# 最简单的基于FFmpeg的libswscale的示例(YUV转RGB)

2014年12月28日 00:46:53 阅读数:38287

\_\_\_\_\_

最简单的基于FFmpeg的libswscale的示例系列文章列表:

最简单的基于FFmpeg的libswscale的示例(YUV转RGB)

最简单的基于FFmpeg的libswscale的示例附件:测试图片生成工具

\_\_\_\_\_

本文记录一个基于FFmpeg的libswscale的示例。Libswscale里面实现了各种图像像素格式的转换,例如YUV与RGB之间的转换;以及图像大小缩放(例如640x360拉伸为1280x720)功能。而且libswscale还做了相应指令集的优化,因此它的转换效率比自己写的C语言的转换效率高很多。

本文记录的程序将像素格式为YUV420P,分辨率为480x272的视频转换为像素格式为RGB24,分辨率为1280x720的视频。

### 流程

### 简单的初始化方法

Libswscale使用起来很方便,最主要的函数只有3个:

- (1) sws\_getContext():使用参数初始化SwsContext结构体。
- (2) sws\_scale():转换一帧图像。
- (3) sws\_freeContext():释放SwsContext结构体。

其中sws\_getContext()也可以用另一个接口函数sws\_getCachedContext()取代。

## 复杂但是更灵活的初始化方法

初始化SwsContext除了调用sws\_getContext()之外还有另一种方法,更加灵活,可以配置更多的参数。该方法调用的函数如下所示。

- (1) sws\_alloc\_context():为SwsContext结构体分配内存。
- (2) av\_opt\_set\_XXX():通过av\_opt\_set\_int(),av\_opt\_set()…等等一系列方法设置SwsContext结构体的值。在这里需要注意,SwsContext结构体的定义看不到,所以不能对其中的成员变量直接进行赋值,必须通过av\_opt\_set()这类的API才能对其进行赋值。
- (3) sws\_init\_context():初始化SwsContext结构体。

这种复杂的方法可以配置一些sws\_getContext()配置不了的参数。比如说设置图像的YUV像素的取值范围是JPEG标准(Y、U、V取值范围都是0-255)还是MPEG标准(Y取值范围是16-235,U、V的取值范围是16-240)。

### 几个知识点

下文记录几个图像像素数据处理过程中的几个知识点:像素格式,图像拉伸,YUV像素取值范围,色域。

## 像素格式

像素格式的知识此前已经记录过,不再重复。在这里记录一下FFmpeg支持的像素格式。有几点注意事项:

- (1) 所有的像素格式的名称都是以"AV\_PIX\_FMT\_"开头
- (2) 像素格式名称后面有"P"的,代表是planar格式,否则就是packed格式。Planar格式不同的分量分别存储在不同的数组中,例如AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P存储方式如下:

data[0]: Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7, Y8......

data[1]: U1, U2, U3, U4......

data[2]: V1, V2, V3, V4......

Packed格式的数据都存储在同一个数组中,例如AV\_PIX\_FMT\_RGB24存储方式如下:

data[0]: R1, G1, B1, R2, G2, B2, R3, G3, B3, R4, G4, B4......

(3) 像素格式名称后面有"BE"的,代表是Big Endian格式;名称后面有"LE"的,代表是Little Endian格式。

FFmpeg支持的像素格式的定义位于libavutil\pixfmt.h,是一个名称为AVPixelFormat的枚举类型,如下所示。

```
1.  /**
2.  * Pixel format.
3.  *
4.  * @note
5.  * AV_PIX_FMT_RGB32 is handled in an endian-specific manner. An RGBA
6.  * color is put together as:
7.  * (A << 24) | (R << 16) | (G << 8) | B
8.  * This is stored as BGRA on little-endian CPU architectures and ARGB on

* is a radian CPU.</pre>
```

```
↑ big-engian crus.
10.
           * @par
11.
12.
         * When the pixel format is palettized RGB (AV_PIX_FMT_PAL8), the palettized
13.
          * image data is stored in AVFrame.data[0]. The palette is transported in
         * AVFrame.data[1], is 1024 bytes long (256 4-byte entries) and is
14.
          * formatted the same as in AV_PIX_FMT_RGB32 described above (i.e., it is
15.
         * also endian-specific). Note also that the individual RGB palette
16.
17.
           * components stored in AVFrame.data[1] should be in the range 0..255.
18.
         * This is important as many custom PAL8 video codecs that were designed
19.
          st to run on the IBM VGA graphics adapter use 6-bit palette components.
20.
          * @par
21.
         * For all the 8bit per pixel formats, an RGB32 palette is in data[1] like
22.
          st for pal8. This palette is filled in automatically by the function
23.
         * allocating the picture.
24.
25.
26.
         * @note
27.
          * Make sure that all newly added big-endian formats have (pix_fmt & 1) == 1
28.
         * and that all newly added little-endian formats have (pix_fmt & 1) == 0.
29.
          * This allows simpler detection of big vs little-endian.
30.
31.
         enum AVPixelFormat {
         AV PIX FMT NONE = -1,
32.
            AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 12bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples)
AV_PIX_FMT_YUYV422, ///< packed YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, Y0 Cb Y1 Cr
33.
34.
         AV_PIX_FMT_RGB24, ///< packed RGB 8:8:8, 24bpp, RGBRGB...
AV_PIX_FMT_BGR24, ///< packed RGB 8:8:8, 24bpp, BGRBGR...
35.
36.
             AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples)
AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4, 24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples)
37.
38.
             AV_PIX_FMT_YUV410P, ///< planar YUV 4:1:0, 9bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 4x4 Y samples)
AV_PIX_FMT_YUV411P, ///< planar YUV 4:1:1, 12bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 4x1 Y samples)
39.
40.
                                                                          , 8bpp
              AV PIX FMT GRAY8,
41.
                                              ///<
                                                               Υ
                                                               Υ
42.
              AV_PIX_FMT_MONOWHITE, ///<
                                                                            , 1bpp, 0 is white, 1 is black, in each byte pixels are ordered from the msb to the l
43.
              AV_PIX_FMT_MONOBLACK, ///<
                                                                            , 1bpp, 0 is black, 1 is white, in each byte pixels are ordered from the msb to the l
44.
                                            ///< 8 bit with PIX_FMT_RGB32 palette
              AV_PIX_FMT_YUVJ420P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 12bpp, full scale (JPEG), deprecated in favor of PIX_FMT_YUV420P and setting color_r
45.
        ge
              AV PIX FMT YUVJ422P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, full scale (JPEG), deprecated in favor of PIX FMT YUV422P and setting color r
46.
        ge
47.
             AV PIX FMT YUVJ444P, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4, 24bpp, full scale (JPEG), deprecated in favor of PIX FMT YUV444P and setting color r
         qe
48.
        #if FF API XVMC
              AV PIX FMT XVMC MPEG2 MC,///< XVideo Motion Acceleration via common packet passing
49.
50.
              AV PIX FMT XVMC MPEG2 IDCT,
51.
         #define AV PIX FMT XVMC AV PIX FMT XVMC MPEG2 IDCT
52.
         #endif /* FF_API_XVMC */
53.
              AV PIX FMT UYVY422,
                                             ///< packed YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, Cb Y0 Cr Y1
54.
              \label{eq:av_pix_fmt_uyyvyy411, //< packed YUV 4:1:1, 12bpp, Cb Y0 Y1 Cr Y2 Y3} \label{eq:av_pix_fmt_uyyvyy411, //< packed YUV 4:1:1, 12bpp, Cb Y0 Y1 Cr Y2 Y3} \\
                                            ///< packed RGB 3:3:2, 8bpp, (msb)2B 3G 3R(lsb)
55.
               AV PIX FMT BGR8,
                                              ///< packed RGB 1:2:1 bitstream, 4bpp, (msb)1B 2G 1R(lsb), a byte contains two pixels, the first pixel in
              AV PIX FMT BGR4,
         e byte is the one composed by the 4 msb bits
              AV_PIX_FMT_BGR4_BYTE, ///< packed RGB 1:2:1, 8bpp, (msb)1B 2G 1R(lsb)
AV_PIX_FMT_RGB8, ///< packed RGB 3:3:2, 8bpp, (msb)2R 3G 3B(lsb)
57.
58.
                                              ///< packed RGB 1:2:1 bitstream, 4bpp, (msb)1R 2G 1B(lsb), a byte contains two pixels, the first pixel in
              AV PIX FMT RGB4.
59.
         e byte is the one composed by the 4 msb bits
60.
              AV_PIX_FMT_RGB4_BYTE, ///< packed RGB 1:2:1, 8bpp, (msb)1R 2G 1B(lsb)
                                              ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 12bpp, 1 plane for Y and 1 plane for the UV components, which are interleaved (first
61.
              AV PIX FMT NV12,
         yte U and the following byte V)
62.
            AV_PIX_FMT_NV21,
                                         ///< as above, but U and V bytes are swapped
63.
64.
              AV_PIX_FMT_ARGB,
                                              ///< packed ARGB 8:8:8, 32bpp, ARGBARGB...
               AV_PIX_FMT_RGBA,
                                               ///< packed RGBA 8:8:8, 32bpp, RGBARGBA...
65.
                                              ///< packed ABGR 8:8:8, 32bpp, ABGRABGR...
66.
              AV PIX FMT ABGR,
67.
              AV PIX FMT BGRA,
                                               ///< packed BGRA 8:8:8:8, 32bpp, BGRABGRA...
68.
              AV_PIX_FMT_GRAY16BE, ///< Y , 16bpp, big-endian AV_PIX_FMT_GRAY16LE, ///< Y , 16bpp, little-endian
69.
70.
71.
              AV PIX FMT YUV440P, ///< planar YUV 4:4:0 (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x2 Y samples)
              AV_PIX_FMT_YUVJ440P, ///< planar YUV 4:4:0 full scale (JPEG), deprecated in favor of PIX_FMT_YUV440P and setting color_range
72.
              AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA420P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 20bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples)
73.
74.
        #if FF API VDPAU
              AV\_PIX\_FMT\_VDPAU\_H264, ///< H.264 \ HW \ decoding \ with \ VDPAU, \ data[0] \ contains \ a \ vdpau\_render\_state \ struct \ which \ contains \ the \ bitstream \ 
75.
        of the slices as well as various fields extracted from headers
76.
              AV PIX FMT VDPAU MPEG1,///< MPEG-
         1 HW decoding with VDPAU, data[0] contains a vdpau_render_state struct which contains the bitstream of the slices as well as various
         lds extracted from headers
77.
              AV PIX FMT VDPAU MPEG2.///< MPEG-
         2 HW decoding with VDPAU, data[0] contains a vdpau render state struct which contains the bitstream of the slices as well as various
         lds extracted from headers
78.
              AV_PIX_FMT_VDPAU_wMV3,///< WMV3 HW decoding with VDPAU, data[0] contains a vdpau_render_state struct which contains the bitstream
         f the slices as well as various fields extracted from headers
79.
              AV PIX FMT VDPAU VC1, ///< VC-
         1 HW decoding with VDPAU, data[0] contains a vdpau_render_state struct which contains the bitstream of the slices as well as various
         lds extracted from headers
80.
         #endif
81.
             AV PIX FMT RGB48BE.
                                              ///< packed RGB 16:16:16, 48bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, the 2-
        byte value for each R/G/B component is stored as big-endian
82.
             AV PIX FMT RGB48LE, ///< packed RGB 16:16:16, 48bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, the 2-
         hyte value for each R/G/R component is stored as little-endia
```

```
84.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_RGB565BE, ///< packed RGB 5:6:5, 16bpp, (msb) 5R 6G 5B(lsb), big-endian
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_RGB565LE, ///< packed RGB 5:6:5, 16bpp, (msb)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             5R 6G 5B(lsb), little-endian
    85.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_RGB555BE, ///< packed RGB 5:5:5, 16bpp, (msb)1A 5R 5G 5B(lsb), big-endian, most significant bit to 0
   86.
                                   AV PIX FMT RGB555LE, ///< packed RGB 5:5:5, 16bpp, (msb)1A 5R 5G 5B(lsb), little-endian, most significant bit to 0
    87.
    88.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_BGR565BE, ///< packed BGR 5:6:5, 16bpp, (msb)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             5B 6G 5R(lsb), big-endian
    89.
                                   {\tt AV\_PIX\_FMT\_BGR565LE, ///< packed BGR 5:6:5, 16bpp, (msb) 5B 6G 5R(lsb), little-endian}
    90.
    91.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGR555BE, ///< packed BGR 5:5:5, 16bpp, (msb)1A 5B 5G 5R(lsb), big-endian, most significant bit to 1
    92.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGR555LE, ///< packed BGR 5:5:5, 16bpp, (msb)1A 5B 5G 5R(lsb), little-endian, most significant bit to 1
    93.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_VAAPI_MOCO, ///< HW acceleration through VA API at motion compensation entry-
    94.
                       point, Picture.data[3] contains a vaapi_render_state struct which contains macroblocks as well as various fields extracted from heade
    95.
                                    AV PIX FMT VAAPI IDCT, ///< HW acceleration through VA API at IDCT entry
                       point, Picture.data[3] contains a vaapi_render_state struct which contains fields extracted from headers
                                   AV PIX FMT VAAPI_VLD, ///< HW decoding through VA API, Picture.data[3] contains a vaapi_render_state struct which contains the b
    96.
                       stream of the slices as well as various fields extracted from headers
    97.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P16LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), little-endian
   98.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P16BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), big-endian
   99.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P16LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 32bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
100.
                                    {\rm AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV422P16BE,} \quad ///< {\rm planar\ YUV\ 4:2:2,\ 32bpp,\ (1\ Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 2x1\ Y\ samples),\ big-endiand (2x1) and (2x1) a
101.
                                    \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV444P16LE, } /// < \text{planar YUV } 4:4:4, \text{ } 48 \text{bpp, } (1 \text{ Cr \& Cb sample per } 1x1 \text{ Y samples), } \text{ } 1 \text{ ittle-endian } 1 \text{ } 1 \text{ } 2 \text{ } 
102.
103.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P16BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4, 48bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), big-endian
                       #if FF API VDPAU
104.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_VDPAU_MPEG4, ///< MPEG4 HW decoding with VDPAU, data[0] contains a vdpau_render_state struct which contains the bitst
105.
                        am of the slices as well as various fields extracted from headers
106.
107.
                                   AV PIX FMT DXVA2 VLD,
                                                                                                                ///< HW decoding through DXVA2, Picture.data[3] contains a LPDIRECT3DSURFACE9 pointer
108.
109.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_RGB444LE, ///< packed RGB 4:4:4, 16bpp, (msb)4A 4R 4G 4B(lsb), little-endian, most significant bits to 0
110.
                                    \frac{\text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_RGB444BE, }}{\text{MVS}} / \text{MVS} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_BGR444LE, ///< packed BGR 4:4:4, 16bpp, (msb)4A 4B 4G 4R(lsb), little-endian, most significant bits to 1
111.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGR444BE, ///< packed BGR 4:4:4, 16bpp, (msb)4A 4B 4G 4R(lsb), big-endian, most significant bits to 1
112.
                                   AV PIX FMT GRAY8A.
                                                                                                      ///< 8bit gray, 8bit alpha
113.
                                                                                                  ///< 8bit gray, 8uit агрна
///< packed RGB 16:16:16, 48bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, the 2-
114.
                                  AV PIX FMT BGR48BE,
                      byte value for each \ensuremath{\text{R/G/B}} component is stored as big-endian
115
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGR48LE, ///< packed RGB 16:16:16, 48bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, the 2-
                       byte value for each R/G/B component is stored as little-endian
116.
117.
                                   * The following 12 formats have the disadvantage of needing 1 format for each bit depth.
118.
119.
                                       st Notice that each 9/10 bits sample is stored in 16 bits with extra padding.
120.
                                      * If you want to support multiple bit depths, then using AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P16* with the bpp stored separately is better.
121.
122.
                                   {\tt AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P9BE,~///< planar~YUV~4:2:0,~13.5bpp,~(1~Cr~\&~Cb~sample~per~2x2~Y~samples),~big-endian~average and a constant of the con
123.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 13.5bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), little-endian
124.
                                   AV PIX FMT YUV420P10BE,///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 15bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), big-endian
                                    AV PIX FMT YUV420P10LE,///< planar YUV 4:2:0, 15bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), little-endian
125.
                                   AV PIX FMT YUV422P10BE,///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 20bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), big-endian
126.
127.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P10LE,///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 20bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
128.
                                   {\tt AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV444P9BE,~///<~planar~YUV~4:4:4,~27bpp,~(1~Cr~\&~Cb~sample~per~1x1~Y~samples),~big-endian}
129.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4, 27bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), little-endian
130.
                                    {\rm AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV444P10BE,///<\ planar\ YUV\ 4:4:4,\ 30bpp,\ (1\ Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 1x1\ Y\ samples),\ big-endian } 
131.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P10LE,///< planar YUV 4:4:4, 30bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), little-endian
                                    {\rm AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV422P9BE}, \ ///< {\rm planar\ YUV\ 4:2:2}, \ 18 {\rm bpp}, \ (1\ {\rm Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 2x1\ Y\ samples}), \ {\rm big-endianl Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 2x1\ Y\ samples}), \ {\rm big-endianl Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 2x1\ Y\ samples}), \ {\rm big-endianl Cr\ \&\ Cb\ sample\ per\ 2x1\ Y\ samples}), \ {\rm big-endianl\ Simple\ S
132.
133.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2, 18bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
134.
                                   {\tt AV\_PIX\_FMT\_VDA\_VLD,} \qquad ///{<} \ {\tt hardware} \ {\tt decoding} \ {\tt through} \ {\tt VDA}
135.
136.
                      #ifdef AV_PIX_FMT_ABI_GIT_MASTER
137.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_RGBA64BE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
                       byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
                                   AV PIX FMT RGBA64LE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
138.
                       byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
139.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64BE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-16.16
                        byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64LE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-
140.
                       byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
141.
                       #endif
                                  AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP,
                                                                                                    ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 24bpp
142.
                                  AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP9BE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 27bpp, big-endian AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP9LE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 27bpp, little-endian
143.
144.
145.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP10BE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 30bpp, big-endian
146.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP10LE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 30bpp, little-endian
147.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_GBRP16BE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 48bpp, big-endian
                                   AV PIX FMT GBRP16LE, ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 48bpp, little-endian
148.
149.
150.
                                       * duplicated pixel formats for compatibility with libav.
151.
                                      * FFmpeg supports these formats since May 8 2012 and Jan 28 2012 (commits f9calac7 and 143a5c55)
152.
                                       * Libav added them Oct 12 2012 with incompatible values (commit 6d5600e85)
153.
154.
155.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA422P_LIBAV, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples)
156.
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA444P_LIBAV, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 32bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples)
157.
                                   AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUVA420P9BE, \ ///< \ planar \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ Av\_PIX\_FMT\_YUVA420P9BE, \ ///< \ planar \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ Av\_PIX\_FMT\_YUVA420P9BE, \ ///< \ planar \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 22.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 2x2.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ 2x2.5bpp, \ (1 \ Cr \ \& \ Cb \ sample \ per \ 2x2 \ Y \ \& \ A \ samples), \ big-endian \ YUV \ 4:2:0 \ YUV 
158.
                                    AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA420P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0 22.5bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples), little-endian
159.
160.
                                   AV\_{PIX\_FMT\_YUVA422P9BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 27bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 2x1 Y \& A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), big-endian and the sample per 2x1 Y & A samples).
                                   AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA422P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 27bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples), little-endian AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA444P9BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 36bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples), big-endian
161.
```

Dyte value for each N/G/D component is stored as tittle-e

```
AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA444P9LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 36bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples), little-endian
163.
164.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA420P10BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0 25bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples, big-endian)
165.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA420P10LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0 25bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples, little-endian)
166.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA422P10BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 30bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples, big-endian)
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA422P10LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 30bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples, little-endian)
167.
                \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUVA444P10BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 40bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 1x1 Y \& A samples, big-endian) } \\
168.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA444P10LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 40bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples, little-endian)
169.
               AV_PIX_FMT_VUVA420P16BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0 40bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples, big-endian)
170.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA420P16LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0 40bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y & A samples, little-endian)
171.
172.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA422P16BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 48bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples, big-endian)
               AV PIX FMT YUVA422P16LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 48bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples, little-endian)
173.
               AV PIX FMT YUVA444P16BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 64bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples, biq-endian)
174.
175.
               AV PIX FMT YUVA444P16LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 64bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples, little-endian)
176.
177.
               AV PIX FMT VDPAU,
                                            ///< HW acceleration through VDPAU, Picture.data[3] contains a VdpVideoSurface
178.
179.
               AV_PIX_FMT_XYZ12LE,
                                                ///< packed XYZ 4:4:4, 36 bpp, (msb) 12X, 12Y, 12Z (lsb), the 2-
          byte value for each X/Y/Z is stored as little-endian, the 4 lower bits are set to \theta
180
              AV PIX FMT XYZ12BE, ///< packed XYZ 4:4:4, 36 bpp, (msb) 12X, 12Y, 12Z (lsb), the 2-
          byte value for each X/Y/Z is stored as big-endian, the 4 lower bits are set to 0
181
               AV PIX FMT NV16.
                                                ///< interleaved chroma YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples)
               AV_PIX_FMT_NV20LE,
                                                ///< interleaved chroma YUV 4:2:2, 20bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
182.
183.
               AV PIX FMT NV20BE,
                                                ///< interleaved chroma YUV 4:2:2, 20bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), big-endian
184.
185.
186.
              * duplicated pixel formats for compatibility with libav.
187.
                * FFmpeg supports these formats since Sat Sep 24 06:01:45 2011 +0200 (commits 9569a3c9f41387a8c7d1ce97d8693520477a66c3)
                 * also see Fri Nov 25 01:38:21 2011 +0100 92afb431621c79155fcb7171d26f137eb1bee028
188.
                 * Libav added them Sun Mar 16 23:05:47 2014 +0100 with incompatible values (commit 1481d24c3a0abf81e1d7a514547bd5305232be30)
189.
190.
               AV PTX FMT RGBA64BF LTBAV
                                                       ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
191.
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
192
               AV PIX FMT RGBA64LE LIBAV,
                                                    ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
193.
               AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64BE_LIBAV,
                                                       ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
               AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64LE_LIBAV, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-
194
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
195.
              AV PIX FMT YVYU422, ///< packed YUV 4:2:2, 16bpp, Y0 Cr Y1 Cb
196.
197.
          #ifndef AV PIX FMT ABI GIT MASTER
198.
               AV PIX FMT RGBA64BE=0x123, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
199.
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
              AV_PIX_FMT_RGBA64LE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16R, 16G, 16B, 16A, the 2-
200
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
201
               AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64BE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-16.16
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as big-endian
202.
              AV_PIX_FMT_BGRA64LE, ///< packed RGBA 16:16:16:16, 64bpp, 16B, 16G, 16R, 16A, the 2-
          byte value for each R/G/B/A component is stored as little-endian
203.
204.
               AV_PIX_FMT_0RGB=0x123+4, ///< packed RGB 8:8:8, 32bpp, 0RGB0RGB..
205.
               AV PIX FMT RGB0,
                                            ///< packed RGB 8:8:8, 32bpp, RGB0RGB0...
206.
                                           ///< packed BGR 8:8:8, 32bpp, 0BGR0BGR...
207.
               AV PIX FMT BGR0,
                                            ///< packed BGR 8:8:8, 32bpp, BGR0BGR0...
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVA444P, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4 32bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y & A samples)
208.
209.
               AV PIX FMT YUVA422P, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2 24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y & A samples)
210.
211.
               AV PIX FMT YUV420P12BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0,18bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), big-endian
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P12LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0,18bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), little-endian
212.
213.
                \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14BE, ///< planar YUV } 4:2:0,21 \text{bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), big-endian } \\ \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14BE, ///< planar YUV } 4:2:0,21 \text{bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), big-endian } \\ \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14BE, ///< planar YUV } \\ \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14BE, /// } \\ \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14BE, // } \\ \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV420P14
214.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P14LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:0,21bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x2 Y samples), little-endian
215.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P12BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2,24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), big-endian
216.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P12LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2,24bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P14BE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2,28bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), big-endian
217.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV422P14LE, ///< planar YUV 4:2:2,28bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 2x1 Y samples), little-endian
218.
                \text{AV\_PIX\_FMT\_YUV444P12BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4,36bpp, (1 Cr \& Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), big-endian } \\ 
219.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P12LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4,36bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), little-endian
220.
221.
               AV PIX FMT YUV444P14BE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4,42bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), big-endian
222.
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P14LE, ///< planar YUV 4:4:4,42bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 1x1 Y samples), little-endian
223.
               AV PIX FMT GBRP12BE,
                                             ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 36bpp, big-endian
               AV PIX FMT GBRP12LE,
                                             ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 36bpp, little-endian
224.
225.
               AV PIX FMT GBRP14BE.
                                               ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 42bpp, big-endian
                                              ///< planar GBR 4:4:4 42bpp, little-endian
               AV PIX FMT GBRP14LE,
226.
227.
               AV PIX FMT GBRAP.
                                               ///< planar GBRA 4:4:4:4 32bpp
               AV PIX FMT GBRAP16BE.
228.
                                              ///< planar GBRA 4:4:4:4 64bpp, big-endian
229.
               AV_PIX_FMT_GBRAP16LE,
                                               ///< planar GBRA 4:4:4:4 64bpp, little-endian
               AV_PIX_FMT_YUVJ411P,
                                              ///< planar YUV 4:1:1, 12bpp, (1 Cr & Cb sample per 4x1 Y samples) full scale (JPEG), deprecated in favor
230.
          f PIX FMT YUV411P and setting color range
231.
232.
               AV_PIX_FMT_BAYER_BGGR8, ///< bayer, BGBG..(odd line), GRGR..(even line), 8-bit samples */
233.
               AV PIX FMT BAYER RGGB8.
                                                   ///< bayer, RGRG..(odd line), GBGB..(even line), 8-bit samples */
234.
               AV PIX FMT BAYER GBRG8,
                                                 ///< bayer, GBGB..(odd line), RGRG..(even line), 8-bit samples */
235.
                                                  ///< bayer, GRGR..(odd line), BGBG..(even line), 8-bit samples */
               AV PIX FMT BAYER GRBG8,
               AV PIX FMT BAYER BGGR16LE, ///< bayer, BGBG..(odd line), GRGR..(even line), 16-bit samples, little-endian */
236.
237.
               AV PIX FMT BAYER BGGR16BE, ///< bayer, BGBG..(odd line), GRGR..(even line), 16-bit samples, big-endian */
               AV PIX FMT BAYER RGGB16LE, ///< bayer, RGRG..(odd line), GBGB..(even line), 16-bit samples, little-endian */
238.
               AV PIX FMT BAYER RGGB16BE, ///< bayer, RGRG..(odd line), GBGB..(even line), 16-bit samples, big-endian */
239.
               AV_PIX_FMT_BAYER_GBRG16LE, ///< bayer, GBGB..(odd line), RGRG..(even line), 16-bit samples, little-endian */
240.
241.
               AV PIX FMT BAYER GBRG16BE, ///< bayer, GBGB..(odd line), RGRG..(even line), 16-bit samples, big-endian */
               AV_PIX_FMT_BAYER_GRBG16LE, ///< bayer, GRGR..(odd line), BGBG..(even line), 16-bit samples, little-endian */
242.
```

```
243.
           AV_PIX_FMT_BAYER_GRBG16BE, ///< bayer, GRGR..(odd line), BGBG..(even line), 16-bit samples, big-endian */
244.
245.
           AV PIX FMT XVMC,///< XVideo Motion Acceleration via common packet passing
246.
       #endif /* !FF_API_XVMC */
247.
                             ///< number of pixel formats, DO NOT USE THIS if you want to link with shared libav* because the number of
248.
       rmats might differ between versions
249.
250.
       #if FF API PIX FMT
251.
       #include "old pix fmts.h"
252.
       #endif
253.
       };
4
```

FFmpeg有一个专门用于描述像素格式的结构体AVPixFmtDescriptor。该结构体的定义位于libavutil\pixdesc.h,如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
 1.
       * Descriptor that unambiguously describes how the bits of a pixel are
 2.
 3.
        ^{st} stored in the up to 4 data planes of an image. It also stores the
 4.
      * subsampling factors and number of components.
 5.
 6.
      * @note This is separate of the colorspace (RGB, YCbCr, YPbPr, JPEG-style YUV
               and all the YUV variants) AVPixFmtDescriptor just stores how values
 7.
      *
 8.
              are stored not what these values represent.
 9.
 10.
      typedef struct AVPixFmtDescriptor{
 11.
          const char *name;
      uint8 t nb components; ///< The number of components each pixel has, (1-4)
12.
13.
14.
15.
           \ensuremath{^{*}} Amount to shift the luma width right to find the chroma width.
      * For YV12 this is 1 for example.
16.
            * chroma_width = -((-luma_width) >> log2_chroma_w)
17.
18.
      st The note above is needed to ensure rounding up.
           \boldsymbol{\ast} This value only refers to the chroma components.
19.
      */
20.
21.
          uint8_t log2_chroma_w;
                                       ///< chroma_width = -((-luma_width )>>log2_chroma_w)
22.
23.
      * Amount to shift the luma height right to find the chroma height.
24.
25.
           * For YV12 this is 1 for example.
26.
           * chroma height= -((-luma height) >> log2 chroma h)
27.
            * The note above is needed to ensure rounding up.
       st This value only refers to the chroma components.
28.
29.
      uint8 t log2 chroma h;
30.
31.
          uint8 t flags;
32.
33.
34.
      * Parameters that describe how pixels are packed.
35.
           * If the format has 2 or 4 components, then alpha is last.
36.
          st If the format has 1 or 2 components, then luma is 0.
37.
           * If the format has 3 or 4 components,
           \ast if the RGB flag is set then 0 is red, 1 is green and 2 is blue;
38.
39.
            ^{st} otherwise 0 is luma, 1 is chroma-U and 2 is chroma-V.
40.
41.
           AVComponentDescriptor comp[4];
      }AVPixFmtDescriptor;
42.
```

关于AVPixFmtDescriptor这个结构体不再做过多解释。它的定义比较简单,看注释就可以理解。通过av\_pix\_fmt\_desc\_get()可以获得指定像素格式的AVPixFmtDescript or结构体。

```
1. /**
2. * @return a pixel format descriptor for provided pixel format or NULL if
3. * this pixel format is unknown.
4. */
5. const AVPixFmtDescriptor *av_pix_fmt_desc_get(enum AVPixelFormat pix_fmt);
```

通过AVPixFmtDescriptor结构体可以获得不同像素格式的一些信息。例如下文中用到了av\_get\_bits\_per\_pixel(),通过该函数可以获得指定像素格式每个像素占用的比特数(Bit Per Pixel)。

```
[cpp]
1.
2.
      * Return the number of bits per pixel used by the pixel format
3.
      * described by pixdesc. Note that this is not the same as the number
     * of bits per sample.
4.
5.
     * The returned number of bits refers to the number of bits actually
6.
       \ensuremath{^{*}}\xspace used for storing the pixel information, that is padding bits are
7.
     * not counted.
8.
9.
10. int av_get_bits_per_pixel(const AVPixFmtDescriptor *pixdesc);
```

其他的API在这里不做过多记录。

## 图像拉伸

FFmpeg支持多种像素拉伸的方式。这些方式的定义位于libswscale\swscale.h中,如下所示。



其中SWS\_BICUBIC性能比较好;SWS\_FAST\_BILINEAR在性能和速度之间有一个比好好的平衡,而SWS\_POINT的效果比较差。

有关这些方法的评测可以参考文章:

《ffmpeg中的sws scale算法性能测试》

简单解释一下SWS\_BICUBIC、SWS\_BILINEAR和SWS\_POINT的原理。

## SWS\_POINT (Nearest-neighbor interpolation, 邻域插值)

领域插值可以简单说成"1个点确定插值的点"。例如当图像放大后,新的样点根据距离它最近的样点的值取得自己的值。换句话说就是简单拷贝附近距离它最近的样点的 值。领域插值是一种最基础的插值方法,速度最快,插值效果最不好,一般情况下不推荐使用。一般情况下使用邻域插值之后,画面会产生很多的"锯齿"。下图显示了4 x4=16个彩色样点经过邻域插值后形成的图形。

### SWS\_BILINEAR (Bilinear interpolation, 双线性插值)

双线性插值可以简单说成"4个点确定插值的点"。它的计算过程可以简单用下图表示。图中绿色的P点是需要插值的点。首先通过Q11,Q21求得R1;Q12,Q22求得R2。然后根据R1,R2求得P。

其中求值的过程是一个简单的加权计算的过程。

设定Q11 = (x1, y1),Q12 = (x1, y2),Q21 = (x2, y1),Q22 = (x2, y2)则各点的计算公式如下。

可以看出距离插值的点近一些的样点权值会大一些,远一些的样点权值要小一些。

下面看一个维基百科上的双线性插值的实例。该例子根据坐标为(20,14), (20,15), (21,14), (21,15)的4个样点计算坐标为 (20.2,14.5) 的插值点的值。

## SWS\_BICUBIC (Bicubic interpolation,双三次插值)

双三次插值可以简单说成"16个点确定插值的点"。该插值算法比前两种算法复杂很多,插值后图像的质量也是最好的。有关它的插值方式比较复杂 不再做过多记录。它的差值方法可以简单表述为下述公式。

其中aij的过程依赖于插值数据的特性。

维基百科上使用同样的样点进行邻域插值,双线性插值,双三次插值对比如下图所示。

Nearest-neighbor interpolation, 邻域插值

Bilinear interpolation,双线性插值

### YUV像素取值范围

FFmpeg中可以通过使用av\_opt\_set()设置"src\_range"和"dst\_range"来设置输入和输出的YUV的取值范围。如果"dst\_range"字段设置为"1"的话,则代表输出的YUV的取值范围遵循"jpeg"标准;如果"dst\_range"字段设置为"0"的话,则代表输出的YUV的取值范围遵循"mpeg"标准。下面记录一下YUV的取值范围的概念。

与RGB每个像素点的每个分量取值范围为0-255不同(每个分量占8bit),YUV取值范围有两种:

- (1) 以Rec.601为代表(还包括BT.709 / BT.2020)的广播电视标准中,Y的取值范围是16-235,U、V的取值范围是16-240。FFmpeg中称之为"mpeg"范围。
- (2) 以JPEG为代表的标准中,Y、U、V的取值范围都是0-255。FFmpeg中称之为"jpeg"范围。

实际中最常见的是第1种取值范围的YUV(可以自己观察一下YUV的数据,会发现其中亮度分量没有取值为0、255这样的数值)。很多人在这个地方会有疑惑,为什么会去掉"两边"的取值呢?

在广播电视系统中不传输很低和很高的数值,实际上是为了防止信号变动造成过载,因而把这"两边"的数值作为"保护带"。下面这张图是数字电视中亮度信号量化后的电平分配图。从图中可以看出,对于8bit量化来说,信号的白电平为235,对应模拟电平为700mV;黑电平为16,对应模拟电平为0mV。信号上方的"保护带"取值范围是236至254,而信号下方的"保护带"取值范围是1-15。最边缘的0和255两个电平是保护电平,是不允许出现在数据流中的。与之类似,10bit量化的时候,白电平是235\*4=940,黑电平是16\*4=64。

下面两张图是数字电视中色度信号量化后的电平分配图。可以看出,色度最大正电平为240,对应模拟电平为+350mV;色度最大负电平为16,对应模拟电平为-350mV。需要注意的是,色度信号数字电平128对应的模拟电平是0mV。

## 色域

Libswscale支持色域的转换。有关色域的转换我目前还没有做太多的研究,仅记录一下目前最常见的三个标准中的色域:BT.601,BT.709,BT.2020。这三个标准中的色域逐渐增大。

在这里先简单解释一下CIE 1931颜色空间。这个空间围绕的区域像一个"舌头",其中包含了自然界所有的颜色。CIE 1931颜色空间中的横坐标是x,纵坐标是y,x、y、z满足如下关系:

x + y + z = 1

"舌头"的边缘叫做"舌形曲线",代表着饱和度为100%的光谱色。"舌头"的中心点(1/3,1/3)对应着白色,饱和度为0。

受显示器件性能的限制,电视屏幕是无法重现所有的颜色的,尤其是位于"舌形曲线"上的100% 饱和度的光谱色一般情况下是无法显示出来的。因此电视屏幕只能根据 其具体的荧光粉的配方,有选择性的显示一部分的颜色,这部分可以显示的颜色称为色域。下文分别比较标清电视、高清电视和超高清电视标准中规定的色域。可以看 出随着技术的进步,色域的范围正变得越来越大。

**标清电视(SDTV)色域的规定源自于BT.601。高清电视(HDTV)色域的规定源自于BT.709。** 他们两个标准中的色域在CIE 1931颜色空间中的对比如下图所示。从图中可以看出,BT.709和BT.601色域差别不大,BT.709的色域要略微大于BT.601。

**超高清电视(UHDTV)色域的规定源自于BT.2020。** BT.2020和BT.709的色域在CIE 1931 颜色空间中的对比如下图所示。从图中可以看出,BT.2020的色域要远远大于BT.709。

从上面的对比也可以看出,对超高清电视(UHDTV)的显示器件的性能的要求更高了。这样超高清电视可以还原出一个更"真实"的世界。

下面这张图则使用实际的例子反映出色域范围大的重要性。图中的两个黑色三角形分别标识出了BT.709(小三角形)和BT.2020(大三角形)标准中的色域。从图中可以看出,如果使用色域较小的显示设备显示图片的话,将会损失掉很多的颜色。

### 源代码

本示例程序包含一个输入和一个输出,实现了从输入图像格式(YUV420P)到输出图像格式(RGB24)之间的转换;同时将输入视频的分辨率从480x272拉伸为1280x 720。

1. /\*\*
2. \* 最简单的基于FFmpeg的Swscale示例
3. \* Simplest FFmpeg Swscale
4. \*
5. \* 雷霄骅 Lei Xiaohua
6. \* leixiaohua1020@126.com
7. \* 中国传媒大学/数字电视技术
8. \* Communication University of China / Digital TV Technology
9. \* http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020

```
11.
       * 本程序使用libswscale对像素数据进行缩放转换等处理。
12.
      * 它中实现了YUV420P格式转换为RGB24格式,
       * 同时将分辨率从480×272拉伸为1280×720
13.
      * 它是最简单的libswscale的教程。
15.
16.
      * This software uses libswscale to scale / convert pixels
       * It convert YUV420P format to RGB24 format,
17.
       * and changes resolution from 480x272 to 1280x720.
18.
       * It's the simplest tutorial about libswscale.
19.
20.
21.
22.
      #include <stdio.h>
23.
24.
      #define __STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS
25.
26.
      #ifdef _WIN32
27.
28.
      extern "C"
29.
30.
      #include "libswscale/swscale.h"
      #include "libavutil/opt.h"
31.
      #include "libavutil/imgutils.h"
32.
33.
      }:
      #else
34.
35.
      //Linux...
      #ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
36.
37.
38.
39.
      #endif
40.
      #include <libswscale/swscale.h>
41.
      #include <libavutil/opt.h>
42.
      #include <libavutil/imgutils.h>
43.
      #ifdef __cplusplus
44.
      };
45.
      #endif
46.
      #endif
47.
48.
49.
      int main(int argc, char* argv[])
50.
      {
51.
          //Parameters
52.
         FILE *src_file =fopen("sintel_480x272_yuv420p.yuv", "rb");
53.
          const int src_w=480,src_h=272;
54.
          AVPixelFormat src_pixfmt=AV_PIX_FMT_YUV420P;
55.
56.
      int src_bpp=av_get_bits_per_pixel(av_pix_fmt_desc_get(src_pixfmt));
57.
58.
      FILE *dst_file = fopen("sintel_1280x720_rgb24.rgb", "wb");
59.
          const int dst_w=1280,dst_h=720;
          AVPixelFormat dst pixfmt=AV PIX FMT RGB24;
60.
61.
          int dst_bpp=av_get_bits_per_pixel(av_pix_fmt_desc_get(dst_pixfmt));
62.
          //Structures
63.
64.
          uint8_t *src_data[4];
65.
          int src_linesize[4];
66.
67.
          uint8_t *dst_data[4];
68.
     int dst_linesize[4];
69.
70.
      int rescale_method=SWS_BICUBIC;
71.
          struct SwsContext *img_convert_ctx;
72.
          uint8_t *temp_buffer=(uint8_t *)malloc(src_w*src_h*src_bpp/8);
73.
74.
          int frame_idx=0;
75.
          int ret=0;
76.
      ret= av image alloc(src data, src linesize,src w, src h, src pixfmt, 1);
77.
          if (ret< 0) {
          printf( "Could not allocate source image\n");
78.
79.
              return -1;
80.
81.
          ret = av_image_alloc(dst_data, dst_linesize,dst_w, dst_h, dst_pixfmt, 1);
82.
          if (ret< 0) {
83.
              printf( "Could not allocate destination image\n");
84.
              return -1;
85.
86.
87.
          //Init Method 1
88.
         img_convert_ctx =sws_alloc_context();
89.
          //Show AVOption
90.
          av opt show2(img convert ctx,stdout,AV OPT FLAG VIDEO PARAM,0);
91.
          //Set Value
92.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"sws_flags",SWS_BICUBIC|SWS_PRINT_INFO,0);
93.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"srcw",src_w,0);
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"srch",src_h,0);
94.
95.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"src_format",src_pixfmt,0);
96.
          //'0' for MPEG (Y:0-235);'1' for JPEG (Y:0-255)
97.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"src_range",1,0);
98.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"dstw",dst_w,0);
99.
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx,"dsth",dst_h,0);
          av_opt_set_int(img_convert_ctx, "dst_format", dst_pixfmt, 0);
```

```
av upt set int(ing convert cix, ust range ,i,o);
102.
           sws_init_context(img_convert ctx,NULL,NULL);
103.
104.
           //Init Method 2
105.
           //img_convert_ctx = sws_getContext(src_w, src_h,src_pixfmt, dst_w, dst_h, dst_pixfmt,
           // rescale_method, NULL, NULL, NULL);
106.
107.
           //-----
108.
109.
           //Colorspace
110.
           ret=sws_setColorspaceDetails(img_convert_ctx,sws_getCoefficients(SWS_CS_ITU601),0,
111.
               sws_getCoefficients(SWS_CS_ITU709),0,
                0, 1 << 16, 1 << 16);
112.
           if (ret==-1) {
113.
114.
               printf( "Colorspace not support.\n");
115.
               return -1;
116.
117.
       while(1)
118.
119.
               if (fread(temp_buffer, 1, src_w*src_h*src_bpp/8, src_file) != src_w*src_h*src_bpp/8){
120.
                   break;
121.
122.
123.
124.
               switch(src pixfmt){
125.
                case AV_PIX_FMT_GRAY8:{
126.
                   memcpy(src_data[0],temp_buffer,src_w*src_h);
127.
128.
129.
               case AV PIX FMT YUV420P:{
                memcpy(src data[0],temp buffer,src w*src h);
130.
                    memcpy(src_data[1],temp_buffer+src_w*src_h,src_w*src h/4);
131.
                                                                                    //U
                   memcpy(src\_data[2], temp\_buffer+src\_w*src\_h*5/4, src\_w*src\_h/4); \quad //V
132.
133.
134.
135.
                case AV PIX FMT YUV422P:{
136
                   memcpy(src_data[0],temp_buffer,src_w*src_h);
137.
                    memcpy(src_data[1],temp_buffer+src_w*src_h,src_w*src_h/2);
                                                                                    //U
138.
                   memcpy(src_data[2],temp_buffer+src_w*src_h*3/2,src_w*src_h/2);
                                                                                   //V
139.
                   break;
140.
141.
                case AV PIX FMT YUV444P:{
142.
                   memcpy(src_data[0],temp_buffer,src_w*src_h);
                    memcpy(src data[1],temp buffer+src w*src h,src w*src h);
143.
                                                                                    //U
144.
                   memcpy(src_data[2],temp_buffer+src_w*src_h*2,src_w*src_h);
145.
                   break;
146.
                case AV PIX FMT YUYV422:{
147.
                   memcpy(src_data[0],temp_buffer,src_w*src_h*2);
148.
                                                                                    //Packed
149.
                   break:
150.
151.
                case AV_PIX_FMT_RGB24:{
152.
                   memcpy(src_data[0],temp_buffer,src_w*src_h*3);
153.
                   break;
154.
155.
                   printf("Not Support Input Pixel Format.\n");
156.
157.
                    break;
158.
159.
160.
               sws\_scale(img\_convert\_ctx, \; src\_data, \; src\_linesize, \; \theta, \; src\_h, \; dst\_data, \; dst\_linesize);
161.
               162.
163.
               frame_idx++;
164
165.
                switch(dst pixfmt){
166
               case AV PIX FMT GRAY8:{
167.
                    fwrite(dst_data[0],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
                   break;
168
169.
170.
                case AV PIX FMT YUV420P:{
171.
                    fwrite(dst_data[0],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
                                                                                //Y
                    fwrite(dst_data[1],1,dst_w*dst_h/4,dst_file);
                                                                                //U
172.
173.
                    fwrite(dst_data[2],1,dst_w*dst_h/4,dst_file);
                                                                                //V
174.
175.
                case AV PIX FMT YUV422P:{
176.
                   fwrite(dst_data[0],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
                                                                                //Y
177.
                    fwrite(dst_data[1],1,dst_w*dst_h/2,dst_file);
178.
                                                                                //U
179
                    fwrite(dst_data[2],1,dst_w*dst_h/2,dst_file);
                                                                                //V
180
                   break:
181.
182.
                case AV_PIX_FMT_YUV444P:{
183
                    fwrite(dst_data[0],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
                                                                                //Y
184.
                    fwrite(dst_data[1],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
                                                                                //U
185.
                    fwrite(dst_data[2],1,dst_w*dst_h,dst_file);
186.
                   break;
187.
                case AV PIX FMT YUYV422:{
188.
189.
                    fwrite(dst data[0],1,dst w*dst h*2,dst file);
                                                                                //Packed
190.
                   break;
191.
               Case AV PTX FMT RGR24: {
192
```

```
193.
                    fwrite(dst_data[0],1,dst_w*dst_h*3,dst_file);
                                                                                //Packed
194
                   break;
195.
196.
                   printf("Not Support Output Pixel Format.\n");
197.
198.
                   break;
199.
200.
201.
202.
           sws_freeContext(img_convert_ctx);
203.
204.
205.
           free(temp_buffer);
206.
           fclose(dst_file);
207.
           av_freep(&src_data[0]);
208.
           av_freep(&dst_data[0]);
209.
210.
           return 0;
211. }
```

## 运行结果

程序的输入为一个名称为"sintel\_480x272\_yuv420p.yuv"的视频。该视频像素格式是YUV420P,分辨率为480x272。

程序的输出为一个名称为"sintel\_1280x720\_rgb24.rgb"的视频。该视频像素格式是RGB24,分辨率为1280x720。

## 下载

Simplest FFmpeg Swscale

### 项目主页

SourceForge: https://sourceforge.net/projects/simplestffmpegswscale/

Github: https://github.com/leixiaohua1020/simplest\_ffmpeg\_swscale

开源中国: http://git.oschina.net/leixiaohua1020/simplest\_ffmpeg\_swscale

CDSN下载地址: http://download.csdn.net/detail/leixiaohua1020/8292175

本教程是最简单的基于FFmpeg的libswscale进行像素处理的教程。它包含了两个工程:simplest\_ffmpeg\_swscale: 最简单的libswscale的教程。

simplest\_pic\_gen: 生成各种测试图片的工具。

#### 

这次考虑到了跨平台的要求,调整了源代码。经过这次调整之后,源代码可以在以下平台编译通过:

VC++:打开sln文件即可编译,无需配置。

cl.exe:打开compile\_cl.bat即可命令行下使用cl.exe进行编译,注意可能需要按照VC的安装路径调整脚本里面的参数。编译命令如下。

g++ simplest\_ffmpeg\_swscale.cpp -g -o simplest\_ffmpeg\_swscale.exe  $\setminus$ 2. -I /usr/local/include -L /usr/local/lib -lswscale -lavutil

GCC:Linux或者MacOS命令行下运行compile\_gcc.sh即可使用GCC进行编译。编译命令如下。

[plain] 📳 📑

2. -lswscale -lavutil

PS:相关的编译命令已经保存到了工程文件夹中

CSDN下载地址: http://download.csdn.net/detail/leixiaohua1020/8445671

SourceForge上已经更新。

版权声明:本文为博主原创文章,未经博主允许不得转载。 https://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020/article/details/42134965

文章标签:(libswscale ) (拉伸) (yuv ) (ffmpeg ) 色域 个人分类: FFMPEG 我的开源项目

所属专栏: FFmpeg

此PDF由spygg生成,请尊重原作者版权!!!

我的邮箱:liushidc@163.com