
- 50. Because division by zero is undefined and produces incorrect results

# answers of SET 5

- 1. 0.00259
- 2. 650,000
- 3. 0.079
- 4. 98,300
- 5. 4.3813
- 6. 5000
- 7. 0.0659
- 8. 73,000
- 9. 0.3
- 10. 0.0062
- 11. 16724.837
- 12. 390
- 13. 930,000
- 14. 6.285
- 15. 0.84

- 16. 16,700
- 17. 240,000
- 18. 108.5
- 19.  $0.02505 \le x < 0.02515$
- **20.**  $7.8525 \le x < 7.8575 \text{ m}$
- 21.  $540 \div 8 = 67.5$
- 22.  $7 \times 0.09 = 0.63$
- 23.  $500 \times £20 = £10,000$
- 24.  $\sqrt{121} = 11$ ,  $\sqrt{144} = 12$  (so 11.4)
- 25.  $\sqrt{784} = 28$ ,  $\sqrt{841} = 29$  (so 28.3)
- 26.90 + 20 60 = 50
- 27.  $1 \times 6 = 6$
- 28. 15.45 + 27.95 = 43.4
- 29.  $5.65 \times 2.45 = 13.8425$
- 30.  $3.855 \le \text{mass} < 3.865 \text{ kg}$
- 31. The calculation is limited by the least accurate value.
- 32. Overestimate
- 33. Underestimate
- 34.  $2.425 \le x < 2.475 \text{ kg}$
- 35.  $3.7625 \le x < 3.7675 \text{ m}$
- $36.80 \div 9 + 3 = 11.9$
- 37.  $(5 \times 6) 2 = 28$
- $38.1700 \times 0.05 = 85$
- 39.800 + 400 + 80 = 1,280
- $40.0.01 \times 300 = 3$
- 41.  $3.8455 \le x < 3.8465$
- 42.  $42.55 \le t < 42.65 \text{ s}$
- 43.  $\sqrt{196}$  = 14 (closer to 195)

44. 
$$1000 \times 30 \div 100 = 300$$

$$46.\ 1000 \div 20 = 50$$

47. 
$$0.02 \times 0.09 = 0.0018$$

$$48.4000 \div 80 = 50$$

49. 
$$1.8455 \le x < 1.8465 \text{ kg}$$

50. You may divide by zero, which is impossible/undefined.

69. 
$$0.01725 \le x < 0.01735$$

70. 
$$11.4325 \le x < 11.4375 \text{ m}$$

71. 
$$440 \div 10 = 44$$

72. 
$$8 \times 0.09 = 0.72$$

73. 
$$600 \times £6 = £3,600$$

74. 
$$\sqrt{289} = 17$$
,  $\sqrt{324} = 18$  (so 17.3)

75. 
$$\sqrt{121} = 11$$
,  $\sqrt{144} = 12$  (so 11.0)

77. 
$$1 \times 5 = 5$$

79. 
$$6.35 \times 3.25 = 20.6375$$

80. 
$$5.635 \le x < 5.645 \text{ kg}$$

- 81. The least accurate input limits the final accuracy.
- 82. Underestimate
- 83. Overestimate

84. 
$$8.125 \le x < 8.175 \text{ kg}$$

85. 
$$7.4525 \le x < 7.4575 \text{ m}$$

$$86.40 \div 7 + 4 = 9.7$$

$$87. (5 \times 8) - 3 = 37$$

$$88.1200 \times 0.05 = 60$$

$$89.\ 1000 + 300 + 200 = 1,500$$

90. 
$$0.03 \times 200 = 6$$

91. 
$$8.2755 \le x < 8.2765$$

92. 
$$13.55 \le t < 13.65 \text{ s}$$

93. 
$$\sqrt{289} = 17$$
 (closer to 305)

94. 
$$1000 \times 20 \div 100 = 200$$

95. £65 
$$\div$$
 £8 = 8

96. 
$$700 \div 10 = 70$$

97. 
$$0.02 \times 0.06 = 0.0012$$

$$98.2500 \div 80 = 31.25$$

99. 
$$2.8605 \le x < 2.8615 \text{ kg}$$

## now answers of SET 6

Here are the answers for SET 6

- 1. 0.00386
- 2. 850,000
- 3. 0.090
- 4. 42,700
- 5. 5.6183
- 6. 3000
- 7. 0.0578
- 8. 68,000
- 9. 0.5
- 10. 0.0052
- 11. 13724.283
- 12. 800
- 13. 640,000
- 14. 4.897
- 15. 0.42
- 16. 47,100
- 17. 330,000
- 18. 67.8
- 19.  $0.03285 \le x < 0.03295$
- **20.**  $8.4525 \le x < 8.4575 \text{ m}$
- 21.  $700 \div 8 = 87.5$
- 22.  $8 \times 0.1 = 0.8$

23. 
$$800 \times £0.10 = £80$$

24. 
$$\sqrt{169} = 13$$
,  $\sqrt{196} = 14$  (so 13.2)

25. 
$$\sqrt{841} = 29$$
,  $\sqrt{900} = 30$  (so 29.1)

27. 
$$1 \times 5 = 5$$

30. 
$$6.465 \le \text{mass} < 6.475 \text{ kg}$$

- 31. Accuracy is limited by the least accurate input.
- 32. Underestimate
- 33. Overestimate

34. 
$$2.875 \le x < 2.925 \text{ kg}$$

35. 
$$5.897 \le x < 5.899 \text{ m}$$

$$36.70 \div 8 + 4 = 12.75$$

37. 
$$(6 \times 10) - 3 = 57$$

$$38.2000 \times 0.06 = 120$$

$$39.600 + 300 + 80 = 980$$

$$40.0.03 \times 200 = 6$$

41. 
$$7.6235 \le x < 7.6245$$

42. 
$$33.55 \le t < 33.65 s$$

43. 
$$\sqrt{144}$$
 = 12 (closer to 148)

44. 
$$800 \times 30 \div 100 = 240$$

$$46.800 \div 10 = 80$$

47. 
$$0.02 \times 0.1 = 0.002$$

$$48.4600 \div 80 = 57.5$$

49. 
$$2.3745 \le x < 2.3755 \text{ kg}$$

50. Division by zero is undefined.

- 51. 0.0077
- 52. 78,200
- 53. 0.213
- 54. 4840
- 55. 4.9122
- 56. 2,200
- 57. 0.045
- 58. 73,000
- 59. 0.1
- 60.0.0074
- 61. 6382.432
- 62. 991
- 63. 780,000
- 64. 3.486
- 65. 0.95
- 66. 21,100
- 67. 430,000
- 68.106.8
- 69.  $0.01885 \le x < 0.01895$
- 70.  $16.4325 \le x < 16.4375 \text{ m}$
- 71.  $240 \div 6 = 40$
- 72.  $7 \times 0.08 = 0.56$
- 73.  $800 \times £8 = £6,400$
- 74.  $\sqrt{324} = 18$ ,  $\sqrt{361} = 19$  (so 18.7)
- 75.  $\sqrt{256} = 16$ ,  $\sqrt{289} = 17$  (so 16.2)
- 76. 90 + 40 80 = 50
- 77.  $1 \times 7 = 7$
- *7*8. 22.35 + 16.85 = 39.2

79. 
$$7.25 \times 3.35 = 24.2875$$

80. 
$$4.315 \le x < 4.325 \text{ kg}$$

81. Because the output cannot be more accurate than the weakest input.

84. 
$$7.025 \le x < 7.075 \text{ kg}$$

85. 
$$8.697 \le x < 8.699 \text{ m}$$

86. 
$$40 \div 7 + 3 = 8.7$$

87. 
$$(5 \times 9) - 2 = 43$$

$$88.2000 \times 0.06 = 120$$

$$89.\ 1000 + 200 + 100 = 1,300$$

90. 
$$0.03 \times 300 = 9$$

91. 
$$2.9855 \le x < 2.9865$$

92. 
$$63.75 \le t < 63.85 \text{ s}$$

93. 
$$\sqrt{400}$$
 = 20 (closer to 420)

94. 
$$1000 \times 30 \div 100 = 300$$

95. 
$$£41 \div £6 = 6$$

96. 
$$500 \div 10 = 50$$

97. 
$$0.02 \times 0.08 = 0.0016$$

98. 
$$2600 \div 70 = 37.1$$

99. 
$$3.6505 \le x < 3.6515 \text{ kg}$$

100. Each step compounds error, making the final result less accurate

## answers of set 7

- 1. 0.00294
- 2. 730,000

- 3. 0.089
- 4. 31,900
- 5. 5.2976
- 6. 5000
- 7. 0.0532
- 8. 45,000
- 9. 0.3
- 10. 0.0077
- 11. 13241.108
- 12. 700
- 13. 590,000
- 14. 4.817
- 15. 0.57
- 16. 54,200
- 17. 330,000
- 18. 83.4
- 19.  $0.04355 \le x < 0.04365$
- **20.**  $7.4225 \le x < 7.4275 \text{ m}$
- 21.  $500 \div 7 = 71.4$
- 22.  $6 \times 0.2 = 1.2$
- 23.  $500 \times £0.30 = £150$
- 24.  $\sqrt{144} = 12$ ,  $\sqrt{169} = 13$  (so 12.8)
- 25.  $\sqrt{729} = 27$ ,  $\sqrt{784} = 28$  (so 27.6)
- 26. 120 + 40 90 = 70
- 27.  $1 \times 4 = 4$
- 28. 14.85 + 28.55 = 43.4
- **29.**  $9.75 \times 2.45 = 23.8875$
- 30.  $5.725 \le x < 5.735 \text{ kg}$

- 31. Result is limited by the least accurate input.
- 32. Overestimate
- 33. Overestimate
- 34.  $3.825 \le x < 3.875 \text{ kg}$
- 35.  $4.646 \le x < 4.648 \text{ m}$
- $36.60 \div 6 + 5 = 15$
- 37.  $(5 \times 6) 2 = 28$
- $38.1200 \times 0.07 = 84$
- 39.400 + 200 + 100 = 700
- $40.0.02 \times 100 = 2$
- 41.  $5.3935 \le x < 5.3945$
- 42.  $73.75 \le t < 73.85 \text{ s}$
- 43.  $\sqrt{324}$  = 18 (closer to 340)
- 44.  $500 \times 30 \div 100 = 150$
- 45. £135 ÷ £16 = 8
- $46.300 \div 9 = 33.3$
- 47.  $0.02 \times 0.08 = 0.0016$
- $48.3400 \div 70 = 48.6$
- 49.  $1.7835 \le x < 1.7845 \text{ kg}$
- 50. Division by zero gives no valid result.
- 51. 0.0087
- 52. 67,400
- 53. 0.198
- 54. 2750
- 55. 8.6132
- 56. 3,600
- 57. 0.045
- 58. 66,000

- 59. 0.1
- 60.0.0043
- 61. 5197.983
- 62. 434
- 63. 580,000
- 64. 7.396
- 65. 0.98
- 66. 22,900
- 67. 490,000
- 68. 111.3
- 69.  $0.01385 \le x < 0.01395$
- 70.  $13.4525 \le x < 13.4575 \text{ m}$
- 71.  $500 \div 8 = 62.5$
- 72.  $6 \times 0.07 = 0.42$
- 73.  $400 \times £20 = £8,000$
- 74.  $\sqrt{900} = 30$ ,  $\sqrt{841} = 29$  (so 29.7)
- 75.  $\sqrt{676} = 26$ ,  $\sqrt{729} = 27$  (so 26.6)
- 76. 100 + 30 90 = 40
- 77.  $1 \times 9 = 9$
- **78.** 21.75 + 13.45 = 35.2
- 79.  $6.75 \times 2.65 = 17.8875$
- 80.  $6.525 \le x < 6.535 \text{ kg}$
- 81. Output cannot improve the weakest input's accuracy.
- 82. Exact
- 83. Overestimate
- 84.  $6.225 \le x < 6.275 \text{ kg}$
- 85.  $7.988 \le x < 7.990 \text{ m}$
- 86.  $20 \div 4 + 7 = 12$

87. 
$$(4 \times 9) - 1 = 35$$

88. 
$$1500 \times 0.05 = 75$$

90. 
$$0.02 \times 300 = 6$$

91. 
$$3.7405 \le x < 3.7415$$

92. 
$$27.75 \le t < 27.85 \text{ s}$$

93. 
$$\sqrt{400}$$
 = 20 (closer to 390)

94. 
$$1000 \times 20 \div 100 = 200$$

96. 
$$200 \div 7 = 28.6$$

97. 
$$0.03 \times 0.09 = 0.0027$$

$$98.2300 \div 80 = 28.75$$

99. 
$$4.2705 \le x < 4.2715 \text{ kg}$$

100. Rounding propagates and can magnify errors in results