

COPIS Communication Protocol Documentation

1. Overview

COPIS (Computer-Operated Photogrammetric Imaging System) uses a distributed network of camera-controller boards. Each controller manages one camera and communicates using the following methods:

- UART serial text protocol between the host PC and controller
- I²C bus communication between one designated as primary and one or more secondary controllers

A G-Code-derived command language for 5-axis movement with extensions for multi-controller addressing, camera shutter, autofocus and focus stacking controls.

2. System Architecture

2.1 Controller Network Layout

A COPIS system may contain one or more controllers with fixed addresses. Any controller may serve be configured as primary, but the current PC COPIS client software requires the primary controller to be assigned address 0 with secondary controllers in sequential order starting at 1. Controllers normally generate random addresses on first boot, but your system should have been preconfigured and will not be randomized. See list of available COPIS command if you need to change the address.

2.2 Host Interface

- Typically, only the Primary controller needs to connect to the host PC via USB.
- Secondary controllers only require USB for debugging or firmware flashing.
- UART communication is standard serial text at 115200 baud, 8-bit, no parity. Any serial terminal program can be used to communicate with a controller. YAT (Yet Another Terminal) is recommended. Alternatively, the COPIS Client application may be used for communication and supports multiple camera and pose orchestration.

2.3 I²C Bus

- All controllers should be configured to share a common I²C bus.
- The primary controller acts as the master.
- Commands for secondary controllers are forwarded via this I²C network.

3. UART Status Line Format

Controllers report their status as one single, comma-delimited line, using this generalized format:

- id:<id>,ssf:<flags>,pos:<x>,<y>,<z>,<pan>,<tilt>

Example:

- id:0,ssf:128,pos:12.30,0.00,18.00,0.00,3.00

Field Definitions:

- id — Controller address (0–127)
- ssf — 8-bit system state flag (0–255)
- pos — Five comma-delimited values:
 - X position (mm)
 - Y position (mm)
 - Z position (mm)
 - Pan angle (degrees)
 - Tilt angle (degrees)

4. The System State Flags (SSF)

The System State Flag is an 8-bit integer representing the current status of the controller. An SSF of 0 indicates the controller is idle and ready to accept a command.

The bit flags are:

- bit 0 – Serial communications in progress
- bit 1 – I²C communication in progress
- bit 2 – A command has been received and is awaiting execution
- bit 3 – A command is being executed
- bit 4 – A target pose has been queued
- bit 5 – The controller is move to a target pose
- bit 6 – The controller is homing it's camera
- bit 7 – The controller is locked

Controllers always start up in a locked state. Controllers may also lock if an error is encountered during operation. Until unlocked, no movement or camera commands will be accepted. To unlock a controller, issue the command:

- >[target id]M511

The COPIS client software performs this automatically; manual unlocking is only needed when using external terminal software.

5. Multi-Controller Command Routing

COPIS extends standard G-Code with a routing prefix:

- >[target_id]<command>

Example:

- >3G1X100P100

If no prefix is given, the command is interpreted by the controller directly connected to the host PC. Valid target IDs: 0–127

6. Command Language

6.1 Motion Commands

Motion commands use a G-Code-like format:

- G1X<mm>Y<mm>Z<mm>P<deg>T<deg>

Example:

- >3G1X100P100

6.2 Camera Control Commands

Camera shutter:

- C0S<duration_seconds>

Camera autofocus:

- C1S<duration_seconds>

Example (auto-focus then take picture for controller 1):

- >1C1S2
- >1C0S2

6.3. Example UART Session

On connection, the controller may report:

- id:0,ssf:128,pos:12.30,0.00,18.00,0.00,3.00

Unlock the connected controller:

- M511

Move connected controller's camera 50 mm along X:

- G1X50

Trigger shutter on connected controller's camera:

- C0S1

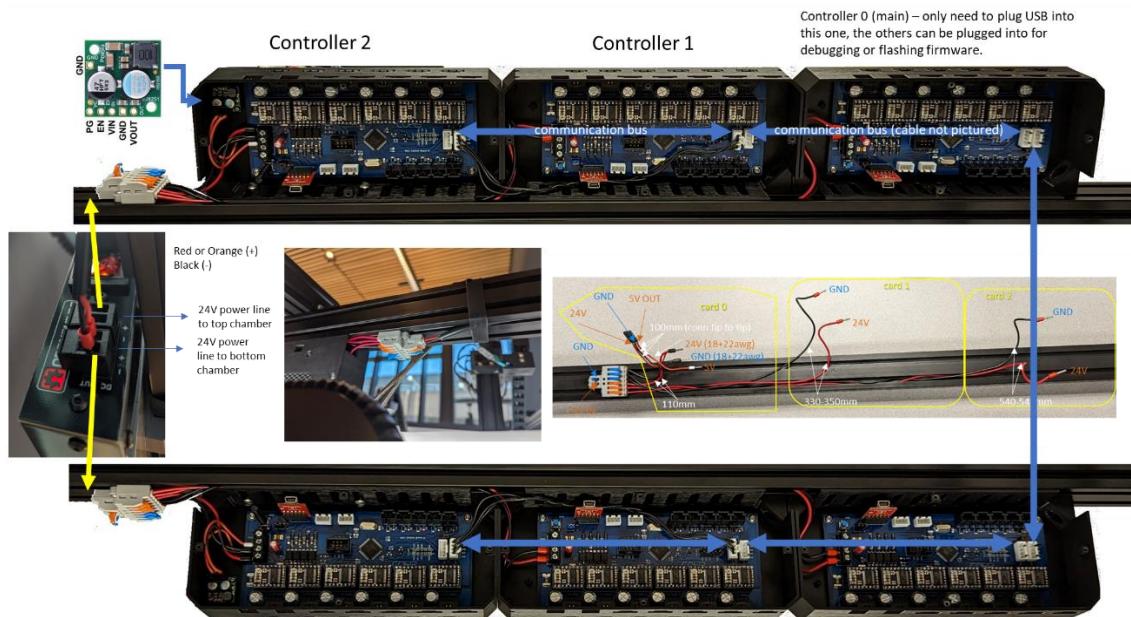
7. Command Execution Workflow

A single pose is most often comprised of a motion plus a camera action. A pose set is a group of poses that execute together and contains up to one pose per camera. All commands for a pose set can be sent to the primary controller at once. While each controller maintains a small internal command queue, it is best to wait until all controllers report ssf:0 (idle) before sending subsequent pose sets. The COPIS client application follows this workflow.

8. Physical Connections

Example 2-chamber, 6-camera setup:

- 24V power feeds top and bottom chambers.
- I²C communication bus connects all controllers.
- Controller 0 is typically used for USB communication with the PC.



9. Command reference:

| Desc | Code | Params | Version | Comments |
|---|------|---------------------|---------|---|
| Remote Shutter | C0 | [P/S/X]## | 101 | P - milliseconds, S & X - Seconds |
| Remote AF | C1 | [P/S/X]## | 101 | P - milliseconds, S & X - Seconds |
| Focus Stack | C10 | Z##V##[P/S/X]##F##T | 104,105 | version 104 should not use this function (was still in dev.) As of version 105: V - num steps; Z - distance/step; P - shutter hold time in milliseconds; F-Feed rate; T - return to start; X pre - shutter delay in milliseconds, Y post shutter delay in milliseconds |
| Rapid Move | G0 | X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| Linear Move | G1 | X##Y##Z##P##T##F## | 101 | |
| Homing Axis | G28 | X##Y##Z##P##T##F## | 101 | |
| Pause | G4 | [P/S/X]## | 101 | P - milliseconds, S & X - Seconds |
| Absolute Positioning | G90 | | 101 | |
| Relative Positioning | G91 | | 101 | |
| Set Position | G92 | X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| enable motor | M17 | | 101 | |
| disable motors | M18 | [P/S/X]## | 101,103 | Parameter is optional. Time value P - milliseconds, S & X - seconds. If presents, sets the time motors will shutoff after period of inactivity |
| Set steps per unit dist (mm or dd) | M92 | X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| Set device ID | M101 | V## | 101,103 | Must be done directly via serial if duplicates exist, starting in version 103, m101 without a parameter flips the role [primary/secondary] |
| Set motor idle lock time | M102 | V## | 101 | V - milliseconds between 0 & 255, 255 keeps motors enabled. May change to 'P' variable instead of V in future update |
| Enable debug modes | M111 | V## | 101 | Parameter can be used to enable/disable specific debug outputs 1=General, 2=Communications, 3=Motion Control, 4=Camera Control; no values enables/disables(flips) 1-4. 5 & 6 can be used to turn polling off(5) and on (6). 5 & 6 do not persist across reboots. To persist polling option (FW106) use M255 and set time to 0 (off) or other positive value (on). |
| Report limit switch states for all axis | M119 | | 101 | |
| Scan for connected cards | M120 | | 101,103 | Only applicable on main controllers, Starting in version 103 - optional param V queries specific id on bus. If V = id of card issuing command, then it |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|
| | | | will report its current pool info rather than querying the bus. |
| Reset status of connected cards | M121 V## | 103 | Resets the status of the connected card, optional param V queries specific id of card. If V = id of card issuing command, then it will report its current pool info rather than resetting. |
| Remove a previously detected card | M122 V## | 103 | Removes the connected card from pool, optional param V queries specific id of card. If V = id of card issuing command, then it will report its current pool info rather than removing. |
| Enable I2C settings cache | M123 | 103 | Enables/disables use of I2C settings cache (if enabled, settings cache will be populated) |
| Refresh I2C settings cache | M124 | 103 | Populate/refresh I2C settings cache - note cache can be repopulated on a per card basis each time M503V## is called |
| Report I2C settings cache | M125 V## | 103 | Print out the cached settings for each card use optional V param to specify a card id |
| Enable/disable reporting via serial | M151 | 101 | |
| Set Junction Deviation | M200 V## | 101 | |
| Set Acceleration | M201 V## | 101 | |
| Set Max_Speed | M203 X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| Set Max Travel Distance | M208 X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| Set Min Travel Distance | M209 X##Y##Z##P##T## | 101 | |
| Set internal poll interval | M255 [P/S/X]##V## | 102,103 | Time value P - milliseconds, S & X - seconds. No Value & 0 ignored. Max Value is 3000milliseconds. Anything higher will set to 3000ms. Starting on version 103 optional v param can be used to set role of card. 0 is secondary, >= 1 is primary; Starting with FW106 0 is accepted and turns off the poll timer. Max value updated to 60000 in FW106 |
| Enable Multi Turn | M360 | 101 | |
| | M428 XYZPT | 101 | Sets current position to zero and defines a persistant offset from previous zero position (ie home). If Values are provided for the axis and optional param V is equal to 1, then provided values will define the offset rather than the current position relative to home. |
| Restore Machine defaults | M502 | 101 | |
| Display Settings | M503 V## | 101 | Optional: V plus a random number to redirect secondary controller output from serial to i2C. |
| Unlock Device/Clear Status | M511 | 101 | |

| | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----|--|
| Invert Selected Axis | M562 XYZPT | 101 | |
| Reboot | M998 V## | 101 | Parameter is optional. Any value greater than 0 causes allows any prior buffered action to finish execution before reboot. |