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Exo 1

$$\hat{e}_x = (1, 0, 0) \quad \hat{e}_y = (0, 1, 0) \quad \hat{e}_z = (0, 0, 1)$$

$$a) \vec{e}_x \cdot \vec{e}_x = 1 \times 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 = 1 = \hat{e}_y \cdot \hat{e}_y = \hat{e}_z \cdot \hat{e}_z$$

$$b) \hat{e}_x \cdot \hat{e}_y = 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 = 0 = \hat{e}_y \cdot \hat{e}_z = \hat{e}_z \cdot \hat{e}_x$$

$$c) \vec{e}_x \wedge \vec{e}_y = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = \vec{e}_z$$

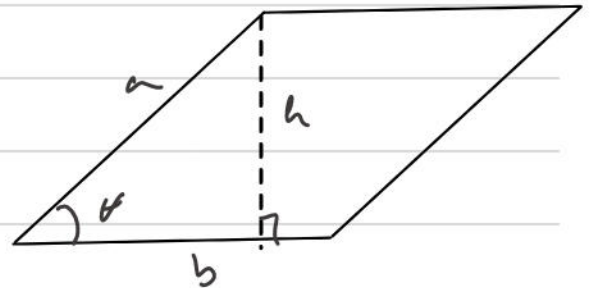
$$\vec{e}_y \wedge \vec{e}_z = \vec{e}_x$$

$$\vec{e}_z \wedge \vec{e}_x = \vec{e}_y$$

Exo 2: $\vec{a} (a_x, a_y, a_z)$

Exo 3:

$$\begin{aligned} a) S_{ab} &= ? = b \cdot h \\ &= b \cdot a \cdot \sin \theta \\ &= \|\vec{a} \wedge \vec{b}\| \end{aligned}$$



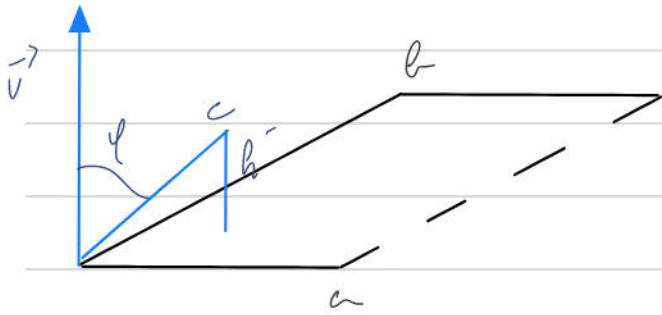
$$S_{ab} = \left| \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right| = \left| \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{bc} &= \|\vec{b} \wedge \vec{c}\| = \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \\ \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} \end{pmatrix} \right| = \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{array} \right) \\ &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$S_{ca} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \text{aussi}$$

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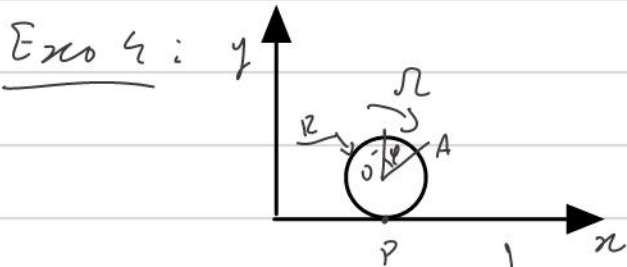
b) calcul du volume V_{abc}



$$V_{abc} = |(\vec{a} \wedge \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c}| = \left| \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} \end{vmatrix} \right|$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\vec{u} \cdot \vec{c} = u \left[\frac{c \cos \varphi}{h^r} \right]$$



P point de contact
 $\vec{V}(P) = 0$ pas de glissement
 $\vec{\Omega} = -\dot{\varphi} \vec{y}$

c) $\vec{V}(O) = \vec{V}(P) + \vec{OP} \wedge \vec{\Omega}$

$$\vec{V}(O) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -R & 1 \\ -12 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\dot{\varphi} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V}(O) = R \dot{\varphi} \cdot \vec{x}$$

b) $\vec{V}(A) = \vec{V}(O) + \vec{AO} \wedge \vec{\Omega}$

$$= \vec{V}(P) + \vec{AP} \wedge \vec{\Omega}$$

$$(\vec{AO} + \vec{OP}) \wedge \vec{\Omega}$$

$$= R \dot{\varphi} \vec{x} + \begin{vmatrix} -12 \sin \varphi & -R \cos \varphi & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -\dot{\varphi} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= R \dot{\varphi} (1 + \cos \varphi) \vec{x} - R \dot{\varphi} \sin \varphi \vec{y}$$

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c) $\overbrace{r=0}^{C.I.} \quad \psi=0$

$$\frac{d\psi}{dr} = \lambda$$

$$\psi = \lambda \cdot r + c_k$$

" 0 C.I.

$$\vec{V}_{(A)}(r) = \lambda \cdot \lambda (1 + \cos(\lambda r)) \vec{r} - \lambda \sin(\lambda r) \vec{y}$$

d) C.I.
r=0

$$A = (0, 2R)$$

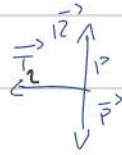
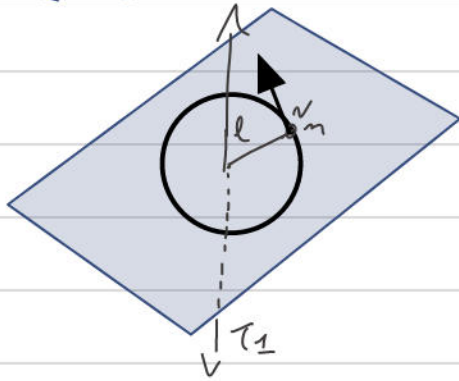
on intégrer $\vec{V}_{(A)}(r)$

$$A(r) \left| \begin{array}{l} \lambda \lambda (r + \frac{1}{\lambda} \sin(\lambda r)) + c_k \\ -\lambda \lambda \times \frac{1}{\lambda} \cos(\lambda r) + c_k \\ c_k \end{array} \right.$$

$$A(r) = \left| \begin{array}{l} \lambda \lambda (r + \frac{1}{\lambda} \sin(\lambda r)) \quad r=0 \quad x_A=0 \\ \lambda + \lambda \cdot \cos(\lambda r) \quad r=0 \quad y_A=2\lambda \\ 0 \end{array} \right.$$

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Exercice 5:



$$\sum \vec{F}_i = 0 \Rightarrow -\vec{p} + \vec{r} = 0$$

$$\vec{p} = \vec{r}$$

$$a) \frac{d\vec{L}_O}{dt} = \vec{0} = \sum_i \vec{O P}_i \wedge \vec{F}_{ext i}$$

$$= \vec{O P} \wedge (\vec{T} + \underbrace{\vec{R} - \vec{P}}_0) = \vec{0} \quad \underline{\underline{OK}}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \vec{\sigma}_P = \sum_i \vec{O P}_i \wedge m_i \vec{v}_i = m \cdot \vec{O P} \wedge \vec{v}_{(P)} = d\vec{e}$$

$$m \cdot l_1 \cdot v_1 = m \cdot l_2 \cdot v_2$$

$$v_2 = \frac{l_1}{l_2} \cdot v_1$$

$$b) \Delta E_m = W(\vec{F}_{ext})$$

$$\Delta E_c + \Delta E_p = W(\vec{F}_{ext})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m (v_2^2 - v_1^2) = W(\vec{F}_{ext})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_1^2 \left(\frac{l_1^2}{l_2^2} - 1 \right) = W(\vec{F}_{ext})$$

