# Package 'SLIDE'

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Type Pack	kage
	parametric and Inheritance Model-free Test for Association  Multiple Loci in the Retrospective Case-control Study
Version 0	0.1.0
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_	on R package with Score statistic tests incorporating linkage disequilibrium informator genetic association studies with multiple genetic variants and binary trait
License G	GPL
LazyData	TRUE
URL htt	p://github.com/YQHuFD/SLIDE
BugRepor	rts http://github.com/YQHuFD/SLIDE/issues
R topic	es documented:
p	D-EM
LD-EM	Estimating LD using EM algorithm
Descriptio	on
This f	function is to estimate pairwise linkage disequilibrium with EM algorithm.
Usage	
ld.e	m(genotype)

data is allowed.

numeric matrix or data frame with genotype data coded as 0, 1, 2. No missing

**Arguments** 

genotype

2 permutation

## **Details**

There is no missing data.

#### Value

The list contains the LD matrix, D' matrix and  $r^2$  matrix.

# Author(s)

Chan Wang and Yue-Qing Hu

#### References

Chan Wang, Shufang Deng, Leiming Sun, Liming Li and Yue-Qing Hu, Nonparametric and Inheritance Model-free Test for Association with Multiple Loci in the Retrospective Case-control Study

## **Examples**

```
genotype<-matrix(sample(c(0,1,2),5000,replace=TRUE),500,10) ### 500 individuals and 10 SN
LD<-ld.em(genotype)
LD_orignal<-LD[[1]]
LD_D<-LD[[2]]</pre>
LD_r<-LD[[3]]
```

permutation

permutation for case-control data

# Description

This function is to permute cases and controls randomly.

## Usage

```
permuC (phenotype, genotype)
```

# **Arguments**

phenotype numeric vector with phenotype status: 0=controls, 1=cases. No missing data

allowed

genotype numeric matrix or data frame with genotype data coded as 0, 1, 2. No missing

data is allowed.

# Value

The matrix in which the first column is the phenotype and others are the corresponding genotype after permutation.

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#### Author(s)

Chan Wang and Yue-Qing Hu

### References

Chan Wang, Shufang Deng, Leiming Sun, Liming Li and Yue-Qing Hu, Nonparametric and Inheritance Model-free Test for Association with Multiple Loci in the Retrospective Case-control Study

SLIDE	Nonparametric and Inheritance Model-free Test for Association with Multiple Loci in the Retrospective Case-control Study

# **Description**

To explain more heritability in GWAS, the score test statistics incorporating linkage disequilibrium information in the retrospective perspective for case-control studies are proposed. To be specific, the score is defined as the difference of the average multi-locus genotypes between cases and controls and then its variance-covariance matrix involves linkage disequilibrium information. The essential difference of the variance-covariance matrix of the proposed test with Score test exists, despite that the forms are similar. A noticeable merit/feature of SLDE is that it could borrow the strength from a database with several thousands to hundreds of thousands size to improve the power for detecting association.

## Usage

```
SILDE (pheno_geno, method, LD=NULL, num_per=200)
```

# Arguments

pheno_geno	Matrix in which the first column is the phenotype (0=control, 1=case) and others are the corresponding genotype (0, 1, or 2). Each row represents an individual.
LD	The known LD of the underling population of the cases and controls. By default, argument LD=NULL meaning that the LD of the underling population is unknown.
method	The method is to calculate the LD using sample data. Argument method="Cov" meaning that the variance-covariance matrix is calculated by function cov(); meanwhile, method="EM" meaning that the variance-covariance matrix is calculated by EM algorithm.
num_per	Positive integer indicating the number of permutations (200 by default).

#### **Details**

The results with argument method="Cov" are similar to the results with method="EM", whereas the calculation with method="Cov" is simple and fast.

The asymptotical p-value of SILDE may be little inflated when the sample size is not enough big, especially for rare variants.

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## Value

A vector with the following elements:

SILDE Statistic SILDE with the estimated LD using controls, the corresponding asymp-

totical p-value and permuted p-value.

SILDE.pop Statistic SILDE with the known LD of underling population, the corresponding

asymptotical p-value and permuted p-value. If LD=NULL, then this is NULL.

# Author(s)

Chan Wang and Yue-Qing Hu

## References

Chan Wang, Shufang Deng, Leiming Sun, Liming Li and Yue-Qing Hu, Nonparametric and Inheritance Model-free Test for Association with Multiple Loci in the Retrospective Case-control Study

# **Examples**

```
library(MASS)
set.seed(1234)
genotype<-matrix(sample(c(0,1,2),5000,replace=TRUE),500,10) ### 500 individuals and 10 SN
phenotype<-c(rep(1,200),rep(0,300)) ### 200 cases and 300 controls
Statistics<-SILDE(cbind(phenotype,genotype),method=c("Cov"),LD=NULL,num_per=200)
SLIDE<-Statistics[[1]]
## 21.2053, 0.0200, 0.0197</pre>
```