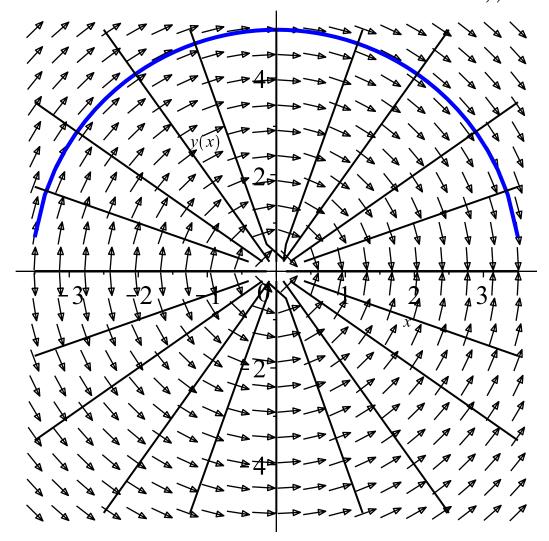
- _> #Лабораторная работа 1
- **>** # Задание 1
- > restart;
- \rightarrow with(DEtools):
- > $p := DEplot(diff(y(x), x) \cdot y(x) = -2 \cdot x, y(x), x = -3.5.3.5, y = -5.5, [y(0) = 5], color = black, arrows = medium, linecolor = blue):$
- > for i from -5 to 5 do $k[i] := plots[implicit plot] <math>\left(-\frac{2 \cdot x}{y} = i, x = -3.5.3.5, y = -5..5, color\right)$ = black, transparency = 0.25, rational end do:
- > $plots[display] \left(p, k[0], k[1], k[2], k[4], k[-1], k[-2], k[-4], plots[implicit plot] \left(\left| -\frac{2 \cdot x}{y} \right| \right) \right)$ = $\frac{1}{2}$, x = -3.5 ...3.5, y = -5 ...5, color = black, transparency = 0.25, rational);



- > # Задание 2
- > #1)
- > restart;
- \rightarrow with(DEtools):

>
$$dsolve\Big(diff(y(x), x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{15^2 - x^2}}, y(x)\Big);$$

$$y(x) = \frac{(x - 15)(x + 15)}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 225}} + CI$$
(1)

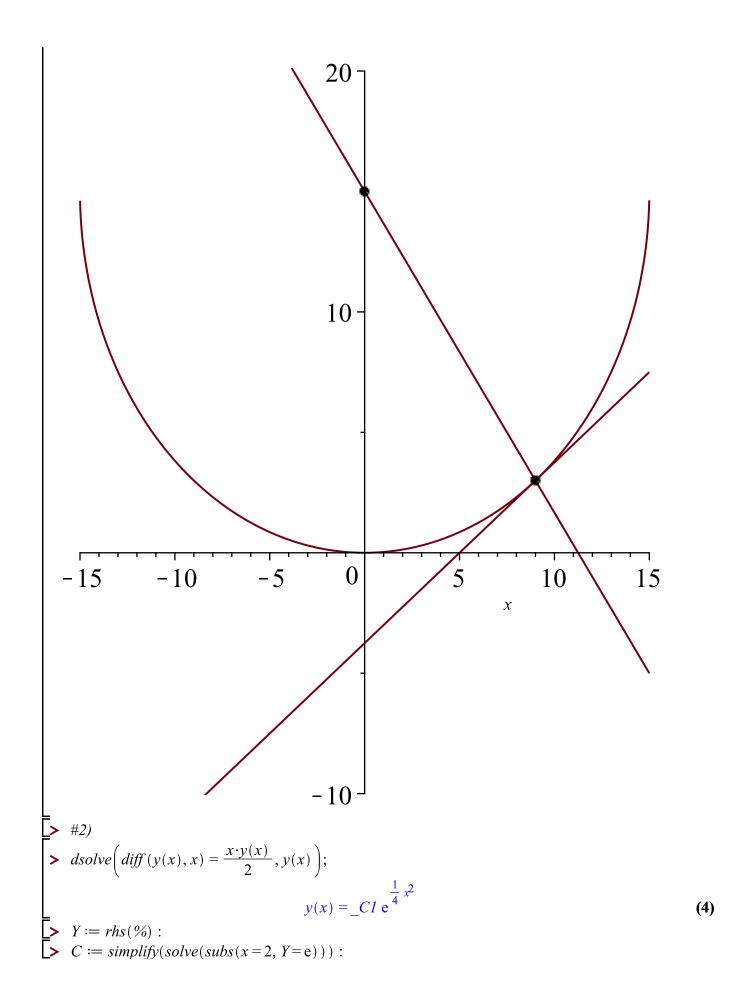
- Y := rhs(%):
- > C := simplify(solve(subs(x=9, Y=3))): > $Y := subs(_CI = C, Y);$

$$Y := \frac{(x-15)(x+15)}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 225}} + 15$$
 (2)

- > g := plot(Y, x = -15..15): > $kas := plot(0.75 \cdot x 3.75, x = -15..15, y = -10..20)$:
- > $n := plot\left(-\frac{4}{3} \cdot x + 15, x = -15...15, y = -10...20\right)$:
- > $MN = \sqrt{(9-0)^2 + (3-15)^2}$;

$$MN = 15 ag{3}$$

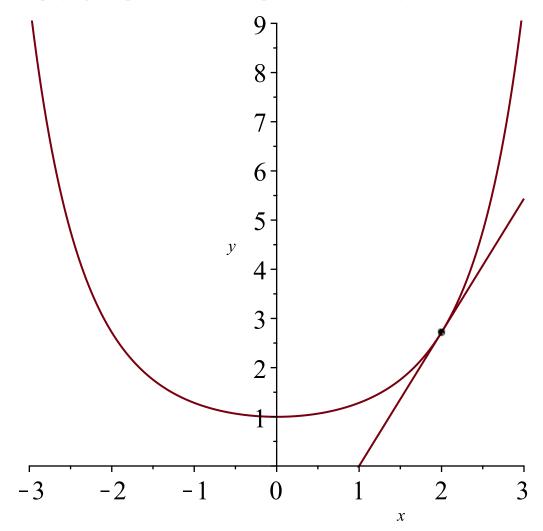
> plots[display](g, kas, n, plot([[9, 3], [0, 15]], style=point, color = black, symbol = solidcircle));



>
$$Y := subs(_C1 = C, Y);$$

 $Y := e^{\frac{1}{4}x^2}$
(5)

- > g := plot(Y, x = -3..3, y = 0..9):
- > $kas := plot(e \cdot x e, x = -3 ...3, y = 0 ...9)$:
- \rightarrow plots[display](g, kas, plot([[2, e]], style = point, color = black, symbol = solidcircle));



- # Задание 3
- # Задание 3restart;with(DEtools) :

>
$$diffy := dsolve\Big(diff(y(x), x) = \frac{-15 \cdot x + y(x) + 13}{9 \cdot x + y(x) - 11}, y(x), implicit\Big);$$

 $diffy := -3 \ln\Big(-\frac{y(x) - 5 + 3x}{x - 1}\Big) + 2 \ln\Big(-\frac{y(x) - 7 + 5x}{x - 1}\Big) - \ln(x - 1) - CI = 0$ (6)

- > $diffy := subs(_C1 = -\ln(_C1), y(x) = y, diffy) :$ > $C := solve(diffy, _C1);$

$$C := -\frac{(y-5+3x)^3}{(y-7+5x)^2} \tag{7}$$

>
$$solve(\{-15 \cdot x + y + 13 = 0, 9 \cdot x + y - 11 = 0\});$$

 $\{x = 1, y = 2\}$ (8)

```
\longrightarrow with(LinearAlgebra):
\longrightarrow A := Matrix([[9, 1], [-15, 1]]):
 > Eigenvalues(A);
                                                                                                                                                              (9)
 > DEplot(diff(y(x), x) = \frac{-15 \cdot x + y(x) + 13}{9 \cdot x + y(x) - 11}, y(x), x = -2..2, y = 0..5, [y(0.5) = 5, ], color
             = black, arrows = medium, linecolor = blue );
                                                                                                           \boldsymbol{x}
 > # Задание 4
     restart;
 \rightarrow with(DEtools):
 > y := rhs(dsolve(x \cdot diff(y(x), x) + y(x) = 2 \cdot y(x)^2 \cdot \ln(x), y(x)));

y := \frac{1}{2 + CI \cdot x + 2 \ln(x)}
                                                                                                                                                            (10)
> C := solve\left(subs\left(x = 1, y = \frac{1}{2}\right)\right):
> y := subs(\_Cl = C, y);
```

```
(11)
  \rightarrow plot(y, discont = true);
                           0.5
                                0
                                                            2
                                                                                                                                  8
                                                                                                           6
                                                                                                                                                        10
                                                                                   4
                                                                                                \boldsymbol{x}
                       -0.5
> #3adahue 5

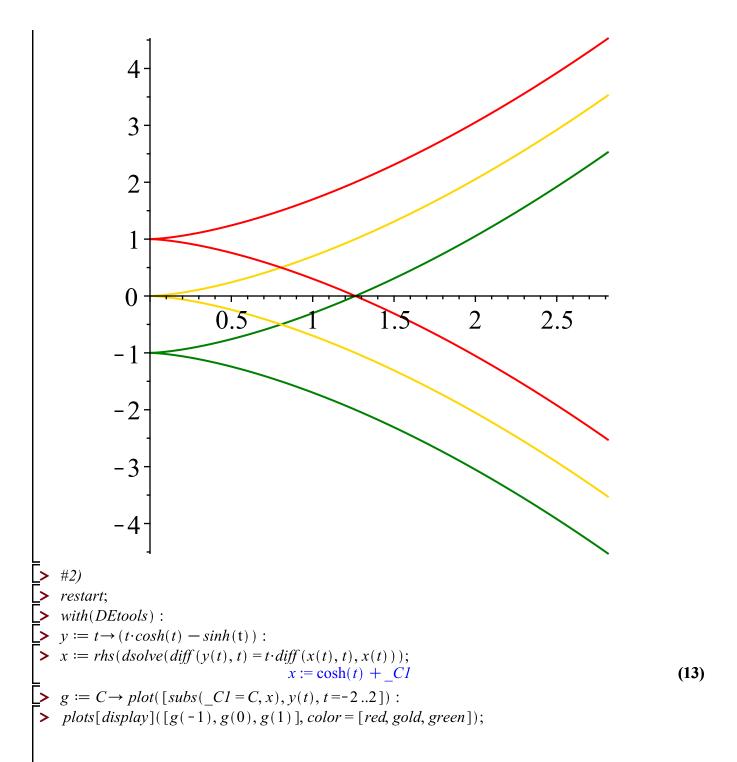
> #1)

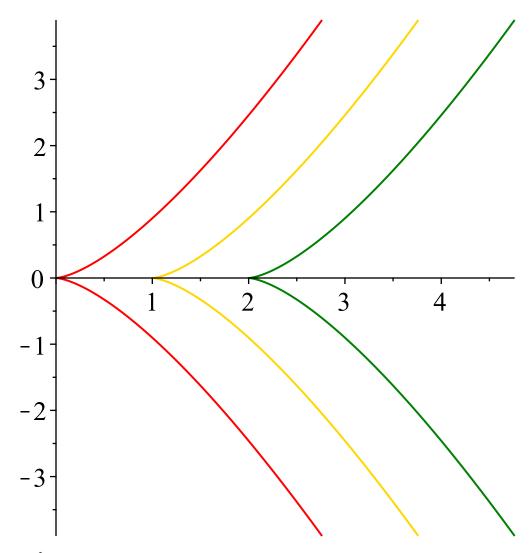
> restart;

> with(DEtools):

> x := t \rightarrow (2 \cdot t \cdot arctan(t) - \ln(t^2 + 1)):

> y := rhs(dsolve(diff(y(t), t) = t \cdot diff(x(t), t), y(t)));
                                                   y := \arctan(t) t^2 - t + \arctan(t) + C1
                                                                                                                                                                                  (12)
 g := C \to plot([x(t), subs(\_C1 = C, y), t = -2..2]) :
> plots[display]([g(-1), g(0), g(1)], color = [red, gold, green]);
```





- _**>** #Задание 6
- > restart;
- \searrow with (DE tools):

>
$$y_o := rhs(dsolve(y(x) = x \cdot diff(y(x), x) + diff(y(x), x)^2 - 1, y(x))[2]);$$

 $y_o := CI^2 + CI x - 1$ (14)

>
$$y_ch := rhs(dsolve(y(x) = x \cdot diff(y(x), x) + diff(y(x), x)^2 - 1, y(x))[1]);$$

 $y_ch := -\frac{1}{4}x^2 - 1$ (15)

$$g := C \rightarrow subs(_C1 = C, y_o);$$

$$g := C \rightarrow subs(_C1 = C, y_o)$$
(16)

> plot([g(-3), g(-2), g(-1), g(0), g(1), g(2), g(3), y_ch], color = [grey, grey, grey, grey, grey, grey, grey, black]);

