

## 1. Structure Data in ML

```
import numpy as np

import statistics as s

import matplotlib.pyplot as mb

mpg=np.array([18,15,18,16,17,15,14,13,13,15,14,14,24,22,18,17])

cylinder=np.array([8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,6,6])

displacement=np.array([307,350,318,304,302,429,454,440,455,390,383,340,400,455,113,198,9])

modelyear=np.array([70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70])

origin=np.array([1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1])

carname=np.array(['chevrolet','skylark','tornio','polo','k10','innova','vento','vento','k10','polo','polo','polo','cias','in
nova','wagonr'])

print("mean_msg",s.mean(mpg))

print("mean_cylinder",s.mean(cylinder))

print("mean_displacement",s.mean(displacement))

print("mean_modelyear",s.mean(modelyear))

print("median_mpg",s.median(mpg))

print("median_cylinder",s.median(cylinder))

print("median_displacement",s.median(displacement))

print("median_modelyear",s.median(modelyear))

print("mode_carname",s.mode(carname))

print("BOX PLOT_mpg")

mb.boxplot(mpg)

print("Box PLOT_cylinder")

mb.boxplot(cylinder)

print("BOX PLOT_displacement")

mb.boxplot(displacement)

print("Box PLOT_modelyear")

mb.boxplot(modelyear)

print("HISTORICAL_mpg")

mb.hist(mpg)
```

```
print("HISTORICAL_cylinder")

mb.hist(cylinder)

print("HISTORICAL_displacement")

mb.hist(displacement)

print("HISTORICAL_modelyear")

mb.hist(modelyear)

mb.scatter(mpg,cylinder)

import pandas as p

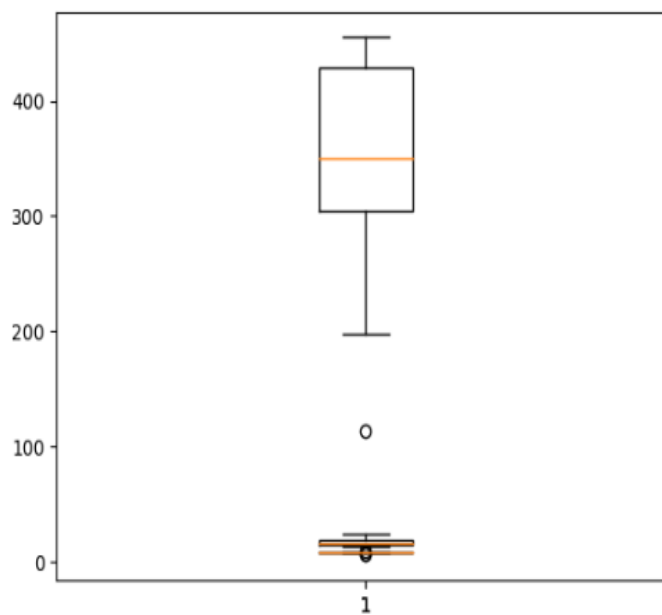
p.crosstab(mpg,cylinder,

          rownames=['mpg'],

          colnames=['cylinder'])
```

```
mean_msg 16
mean_cylinder 7
mean_displacement 332
mean_modelyear 70
median_mpg 15.5
median_cylinder 8.0
median_displacement 350
median_modelyear 70
mode_carname polo
BOX PLOT_mpg
Box PLOT_cylinder
BOX PLOT_displacement
```

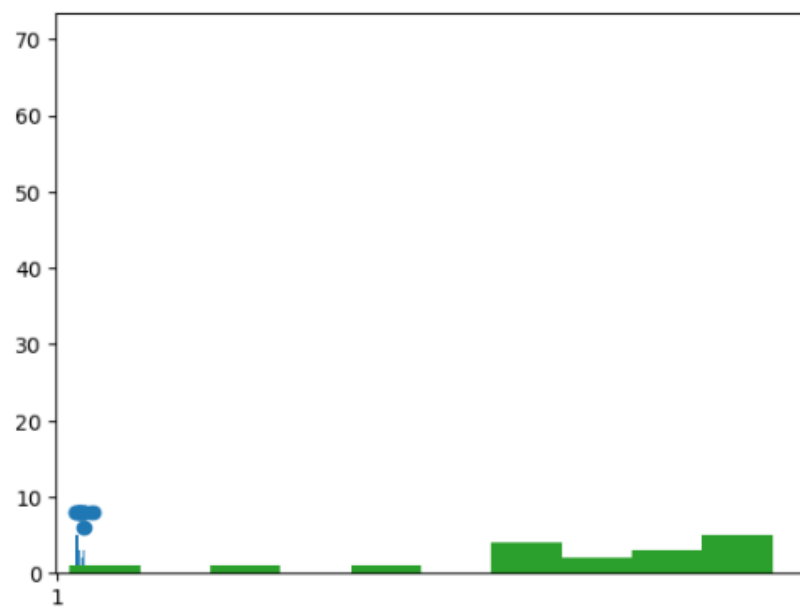
```
Out[1]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d707c46d10>,
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d707c47990>],
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'means': []}
```



```
Box PLOT_modelyear  
HISTORICAL_mpg  
HISTORICAL_cylinder  
HISTORICAL_displacement  
HISTORICAL_modelyear
```

Out[2]: cylinder 6 8

mpg		
13	0	2
14	0	3
15	0	3
16	0	1
17	1	1
18	1	2
22	0	1
24	0	1



```

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as mb

import pandas as pd

df=pd.read_csv("D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\weather2.csv")

print(df.head())

print(df.info())

print(df.to_string())

df.describe()

print(df.shape)

print(df.isnull())

print(df.isnull().sum())

df.dropna(subset=['Summary'],inplace=True)

df.dropna(subset=['Precip Type'],inplace=True)

df.dropna(subset=['Apparent Temperature (C)'],inplace=True)

df.dropna(subset=['Wind Speed (km/h)'],inplace=True)

df.dropna(subset=['Pressure (millibars)'],inplace=True)

df.dropna(subset=['Daily Summary'],inplace=True)

print(df.isnull().sum())

import statistics as s

mode=s.mode(df.Temperatur)

print(mode)

df.fillna(value = {'Temperatur':mode}, inplace=True)

df.isnull().sum()

mb.boxplot(df['Temperatur'])

q1=df['Temperatur'].quantile(.25)

q3=df['Temperatur'].quantile(.75)

iqr=q3-q1

upper =(q3+1.5*iqr)

lower=(q1-1.5*iqr)

print(df.shape)

```

```
df1=df[(df.Temperatur < upper) & (df.Temperatur >lower)]
```

```
print(df1)
```

```
print(df1.shape)
```

```
mb.boxplot(df1['Temperatur'])
```

	Formatted Date	Summary	Precip	Type	Temperatur \
0	2006-04-01 00:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	9.472222
1	2006-04-01 01:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	NaN
2	2006-04-01 02:00:00.000 +0200	Mostly Cloudy		NaN	9.377778
3	2006-04-01 03:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	8.288889
4	2006-04-01 04:00:00.000 +0200	Mostly Cloudy		rain	8.755556

	Apparent Temperature (C)	Humidity	Wind Speed (km/h) \
0	7.388889	0.89	14.1197
1	7.227778	0.86	14.2646
2	9.377778	0.89	3.9284
3	NaN	0.83	14.1036
4	6.977778	0.83	11.0446

	Wind Bearing (degrees)	Visibility (km)	Loud Cover	Pressure (millibars) \
0	251	15.8263	0	1015.13
1	259	15.8263	0	1015.63
2	204	14.9569	0	1015.94
3	269	15.8263	0	1016.41
4	259	15.8263	0	1016.51

Daily Summary

0 Partly cloudy throughout the day.  
 1 Partly cloudy throughout the day.  
 2 Partly cloudy throughout the day.  
 3 Partly cloudy throughout the day.  
 4 Partly cloudy throughout the day.

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 99 entries, 0 to 98

Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Formatted Date	99 non-null	object
1	Summary	94 non-null	object
2	Precip Type	94 non-null	object
3	Temperatur	96 non-null	float64
4	Apparent Temperature (C)	96 non-null	float64
5	Humidity	99 non-null	float64
6	Wind Speed (km/h)	98 non-null	float64
7	Wind Bearing (degrees)	99 non-null	int64
8	Visibility (km)	99 non-null	float64
9	Loud Cover	99 non-null	int64
10	Pressure (millibars)	97 non-null	float64
11	Daily Summary	91 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(6), int64(2), object(4)

memory usage: 9.4+ KB

None

	Formatted Date	Summary	Precip	Type	Temperatur \
0	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	True	True
2	False	False	True	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False
..	...	...	...	...	...
94	False	False	False	False	False
95	False	False	False	False	False
96	False	True	False	False	False
97	False	False	False	False	False
98	False	False	False	False	False

	Apparent Temperature (C)	Humidity	Wind Speed (km/h) \
0	False	False	False
1	False	False	False
2	False	False	False
3	True	False	False
4	False	False	False
..	...	...	...
94	False	False	False
95	False	False	False
96	False	False	False
97	False	False	False
98	False	False	False

	Wind Bearing (degrees)	Visibility (km)	Loud Cover	Pressure (millibars) \
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False
..	...	...	...	...
94	False	False	False	False
95	False	False	False	False
96	False	False	False	False
97	False	False	False	False
98	False	False	False	False

```

    Daily Summary
0      False
1      False
2      False
3      False
4      False
..      ...
94     True
95     False
96     False
97     False
98     False

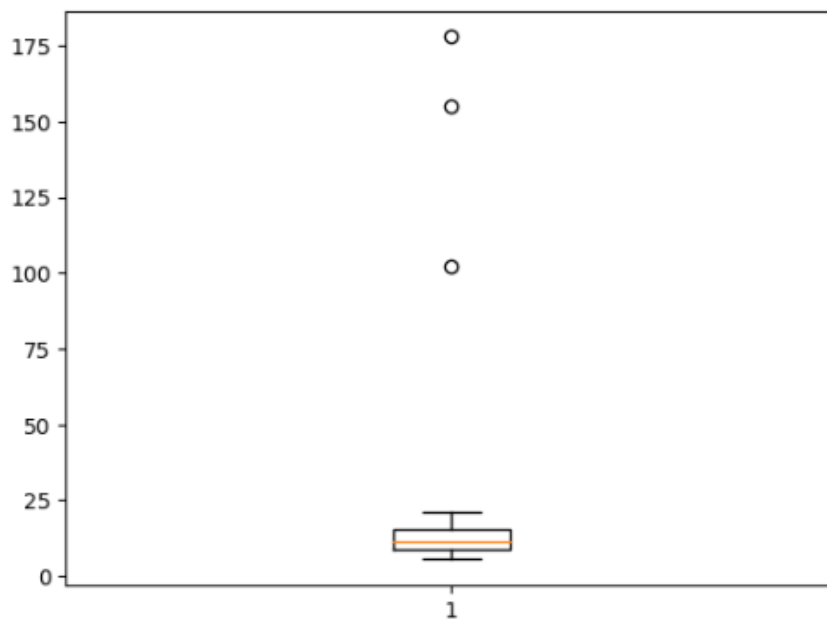
[99 rows x 12 columns]
Formatted Date      0
Summary            5
Precip Type        5
Temperatur         3
Apparent Temperature (C)  3
Humidity           0
Wind Speed (km/h)   1
Wind Bearing (degrees)  0
Visibility (km)     0
Loud Cover         0
Pressure (millibars) 2
Daily Summary      8
dtype: int64
Formatted Date      0
Summary            0
Precip Type        0
Temperatur         3
Apparent Temperature (C)  0
Humidity           0
Wind Speed (km/h)   0
Wind Bearing (degrees)  0
Visibility (km)     0
Loud Cover         0
Pressure (millibars) 0
Daily Summary      0
dtype: int64
11.18333333

```

```

Out[9]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70c05f3d0>,
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'means': []}

```





(78, 12)

	Formatted Date	Summary	Precip	Type	Temperature \
0	2006-04-01 00:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	9.472222
1	2006-04-01 01:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	11.183333
4	2006-04-01 04:00:00.000 +0200	Mostly Cloudy		rain	8.755556
5	2006-04-01 05:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	9.222222
6	2006-04-01 06:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	7.733333
..	...	...		...	...
92	2006-04-12 20:00:00.000 +0200	Mostly Cloudy		rain	9.900000
93	2006-04-12 21:00:00.000 +0200	Overcast		rain	8.794444
95	2006-04-12 23:00:00.000 +0200	Overcast		rain	7.855556
97	2006-04-13 01:00:00.000 +0200	Overcast		rain	7.244444
98	2006-04-13 02:00:00.000 +0200	Partly Cloudy		rain	5.438889

	Apparent Temperature (C)	Humidity	Wind Speed (km/h) \
0	7.388889	0.89	14.1197
1	7.227778	0.86	14.2646
4	6.977778	0.83	11.0446
5	7.111111	0.85	13.9587
6	5.522222	0.95	12.3648
..	...	...	...
92	7.716667	0.66	15.7297
93	6.816667	0.71	12.3648
95	6.122222	0.72	9.8049
97	6.005556	0.75	7.1162
98	5.438889	0.88	3.7191

	Wind Bearing (degrees)	Visibility (km)	Loud Cover	Pressure (millibars) \
0	251	15.8263	0	1015.13
1	259	15.8263	0	1015.63
4	259	15.8263	0	1016.51
5	258	14.9569	0	1016.66
6	259	9.9820	0	1016.72
..	...	...	...	...
92	348	11.0285	0	1005.48
93	20	9.9820	0	1005.89
95	11	15.0052	0	1006.56
97	309	15.8746	0	1007.37
98	193	9.9820	0	1012.23

```

                                Daily Summary
0      Partly cloudy throughout the day.
1      Partly cloudy throughout the day.
4      Partly cloudy throughout the day.
5      Partly cloudy throughout the day.
6      Partly cloudy throughout the day.
..
92     Foggy overnight and breezy in the morning.
93     Foggy overnight and breezy in the morning.
95     Foggy overnight and breezy in the morning.
97             Overcast throughout the day.
98             Overcast throughout the day.

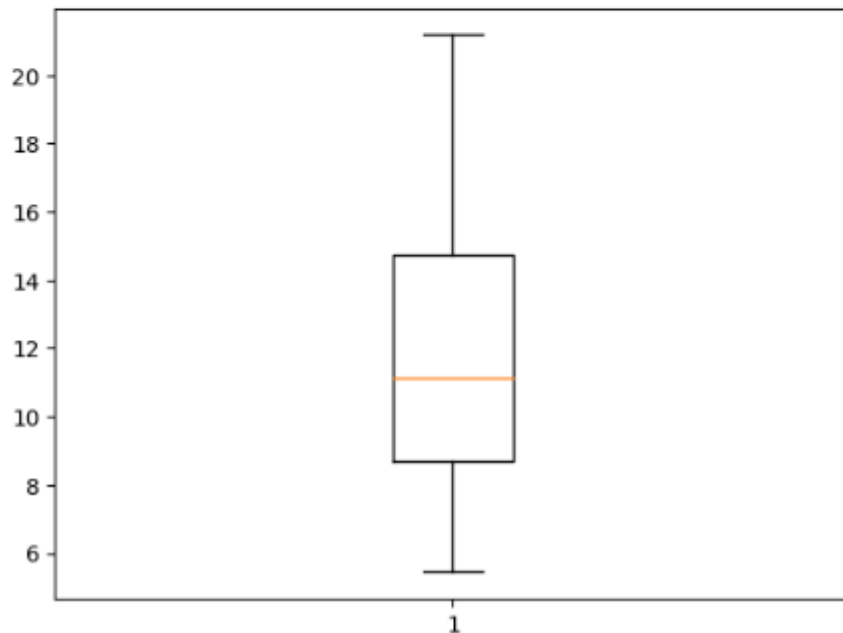
[75 rows x 12 columns]
(75, 12)

```

```

out[10]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70bdaf5d0>,
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<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70bd6f850>],
'boxes': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70bdaed90>],
'medians': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70bd6c850>],
'fliers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1d70b554ad0>],
'means': []}

```



```

from pandas import read_csv

from numpy import set_printoptions

from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest

from sklearn.feature_selection import f_classif

filename = "D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\pima-indians-diabetes (1).csv"

names = ['preg', 'plas', 'pres', 'skin', 'test', 'mass', 'pedi', 'age', 'class']

dataframe = read_csv(filename, names=names)

array = dataframe.values

X = array[:,0:8]

Y = array[:,8]

test = SelectKBest(score_func=f_classif, k=4)

fit = test.fit(X, Y)

set_printoptions(precision=3)

print(fit.scores_)

features = fit.transform(X)

print(features[0:5,:])

import urllib.request

import numpy

from pandas import read_csv

from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

url = "D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\pima-indians-diabetes (1).csv"

names = ['preg', 'plas', 'pres', 'skin', 'test', 'mass', 'pedi', 'age', 'class']

dataframe = read_csv(url, names=names)

array = dataframe.values

X = array[:,0:8]

Y = array[:,8]

pca = PCA(n_components=3)

fit = pca.fit(X)

print("Explained Variance: %s" % fit.explained_variance_ratio_)

print(fit.components_)

```

---

```
[ 39.67 213.162  3.257  4.304 13.281 71.772 23.871 46.141]
[[ 6. 148. 33.6 50. ]
 [ 1. 85. 26.6 31. ]
 [ 8. 183. 23.3 32. ]
 [ 1. 89. 28.1 21. ]
 [ 0. 137. 43.1 33. ]]
```

---

Explained Variance: [0.889 0.062 0.026]

```
[[-2.022e-03 9.781e-02 1.609e-02 6.076e-02 9.931e-01 1.401e-02
 5.372e-04 -3.565e-03]
 [-2.265e-02 -9.722e-01 -1.419e-01 5.786e-02 9.463e-02 -4.697e-02
 -8.168e-04 -1.402e-01]
 [-2.246e-02 1.434e-01 -9.225e-01 -3.070e-01 2.098e-02 -1.324e-01
 -6.400e-04 -1.255e-01]]
```

```

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

X_actual = [1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1]

Y_predic = [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0]

results = confusion_matrix(X_actual, Y_predic)

print ('Confusion Matrix :')

print(results)

TP = results[0][0]

TN = results[0][1]

FP = results[1][0]

FN = results[1][1]

Total = TP + TN + FP + FN

error_rate = (FP + FN)/Total

print( "Error rate ",error_rate)

P_a = (TP + FP)/Total

P_Pr= (((TP + FP)/Total ) * ((TP + FN)/Total))+(((TN + FP)/Total ) * ((TN + FN)/Total))

kappa_value = (P_a - P_Pr)/(1-P_Pr)

print("Kappa value ",kappa_value)

sensitivity = TP/(TP+FP)

Specificity = TN/(TN + FP)

Precision = TP/(TP+FP)

Recall =TP/(TP + FP)

print("sensitivity",sensitivity)

print("Specificity",Specificity)

print("Precision ",Precision)

print("Recall ",Recall)

fmeasure = (2 * Precision * Recall)/(Precision + Recall)

print("F MEASURE", fmeasure)

```

---

Confusion Matrix :

[[1 4]

[2 3]]

Error rate 0.5

Kappa value -0.5217391304347827

sensitivity 0.3333333333333333

Specificity 0.6666666666666666

Precision 0.3333333333333333

Recall 0.3333333333333333

F MEASURE 0.3333333333333333

```

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import csv

from pgmpy.estimators import MaximumLikelihoodEstimator

from pgmpy.models import BayesianNetwork

from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination

heartDisease = pd.read_csv("D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\heart.csv")

heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?', np.nan)

print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below:')

print(heartDisease.head())

print("\n Attributes and datatypes:")

print(heartDisease.dtypes)

model = BayesianNetwork([

    ('age', 'heartdisease'),

    ('gender', 'heartdisease'),

    ('cp', 'heartdisease'),

    ('exang', 'heartdisease'),

    ('heartdisease', 'restecg'),

    ('heartdisease', 'slope')

])

print("\nLearning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators...")

model.fit(heartDisease, estimator=MaximumLikelihoodEstimator)

print("\nInferencing with Bayesian Network:")

HeartDiseasetest_infer = VariableElimination(model)

print("\n1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= exang:")

q1 = HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'], evidence={'exang': 1})

print(q1)

print("\n2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp:")

q2 = HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'], evidence={'cp': 2})

print(q2)

```

Sample instances from the dataset are given below:

	age	gender	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	\
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3	
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5	
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6	
3	41	0	2	130	204	0	2	172	0	1.4	
4	56	1	2	120	236	0	0	178	0	0.8	

	slope	ca	thal	heartdisease
0	3	0	6	0
1	2	3	3	2
2	2	2	7	1
3	1	0	3	0
4	1	0	3	0

Attributes and datatypes:

age	int64
gender	int64
cp	int64
trestbps	int64
chol	int64
fbs	int64
restecg	int64
thalach	int64
exang	int64
oldpeak	float64
slope	int64
ca	int64
thal	int64
heartdisease	int64

dtype: object

Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators...

Inferencing with Bayesian Network:

1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= exang:

heartdisease	phi(heartdisease)
heartdisease(0)	0.2907
heartdisease(1)	0.3547
heartdisease(2)	0.3547

2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp:

heartdisease	phi(heartdisease)
heartdisease(0)	0.4133
heartdisease(1)	0.2933
heartdisease(2)	0.2933



```

import pandas as pd

from sklearn import tree

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB

data = pd.read_csv("D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\tennisdata.csv")

print("The first 5 values of data is :\n",data.head())

X = data.iloc[:, :-1]

print("\nThe First 5 values of train data is\n",X.head())

y = data.iloc[:, -1]

print("\nThe first 5 values of Train output is\n",y.head())

le_outlook = LabelEncoder()

X.Outlook = le_outlook.fit_transform(X.Outlook)

le_Temperature = LabelEncoder()

X.Temperature = le_Temperature.fit_transform(X.Temperature)

le_Humidity = LabelEncoder()

X.Humidity = le_Humidity.fit_transform(X.Humidity)

le_Windy = LabelEncoder()

X.Windy = le_Windy.fit_transform(X.Windy)

print("\nNow the Train data is :\n",X.head())

le_PlayTennis = LabelEncoder()

y = le_PlayTennis.fit_transform(y)

print("\nNow the Train output is\n",y)

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size=0.20)

classifier = GaussianNB()

classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

print("Accuracy is:",accuracy_score(classifier.predict(X_test),y_test))

```

---

The first 5 values of data is :

	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Windy	PlayTennis
0	Sunny	Hot	High	False	No
1	Sunny	Hot	High	True	No
2	Overcast	Hot	High	False	Yes
3	Rainy	Mild	High	False	Yes
4	Rainy	Cool	Normal	False	Yes

The First 5 values of train data is

	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Windy
0	Sunny	Hot	High	False
1	Sunny	Hot	High	True
2	Overcast	Hot	High	False
3	Rainy	Mild	High	False
4	Rainy	Cool	Normal	False

The first 5 values of Train output is

0	No
1	No
2	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes

Name: PlayTennis, dtype: object

Now the Train data is :

	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Windy
0	2	1	0	0
1	2	1	0	1
2	0	1	0	0
3	1	2	0	0
4	1	0	1	0

Now the Train output is

[0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0]

Accuracy is: 0.6666666666666666

```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import pandas as pd

data=pd.read_csv("D:\\Merlin\\MACHINE LEARNING\\em.csv")

df1=pd.DataFrame(data)

print(df1 )

f1 = df1['sepal.length'].values

f2 = df1 ['petal.length'].values

X=np.matrix(list(zip(f1,f2)))

plt.plot()

plt.xlim([0, 100])

plt.ylim([0, 50])

plt.title('Dataset')

plt.ylabel('sepal.length')

plt.xlabel('petal.length')

plt.scatter(f1,f2)

colors = ['b', 'g', 'r']

markers = ['o', 'v', 's']

X = np.asarray(list(zip(f1, f2)))

kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=3).fit(X)

plt.plot()

for i, l in enumerate(kmeans_model.labels_):

    plt.plot(f1[i], f2[i], color=colors[l], marker=markers[l],ls='None')

plt.xlim([0, 10])

plt.ylim([0, 10])

plt.show()

```

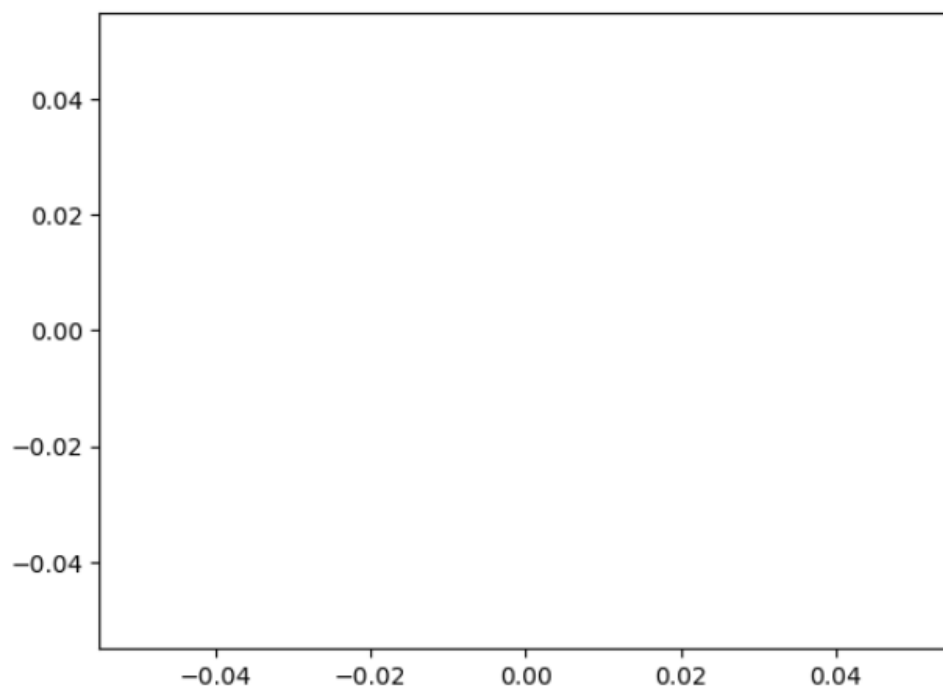
---

	sepal.length	sepal.width	petal.length	petal.width	variety
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Setosa
..	...	...	...	...	...
145	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Virginica
146	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Virginica
147	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Virginica
148	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Virginica
149	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Virginica

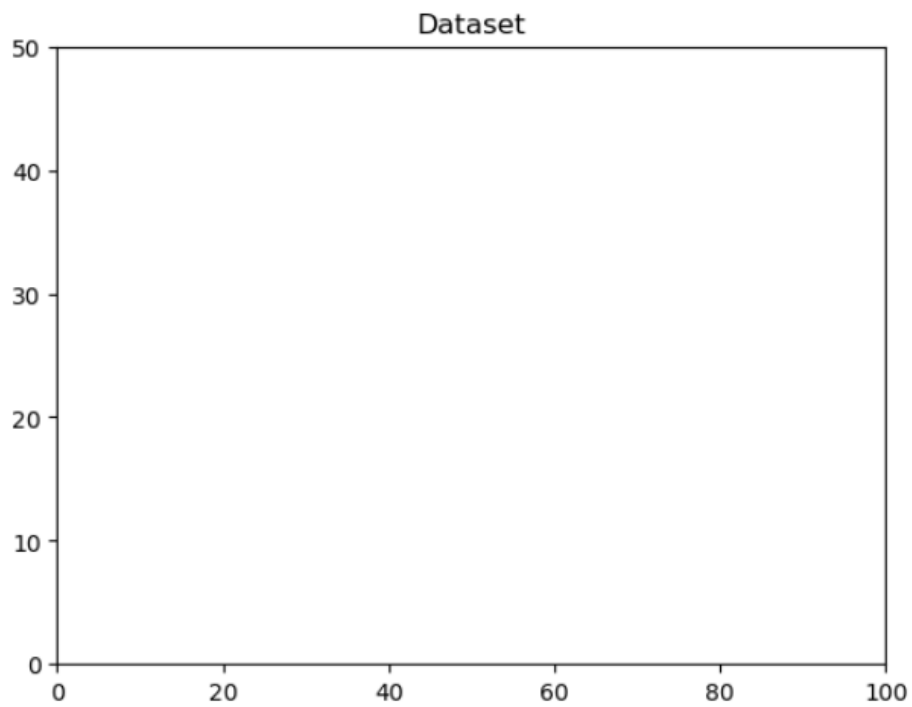
[150 rows x 5 columns]

---

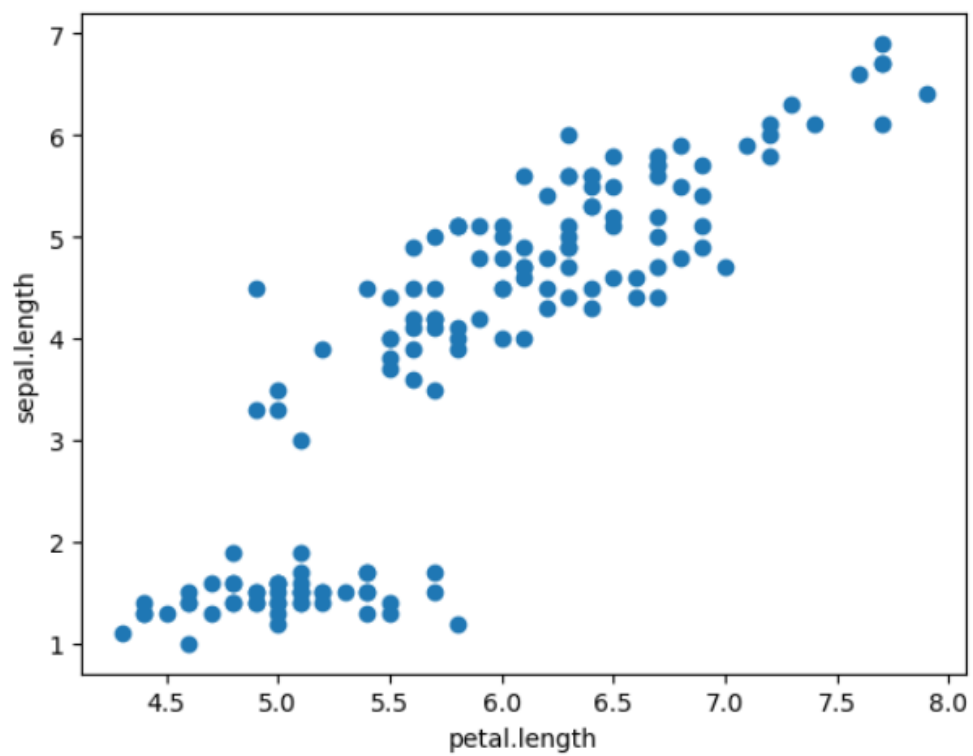
Out[8]: []



```
Out[9]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Dataset')
```

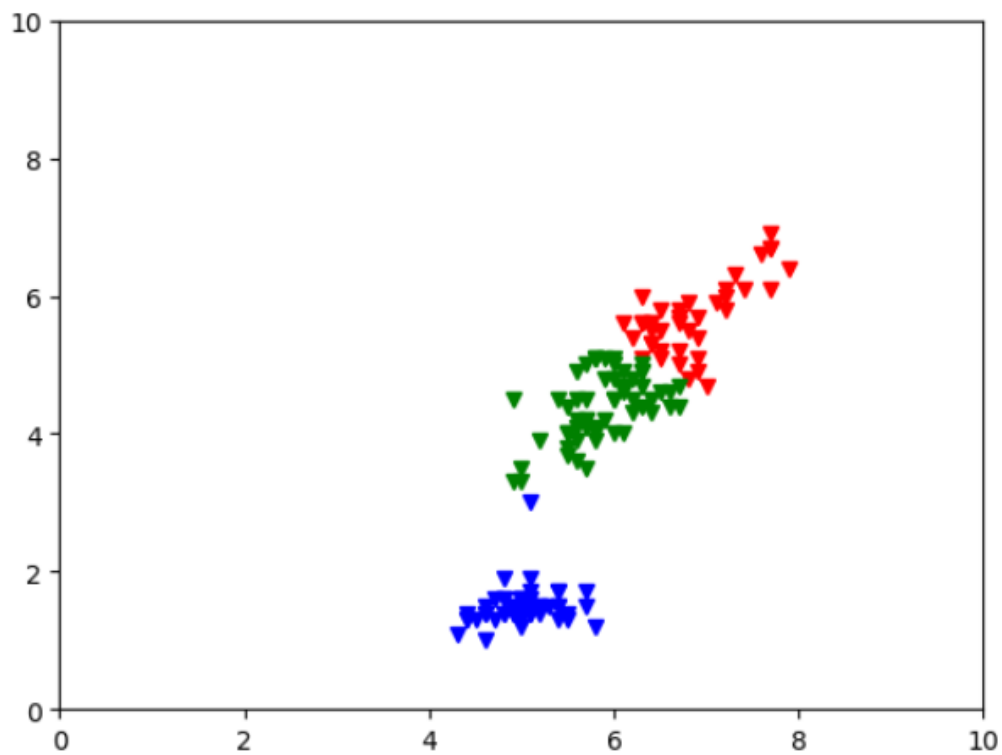
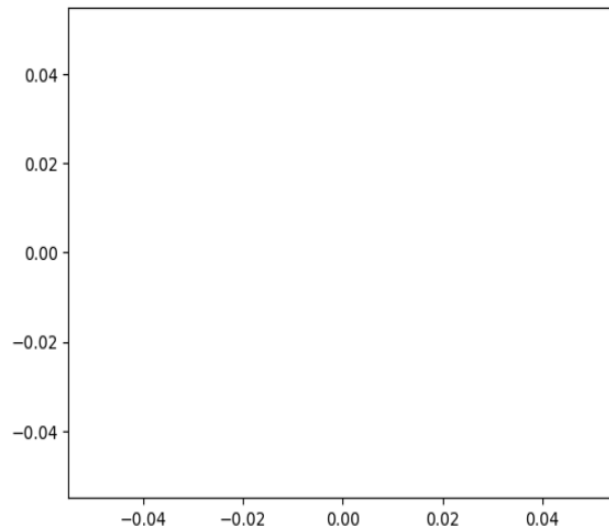


```
Out[10]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x12cc4d12f90>
```



```
C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\_kmeans.py:1412: FutureWarning: The default value of 'n_init' will c
hange from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Set the value of 'n_init' explicitly to suppress the warning
  super()._check_params_vs_input(X, default_n_init=10)
C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\_kmeans.py:1436: UserWarning: KMeans is known to have a memory leak
on Windows with MKL, when there are less chunks than available threads. You can avoid it by setting the environment variable OM
P_NUM_THREADS=1.
  warnings.warn(
```

Out[44]: []

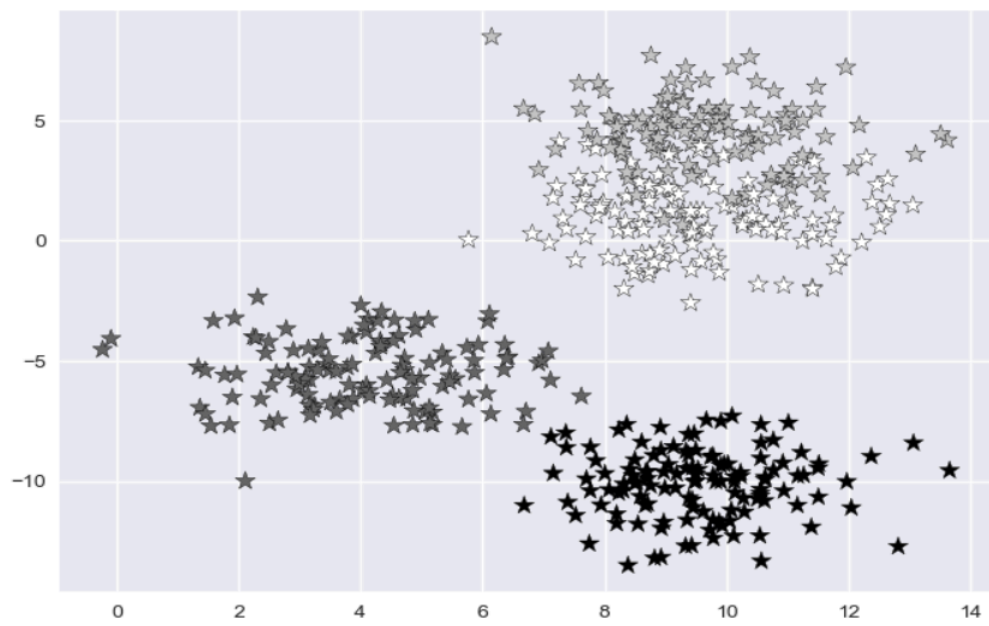


```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make_blobs
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
plt.style.use('seaborn')
X, y= make_blobs(n_samples = 500, n_features =2, centers = 4,cluster_std =
1.5, random_state = 4)
plt.figure(figsize = (10,10))
plt.show()
plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], c=y, marker='*',s=100,edgecolors='black')
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state = 0)
knn5 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
knn1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
knn5.fit(X_train, y_train)
knn1.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_5= knn5.predict(X_test)
y_pred_1= knn1.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
print("Accuracy with k=5", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_5)* 100)
print("Accuracy with k=1", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_1)* 100)
plt.figure(figsize = (15,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.scatter(X_test[:,0],X_test[:,1],c=y_pred_5,marker='*',s=100,edgecolors='black')
plt.title("Predicted values with k=5",fontsize=20)
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.scatter(X_test[:,0],X_test[:,1],c=y_pred_1,marker='*',s=100,edgecolors='black')
plt.title("Predicted values with k=1",fontsize=20)
plt.show()

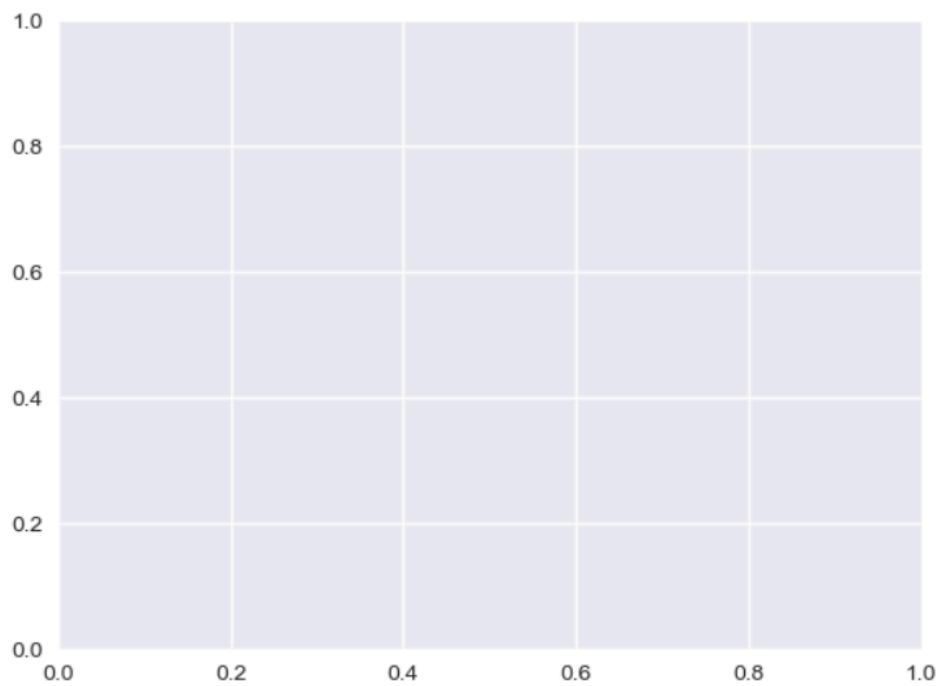
```

Out[13]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1fe0038c650>



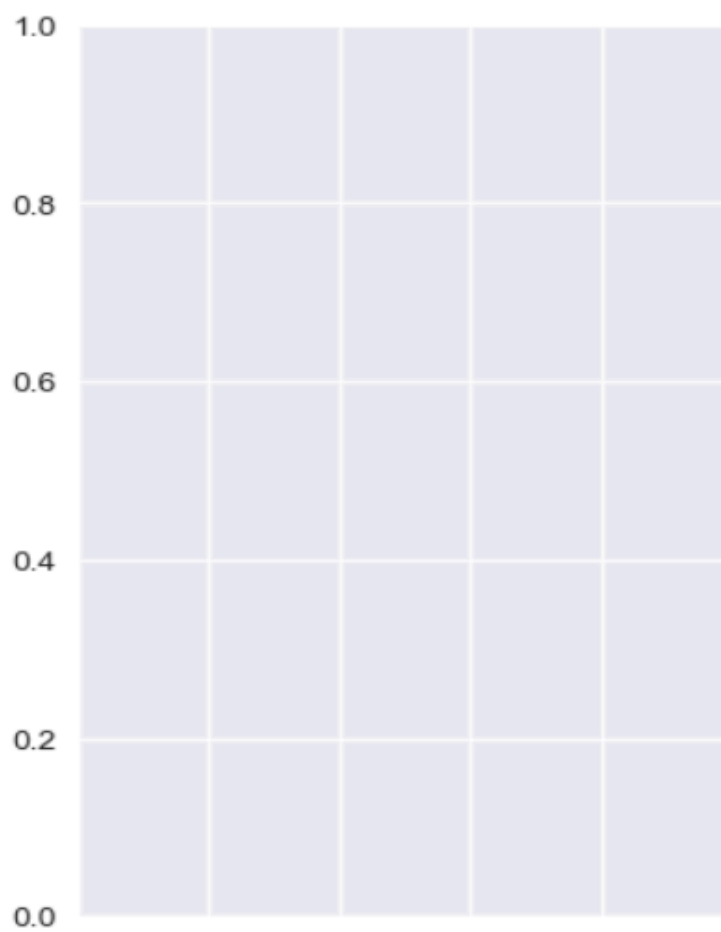
Accuracy with k=5 93.60000000000001  
Accuracy with k=1 90.4

Out[10]: <Axes: >

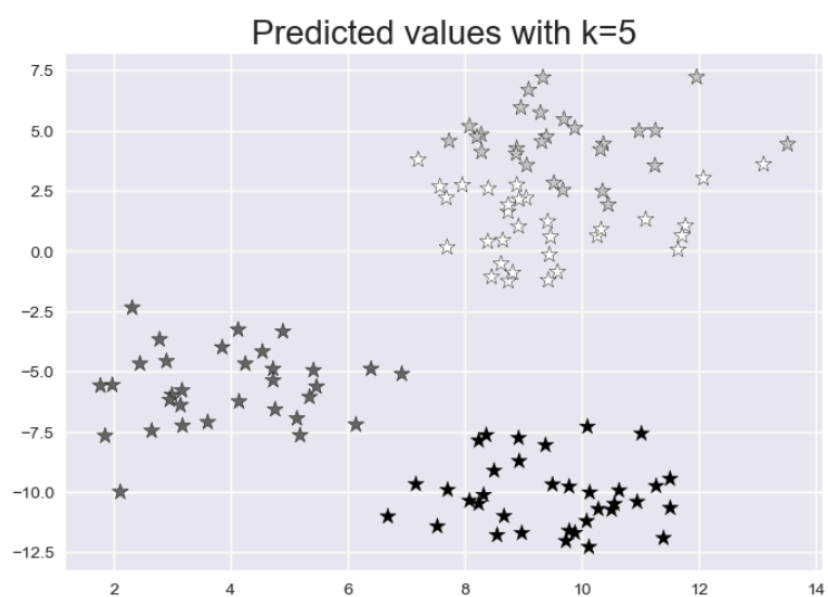




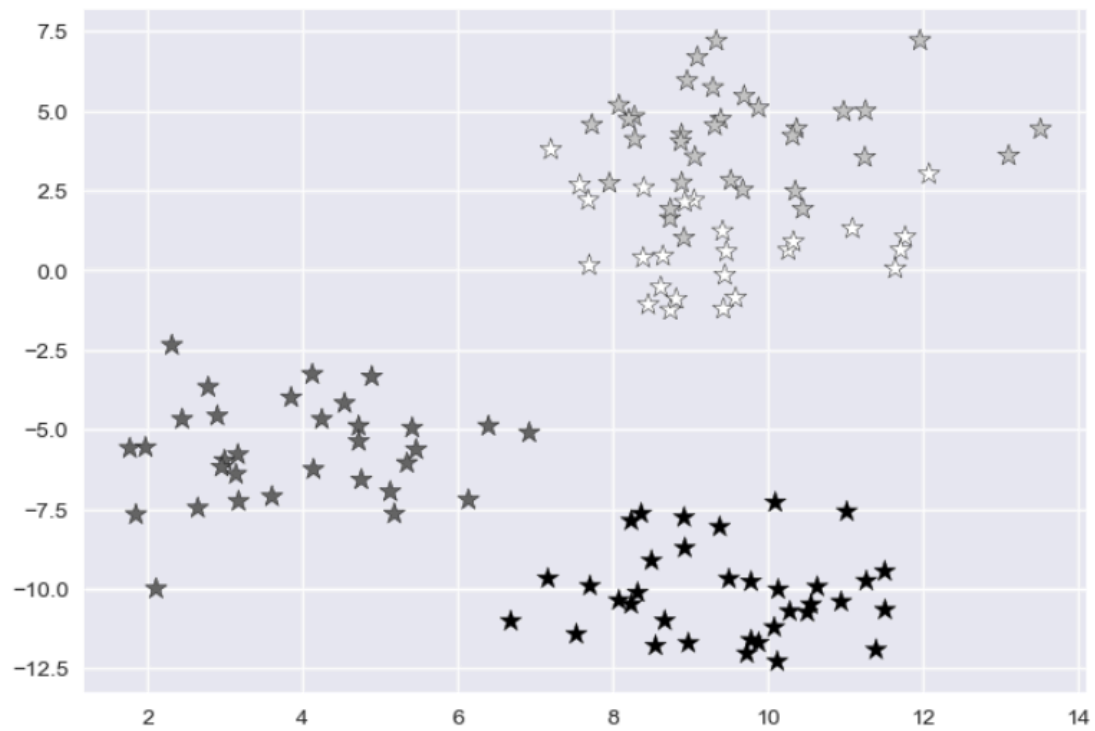
Out[8]: <Axes: >



Out[17]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1fe00c4b910>



Predicted values with k=1



```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
data = "C:\\Users\\DELL\\Downloads\\heart1.csv"
df= pd.read_csv(data)
df.head()
X = df.drop(columns=['target'])
y= df['target']
print(X.shape)
print(y.shape)
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,stratify=y)
print(x_train.shape)
print(x_test.shape)
clf= tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0)
clf.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_train_pred = clf.predict(x_train)
y_test_pred = clf.predict(x_test)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
features = df.columns.tolist()
classes = ['Not heart disease','heart disease']
tree.plot_tree(clf,feature_names=features,class_names=classes, filled=True)
plt.show()
def plot_confusionmatrix(y_train_pred,y_train,dm):
    print(f'{dm} Confusion matrix')
    cf= confusion_matrix(y_train_pred,y_train)
    sns.heatmap(cf,annot=True,yticklabels=classes, xticklabels=classes,cmap='Blues',
fmt='g')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
    print(f'Train score {accuracy_score(y_train_pred,y_train)}')
print(f'Test score {accuracy_score(y_test_pred,y_test)}')
plot_confusionmatrix(y_train_pred,y_train,dm='Train')
plot_confusionmatrix(y_test_pred,y_test,dm='Test')

```

```

path = clf.cost_complexity_pruning_path(x_train, y_train)
ccp_alphas, impurities = path.ccp_alphas, path.impurities
print(ccp_alphas)
clfs = []
for ccp_alpha in ccp_alphas:
    clf = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0, ccp_alpha=ccp_alpha)
    clf.fit(x_train, y_train)
    clfs.append(clf)
clf_ = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0, ccp_alpha=0.020)
clf_.fit(x_train, y_train)
y_train_pred = clf_.predict(x_train)
y_test_pred = clf_.predict(x_test)
print(f'Train score {accuracy_score(y_train_pred, y_train)}')
print(f'Test score {accuracy_score(y_test_pred, y_test)}')
plot_confusionmatrix(y_train_pred, y_train, dom='Train')
plot_confusionmatrix(y_test_pred, y_test, dom='Test')
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 20))
features = df.columns.tolist()
classes = ['Not heart disease', 'heart disease']
tree.plot_tree(clf_, feature_names=features, class_names=classes, filled=True)
plt.show()

```

Out[51]:

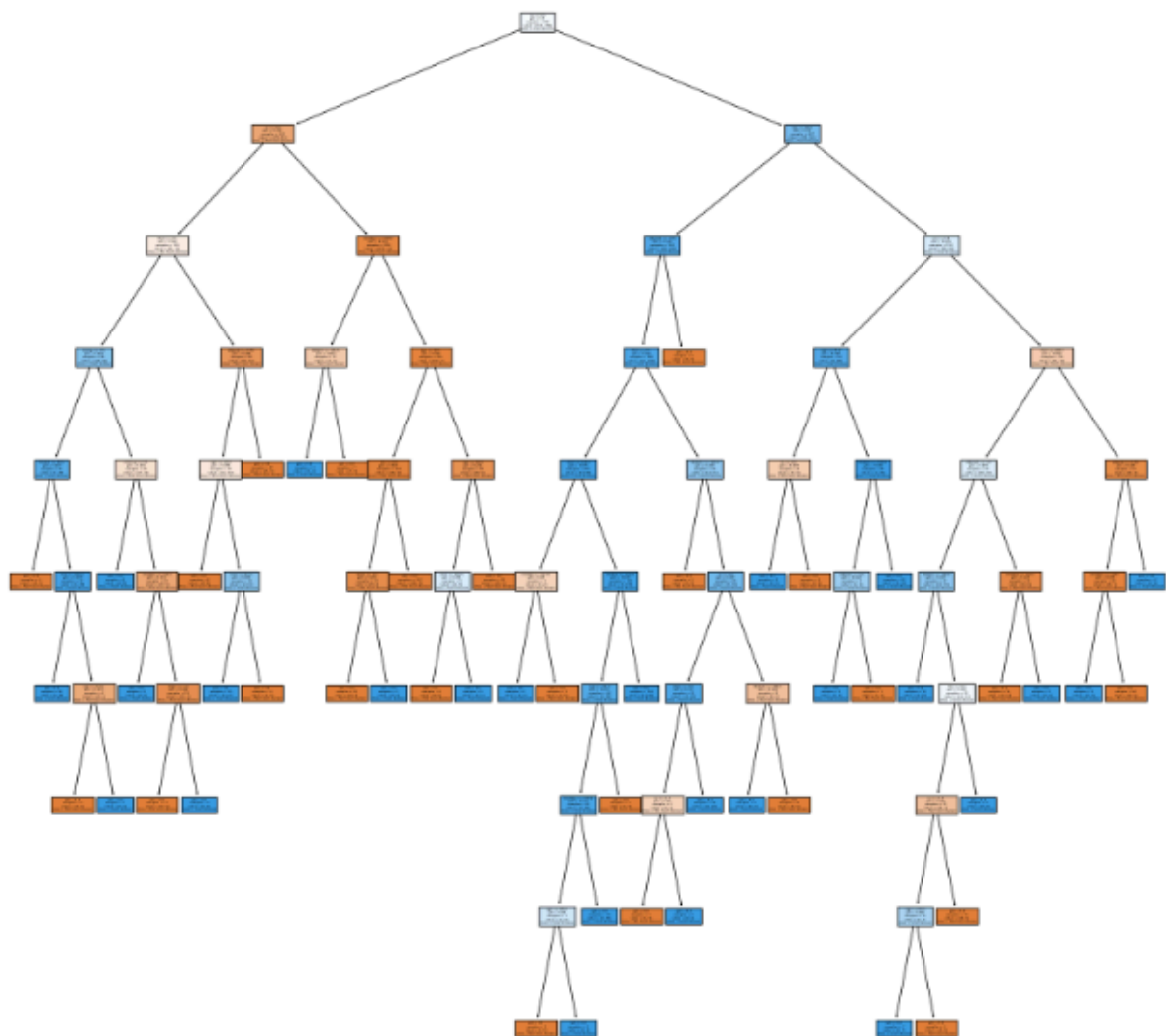
	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	1	168	0	1.0	2	2	3	0
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	0	155	1	3.1	0	0	3	0
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	1	125	1	2.6	0	0	3	0
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	1	161	0	0.0	2	1	3	0
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	1	106	0	1.9	1	3	2	0

(1025, 13)

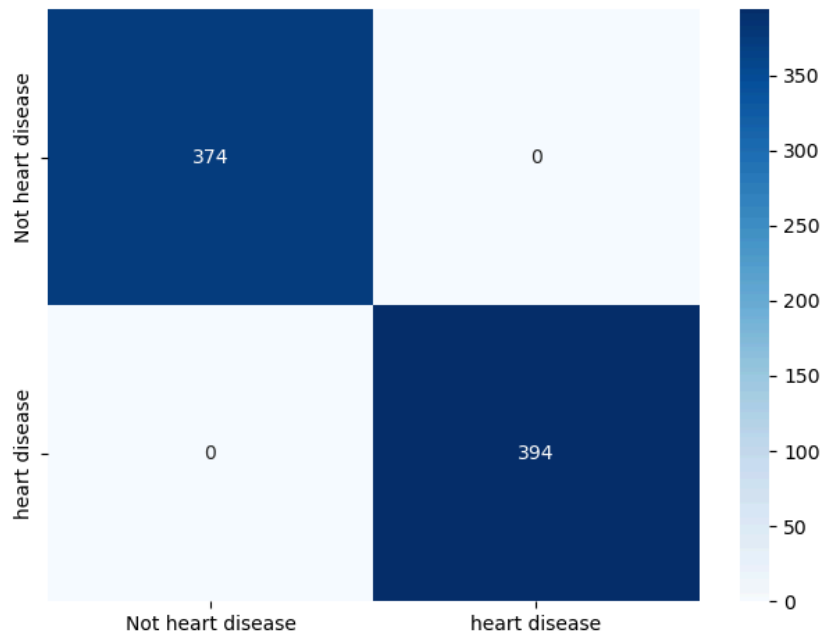
(1025,)

(768, 13)

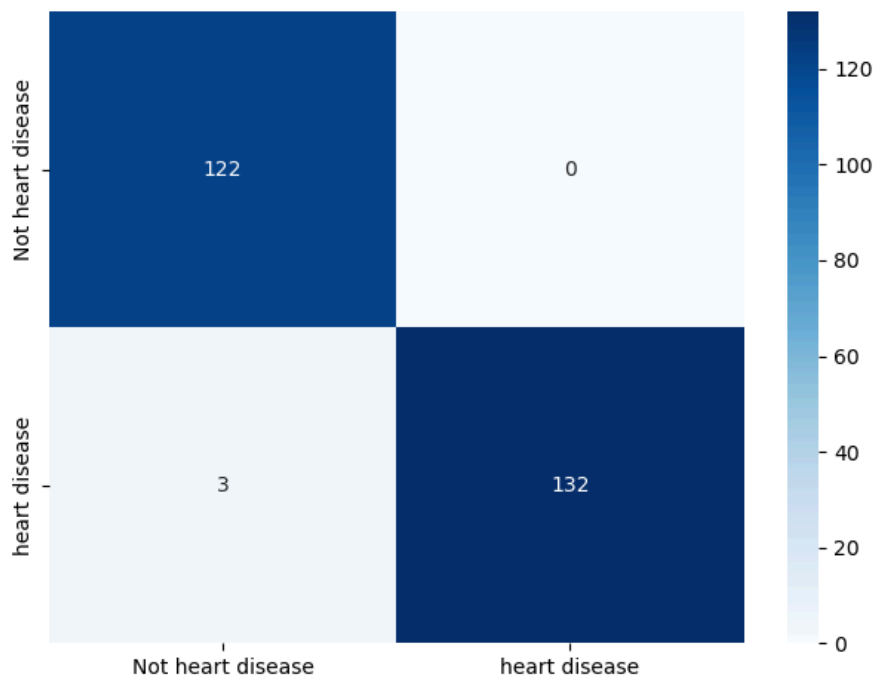
(257, 13)



Test score 0.9883268482490273  
Train Confusion matrix



Train score 1.0  
Test Confusion matrix



Train score 0.9883268482490273

---

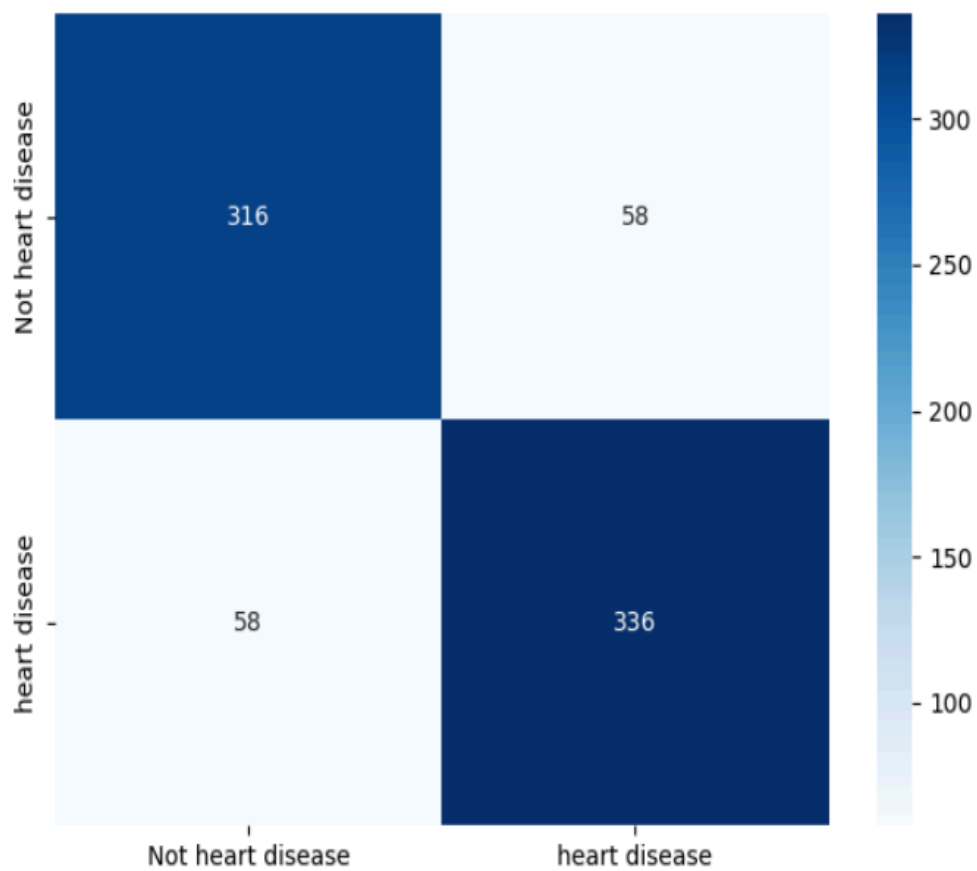
```
[0.      0.00127378 0.00195312 0.00243056 0.00252976 0.00257035
0.003125  0.003125  0.00317301 0.00393145 0.0041447  0.00419529
0.00464929 0.00466009 0.00477071 0.00488281 0.00520833 0.00540147
0.00540865 0.00589928 0.00607639 0.00645852 0.00670498 0.00674065
0.00695168 0.00708129 0.00710227 0.00806297 0.00858874 0.00912247
0.00992359 0.0119576  0.01266927 0.0131774  0.02414773 0.0277737
0.03307757 0.03893083 0.14217872]
```

---

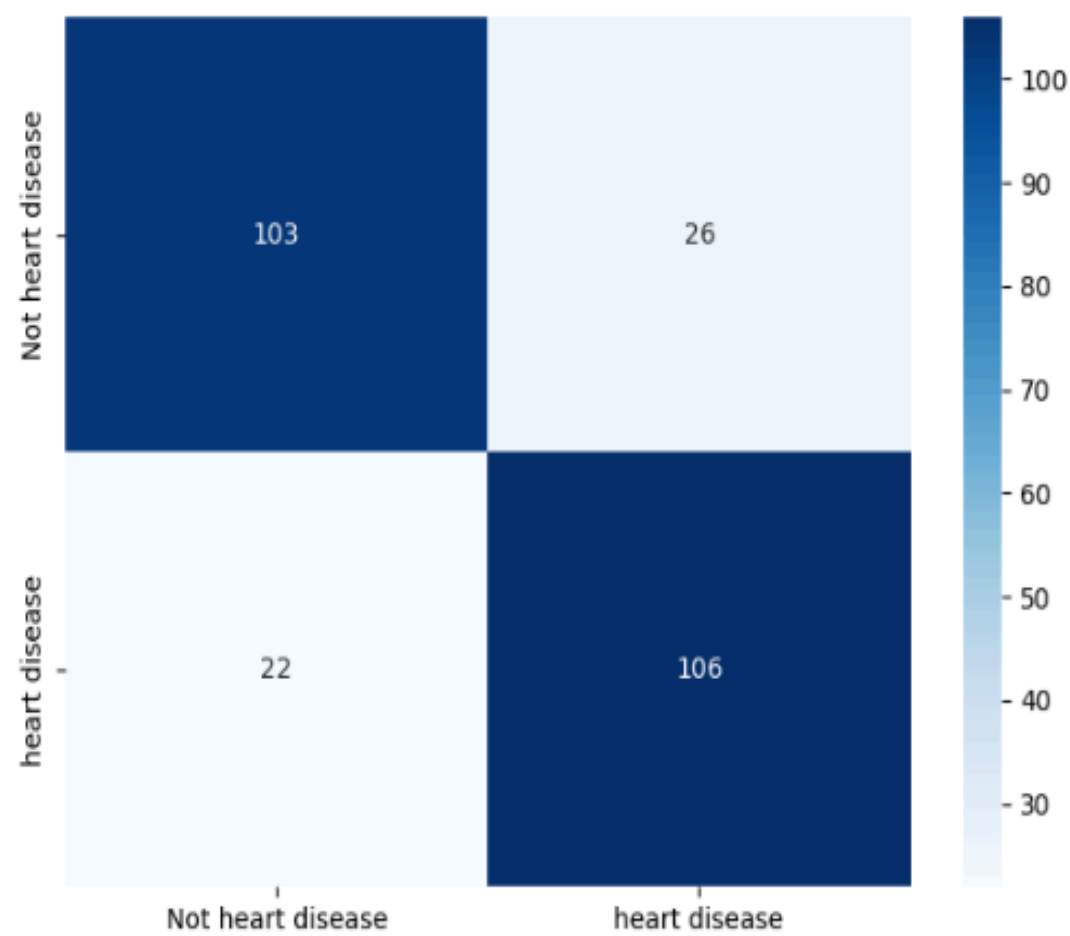
Train score 0.8489583333333334

Test score 0.8132295719844358

Train Confusion matrix



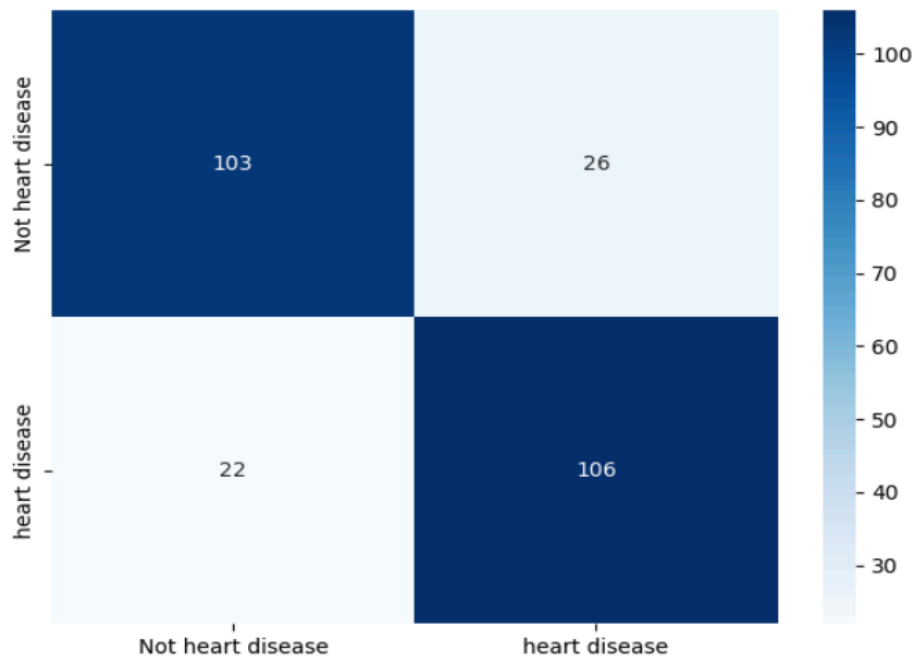
Train score 0.8489583333333334  
Test Confusion matrix



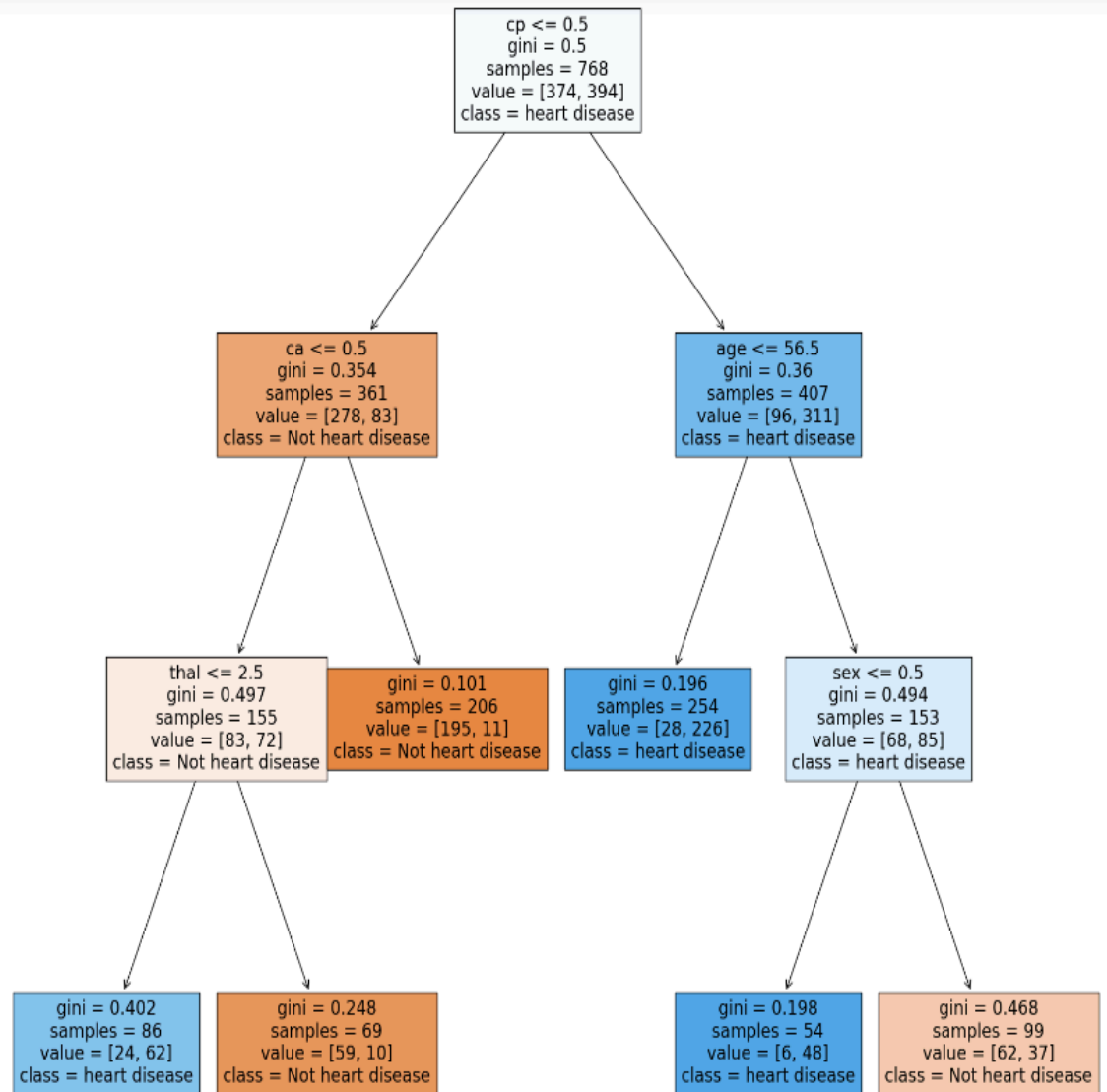
Train score 0.8132295719844358



Train score 0.8489583333333334  
Test Confusion matrix



Train score 0.8132295719844358



```

import numpy as np
X= np.array([[2, 9], [1, 5], [3, 6]], dtype=float)
y= np.array([92, 86, 89], dtype=float)
X= X/np.amax(X,axis=0)
y= y/100
def sigmoid (x):
    return 1/(1 + np.exp(-x))
def derivatives_sigmoid(x):
    return x * (1 -x)
epoch=5
Ir=0.1
inputlayer_neurons = 2
hiddenlayer_neurons =3
output_neurons =1
wh=np.random.uniform(size=(inputlayer_neurons,hiddenlayer_neurons))
bh=np.random.uniform(size=(1,hiddenlayer_neurons))
wout=np.random.uniform(size=(hiddenlayer_neurons,output_neurons))
bout=np.random.uniform(size=(1,output_neurons))
for i in range(epoch):
    hinpl=np.dot(X, wh)
    hinp=hinpl + bh
    hlayer_act = sigmoid(hinp)
    outinpl=np.dot(hlayer_act,wout)
    outinp= outinpl+bout
    output = sigmoid(outinp)
    EO = y-output
    outgrad = derivatives_sigmoid(output)
    d_output = EO * outgrad
    EH= d_output.dot(wout.T)
    hiddengrad = derivatives_sigmoid(hlayer_act)
    d_hiddenlayer = EH * hiddengrad
    wout += hlayer_act.T.dot(d_output) *Ir
    wh += X.T.dot(d_hiddenlayer) *Ir
    print ("---Epoch-", i+1, "Starts-----.")
    print("Input: \n" + str(X))
    print("Actual Output:\n" + str(y))
    print("Predicted Output:\n",output)
    print ("----Epoch-", i+1, "Ends-----\n")
    print("Input: \n" + str(X))
    print("Actual Output: \n" + str(y))
    print("Predicted Output: \n",output)

```

---

---Epoch- 5 Starts-----.

Input:

```
[[0.66666667 1.      ]
 [0.33333333 0.55555556]
 [1.         0.66666667]]
```

Actual Output:

```
[[0.92]
 [0.86]
 [0.89]]
```

Predicted Output:

```
[[0.85966332]
 [0.84166838]
 [0.8614564  ]]
```

----Epoch- 5 Ends-----

---

Input:

```
[[0.66666667 1.      ]
 [0.33333333 0.55555556]
 [1.         0.66666667]]
```

Actual Output:

```
[[0.92]
 [0.86]
 [0.89]]
```

Predicted Output:

```
[[0.85966332]
 [0.84166838]
 [0.8614564  ]]
```

---

```

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import svm, datasets
iris = datasets.load_iris()
X= iris.data[:, :2]
y= iris.target
C=1.0
SvC = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C = 1).fit(X, y)
x_min, x_max = X[:, 0].min() - 1, X[:,0].max() + 1
y_min, y_max = X[:, 1].min() - 1, X[:,1].max() + 1
h=(x_max /x_min)/100
XX, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x_min, x_max, h), np.arange(y_min, y_max,h))

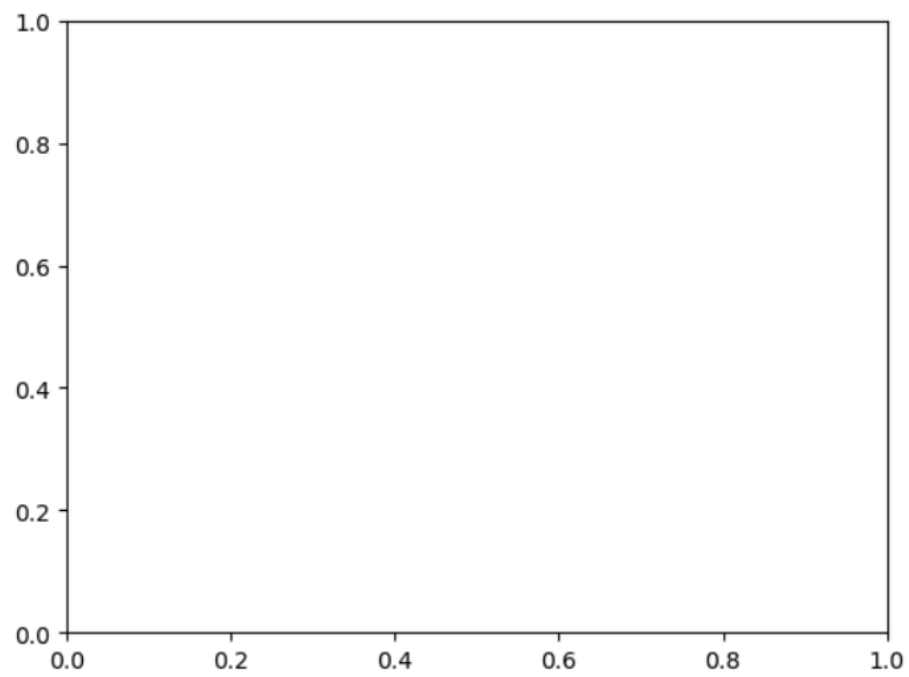
plt.subplot(1, 1, 1)

Z= SvC.predict(np.c_[XX.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z= Z.reshape(XX.shape)
plt.contourf(XX, yy, Z, cmap = plt.cm.Paired, alpha = 0.8)

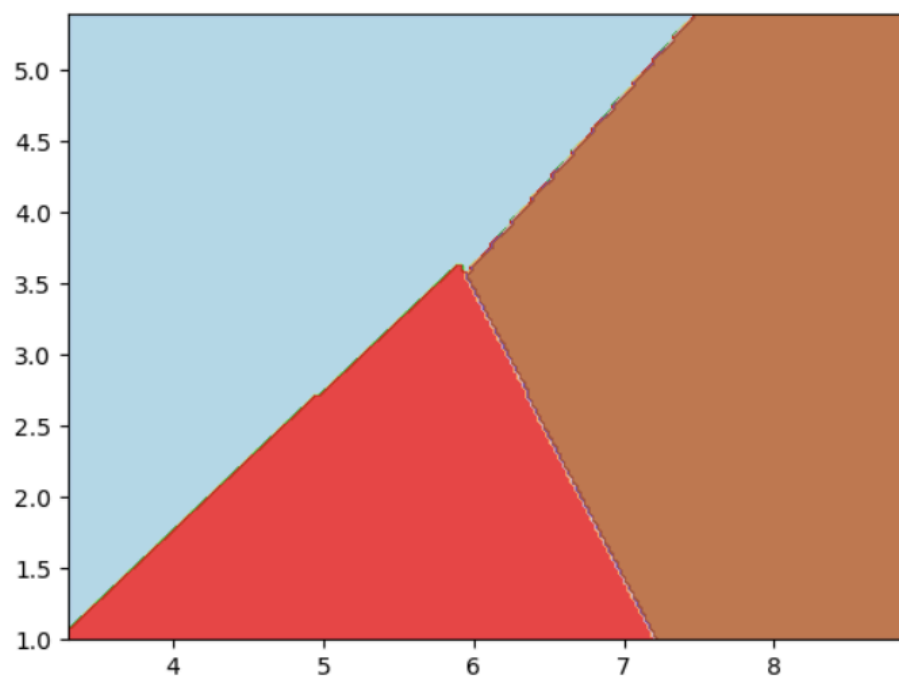
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c = y,cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
plt.xlabel('Sepal length')
plt.ylabel('Sepal width')
plt.xlim(XX.min(), XX.max())
plt.title('SVC with linear kernel')
plt.show()

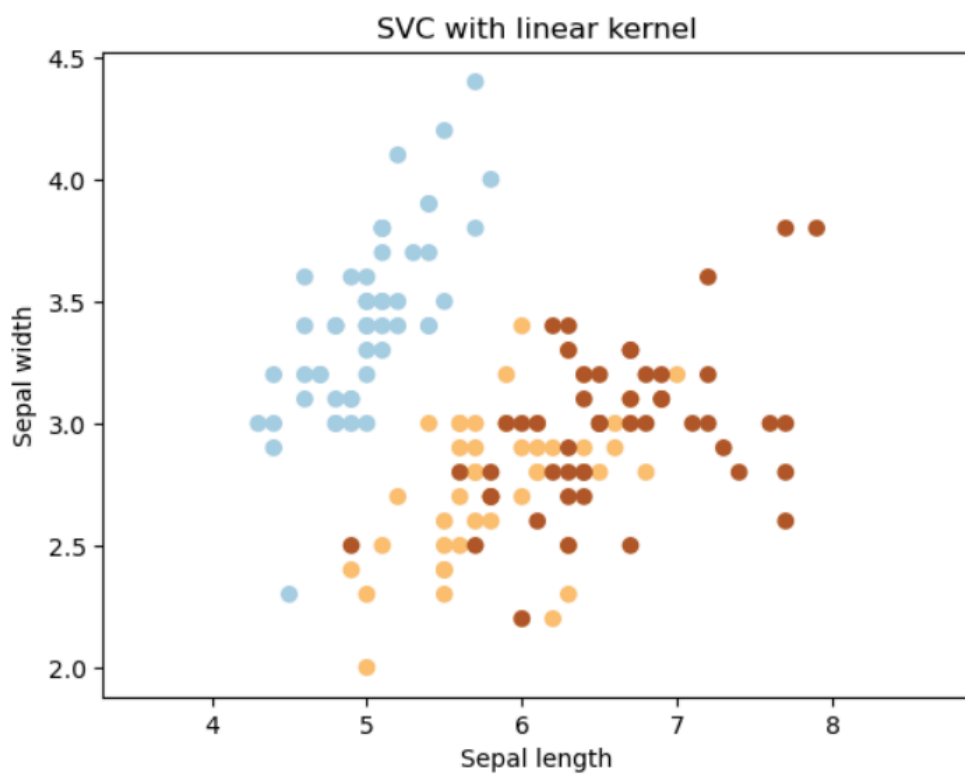
```

Out[10]: <Axes: >



Out[15]: <matplotlib.contour.QuadContourSet at 0x2c6b22e8fd0>





```
import pandas as pd
col_names=['pregnant','glucose','bp','skin','insulin','bmi','age','label']
pima=pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\DELL\\Downloads\\pima-indians-diabetes.csv",header
=None,names=col_names)
pima.head()

feature_cols=['pregnant','insulin','bmi','age','glucose','bp']
X=pima[feature_cols]
y=pima.label
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=16)
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
logreg=LogisticRegression(random_state=16)
logreg.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=logreg.predict(X_test)
print(y_pred)
```



Out[9]:

	pregnant	glucose	bp	skin	insulin	bmi	age	label
6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

```
[1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0
1 0 0 0 0 1 1]
```