

## x bar chart (using r)

```
n = 20;
A2 = 0.18;
c4 = []; %蒐集第一次out-of-control之array

for j = 1:10000
    M = randn(1, n);
    x_bb = mean(M);
    r_b = max(M) - min(M);
    LCL = x_bb - A2 * r_b;
    UCL = x_bb + A2 * r_b;
    random_matrix = randn(10000, n);
    row_means = mean(random_matrix, 2);
    for i = 1:10000
        if row_means(i) > UCL || row_means(i) < LCL
            i;
            c4 = [c4, i];
            break;
        end
    end
end

fprintf('%f', mean(c4))
```

368.145097

## x bar chart (using s)

```
n = 10;
A3 = 0.975;
c5 = []; %蒐集第一次out-of-control之array

for j = 1:10000
    M = randn(1, n);
    x_bb = mean(M);
    r_b = std(M);
    LCL = x_bb - A3 * r_b;
    UCL = x_bb + A3 * r_b;
    random_matrix = randn(10000, n);
    row_means = mean(random_matrix, 2);
    for i = 1:10000
        if row_means(i) > UCL || row_means(i) < LCL
            i;
            c5 = [c5, i];
            break;
        end
    end
end

fprintf('%f', mean(c5))
```

429.835325

## R chart( no sigma given)

```
n = 16;
D3 = 0.363;
D4 = 1.637;
c6 = []; %蒐集第一次out-of-control之array

for j = 1:10000
    M = randn(1, n);
    x_bb = mean(M);
    r_b = max(M)-min(M);
    LCL = D3 * r_b;
    UCL = D4 * r_b;
    random_matrix = randn(10000, n);
    row_range = max(random_matrix, [], 2) - min(random_matrix, [], 2);
    for i = 1:10000
        if row_range(i)>UCL || row_range(i)<LCL
            i;
            c6 = [c6, i];
            break;
        end
    end
end

fprintf('%f',mean(c6))
```

452.247425

## S chart( no sigma given)

```
n = 19;
B3 = 0.497 ;
B4 = 1.503;
c7 = []; %蒐集第一次out-of-control之array

for j = 1:50000
    M = randn(1, n);
    x_bb = mean(M);
    r_b = std(M);
    LCL = B3 * r_b;
    UCL = B4 * r_b;
    random_matrix = randn(50000, n);
    row_std = std(random_matrix,0, 2);
    for i = 1:50000
        if row_std(i)>UCL || row_std(i)<LCL
            i;
            c7 = [c7, i];
            break;
        end
    end
end

fprintf('%f',mean(c7))
```