## ■ 最简单的基于FFMPEG+SDL的音频播放器:拆分-解码器和播放器

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最简单的基于FFmpeg的音频播放器系列文章列表:

《最简单的基于FFMPEG+SDL的音频播放器》

《最简单的基于FFMPEG+SDL的音频播放器 ver2 (采用SDL2.0)》

《最简单的基于FFMPEG+SDL的音频播放器:拆分-解码器和播放器》

本文补充记录《最简单的基于FFMPEG+SDL的音频播放器》中的两个例子:FFmpeg音频解码器和SDL音频采样数据播放器。这两个部分是从音频播放器中拆分出来的两个例子。FFmpeg音频解码器实现了视频数据到PCM采样数据的解码,而SDL音频采样数据播放器实现了PCM数据到音频设备的播放。简而言之,原先的FFmpeg+SDL音频播放器实现了:

音频数据->PCM->音频设备

FFmpeg音频解码器实现了:

音频数据->PCM

SDL音频采样数据播放器实现了:

PCM->音频设备

# FFmpeg音频解码器

### 源代码

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
1.
      * 最简单的基于FFmpeg的音频解码器
2.
      * Simplest FFmpeg Audio Decoder
3.
4.
5.
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     * Communication University of China / Digital TV Technology
      * http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020
10.
      * 本程序可以将音频码流(mp3,AAC等)解码为PCM采样数据。
11.
     * 是最简单的FFmpeg音频解码方面的教程。
12.
13.
      * 通过学习本例子可以了解FFmpeg的解码流程。
14.
      * This software decode audio streams (AAC,MP3 \dots) to PCM data.
15.
     * Suitable for beginner of FFmpeg.
16.
17.
18.
19.
     #include <stdio.h>
20.
     #include <stdlib.h>
21.
     #include <string.h>
22.
23.
     #define __STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS
24.
25.
     #ifdef WIN32
26.
     //Windows
27.
     extern "C"
28.
     #include "libavcodec/avcodec.h"
29.
     #include "libavformat/avformat.h"
30.
     #include "libswresample/swresample.h"
31.
32.
33.
     #else
34.
     //Linux...
35.
      #ifdef
             _cplusplus
     extern "C"
36.
37.
38.
     #include <libavcodec/avcodec.h>
```

```
40.
       #include <libayformat/avformat.h>
 41.
       #include <libswresample/swresample.h>
 42.
       #ifdef cplusplus
 43.
       };
 44.
       #endif
 45.
       #endif
 46.
 47.
       #define MAX_AUDIO_FRAME_SIZE 192000 // 1 second of 48khz 32bit audio
 48.
 49.
       int main(int argc, char* argv[])
 50.
 51.
           AVFormatContext *pFormatCtx;
       int
 52.
                         i, audioStream;
 53.
           AVCodecContext *pCodecCtx:
          AVCodec *pCodec;
 54.
 55.
           AVPacket
                           *packet:
                        *out_buffer;
       uint8_t
 56.
 57.
           AVFrame
                          *pFrame;
       int ret;
 58.
 59.
           uint32_t len = 0;
 60.
       int got_picture;
 61.
           int index = 0;
       int64_t in_channel_layout;
 62.
 63.
           struct SwrContext *au_convert_ctx;
 64.
           FILE *pFile=fopen("output.pcm", "wb");
 65.
       char url[]="skycity1.mp3";
 66.
 67.
       av register all();
 68.
           avformat network init();
 69.
          pFormatCtx = avformat alloc context();
 70.
 71.
           //Open
          if(avformat_open_input(&pFormatCtx,url,NULL,NULL)!=0){
 72.
 73.
               printf("Couldn't open input stream.\n");
 74.
               return -1;
 75.
 76.
         // Retrieve stream information
 77.
           if(avformat_find_stream_info(pFormatCtx,NULL)<0){</pre>
 78.
              printf("Couldn't find stream information.\n");
 79.
               return -1;
 80.
 81.
           // Dump valid information onto standard error
       av_dump_format(pFormatCtx, 0, url, false);
 82.
 83.
       // Find the first audio stream
 84.
 85.
           audioStream=-1:
 86.
           for(i=0; i < pFormatCtx->nb streams; i++)
 87.
               if(pFormatCtx->streams[i]->codec->codec_type==AVMEDIA_TYPE_AUDIO){
 88.
                  audioStream=i:
 89.
                   break;
 90.
 91.
 92.
       if(audioStream==-1){
 93.
               printf("Didn't find a audio stream.\n");
 94.
               return -1;
 95.
 96.
 97.
           // Get a pointer to the codec context for the audio stream
       pCodecCtx=pFormatCtx->streams[audioStream]->codec;
 98.
 99.
100.
       // Find the decoder for the audio stream
101.
           pCodec=avcodec_find_decoder(pCodecCtx->codec_id);
102.
           if(pCodec==NULL){
103.
               printf("Codec not found.\n");
104.
               return -1;
105.
106.
107.
           // Open codec
108.
       if(avcodec_open2(pCodecCtx, pCodec,NULL)<0){</pre>
109.
               printf("Could not open codec.\n");
110.
               return -1;
111.
112.
           packet=(AVPacket *)av_malloc(sizeof(AVPacket));
113.
114.
       av_init_packet(packet);
115.
116.
       //Out Audio Param
117.
           uint64_t out_channel_layout=AV_CH_LAYOUT_STEREO;
118.
           //nb_samples: AAC-1024 MP3-1152
119.
           int out_nb_samples=pCodecCtx->frame_size;
120.
           AVSampleFormat out_sample_fmt=AV_SAMPLE_FMT_S16;
121.
           int out_sample_rate=44100;
122.
           int out_channels=av_get_channel_layout_nb_channels(out_channel_layout);
123.
           //Out Buffer Size
124.
       int out_buffer_size=av_samples_get_buffer_size(NULL,out_channels ,out_nb_samples,out_sample_fmt, 1);
125.
           out buffer=(uint8 t *)av malloc(MAX AUDIO FRAME SIZE*2);
126.
127.
           pFrame=av_frame_alloc();
128.
129.
           //FIX:Some Codec's Context Information is missing
130
           in_channel_layout=av_get_default_channel_layout(pCodecCtx->channels);
```

```
131.
                                   //Swr
 132.
                               au_convert_ctx = swr_alloc();
 133.
                                 au\_convert\_ctx = swr\_alloc\_set\_opts (au\_convert\_ctx, out\_channel\_layout, \ out\_sample\_fmt, \ out\_sample\_rate, \ out\_sample\_ra
 134.
                                            in_channel_layout,pCodecCtx->sample_fmt , pCodecCtx->sample_rate,0, NULL);
135.
                                  swr init(au convert ctx);
 136.
137.
                                  while(av read frame(pFormatCtx, packet)>=0){
 138.
                                            if(packet->stream index==audioStream){
139.
                                                         ret = avcodec_decode_audio4( pCodecCtx, pFrame,&got_picture, packet);
 140.
 141.
                                                          if ( ret < 0 ) {
 142.
                                                                     printf("Error in decoding audio frame.\n");
 143.
                                                                      return -1;
 144.
                                                          if ( got_picture > 0 ){
 145.
 146.
                                                                     swr_convert(au_convert_ctx,&out_buffer, MAX_AUDIO_FRAME_SIZE,(const uint8_t **)pFrame->data , pFrame->nb_samples);
 147.
 148.
                                                                     printf("index:%5d\t pts:%lld\t packet size:%d\n",index,packet->pts,packet->size);
 149.
                                                                      //Write PCM
150.
                                                                     fwrite(out buffer, 1, out buffer size, pFile):
 151.
                                                                     index++;
152.
 153.
154.
                                             av_free_packet(packet);
 155.
                                 }
156.
 157.
                                   swr_free(&au_convert_ctx);
 158.
 159.
                                   fclose(pFile);
 160.
 161.
                                  av_free(out_buffer);
 162.
                                 // Close the codec
163.
                                 avcodec close(pCodecCtx);
 164.
                                 // Close the video file
165.
                                  avformat close input(&pFormatCtx);
 166.
 167.
                                   return 0:
168.
```

### 运行结果

程序运行后,会解码下面的音频文件。

解码后的PCM采样数据被保存成了一个文件。使用Adobe Audition设置采样率等信息后可以查看PCM的内容。

#### SDL音频采样数据播放器

### 源代码

```
[cpp]
1.
     * 最简单的SDL2播放音频的例子(SDL2播放PCM)
2.
3.
      * Simplest Audio Play SDL2 (SDL2 play PCM)
4.
5.
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6.
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      * 中国传媒大学/数字电视技术
8.
     * Communication University of China / Digital TV Technology
9.
      * http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020
10.
      * 本程序使用SDL2播放PCM音频采样数据。SDL实际上是对底层绘图
11.
     * API(Direct3D,OpenGL)的封装,使用起来明显简单于直接调用底层
12.
      * API。
13.
14.
      * 函数调用步骤如下:
15.
16.
      * [初始化]
17.
      * SDL Init(): 初始化SDL。
18.
      * SDL_OpenAudio(): 根据参数(存储于SDL_AudioSpec)打开音频设备。
19.
20.
      * SDL_PauseAudio(): 播放音频数据。
21.
22.
     * [循环播放数据]
23.
      * SDL_Delay(): 延时等待播放完成。
24.
25.
      * This software plays PCM raw audio data using SDL2.
      * SDL is a wrapper of low-level API (DirectSound).
26.
      * Use SDL is much easier than directly call these low-level API.
27.
28.
       * The process is shown as follows:
29.
30.
      * [Init]
31.
      * SDL_Init(): Init SDL.
32.
33.
      * SDL_OpenAudio(): Opens the audio device with the desired
```

```
parameters (In SDL_AudioSpec).
 35.
        * SDL_PauseAudio(): Play Audio.
 36.
 37.
        * [Loop to play data]
 38.
       * SDL Delay(): Wait for completetion of playback.
 39.
 40.
 41.
       #include <stdio.h>
 42.
       #include <tchar.h>
 43.
 44.
       extern "C"
 45.
 46.
       #include "sdl/SDL.h
 47.
 48.
 49.
       //Buffer:
 50.
       //|-----
 51.
       //chunk-----|
 52.
       static Uint8 *audio_chunk;
       static Uint32 audio len;
 53.
       static Uint8 *audio_pos;
 54.
 55.
       /* Audio Callback
 56.
 57.
        * The audio function callback takes the following parameters:
       * stream: A pointer to the audio buffer to be filled
 58.
 59.
        st len: The length (in bytes) of the audio buffer
 60.
 61.
 62.
       void fill_audio(void *udata,Uint8 *stream,int len){
 63.
           //SDL 2.0
 64.
           SDL_memset(stream, 0, len);
                                /st Only play if we have data left st/
 65.
           if(audio_len==0)
 66.
                 return;
           len=(len>audio len?audio len:len); /* Mix as much data as possible */
 67.
 68.
 69.
           SDL MixAudio(stream, audio pos,len, SDL MIX MAXVOLUME);
 70.
       audio_pos += len;
 71.
           audio len -= len;
 72.
 73.
 74.
       int main(int argc, char* argv[])
 75.
       //Init
 76.
 77.
           if(SDL Init(SDL INIT AUDIO | SDL INIT TIMER)) {
 78.
       printf( "Could not initialize SDL - %s\n", SDL_GetError());
 79.
               return -1;
 80.
 81.
           //SDL AudioSpec
 82.
       SDL_AudioSpec wanted_spec;
 83.
           wanted_spec.freq = 44100;
           wanted spec.format = AUDIO S16SYS;
 84.
 85.
           wanted spec.channels = 2;
 86.
           wanted spec.silence = 0:
           wanted_spec.samples = 1024;
 87.
       wanted_spec.callback = fill_audio;
 88.
 89.
 90.
           if (SDL_OpenAudio(&wanted_spec, NULL)<0){</pre>
 91.
               printf("can't open audio.\n");
 92.
               return -1;
 93.
 94.
 95.
           FILE *fp=fopen("NocturneNo2inEflat 44.1k s16le.pcm","rb+");
       if(fp==NULL){
 96.
 97.
              printf("cannot open this file\n");
              return -1:
 98.
 99.
           }
100.
101.
           int pcm buffer size=4096;
102.
       char *pcm_buffer=(char *)malloc(pcm_buffer_size);
103.
           int data_count=0;
104.
105.
           //Play
106.
          SDL_PauseAudio(0);
107.
108.
109.
               if (fread(pcm_buffer, 1, pcm_buffer_size, fp) != pcm_buffer_size){
110.
                  // Loop
111.
                   fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);
                   fread(pcm_buffer, 1, pcm_buffer_size, fp);
112.
113.
                   data count=0:
114.
              }
               printf("Now Playing %10d Bytes data.\n",data_count);
115.
               data_count+=pcm_buffer_size;
116.
117.
               //Set audio buffer (PCM data)
118.
               audio_chunk = (Uint8 *) pcm_buffer;
119.
               //Audio buffer length
120.
               audio_len =pcm_buffer_size;
121.
               audio_pos = audio_chunk;
122.
123.
               while(audio_len>0)//Wait until finish
124.
               SDL Delay(1);
```

```
125. }
126. free(pcm_buffer);
127. SDL_Quit();
128. return 0;
129. }
```

## 运行结果

程序运行后,会读取程序文件夹下的一个PCM采样数据文件,内容如下所示。

接下来会将PCM数据输出到系统的音频设备上(音响、耳机)。

## 下载

#### Simplest FFmpeg Audio Player

SourceForge: https://sourceforge.net/projects/simplestffmpegaudioplayer/

Github: https://github.com/leixiaohua1020/simplest\_ffmpeg\_audio\_player

开源中国: http://git.oschina.net/leixiaohua1020/simplest\_ffmpeg\_audio\_player

CSDN下载地址: http://download.csdn.net/detail/leixiaohua1020/8924329

本程序实现了音频的解码和播放。是最简单的FFmpeg音频解码方面的教程。 通过学习本例子可以了解FFmpeg的解码流程。

项目包含3个工程:

simplest\_ffmpeg\_audio\_player:基于FFmpeg+SDL的音频解码器

simplest\_ffmpeg\_audio\_decoder:音频解码器。使用了libavcodec和libavformat。

simplest\_audio\_play\_sdl2:使用SDL2播放PCM采样数据的例子。

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个人分类: FFMPEG 所属专栏: FFmpeg

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