🕟 最简单的基于FFmpeg的AVUtil例子 (AVLog, AVOption等)

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本文的示例程序记录了FFmpeg的libavutil中几种工具函数的使用方法:

AVLog:日志输出

AVOption (AVClass):选项设置 AVDictionary:键值对存储 ParseUtil:字符串解析

几个libayutil的工具

AVLog

AVLog是FFmpeg的日志输出工具。在FFmpeg中所有的日志输出不是通过printf()函数而是通过av_log()函数。av_log()会最终调用fprintf(stderr,...)函数将日志内容输出到命令行界面上。但是在一些非命令行程序(MFC程序,Android程序等)中,av_log()调用的fprintf(stderr,...)就无法将日志内容显示出来了。对于这种情况,FFmpeg提供了日志回调函数av_log_set_callback()。该函数可以指定一个自定义的日志输出函数,将日志输出到指定的位置。下面的自定义函数custom_output()将日志输出到了"simplest_ffmpeg_log.txt"文本中。

在主函数中调用av_log_set_callback()设置一下该函数就可以了,如下所示。

此外,日志信息从重到轻分为Panic、Fatal、Error、Warning、Info、Verbose、Debug几个级别。下面的函数输出了几种不同级别的日志。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      void test log(){
1.
2.
         av_register_all();
3.
         AVFormatContext *obj=NULL;
     obj=avformat_alloc_context();
4.
5.
     av_log(obj,AV_LOG_PANIC,"Panic: Something went really wrong and we will crash now.\n");
7.
          av\_log(obj, AV\_LOG\_FATAL, "Fatal: Something went wrong and recovery is not possible.\n");\\
8.
     av_log(obj,AV_LOG_ERROR,"Error: Something went wrong and cannot losslessly be recovered.\n");
9.
          av_log(obj,AV_LOG_WARNING,"Warning: This may or may not lead to problems.\n");
     av_log(obj,AV_LOG_INFO,"Info: Standard information.\n");
10.
         av_log(obj,AV_LOG_VERBOSE,"Verbose: Detailed information.\n");
11.
         av log(obj,AV LOG DEBUG, "Debug: Stuff which is only useful for libav* developers.\n");
12.
13.
         printf("
                                                    ==\n"):
         avformat_free_context(obj);
14.
15.
```

PS:该部分源代码的解析可以参考文章《FFmpeg源代码简单分析:日志输出系统(av_log()等)》

AVOption (AVClass)

AVOption是FFmpeg的选项设置工具。与AVOption最相关的选项设置函数就是av_opt_set()了。AVOption的核心概念就是"根据字符串操作结构体的属性值"。例如下面代码中"#if"和"#else"之间代码的作用和"#else"和"#endif"之间代码的作用是一样的。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      #if TEST OPT
      av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"b","400000",0);  //bitrate
 2.
 3.
          //Another method
 4.
      //av_opt_set_int(pCodecCtx,"b",400000,0); //bitrate
 5.
 6.
     av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"time_base","1/25",0); //time_base
         av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"bf","5",0);
 7.
                                                 //max b frame
      av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"g","25",0);
 8.
                                                //aop
         av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"qmin","10",0);
                                                  //qmin/qmax
 9.
10.
      av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"qmax","51",0);
11.
     #else
12.
     pCodecCtx->time_base.num = 1;
13.
         pCodecCtx->time base.den = 25;
     pCodecCtx->max_b_frames=5;
14.
15.
          pCodecCtx->bit_rate = 400000;
16.
     pCodecCtx->gop_size=25;
17.
         pCodecCtx->qmin = 10;
      pCodecCtx->qmax = 51;
18.
19.
      #endif
```

同理,av_opt_get()可以将结构体的属性值以字符串的形式返回回来。例如下面这段代码就验证了av_opt_get()的作用:

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      char *val_str=(char *)av_malloc(50);
2.
3.
      //preset: ultrafast, superfast, veryfast, faster, fast,
4.
      //medium, slow, slower, veryslow, placebo
      av opt set(pCodecCtx->priv data,"preset","slow",0);
5.
      //tune: film, animation, grain, stillimage, psnr,
6.
      //ssim, fastdecode, zerolatency
7.
      av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"tune","zerolatency",0);
8.
9.
      //profile: baseline, main, high, high10, high422, high444
10.
      av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"profile","main",0);
11.
12.
13.
      av_opt_get(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"preset",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
14.
      printf("preset val: %s\n",val_str);
15.
      av_opt_get(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"tune",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
16.
      printf("tune val: %s\n",val_str);
      av opt get(pCodecCtx->priv data, "profile", 0, (uint8 t **)&val str);
17.
18.
      printf("profile val: %s\n",val_str);
19.
     av_free(val_str);
```

可以通过av_opt_find()获取结构体中任意选项的AVOption结构体。写了一个简单的函数读取该结构体中一些字段的值。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      void print_opt(const AVOption *opt_test){
 2.
 3.
 4.
      printf("Option Information:\n");
 5.
          printf("[name]%s\n",opt_test->name);
 6.
      printf("[help]%s\n",opt_test->help);
          printf("[offset]%d\n",opt_test->offset);
 7.
 8.
 9.
          switch(opt test->type){
      case AV_OPT_TYPE_INT:{
10.
              printf("[type]int\n[default]%d\n",opt_test->default_val.i64);
11.
12.
              break;
13.
           case AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64:{
14.
15.
              printf("[type]int64\n[default]%lld\n",opt_test->default_val.i64);
16.
17.
18.
          case AV OPT TYPE FLOAT:{
19.
              printf("[type]float\n[default]%f\n",opt_test->default_val.dbl);
20.
21.
           case AV OPT TYPE STRING:{
22.
23.
              printf("[type]string\n[default]%s\n",opt_test->default_val.str);
24.
              break;
25.
          case AV OPT_TYPE_RATIONAL:{
26.
              printf("[type]rational\n[default]%d/%d\n",opt_test->default_val.q.num,opt_test->default_val.q.den);
27.
28.
              break;
29.
30.
          default:{
31.
              printf("[type]others\n");
32.
              break;
33.
34.
35.
36.
      printf("[max val]%f\n",opt test->max);
37.
          printf("[min val]%f\n",opt_test->min);
38.
39.
          if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_ENCODING PARAM){
40.
              printf("Encoding param.\n");
41.
42.
       if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_DECODING_PARAM) {
43.
              printf("Decoding param.\n");
44.
45.
           if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM){
46.
            printf("Audio param.\n");
47.
48.
          if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_VIDEO_PARAM) {
49.
              printf("Video param.\n");
50.
51.
           if(opt test->unit!=NULL)
52.
             printf("Unit belong to:%s\n",opt_test->unit);
53.
54.
          printf("=
55.
```

使用下列代码调用上面的函数就可以打印出AVOption结构体每个字段的值。

```
1. const AVOption *opt=NULL;
2. opt=av_opt_find(pCodecCtx, "b", NULL, 0, 0);
3. print_opt(opt);
4. opt=av_opt_find(pCodecCtx, "g", NULL, 0, 0);
5. print_opt(opt);
6. opt=av_opt_find(pCodecCtx, "time_base", NULL, 0, 0);
7. print_opt(opt);
```

下面代码可以打印出支持AVOption(即包含AVClass)的结构体的所有选项:

```
[cpp] 📳 👔
1.
      void list_obj_opt(void *obj){
      printf("Output some option info about object:\n");
3.
          printf("Object name:%s\n",(*(AVClass **) obj)->class_name);
4.
      printf("=
5.
          printf("Video param:\n");
      av opt show2(obj,stderr,AV OPT FLAG VIDEO PARAM,NULL);
6.
7.
          printf("Audio param:\n");
      av_opt_show2(obj,stderr,AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM,NULL);
8.
9.
          printf("Decoding param:\n");
         av_opt_show2(obj,stderr,AV_OPT_FLAG_DECODING_PARAM,NULL);
10.
11.
          printf("Encoding param:\n");
          {\tt av\_opt\_show2(obj,stderr,AV\_OPT\_FLAG\_ENCODING\_PARAM,NULL);}
12.
          printf("==
13.
14.
```

下面代码调用上面的函数就可以打印出AVFormatContext中的所有选项。

PS:该部分源代码的解析可以参考文章《 FFmpeg源代码简单分析:结构体成员管理系统-AVClass 》、《 FFmpeg源代码简单分析:结构体成员管理系统-AVOption 》。

AVDictionary

AVDictionary是FFmpeg的键值对存储工具,FFmpeg经常使用AVDictionary设置/读取内部参数。下面这段代码记录了AVDictionary的使用方法。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      void test_avdictionary(){
 2.
 3.
           AVDictionary *d = NULL;
      AVDictionaryEntry *t = NULL;
 4.
 5.
      av_dict_set(&d, "name", "lei xiaohua", 0);
 6.
     av_dict_set(&d, "email", "leixiaohua1020@126.com", 0);
av_dict_set(&d, "school", "cuc", 0);
 7.
 8.
      av_dict_set(&d, "gender", "man", 0);
av_dict_set(&d, "website", "http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020", 0);
 9.
10.
11.
          //av_strdup()
      char *k = av_strdup("location");
12.
13.
          char *v = av_strdup("Beijing-China");
      av_dict_set(&d, k, v, AV_DICT_DONT_STRDUP_KEY | AV_DICT_DONT_STRDUP_VAL);
14.
15.
          printf("
      int dict_cnt= av_dict_count(d);
16.
          printf("dict_count:%d\n",dict_cnt);
17.
      printf("dict_element:\n");
18.
          while (t = av dict get(d, "", t, AV DICT IGNORE SUFFIX)) {
19.
20.
            printf("key:%10s | value:%s\n",t->key,t->value);
21.
22.
          t = av dict get(d, "email", t, AV DICT IGNORE SUFFIX);
23.
      printf("email is %s\n",t->value);
24.
25.
          printf("========
          av_dict_free(&d);
26.
27.
```

ParseUtil

ParseUtil是FFmpeg的字符串解析工具。它的分辨率解析函数av_parse_video_size()可以从形如"1920x1080"的字符串中解析出图像宽为1920,高为1080;它的帧率函数av parse video rate()可以解析出帧率信息;它的时间解析函数则可以从形如"00:01:01"的字符串解析出时间的毫秒数。下面这段代码记录了ParseUtil的使用方法。

```
[cpp] 📳 👔
1.
      void test parseutil(){
      char input_str[100]={0};
3.
         printf("====== Parse Video Size ======\n");
      int output_w=0;
 4.
5.
         int output_h=0;
     strcpy(input_str,"1920x1080");
 6.
         av_parse_video_size(&output_w,&output_h,input_str);
     printf("w:%4d | h:%4d\n",output_w,output_h);
8.
9.
         strcpy(input_str,"vga");
10.
      //strcpy(input_str,"hd1080");
         //strcpy(input str,"ntsc");
11.
     av parse video size(&output w,&output h,input str);
12.
         printf("w:%4d \ | \ h:%4d\n",output\_w,output\_h);
13.
14.
         printf("====== Parse Frame Rate =====
15.
         AVRational output_rational={0,0};
     strcpy(input_str,"15/1");
16.
17.
          av_parse_video_rate(&output_rational,input_str);
18.
         printf("framerate:%d/%d\n",output_rational.num,output_rational.den);
19.
          strcpy(input_str,"pal");
20.
         av_parse_video_rate(&output_rational,input_str);
21.
          printf("framerate:%d/%d\n",output_rational.num,output_rational.den);
22.
         printf("====== Parse Time ====
23.
          int64_t output_timeval;
         strcpy(input_str, "00:01:01");
24.
25.
          av parse time(&output timeval,input str,1);
         printf("microseconds:%lld\n",output_timeval);
26.
27.
         printf("=
                                                   ===\n");
28.
```

源代码

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
1.
      * 最简单的FFmpeg的AVUtil示例
2.
3.
       * Simplest FFmpeg AVUtil
4.
5.
       * 雷霄骅 Lei Xiaohua
 6.
      * leixiaohua1020@126.com
       * 中国传媒大学/数字电视技术
7.
8.
      * Communication University of China / Digital TV Technology
       * http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020
9.
10.
       * 本程序是FFmpeg中的libavutil的示例,目前包含:
11.
      * AVLog
12.
       * AVOption (AVClass)
13.
      * AVDictionary
14.
       * ParseUtil
15.
16.
17.
       * This software is the example about FFmpeg's libavutil.
      * It contains:
18.
19.
       * AVLog
20.
      * AVOption (AVClass)
21.
       * AVDictionary
22.
      * ParseUtil
23.
24.
25.
26.
      #include <stdio.h>
27.
      #define STDC CONSTANT MACROS
28.
29.
      #ifdef WIN32
30.
31.
      //Windows
32.
      extern "C"
33.
34.
      #include "libavcodec/avcodec.h"
35.
      #include "libavformat/avformat.h"
36.
      #include "libavutil/opt.h"
      #include "libavutil/parseutils.h"
37.
      #include "libavutil/avutil.h"
38.
39.
40.
      #else
41.
      //Linux...
      #ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
42.
43.
44.
      {
45.
      #endif
46.
      #include <libavcodec/avcodec.h>
47.
      #include <libavformat/avformat.h>
48.
      #include <libavutil/opt.h>
49.
      #include <libavutil/parseutils.h>
50.
      #include <libavutil/avutil.h>
51.
      #ifdef __cplusplus
52.
53.
      #endif
54.
      #endif
55.
56.
      #define TEST OPT
57.
      #define TEST_LOG 1
58.
59.
      #define TEST_DIC
                         0
60.
61.
62.
      void list_obj_opt(void *obj){
63.
          printf("Output some option info about object:\n");
64.
          printf("Object name:%s\n",(*(AVClass **) obj)->class_name);
65.
66.
         printf("Video param:\n");
67.
          av_opt_show2(obj,stderr,AV_OPT_FLAG_VIDEO_PARAM,NULL);
          printf("Audio param:\n");
68.
          av_opt_show2(obj,stderr,AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM,NULL);
69.
          printf("Decoding param:\n");
70.
          {\tt av\_opt\_show2(obj,stderr,AV\_OPT\_FLAG\_DECODING\_PARAM,NULL);}
71.
          printf("Encoding param:\n");
72.
          av_opt_show2(obj,stderr,AV_OPT_FLAG_ENCODING PARAM,NULL);
73.
74.
          printf("===
                                          ----\n");
75.
      }
76.
77.
      void test_opt(){
78.
          av_register_all();
79.
          AVFormatContext *obj=NULL;
80.
          obj=avformat_alloc_context();
81.
          list_obj_opt(obj);
          avformat free context(obj);
```

```
83.
 84
 85.
 86.
       void test_log(){
 87.
            av_register_all();
 88.
           AVFormatContext *obj=NULL;
 89.
            obj=avformat_alloc_context();
 90.
           printf("=
                                                         =\n");
            av_log(obj,AV_LOG_PANIC,"Panic: Something went really wrong and we will crash now.\n");
 91.
           av_log(obj,AV_LOG_FATAL,"Fatal: Something went wrong and recovery is not possible.\n");
 92.
            av log(obj,AV LOG ERROR, "Error: Something went wrong and cannot losslessly be recovered.\n");
 93.
           av log(obj,AV LOG WARNING, "Warning: This may or may not lead to problems.\n");
 94.
            av log(obj,AV LOG INFO, "Info: Standard information.\n");
 95.
           av_log(obj,AV_LOG_VERBOSE, "Verbose: Detailed information.\n");
 96.
 97.
            av\_log(obj, AV\_LOG\_DEBUG, "Debug: Stuff which is only useful for libav* developers. \verb|\n"|); \\
           printf("
 98.
                                                       ===\n"):
 99.
            avformat_free_context(obj);
100.
101.
102.
       void print_opt(const AVOption *opt_test){
103.
104.
105.
            printf("Option Information:\n");
           printf("[name]%s\n",opt_test->name);
106.
107.
            printf("[help]%s\n",opt_test->help);
108.
        printf("[offset]%d\n",opt test->offset);
109.
110.
        switch(opt test->type){
111.
            case AV OPT TYPE INT:{
               printf("[type]int\n[default]%d\n",opt_test->default_val.i64);
112.
113.
                hreak:
114.
115.
            case AV OPT TYPE INT64:{
116.
               printf("[type]int64\n[default]%lld\n",opt_test->default_val.i64);
117.
                break;
118.
119.
            case AV_OPT_TYPE_FLOAT:{
               printf("[type]float\n[default]%f\n",opt_test->default_val.dbl);
120.
                break;
121.
122.
123.
            case AV OPT TYPE STRING:{
               printf("[type]string\n[default]%s\n",opt_test->default_val.str);
124.
125.
                break:
126.
            case AV OPT TYPE RATIONAL:{
127.
128.
               printf("[type] rational \\ \\ n[default] \\ %d/\\ \\ wln", opt\_test-> default\_val.q.num, opt\_test-> default\_val.q.den); \\
129.
                break:
130.
131.
            default:{
132.
               printf("[type]others\n")
133.
                break;
134.
                }
135.
136.
137.
            printf("[max val]%f\n",opt test->max);
138.
           printf("[min val]%f\n",opt_test->min);
139.
           if(opt test->flags&AV OPT FLAG ENCODING PARAM){
140.
141.
                printf("Encoding param.\n");
142.
143.
            if(opt test->flags&AV OPT FLAG DECODING PARAM){
144.
               printf("Decoding param.\n");
145.
146
           if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM){
147.
                printf("Audio param.\n");
148.
149.
            if(opt_test->flags&AV_OPT_FLAG_VIDEO_PARAM){
               printf("Video param.\n");
150.
151.
152.
            if(opt_test->unit!=NULL)
153.
                printf("Unit belong to:%s\n",opt_test->unit);
154.
155.
            printf("==
                                                  ----\n"):
156.
       }
157.
158.
       int flush_encoder(AVFormatContext *fmt_ctx,unsigned int stream_index)
159.
160.
           int ret:
161.
            int got frame;
162.
            AVPacket enc_pkt;
163.
            if (!(fmt_ctx->streams[stream_index]->codec->codec->capabilities &
164.
                CODEC_CAP_DELAY))
165.
                return 0;
166.
            while (1) {
167.
                printf("Flushing stream #%u encoder\n", stream index);
                enc pkt.data = NULL;
168.
169.
                enc pkt.size = 0:
170.
                av init packet(&enc pkt);
                ret = avcodec encode video2 (fmt ctx->streams[stream index]->codec, &enc pkt,
171.
172.
                   NULL, &got frame);
173.
                av frame free(NULL);
```

```
if (ret < 0)
175.
                   break;
176.
                if (!got frame){
177.
                   ret=0;
178.
                   break;
179.
180.
               printf("Succeed to encode 1 frame!\n");
181.
               /* mux encoded frame */
               ret = av_write_frame(fmt_ctx, &enc_pkt);
182.
183.
               if (ret < 0)
184.
                 break;
185.
186.
187.
188.
189.
       int encoder(){
190.
           AVFormatContext* pFormatCtx
191.
           AVStream* video_st;
192.
           AVCodecContext* pCodecCtx;
193.
           AVCodec* pCodec:
194.
195.
           uint8 t* picture buf;
           AVFrame* picture;
196.
197.
            int size:
198.
        int ret:
199.
           AVPacket pkt;
200.
           int y_size;
201.
202.
           FILE *in_file = fopen("ds_480x272.yuv", "rb"); //Input YUV data
203.
            int in w=480,in h=272;
                                                            //Input width and height
204.
           //Frames to encode
205.
            int framenum=100;
           const char* out_file = "ds.h264";
206.
                                                            //Output Filepath
207.
            //const char* out file = "ds.ts";
           //const char* out file = "ds.hevc";
208.
209.
            char temp_str[250]={0};
210.
211.
           av register all();
212.
213.
           avformat_alloc_output_context2(&pFormatCtx, NULL, NULL, out_file);
214.
215.
            if (avio_open(&pFormatCtx->pb,out_file, AVIO_FLAG_READ_WRITE) < 0){</pre>
216.
               printf("Failed to open output file!\n");
217.
                return -1;
218.
219.
220.
           pCodec = avcodec_find_encoder(pFormatCtx->oformat->video_codec);
221.
           if (!pCodec) {
222.
              fprintf(stderr, "Codec not found.\n");
223.
               return -1;
224.
225.
            video_st = avformat_new_stream(pFormatCtx, pCodec);
226.
           video_st->time_base.num = 1;
227.
            video_st->time_base.den = 25;
228.
229.
            if (video_st==NULL){
230.
               return -1;
231.
232.
           //Param that must set
233.
           pCodecCtx = video_st->codec;
234.
           pCodecCtx->codec_type = AVMEDIA_TYPE_VIDEO;
235.
           pCodecCtx->pix_fmt = PIX_FMT_YUV420P;
236.
           pCodecCtx->width = in w;
237.
           pCodecCtx->height = in h;
238.
239.
       #if TEST OPT
        av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"b","400000",0); //bitrate
240.
241.
            //Another method
242.
        //av_opt_set_int(pCodecCtx,"b",400000,0); //bitrate
243.
244.
           av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"time_base","1/25",0); //time_base
245.
            av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"bf","5",0);
                                                        //max b frame
246.
           av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"g","25",0);
                                                       //gop
247.
            av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"qmin","10",0);
                                                        //qmin/qmax
248.
           av_opt_set(pCodecCtx,"qmax","51",0);
249.
       #else
250.
        pCodecCtx->time base.num = 1;
251.
           pCodecCtx->time base.den = 25;
252.
           pCodecCtx->max b frames=5;
            pCodecCtx->bit_rate = 400000;
253.
254.
           pCodecCtx->gop size=25;
255.
           pCodecCtx->qmin = 10;
256.
           pCodecCtx->qmax = 51;
257.
       #endif
258.
259.
       #if TEST OPT
260.
        //list_obj_opt(pFormatCtx);
261.
            //list_obj_opt(pCodecCtx);
262.
           const AVOption *opt=NULL;
263.
            opt=av_opt_find(pCodecCtx, "b", NULL, 0, 0);
264.
           print opt(opt);
```

```
265.
            opt=av opt find(pCodecCtx, "g", NULL, 0, 0);
           print opt(opt);
266.
267.
            {\tt opt=av\_opt\_find(pCodecCtx,\ "time\_base",\ NULL,\ 0,\ 0);}
268.
            print_opt(opt);
269.
            //Get Option
270.
            //Get String
271.
            int64_t *val_str=(int64_t *)av_malloc(1*sizeof(int64_t));
272.
            av_opt_get(pCodecCtx,"b",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
273.
            printf("get bitrate(str):%s\n",val_str);
274.
           av_free(val_str);
275.
            //Get int
276.
         int64_t val_int=0;
277.
           av opt get int(pCodecCtx,"b",0,&val int);
278.
           printf("get bitrate(int):%lld\n",val_int);
       #endif
279.
280.
281.
           AVDictionary *param = 0;
282.
283.
            //H.264
284.
           if(pCodecCtx->codec_id == AV_CODEC_ID_H264) {
285.
                char *val str=(char *)av malloc(50);
286.
                //List it
287.
                //list_obj_opt(pCodecCtx->priv_data);
288.
289.
                //preset: ultrafast, superfast, veryfast, faster, fast,
290.
               //medium, slow, slower, veryslow, placebo
291.
                av opt set(pCodecCtx->priv data,"preset","slow",0);
292.
                //tune: film, animation, grain, stillimage, psnr,
293.
                //ssim. fastdecode, zerolatency
                av\_opt\_set(pCodecCtx->priv\_data,"tune","zerolatency",0);\\
294.
295.
                //profile: baseline, main, high, high10, high422, high444
296.
                av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"profile","main",0);
297.
298.
                //print
299.
                av_opt_get(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"preset",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
300.
                printf("preset val: %s\n",val_str);
301.
                av_opt_get(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"tune",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
                printf("tune val: %s\n",val_str);
302.
303.
                av_opt_get(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"profile",0,(uint8_t **)&val_str);
304.
                printf("profile val: %s\n",val str);
305.
                av free(val str);
306.
       #if TEST DIC
307.
             av_dict_set(¶m, "preset", "slow", 0);
av_dict_set(¶m, "tune", "zerolatency", 0);
308.
309.
                //av_dict_set(¶m, "profile", "main", 0);
310.
311.
       #endif
312.
        }
313.
            //H.265
314.
           if(pCodecCtx->codec_id == AV_CODEC_ID_H265){
               //list_obj_opt(pCodecCtx->priv_data);
315.
316.
317.
                //preset: ultrafast, superfast, veryfast, faster, fast,
318.
               //medium, slow, slower, veryslow, placebo
319.
                av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data, "preset", "ultrafast", 0);
                //tune: psnr, ssim, zerolatency, fastdecode
320.
                av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data, "tune", "zero-latency", 0);
321.
               //profile: main. main10. mainstillpicture
322.
323.
                av_opt_set(pCodecCtx->priv_data,"profile","main",0);
324.
325.
326.
           if (avcodec_open2(pCodecCtx, pCodec, ¶m) < 0){</pre>
327.
                printf("Failed to open encoder!\n");
328.
                return -1;
329.
330.
331.
            picture = avcodec_alloc_frame();
332.
           size = avpicture_get_size(pCodecCtx->pix_fmt, pCodecCtx->width, pCodecCtx->height);
333.
            picture_buf = (uint8_t *)av_malloc(size);
334.
           avpicture_fill((AVPicture *)picture, picture_buf, pCodecCtx->pix_fmt, pCodecCtx->width, pCodecCtx->height);
335.
336.
       //Write File Header
337.
            avformat write header(pFormatCtx,NULL);
338.
            y size = pCodecCtx->width * pCodecCtx->height;
339.
340.
           av new packet(&pkt,y size*3);
341.
342.
            for (int i=0; i<framenum; i++){</pre>
                //Read YUV
343.
344.
                if (fread(picture_buf, 1, y_size*3/2, in_file) < 0){
345.
                    printf("Failed to read YUV data!\n");
346.
                    return -1;
347.
                }else if(feof(in_file)){
348.
                   break;
349.
350.
                picture->data[0] = picture buf;
                picture->data[1] = picture_buf+ y_size;
351.
                                                              // U
                picture->data[2] = picture_buf+ y_size*5/4; // V
352.
353.
                //PTS
354.
                picture->pts=i:
355
                int got_picture=0;
```

```
//Encode
357.
                ret = avcodec_encode_video2(pCodecCtx, &pkt,picture, &got_picture);
358.
359.
                    printf("Failed to encode!\n");
360.
                    return -1;
361.
                if (got_picture==1){
362.
363.
                    //printf("Succeed to encode 1 frame!\n"):
364.
                    pkt.stream index = video st->index;
365.
                    ret = av write frame(pFormatCtx, &pkt);
366.
                    av_free_packet(&pkt);
367.
                }
368.
369.
            //Flush Encoder
370.
           ret = flush_encoder(pFormatCtx,0);
371.
372.
               printf("Flushing encoder failed\n");
373.
                return -1;
374.
375.
       //Write file trailer
376.
377.
            av_write_trailer(pFormatCtx);
378.
379.
            //Clean
380.
           if (video st){
381.
                avcodec_close(video_st->codec);
382.
                av_free(picture);
383.
                av_free(picture_buf);
384.
385.
            avio_close(pFormatCtx->pb);
386.
        avformat_free_context(pFormatCtx);
387.
388.
       fclose(in file);
389.
            return 0:
390.
391.
       void custom_output(void* ptr, int level, const char* fmt,va_list vl){
392.
            FILE *fp = fopen("simplest_ffmpeg_log.txt","a+");
393.
394.
            if(fp){
395.
                vfprintf(fp,fmt,vl);
396
                fflush(fp);
397.
                fclose(fp);
398.
399.
400.
401.
        void test_parseutil(){
402.
           char input_str[100]={0};
403.
            printf("====== Parse Video Size =====
                                                        ===\n");
404.
           int output_w=0;
405.
            int output h=0;
           strcpv(input str."1920x1080"):
406.
            av_parse_video_size(&output_w,&output_h,input_str);
407.
408.
           printf("w:%4d | h:%4d\n",output_w,output_h);
            strcpy(input_str,"vga");
409.
410.
        //strcpy(input_str,"hd1080");
411.
            //strcpy(input_str,"ntsc");
412.
            av_parse_video_size(&output_w,&output_h,input_str);
413.
            printf("w:%4d | h:%4d\n",output_w,output_h);
414.
           printf("====== Parse Frame Rate =====
415.
            AVRational output_rational={0,0};
416.
           strcpy(input_str, "15/1");
417.
            av parse video rate(&output rational,input str);
418.
        printf("framerate:%d/%d\n",output_rational.num,output_rational.den);
            strcpy(input str,"pal");
419.
420.
           av parse video rate(&output rational,input str);
            printf("framerate:%d/%d\n",output_rational.num,output_rational.den);
421.
           printf("====== Parse Time ==
422.
423.
            int64 t output timeval;
424.
           strcpy(input_str,"00:01:01");
425.
            av_parse_time(&output_timeval,input_str,1);
426.
           printf("microseconds:%lld\n",output_timeval);
           printf("===
427.
428.
429.
430.
       void test_avdictionary(){
431.
432.
           AVDictionary *d = NULL;
433.
            AVDictionaryEntry *t = NULL;
434.
           av_dict_set(&d, "name", "lei xiaohua", 0);
av_dict_set(&d, "email", "leixiaohual020@126.com", 0);
av_dict_set(&d, "school", "cuc", 0);
av_dict_set(&d, "gender", "man", 0);
435.
436.
437.
438.
439.
            av\_dict\_set(\&d, "website", "http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020", 0);\\
440.
           //av_strdup()
441.
            char *k = av_strdup("location");
442.
            char *v = av_strdup("Beijing-China");
443.
            av\_dict\_set(\&d,\ k,\ v,\ AV\_DICT\_DONT\_STRDUP\_KEY\ |\ AV\_DICT\_DONT\_STRDUP\_VAL);
444.
           printf("
445.
            int dict_cnt= av_dict_count(d);
446.
           printf("dict count:%d\n",dict cnt);
```

```
44/.
            print("dict_element:\n");
while (t = av_dict_get(d, "", t, AV_DICT_IGNORE_SUFFIX)) {
448.
449.
                 printf("key:\$10s \quad | \quad value:\$s\n",t->key,t->value);
450.
451.
452.
             t = av_dict_get(d, "email", t, AV_DICT_IGNORE_SUFFIX);
453.
             printf("email is %s\n",t->value);
            printf("===
454.
455.
             av_dict_free(&d);
456.
457.
458.
        int main(int argc, char* argv[])
459.
            int loglevel=av_log_get_level();
av_log_set_level(AV_LOG_DEBUG);
460.
461.
             //av_log_set_flags(AV_LOG_PRINT_LEVEL);
462.
463.
             //av_log_set_callback(custom_output);
464.
             test_log();
465.
466.
            test_avdictionary();
467.
             test_parseutil();
468.
469.
             //test_opt();
470.
471.
             encoder();
472.
473.
             return 0;
474.
```

运行结果

不同级别的AVLog日志输出后的结果:

结构体中所有AVOption信息输出后的结果:

AVDictionary示例输出的结果:

ParseUtil示例输出的结果:

编码的时候设置回调函数后输出到文本中的日志:

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Simplest FFmpeg AVUtil

项目主页

SourceForge: https://sourceforge.net/projects/simplestffmpegavutil/ Github: https://github.com/leixiaohua1020/simplest_ffmpeg_avutil 开源中国: http://git.oschina.net/leixiaohua1020/simplest_ffmpeg_avutil

CSDN下载地址: http://download.csdn.net/detail/leixiaohua1020/8924311

本程序是FFmpeg中的libavutil的示例,目前包含:

AVLog

AVOption (AVClass)

AVDictionary

ParseUtil

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