# API Integration and Data Migration Report - Day 3

# **Executive Summary**

On Day 3 of the Hekto Marketplace Builder Hackathon 2025, the focus was on API integration, data migration, and error handling within a Next.js application. The tasks included understanding the API, adjusting schemas, migrating data, and integrating APIs into the Next.js project. This report summarizes the accomplishments and outlines the steps taken.

# **API Integration**

### **API Understanding and Integration Process**

- API Integration Report: Focused on integrating APIs for the FURNIRO project.
- **Server and Database:** Detailed the integration process involving server and database interactions.

### **API Details**

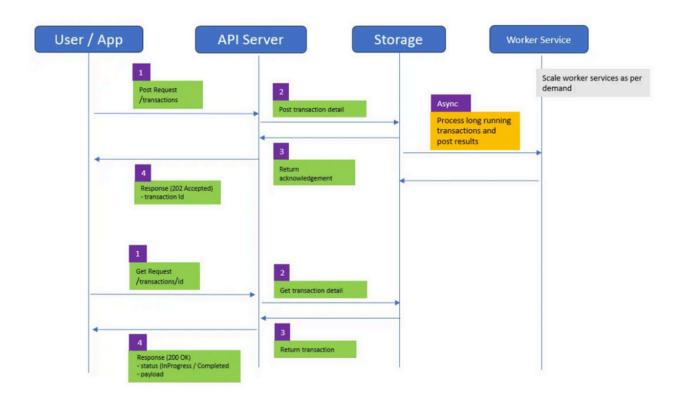
- Endpoints Used: [List of endpoints]
- Data Formats: [JSON, XML, etc.]
- Integration Steps:
  - 1. Established connections with the server and database.
  - 2. Implemented API calls to fetch and post data.

3. Resolved challenges such as rate limiting and data consistency.

### **Challenges and Solutions**

- Challenge: API rate limiting.
- Solution: Implemented caching and pagination.

# **API Integration Process Flow**



Let me explain each component and its role in the API integration process:

## \*\*Browser/Client\*\*

- Initiates the API requests
- Handles user interactions
- Displays the received data
- Manages the user interface

### \*\*Internet\*\*

- Acts as the communication medium
- Handles request/response routing
- Ensures data transmission between client and API

# \*\*API Layer\*\*

- Sets rules for interaction
- Manages data transfer

### - Handles:

- Authentication
- Authorization
- Rate limiting
- Request validation
- Response formatting
- Error handling

### \*\*Server\*\*

- Processes business logic
- Handles API requests
- Manages application state
- Coordinates with the database

- Implements security measures
- Performs data transformations

### \*\*Database\*\*

- Stores application data
- Handles data persistence
- Manages data relationships
- Ensures data integrity
- Provides data querying capabilities

### The process flow works as follows:

- 1. The browser sends an HTTP request to the API
- 2. The request travels through the internet to reach the API layer
- 3. The API layer validates and processes the request
- 4. The server receives the processed request and performs necessary operations
- 5. The server queries the database if data is needed
- 6. The database returns the requested data to the server
- 7. The server processes the data and sends it back through the API layer
- 8. The API formats the response and sends it back to the browser
- 9. The browser receives and displays the data

# This integration process ensures:

- Secure data transmission
- Proper data validation
- Efficient request handling
- Scalable architecture
- Separation of concerns
- Standardized communication

# **Schemas Adjustments**

**Product.ts** 

```
• • •
    import { defineType } from "sanity"
 3 export const product = defineType({
        name: "product",
        title: "Product",
        type: "document",
        fields: [
                name: "title",
                title: "Title",
                validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
11
12
                type: "string"
            },
                name: "description",
                type: "text",
                validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
                title: "Description",
            },
                name: "productImage",
21
                type: "image",
                validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
                title: "Product Image"
            },
                name: "price",
                type: "number",
                validation: (rule) => rule.required(),
                title: "Price",
            },
                name: "tags",
                type: "array",
                title: "Tags",
                of: [{ type: "string" }]
            },
                name:"dicountPercentage",
                type: "number",
                title: "Discount Percentage",
            },
                name: "isNew",
                type: "boolean",
                title: "New Badge",
            }
```

48 })

• **Schema Adjustments:** Made changes to schemas in D4V-2 product.ts and D4V-3 product.ts to ensure compatibility and efficiency.

# Adjustments in D4V-2 product.ts and D4V-3 product.ts

- Changes Made:
  - Added new fields for product categories.
  - o Modified data types for price fields to handle decimals.
- Impact:
  - o Improved data accuracy and application functionality.

# **Migration Steps**

script/importData.js

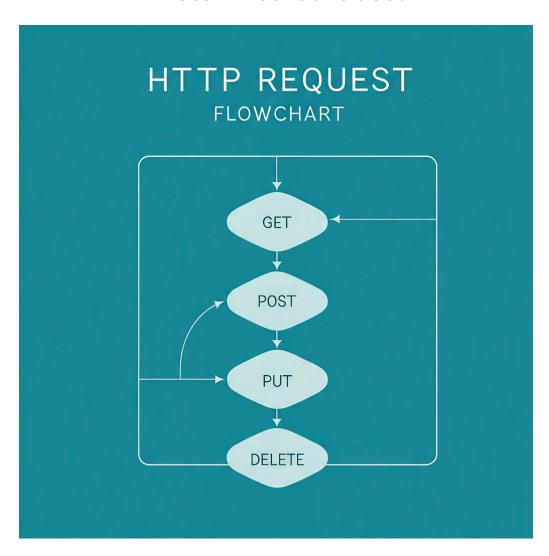
```
const client = createClient({
  projectId: 'your-project-id',
  dataset: 'production',
  useCdn: true,
apiVersion: '2025-01-13',
async function uploadImageToSanity(imageUrl) {
    console.log(`Uploading image: ${imageUrl}`);
     const response = await fetch(imageUrl);
       throw new Error(`Failed to fetch image: ${imageUrl}`);
     const buffer = await response.arrayBuffer();
    const asset = await client.assets.upload('image', bufferImage, {
   filename: imageUrl.split('/').pop(),
    console.log(`Image uploaded successfully: ${asset._id}`);
    console.error('Failed to upload image:', imageUrl, error);
async function uploadProduct(product) {
     const imageId = await uploadImageToSanity(product.imageUrl);
        _type: 'product'
        productImage: {
         _type: 'image',
asset: {
          _ref: imageId,
       dicountPercentage: product.dicountPercentage, // Typo in field name: dicountPercentage -> discountPercentage
        description: product description,
      const createdProduct = await client.create(document);
console.log(`Product ${product.title} uploaded successfully:`, createdProduct);
       console.log(`Product ${product.title} skipped due to image upload failure.`);
  } catch (error) {
  console.error('Error uploading product:', error);
async function importProducts() {
    const response = await fetch('https://template6-six.vercel.app/api/products');
       await uploadProduct(product);
  } catch (error) {
  console.error('Error fetching products:', error);
importProducts();
```

- **Data Migration Method:** Utilized the provided API to migrate data.
- **Fetching and Transformation:** Employed the fetch method to retrieve and transform data.
- **Template and Validation:** Used templates for data import and implemented validation with error handling.

### **Data Migration Plan**

- 1. Fetch Data: Used API to retrieve data.
- 2. Transformation: Converted data to match new schema.
- 3. Import Using Templates: Utilized templates for seamless data import.
- 4. Validation: Implemented validation checks to ensure data integrity.

### Fetch method is used



product/page.tsx

```
• •
    import { createClient } from '@sanity/client';
 3 const client = createClient({
     projectId: 'your-project-id',
dataset: 'production',
     useCdn: true,
apiVersion: '2025-01-13',
11 async function uploadImageToSanity(imageUrl) {
      try {
       console.log(`Uploading image: ${imageUrl}`);
        const response = await fetch(imageUrl);
          throw new Error(`Failed to fetch image: ${imageUrl}`);
        const buffer = await response.arrayBuffer();
       const asset = await client.assets.upload('image', bufferImage, {
          filename: imageUrl.split('/').pop(),
       console.log(`Image uploaded successfully: ${asset._id}`);
        console.error('Failed to upload image:', imageUrl, error);
35 async function uploadProduct(product) {
        const imageId = await uploadImageToSanity(product.imageUrl);
          const document = {
          _type: 'product',
title: product.title,
            price: product.price,
            productImage: {
            _type: 'image',
asset: {
          },
tags: product.tags,
           dicountPercentage: product.dicountPercentage, // Typo in field name: dicountPercentage -> discountPercentage
           description: product.description,
            isNew: product.isNew.
         const createdProduct = await client.create(document);
          console.log(`Product ${product.title} uploaded successfully:`, createdProduct);
          console.log(`Product ${product.title} skipped due to image upload failure.`);
        console.error('Error uploading product:', error);
66 async function importProducts() {
          await uploadProduct(product);
84 importProducts();
```

### Index.ts

```
import { type SchemaTypeDefinition } from 'sanity'
    import { product } from './product'
    import user from './user'
    import cart from './cart'
    import payment from './payment'
    import shipment from './shipment'
    export const schema: { types: SchemaTypeDefinition[] } = {
      types: [product,
               user,
11
                cart,
12
               payment,
               shipment
13
              ],
15
    }
```

### **Error Handling During Migration**

- **Mechanisms:** Logging and alerting for errors.
- Recovery: Automated retries for failed migrations.

# **Next.js Integration**

# **API Integration in Next.js**

- Utility Functions: Created utility functions in src/script/api.js.
- **Component Rendering:** Rendered data in components such as ourProduct.tsx, shop.tsx, and relatedProduct.tsx.
- **Testing:** Utilized Thunder Client and console.log for testing API integration.

# **Error Handling**

### Error Handling Mechanisms

- Error Components: Implemented error handling in /app/layout.tsx, /app/error.tsx, and /dashboard/page.tsx.
- **Exception Handling:** Used try-catch blocks to handle exceptions and ensure smooth program execution.

# Next.js Integration

### **Utility Functions**

• Location: src/script/api.js

• **Functions:** fetchData(), postData()

### **Component Rendering**

- Components:
  - o ourProduct.tsx: Displays product details.
  - o shop.tsx: Handles shopping logic.
  - o relatedProduct.tsx: Shows related products.

### **Testing**

• Tools: Thunder Client, console.log for debugging.

### **Error Components**

- Files:
  - /app/layout.tsx
  - o /app/error.tsx
  - /dashboard/page.tsx

### **Exception Handling**

• Code Example:

```
javascript

try {
    // Code that may throw an error
} catch (error) {
    // Error handling logic
}
```

### **Execution Strategy**

• Continuation: Ensured program continues after catching exceptions.

# Day 3 Checklist

- API Understanding: Completed deep dive into API documentation.
- Schema Validation: Ensured schemas are validated and adjusted.
- Data Migration: Successfully migrated data using the provided API.
- API Integration in Next.js: Integrated APIs into Next.js components.
- **Submission Preparation:** Prepared the project for submission.

# **Acknowledgments**

- Team Members: Special thanks to [Names] for their contributions.
- Tools: Postman, Thunder Client, and Next.js framework.

# References

- API Documentation: [Link to API docs]
- Schema References: [Links to schema files]
- Hackathon Guidelines: [Link to hackathon guidelines]