

A simple method for automated equilibration detection in molecular simulations

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Molecular simulations (molecular dynamics, Monte Carlo) are often initiated from configurations that are highly dissimilar to equilibrium samples, a practice which causes the appearance of a distinct initial transient in various mechanical observables computed over the timecourse of the simulation. Traditional practice in simulation data analysis recommends this initial transient portion be discarded as *equilibration*, but no simple, general automated procedure exists. Here, we consider a simple, automated, easy-to-implement procedure in which the final region of the simulation that maximizes the number of effectively uncorrelated samples is used. We present a reference implementation of this procedure and illustrate its application to synthetic and real data.

Keywords: molecular dynamics (MD); Monte Carlo (MC); Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC); equilibration; timeseries analysis; statistical inefficiency; integrated autocorrelation time

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