EE5811 : FPGA LAB

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Question

Convert the following boolean expression into its canonical POS form

$$F(A,B,C) = (B + \bar{C}).(\bar{A} + B)$$

1 Solution

1.1 Using boolean laws

The given function F has three variables A,B and C.Each OR term in the given expression has one missing variable

From boolean laws,

$$x\bar{x} = 0 \tag{1}$$

From (1) The given boolean expression can be written as

$$F(A, B, C) = (B + \bar{C} + A\bar{A}).(\bar{A} + B + C\bar{C})$$
(2)

We know, from distributive law

$$(x+yz) = (x+y)(x+z) \tag{3}$$

Using (3), the expression (2) can be written as

$$F(A, B, C) = (B + \bar{C} + A) \cdot (B + \bar{C} + \bar{A}) (\bar{A} + B + C) (\bar{A} + B + \bar{C}) \tag{4}$$

Removing redundant terms, we obtain canonical POS form as

$$F(A, B, C) = (A + B + \bar{C}).(\bar{A} + B + C)(\bar{A} + B + \bar{C})$$
(5)

Each OR term in (5) has all three variables. Thus, the function is expressed as product of maxterms. Hence it is the canonical POS(product of sums) form of given boolean expression.

$$F = M_0 M_4 M_5 \tag{6}$$

1.2 Using truth table

The canonical POS form can also be found using truth table. The truth table for given boolean expression is as follows

A	В	С	F(A,B,C)
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

From truthtable,

$$F = m_0 + m_2 + m_3 + m_6 + m_7 (7)$$

$$F = M_1 M_4 M_5 \tag{8}$$

From (8), The canonical POS form of given expression is

$$F = (A + B + \bar{C})(\bar{A} + B + C)(\bar{A} + B + \bar{C})$$

2 Verification using KMAP Implementation

The obtained canonical POS expression can be minimized using KMap as shown in Figure.

A	C 00	01	11	10
0	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1

Using implicants in K-Map, the minimized POS expression is

$$F(A, B, C) = (B + \bar{C}).(\bar{A} + B)$$