# Quantum Biology

# Biology in the Quantum level

This field bridges Biology and Quantum Mechanics, offering new insights into how life operates at a fundamental level.

### Timeline of Quantum Biology<sub>[1]</sub>

1920s and 1940s: Niels Bohr and Erwin Schrödinger Schrödinger published propose that quantum mechanics may apply to -> James Watson and Francis biological systems

discovery of double helix structure of DNA

By ERWIN SCHRÖDINGER WHAT IS LIFE?

1966: Don Devault and Britton Chance see electron

tunneling in enzymes

(refer to quantum tunneling)

1974: John Hopfield develops theoretical model of electron tunneling in enzymes

1976: Magnetoreception (磁感) first observed in birds by Wiltschkos (Roswitha and Wolfgang Wiltschko)

Klaus Schulten proposes radical pair mechanism and fast triplet reaction to explain Magnetoreception (the relation between quantum mechanics and Magnetorecception will be explained)

**1989**: **Berkeley** (柏克萊加州大學) **group** observes

quantum tunneling in enzymes

(these terms will not be discussed nor explained)

2000: Thorsten Ritz proposes model for quantum compass in cryptochrome 隐花色素 (a type of flavoprotein黃素蛋白) molecule in **European robin**'s eve

(flavoproteins are proteins that contain a nucleic acid derivative of riboflavin or vitamin B2)

2007: Gregory Engel and Graham Fleming discover long-lived guantum coherence (重子相干性) in

FMO (Fenna-Matthews-Olson) complex in photosynthesis

for migratory birds (like European robins 歐亞鴝), helping them across vast distances

This sense is crucial

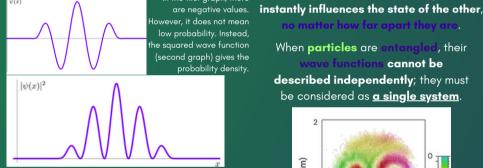
navigate accurately

## Related Quantum Mechanics concepts (simplified) (basic concepts) particle (or any matter) can have the behaviours of both a particle and a (refer to the double-slit experiment)

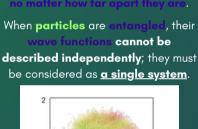
NekoJaNekoJa Don't know interference? Vector: Johannes Kalliauer. Ask a nearby physics teacher. (Wave Motion II 3B and Atomic World E2)



It provides the particle in a particular position (or state). Below are two graphs demonstrating a single wave function



This is only possible because the particle is not measured. It exists in measuring, the **The particle** exists in a **definite state**. (simplified)



A phenomenon where two particles become

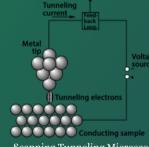
so that the state of one particle

Visualisation of two entangled photons (yin-yang pattern) [5]

barrier A consequence of -particle

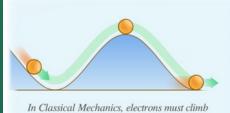
A phenomenon where particles can pass through a barrier that they

normally wouldn't be able to cross Below are two diagrams. One simplifies quantum tunneling, while the other is more detailed



Scanning Tunneling Microscopes (STM) are based on the concept of Quantum Tunneling

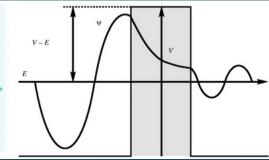
Consider a particle with energy E that is confined in a box which has a barrier of height V. Classically, the box will prevent these particles from escaping due to the insufficiency in kinetic energy of these particles to get over the barrier. However, if the thickness of the barrier is thin, the particles have some probability of penetrating through the barrier without sufficient energy and appear on the other side of the box



the potential hill to appear on the other side.



Quantum Mechanics allows electron with less energy to tunnel thru the barrier and appear on the other side.



There is still some probability behind the barrier, but it is diminished

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