■ FFmpeg源代码简单分析:结构体成员管理系统-AVClass

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[H.264]

FFmpeg 的 H.264 解码器源代码简单分析:概述

打算写两篇文章记录FFmpeg中和AVOption有关的源代码。AVOption用于在FFmpeg中描述结构体中的成员变量。它最主要的作用可以概括为两个字:"赋值"。一个AVOption结构体包含了变量名称,简短的帮助,取值等等信息。

所有和AVOption有关的数据都存储在AVClass结构体中。如果一个结构体(例如AVFormatContext或者AVCodecContext)想要支持AVOption的话,它的第一个成员变量必须是一个指向AVClass结构体的指针。该AVClass中的成员变量option必须指向一个AVOption类型的静态数组。

何为AVOption?

AVOption是用来设置FFmpeg中变量的值的结构体。可能说到这个作用有的人会奇怪:设置系统中变量的值,直接使用等于号"="就可以,为什么还要专门定义一个结构体呢?其实AVOption的特点就在于它赋值时候的灵活性。AVOption可以使用字符串为任何类型的变量赋值。传统意义上,如果变量类型为int,则需要使用整数来赋值;如果变量为double,则需要使用小数来赋值;如果变量类型为char *,才需要使用字符串来赋值。而AVOption将这些赋值"归一化"了,统一使用字符串赋值。例如给int型变量gp设定值为20,通过AVOption需要传递进去一个内容为"20"的字符串。

此外,AVOption中变量的名称也使用字符串来表示。结合上面提到的使用字符串赋值的特性,我们可以发现使用AVOption之后,传递两个字符串(一个是变量的名称,一个是变量的值)就可以改变系统中变量的值。

上文提到的这种方法的意义在哪里?我个人感觉对于直接使用C语言进行开发的人来说,作用不是很明显:完全可以使用等于号"="就可以进行各种变量的赋值。但是对于从外部系统中调用FFmpeg的人来说,作用就很大了:从外部系统中只可以传递字符串给内部系统。比如说对于直接调用ffmpeg.exe的人来说,他们是无法修改FFmpeg内部各个变量的数值的,这种情况下只能通过输入"名称"和"值"这样的字符串,通过AVOption改变FFmpeg内部变量的值。由此可见,使用AVOption可以使FFmpeg更加适应多种多样的外部系统。

突然想到了JavaEE开发中也有这种类似的机制。互联网上只可以传输字符串,即是没有方法传输整形、浮点型这种的数据。而Java系统中却包含整形、浮点型等各种数据类型。因此开发JSP中的Servlet的时候经常需要将整数字符串手工转化成一个整型的变量。使用最多的一个函数就是Integer.parseInt()方法。例如下面代码可以将字符串"123"转化成整数123。

int a=Integer.parseInt("123");

而在使用JavaEE中的Struts2进行开发的时候,就不需要进行手动转换处理了。Struts2中包含了类似AVOption的这种数据类型自动转换机制,可以将互联网上收到 的字符串'名称'和'值'的组合自动赋值给相应名称的变量。

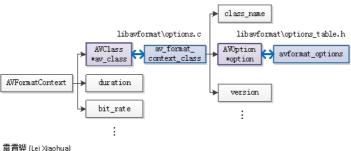
由此发现了一个结论:编程语言之间真的是相通的!

现在回到AVOption。其实除了可以对FFmpeg常用结构体AVFormatContext,AVCodecContext等进行赋值之外,还可以对它们的私有数据priv_data进行赋值。这个字段里通常存储了各种编码器特有的结构体。而这些结构体的定义在FFmpeg的SDK中是找不到的。例如使用libx264进行编码的时候,通过AVCodecContext的priv_data字段可以对X264Context结构体中的变量进行赋值,设置preset,profile等。使用libx265进行编码的时候,通过AVCodecContext的priv_data字段可以对libx265Context结构体中的变量进行赋值,设置preset,tune等。

何为AVClass?

AVClass最主要的作用就是给结构体(例如AVFormatContext等)增加AVOption功能的支持。换句话说AVClass就是AVOption和目标结构体之间的"桥梁"。AVClass要求必须声明为目标结构体的第一个变量。

AVClass中有一个option数组用于存储目标结构体的所有的AVOption。举个例子,AVFormatContext结构体,AVClass和AVOption之间的关系如下图所示。



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图中AVFormatContext结构体的第一个变量为AVClass类型的指针av_class,它在AVFormatContext结构体初始化的时候,被赋值指向了全局静态变量av_format_context_class结构体(定义位于libavformat\options.c)。而AVClass类型的av_format_context_class结构体中的option变量指向了全局静态数组avformat_options(定义位于libavformat\options table.h)。

AVOption

下面开始从代码的角度记录AVOption。AVOption结构体的定义如下所示。

```
[cpp] 🗐 🔝
1.
2.
      * AVOption
3.
4.
      typedef struct AVOption {
5.
          const char *name:
6.
      * short English help text
* @todo What about other languages?
8.
9.
      */
10.
11.
          const char *help;
12.
13.
      * The offset relative to the context structure where the option
14.
15.
           * value is stored. It should be 0 for named constants.
16.
          int offset;
17.
18.
      enum AVOptionType type;
19.
20.
21.
           */
22.
23.
          union {
24.
          int64_t i64;
25.
              double dbl;
26.
             const char *str;
27.
              /* TODO those are unused now */
             AVRational q;
28.
29.
          } default_val;
30.
         double min;
                                     ///< minimum valid value for the option
31.
          double max;
                                     ///< maximum valid value for the option
32.
33.
          int flags:
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_ENCODING_PARAM 1 ///< a generic parameter which can be set by the user for muxing or encoding #define AV_OPT_FLAG_DECODING_PARAM 2 ///< a generic parameter which can be set by the user for demuxing or decoding
34.
35.
      #if FF_API_OPT_TYPE_METADATA
36.
37.
      #define AV OPT FLAG METADATA
                                         4 ///< some data extracted or inserted into the file like title, comment,
38.
      #endif
39.
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_VIDEO_PARAM 16
40.
41.
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_SUBTITLE_PARAM 32
42.
43.
       st The option is inteded for exporting values to the caller.
44.
45.
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_EXPORT
46.
       * The option may not be set through the AVOptions API, only read.
47.
      * This flag only makes sense when {\tt AV\_OPT\_FLAG\_EXPORT} is also set.
48.
49.
      #define AV_OPT_FLAG_READONLY
50.
                                       128
      51.
52.
      //FIXME think about enc-audio, ... style flags
53.
54.
55.
           st The logical unit to which the option belongs. Non-constant
56.
          * options and corresponding named constants share the same
57.
           * unit. May be NULL.
58.
59.
          const char *unit;
     } AVOption;
60.
```

下面简单解释一下AVOption的几个成员变量:

name:名称。 help:简短的帮助。

type:选项的类型。

offset:选项相对结构体首部地址的偏移量(这个很重要)。

default_val:选项的默认值。 min:选项的最小值。 max:选项的最大值。 flags:一些标记。

unit:该选项所属的逻辑单元,可以为空。

其中,default_val是一个union类型的变量,可以根据选项数据类型的不同,取int,double,char*,AVRational(表示分数)几种类型。type是一个AVOptionType类型的变量。AVOptionType是一个枚举类型,定义如下。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      enum AVOptionType{
1.
      AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS
2.
3.
         AV OPT TYPE INT,
      AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64
4.
5.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_DOUBLE,
     AV_OPT_TYPE_FLOAT,
 6.
7.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING,
     AV_OPT_TYPE_RATIONAL,
8.
9.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_BINARY, ///< offset must point to a pointer immediately followed by an int for the length
10.
     AV_OPT_TYPE_DICT,
11.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST = 128,
     AV_OPT_TYPE_IMAGE_SIZE = MKBETAG('S','I','Z','E'), ///< offset must point to two consecutive integers
12.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_PIXEL_FMT = MKBETAG('P','F','M','T'),
13.
     AV_OPT_TYPE_SAMPLE_FMT = MKBETAG('S','F','M','T'),
14.
         AV OPT_TYPE_VIDEO_RATE = MKBETAG('V','R','A','T'), ///< offset must point to AVRational
15.
     AV_OPT_TYPE_DURATION = MKBETAG('D','U','R',''),
16.
                               = MKBETAG('C','0','L','R'),
17.
         AV OPT TYPE COLOR
18.
         AV_OPT_TYPE_CHANNEL_LAYOUT = MKBETAG('C','H','L','A'),
19.
      #if FF_API_OLD_AVOPTIONS
20.
      FF_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS = 0,
21.
          FF_OPT_TYPE_INT,
     FF_OPT_TYPE_INT64,
22.
23.
          FF_OPT_TYPE_DOUBLE,
24.
     FF OPT TYPE FLOAT,
25.
          FF_OPT_TYPE_STRING,
     FF_OPT_TYPE_RATIONAL,
26.
27.
         FF OPT TYPE BINARY, ///< offset must point to a pointer immediately followed by an int for the length
      FF OPT TYPE CONST=128,
28.
      #endif
29.
30.
    };
```

AVClass

AVClass中存储了AVOption类型的数组option,用于存储选项信息。AVClass有一个特点就是它必须位于其支持的结构体的第一个位置。例如,AVFormatContext和 AVCodecContext都支持AVClass,观察它们结构体的定义可以发现他们结构体的第一个变量都是AVClass。截取一小段AVFormatContext的定义的开头部分,如下所示

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
1.
      typedef struct AVFormatContext {
2.
          * A class for logging and @ref avoptions. Set by avformat alloc context().
3.
      * Exports (de)muxer private options if they exist.
4.
           */
5.
     const AVClass *av_class;
6.
7.
8.
          \ ^{st} The input container format.
9.
10.
          * Demuxing only, set by avformat_open_input().
11.
12.
      */
13.
          struct AVInputFormat *iformat;
14.
15.
      * The output container format.
16.
17.
18.
          * Muxing only, must be set by the caller before avformat write header().
19.
20.
      struct AVOutputFormat *oformat;
      //后文略
21.
```

截取一小段AVCodecContext的定义的开头部分,如下所示。

```
1. typedef struct AVCodecContext {
2. /**
3. * information on struct for av_log
4. * - set by avcodec_alloc_context3
5. */
6. const AVClass *av_class;
int log_level_offset;
8.
9. enum AVMediaType codec_type; /* see AVMEDIA_TYPE_xxx */
const struct AVCodec *codec;
11. //后文略
```

下面来看一下AVClass的定义,如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
2.
      * Describe the class of an AVClass context structure. That is an
3.
       * arbitrary struct of which the first field is a pointer to an
4.
      * AVClass struct (e.g. AVCodecContext, AVFormatContext etc.).
5.
6.
      typedef struct AVClass {
7.
          * The name of the class; usually it is the same name as the
8.
           \ensuremath{^{*}} context structure type to which the AVClass is associated.
9.
      */
10.
11.
          const char* class name;
12.
13.
      * A pointer to a function which returns the name of a context
* instance ctx associated with the class.
14.
15.
16.
17.
          const char* (*item_name)(void* ctx);
18.
19.
      * a pointer to the first option specified in the class if any or NULL
20.
21.
22.
      * @see av set default options()
23.
24.
      const struct AVOption *option;
25.
26.
           * LIBAVUTIL VERSION with which this structure was created.
27.
          * This is used to allow fields to be added without requiring major
28.
29.
           ^{st} version bumps everywhere.
30.
      */
31.
32.
      int version;
33.
34.
           * Offset in the structure where log_level_offset is stored.
35.
36.
      * 0 means there is no such variable
37.
      int log_level_offset_offset;
38.
39.
40.
           41.
          * logging is stored. For example a decoder could pass its AVCodecContext
42.
43.
           * to eval as such a parent context, which an av_log() implementation
44.
          * could then leverage to display the parent context.
45.
           * The offset can be NULL.
46.
47.
          int parent_log_context_offset;
48.
49.
      * Return next AVOptions-enabled child or NULL
50.
51.
52.
      void* (*child_next)(void *obj, void *prev);
53.
54.
           * Return an AVClass corresponding to the next potential
55.
      * AVOptions-enabled child.
56.
57.
          * The difference between child_next and this is that
58.
59.
           \ensuremath{^*} child_next iterates over <code>_already</code> existing_ objects, while
      * child_class_next iterates over _all possible_ children.
60.
61.
62.
      const struct AVClass* (*child_class_next)(const struct AVClass *prev);
63.
64.
           * Category used for visualization (like color)
65.
          * This is only set if the category is equal for all objects using this class.
66.
           * available since version (51 << 16 | 56 << 8 | 100)
67.
68.
69.
          AVClassCategory category;
70.
71.
          * Callback to return the category.

* available since version (51 << 16 | 59 << 8 | 100)
72.
73.
74.
75.
          AVClassCategory (*get_category)(void* ctx);
76.
77.
         * Callback to return the supported/allowed ranges.
78.
79.
           * available since version (52.12)
80.
          int (*query ranges)(struct AVOptionRanges **, void *obj, const char *key, int flags);
81.
82. } AVClass:
```

下面简单解释一下AVClass的几个已经理解的成员变量:

class_name: AVClass名称。

item_name:函数,获取与AVClass相关联的结构体实例的名称。

option:AVOption类型的数组(最重要)。

version:完成该AVClass的时候的LIBAVUTIL_VERSION。

category:AVClass的类型,是一个类型为AVClassCategory的枚举型变量。

其中AVClassCategory定义如下。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
 1.
      typedef enum {
         AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_NA = 0,
 3.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_INPUT,
      AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_OUTPUT,
 4.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_MUXER,
 6.
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEMUXER,
 7.
         AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_ENCODER,
 8.
      AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DECODER,
 9.
         AV CLASS CATEGORY FILTER,
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_BITSTREAM_FILTER,
10.
          AV CLASS CATEGORY SWSCALER,
11.
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_SWRESAMPLER,
12.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_VIDEO_OUTPUT = 40,
13.
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_VIDEO_INPUT,
14.
15.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_AUDIO_OUTPUT,
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_AUDIO_INPUT,
16.
17.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_OUTPUT,
     AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_DEVICE_INPUT,
18.
19.
          AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_NB, ///< not part of ABI/API
20. }AVClassCategory;
```

上面解释字段还是比较抽象的,下面通过具体的例子看一下AVClass这个结构体。我们看几个具体的例子:

- AVFormatContext中的AVClass
- AVCodecContext中的AVClass
- AVFrame中的AVClass
- 各种组件(libRTMP, libx264, libx265)里面特有的AVClass。

AVFormatContext

AVFormatContext 中的AVClass定义位于libavformat\options.c中,是一个名称为av_format_context_class的静态结构体。如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      static const AVClass av format context class = {
      .class_name = "AVFormatContext",
     .item_name = format_to_name,
.option = avformat_options,
                          = format to name,
3.
4.
     .version = LIBAVUTIL_VERSION_
.child_next = format_child_next,
                          = LIBAVUTIL VERSION INT.
5.
6.
7.
          .child_class_next = format_child_class_next,
     .category = AV_CLASS_CATEGORY_MUXER,
8.
9.
          .get_category = get_category,
10.
```

从源代码可以看出以下几点

(1) class_name

该AVClass名称是"AVFormatContext"。

(2) item name

item_name指向一个函数format_to_name(),该函数定义如下所示。

```
1. static const char* format_to_name(void* ptr)

2. {
3.    AVFormatContext* fc = (AVFormatContext*) ptr;
        if(fc->iformat) return fc->iformat->name;
        else if(fc->oformat) return fc->oformat->name;
6.    else return "NULL";
7. }
```

从函数的定义可以看出,如果AVFormatContext结构体中的AVInputFormat结构体不为空,则返回AVInputFormat的name,然后尝试返回AVOutputFormat的name,如果AVOutputFormat也为空,则返回"NULL"。

(3) option

option字段则指向一个元素个数很多的静态数组avformat_options。该数组单独定义于libavformat\options_table.h中。其中包含了AVFormatContex t支持的所有的AVOption,如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 🔝
          * 重型砂
 2.
           * leixiaohua1020@126.com
 3.
          * 中国传媒大学/数字电视技术
 4.
 5.
           * http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020
 6.
 7.
 8.
          #ifndef AVFORMAT OPTIONS TABLE H
 9.
         #define AVFORMAT OPTIONS TABLE H
10.
11.
12.
         #include <limits.h>
13.
14.
         #include "libavutil/opt.h"
15.
         #include "avformat.h"
         #include "internal.h"
16.
17.
          #define OFFSET(x) offsetof(AVFormatContext,x)
18.
19.
          #define DEFAULT 0 //should be NAN but it does not work as it is not a constant in glibc as required by ANSI/ISO C
20.
         //these names are too long to be readable
21.
          #define E AV OPT FLAG ENCODING PARAM
22.
         #define D AV OPT FLAG DECODING PARAM
23.
24.
         static const AVOption avformat options[] = {
          {"avioflags", NULL, OFFSET(avio_flags), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "avioflags"},
25.
          {"direct", "reduce buffering", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVIO_FLAG_DIRECT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "avioflags"},
26.
          {"probesize", "set probing size", OFFSET(probesize2), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64, { .i64 = 5000000 }, 32, INT64 MAX, D},
27.
28.
          {"formatprobesize", "number of bytes to probe file format", OFFSET(format_probesize), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = PROBE_BUF_MAX}, 0, INT
         MAX-1, D},
29.
          {"packetsize", "set packet size", OFFSET(packet_size), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, 0, INT_MAX, E},
          {"fflags", NULL, OFFSET(flags), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_FLUSH_PACKETS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "fflags"},
30.
31.
          {"flush packets", "reduce the latency by flushing out packets immediately", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT FLAG FLUSH PACKETS },
          INT_MIN, INT_MAX, E, "fflags"},
32
          {"ignidx", "ignore index", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_IGNIDX }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "fflags"},
          {"genpts", "generate pts", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_GENPTS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "fflags"},
33.
          {"nofillin", "do not fill in missing values that can be exactly calculated", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT FLAG NOFILLIN }, INT
34.
         MIN, INT_MAX, D, "fflags"},
          {"noparse", "disable AVParsers, this needs nofillin too", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT FLAG NOPARSE }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D, "
35.
          fflags"}.
          {"ignots", "ignore dts", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_IGNDTS }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D, "fflags"},
36.
          {"discardcorrupt", "discard corrupted frames", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_DISCARD_CORRUPT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "ffl
37.
          ags"},
          {"sortdts", "try to interleave outputted packets by dts", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_SORT_DTS }, INT_MIN, INT MAX, D,
38.
          "fflags"},
39.
          {"keepside", "don't merge side data", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_KEEP_SIDE_DATA }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "fflags"},
          {"latm", "enable RTP MP4A-LATM payload", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_MP4A_LATM }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, E, "fflags"},
40.
         {"nobuffer", "reduce the latency introduced by optional buffering", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AVFMT_FLAG_NOBUFFER }, 0, INT_MAX,
41.
             "fflags"},
          {"seek2any", "allow seeking to non-
          keyframes on demuxer level when supported", OFFSET(seek2any), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, \{.164 = 0\}, 0, 1, D\},
43.
          {"bitexact", "do not write random/volatile data", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, { .i64 = AVFMT FLAG BITEXACT }, 0, 0, E, "fflags" },
         {"analyzeduration", "specify how many microseconds are analyzed to probe the input", OFFSET(max_analyze_duration2), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64
44.
          , \{.i64 = 0\}, 0, INT64 MAX, D\},
          {"cryptokey", "decryption key", OFFSET(key), AV_OPT_TYPE_BINARY, {.dbl = 0}, 0, 0, D},
45.
         {"indexmem", "max memory used for timestamp index (per stream)", OFFSET(max_index_size), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 1<<20 }, 0, INT_MAX
46.
           D}.
47.
          {"rtbufsize", "max memory used for buffering real-
          time frames", OFFSET(max_picture_buffer), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 3041280 }, 0, INT_MAX, D}, /* defaults to 1s of 15fps 352x288 YUYV
          422 viden */
48
          {"fdebug", "print specific debug info", OFFSET(debug), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, 0, INT_MAX, E|D, "fdebug"},
          {"ts", NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = FF_FDEBUG_TS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, E|D, "fdebug"},
49.
50.
          {"max_delay", "maximum muxing or demuxing delay in microseconds", OFFSET(max_delay), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = -1 },
          {"start_time_realtime", "wall-
         clock time when stream begins (PTS==0)", OFFSET(start time realtime), AV OPT TYPE INT64, {.i64 = AV NOPTS VALUE}, INT64 MIN, INT64 MA
           E}.
         {"fpsprobesize", "number of frames used to probe fps", OFFSET(fps probe size), AV OPT TYPE INT, {.i64 = -1}, -1, INT MAX-1, D},
52.
         {"audio preload", "microseconds by which audio packets should be interleaved earlier", OFFSET(audio preload), AV OPT TYPE INT. {,i64
53.
          = 0}. 0. INT MAX-1. E}.
54.
         {"chunk duration", "microseconds for each chunk", OFFSET(max chunk duration), AV OPT TYPE INT, {.i64 = 0}, 0, INT MAX-1, E},
          55.
56.
         /* this is a crutch for avconv, since it cannot deal with identically named options in different contexts.
57.
           * to be removed when avconv is fixed */
          {"f_err_detect", "set error detection flags (deprecated; use err_detect, save via avconv)", OFFSET(error_recognition), AV_OPT_TYPE_FL
58.
          AGS, {.i64 = AV_EF_CRCCHECK }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "err_detect"},
59.
         {"err_detect", "set error detection flags", OFFSET(error_recognition), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS, {.i64 = AV_EF_CRCCHECK }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX,
         {"crccheck", "verify embedded CRCs", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AV_EF_CRCCHECK }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "err_detect"},
61.
          {"bitstream", "detect bitstream specification deviations", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = AV EF BITSTREAM }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D, "er
          r detect"},
          {"buffer", "detect improper bitstream length", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AV_EF_BUFFER }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D, "err_detect"},
62.
         {"explode", "abort decoding on minor error detection", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST. {.i64 = AV EF EXPLODE }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D, "err dete
63.
          ct"}.
           \{ "ignore\_err", "ignore\_errors", \ 0, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{ .i64 = AV\_EF\_IGNORE\_ERR \ \}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ D, "err\_detect" \}, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_
64.
                                  "consider things that violate the spec, are fast to check and have not been seen in the wild as errors", 0, AV_OPT_TY
65.
          {"careful",
         PE CONST, {.i64 = AV EF CAREFUL }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D, "err detect"},
          \begin{tabular}{ll} \be
66.
           "err_detect"},
          {"aggressive", "consider things that a sane encoder shouldn't do as an error", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = AV_EF_AGGRESSIVE }, INT_
          TN TNT MAY D "err detect"
```

```
IN, INI HAA, D, CII UCLCCL J,
      {"use_wallclock_as_timestamps", "use wallclock as timestamps", OFFSET(use_wallclock_as_timestamps), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 0}, 0, I
      T MAX-1, D},
      {"avoid negative ts", "shift timestamps so they start at 0". OFFSET(avoid negative ts), AV OPT TYPE INT, {.i64 = -1}, -1, 2, E, "avo
69.
      id negative ts"}.
      {"auto".
                             "enabled when required by target format", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = -1 }, INT MIN, INT MAX, E, "avoid
70.
       _negative_ts"},
71.
      {"disabled".
                             "do not change timestamps".
                                                                           0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, { .i64 = 0 }, INT MIN, INT MAX, E, "avoid
       negative ts"},
                             "shift timestamps so they start at 0", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = 2 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, E, "avoid
72.
      {"make_zero",
      negative ts"},
      {"make_non_negative", "shift timestamps so they are non negative", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = 1 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, E, "avoid
73.
       negative ts"},
      {"skip_initial_bytes", "set number of bytes to skip before reading header and frames", OFFSET(skip_initial_bytes), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64,
      \{.i64 = 0\}, 0, INT64\_MAX-1, D\},
75.
      {"correct_ts_overflow", "correct single timestamp overflows", OFFSET(correct_ts_overflow), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 1}, 0, 1, D},
      {"flush packets", "enable flushing of the I/O context after each packet", OFFSET(flush packets), AV OPT TYPE INT, {.i64 = 1}, 0, 1, E
76.
      {"metadata_header_padding", "set number of bytes to be written as padding in a metadata header", OFFSET(metadata header padding), AV
77.
      OPT TYPE INT. {.i64 = -1}. -1. INT MAX. E}.
      {"output_ts_offset", "set output timestamp offset", OFFSET(output_ts_offset), AV_OPT_TYPE_DURATION, {.i64 = 0}, -
78.
      INT64 MAX, INT64 MAX, E},
79.
      {"max interleave delta", "maximum buffering duration for interleaving", OFFSET(max interleave delta), AV OPT TYPE INT64, { .i64 = 100
      0000 }, 0, INT64 MAX, E },
80.
      {"f_strict", "how strictly to follow the standards (deprecated; use strict, save via avconv)", OFFSET(strict_std_compliance), AV_OPT_
      TYPE_INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "strict"},
      {"strict", "how strictly to follow the standards", OFFSET(strict_std_compliance), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT_MIN, INT_MA
81
      D|E, "strict"},
82.
      {"strict", "strictly conform to all the things in the spec no matter what the consequences", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = FF_COMPLIA
      NCE_STRICT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "strict"},
      {"normal", NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = FF_COMPLIANCE_NORMAL }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, D|E, "strict"},
83.
      {"experimental", "allow non-
84.
      standardized experimental variants", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = FF COMPLIANCE EXPERIMENTAL }, INT MIN, INT MAX, D|E, "strict"},
      {"max_ts_probe", "maximum number of packets to read while waiting for the first timestamp", OFFSET(max_ts_probe), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {
85.
      .i64 = 50 }. 0. INT MAX. D }.
86.
      {NULL},
87.
      }:
88.
89.
      #undef F
90.
      #undef D
91.
      #undef DEFAULT
92.
      #undef OFFSET
93.
     #endif /* AVFORMAT OPTIONS TABLE H */
```

AVCodecContext

AVFormatContext 中的AVClass定义位于libavcodec\options.c中,是一个名称为av_codec_context_class的静态结构体。如下所示。

```
1.
      static const AVClass av_codec_context_class = {
      .class_name = "AVCodecContext",
 2.
 3.
          .item name
                                = context to name,
 4.
     .option
                               = avcodec_options,
                                = LIBAVUTIL VERSION INT,
          .version
     .log_level_offset_offset = offsetof(AVCodecContext, log_level_offset),
 6.
          .child next
                                = codec_child_next,
 8.
        .child_class_next
                               = codec_child_class_next,
 9.
                                = AV CLASS CATEGORY ENCODER,
         .category
10.
         .get category
                            = get category,
11. };
```

从源代码可以看出:

(1) class_name

该AVClass名称是"AVCodecContext"。

(2) item_name

item_name指向一个函数context_to_name (),该函数定义如下所示。

```
1. static const char* context_to_name(void* ptr) {
2. AVCodecContext *avc= ptr;
3.
4. if(avc && avc->codec && avc->codec->name)
5. return avc->codec->name;
6. else
7. return "NULL";
8. }
```

从函数的定义可以看出,如果AVCodecContext中的Codec结构体不为空,则返回Codec的name,否则返回"NULL"。

(3) category

option字段则指向一个元素个数极多的静态数组avcodec_options。该数组单独定义于libavcodec\options_table.h中。其中包含了AVCodecContext支持的所有的AVOption。由于该数组定义实在是太多了,在这里仅贴出它前面的一小部分。

```
[cpp] 📳 👔
 1.
           * 雪雲碰
             * leixiaohua1020@126.com
 3.
           * 中国传媒大学/数字电视技术
 4.
 5.
             * http://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020
 6.
 7.
 8.
           #ifndef AVCODEC_OPTIONS_TABLE_H
 9.
           #define AVCODEC_OPTIONS_TABLE_H
10.
11.
12.
          #include <float.h>
13.
           #include <limits.h>
14.
          #include <stdint.h>
15.
16.
          #include "libavutil/opt.h"
          #include "avcodec.h
17.
          #include "version.h"
18.
19.
20.
          #define OFFSET(x) offsetof(AVCodecContext,x)
21.
           #define DEFAULT 0 //should be NAN but it does not work as it is not a constant in glibc as required by ANSI/ISO C
22.
          //these names are too long to be readable
23.
           #define V AV_OPT_FLAG_VIDEO_PARAM
24.
           #define A AV_OPT_FLAG_AUDIO_PARAM
25.
           #define S AV OPT FLAG SUBTITLE PARAM
           #define E AV OPT FLAG ENCODING PARAM
26.
27.
           #define D AV OPT FLAG DECODING PARAM
28.
29.
          #define AV CODEC DEFAULT BITRATE 200*1000
30.
31.
           static const AVOntion avcodec options[] = {
          {"b", "set bitrate (in bits/s)", OFFSET(bit_rate), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = AV_CODEC_DEFAULT_BITRATE }, 0, INT_MAX, A|V|E}, and a substitute of the substi
32.
33.
           34.
          {"bt", "Set video bitrate tolerance (in bits/s). In 1-pass mode, bitrate tolerance specifies how far
35.
                       "ratecontrol is willing to deviate from the target average bitrate value. This is not related
36.
                      "to minimum/maximum bitrate. Lowering tolerance too much has an adverse effect on quality.",
37.
                        \texttt{OFFSET(bit\_rate\_tolerance), AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_INT, \{.i64 = AV\_CODEC\_DEFAULT\_BITRATE*20 \}, 1, INT\_MAX, V|E\}, } 
           {"flags", NULL, OFFSET(flags), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLAGS, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, 0, UINT_MAX, V|A|S|E|D, "flags"},
38.
            \{ "unaligned", "allow decoders to produce unaligned output", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE\_CONST, \{ .i64 = CODEC_FLAG_UNALIGNED \}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, I
             | D, "flags" },
           {"mv4", "use four motion vectors per macroblock (MPEG-4)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_4MV }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "f
40.
           lags"},
           {"qpel", "use 1/4-pel motion compensation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_QPEL }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"},
           {"loop", "use loop filter", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, { .i64 = CODEC FLAG LOOP FILTER }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, "flags"},
42.
           {"gscale", "use fixed gscale", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG QSCALE }, INT MIN, INT MAX, 0, "flags"},
43.
           #if FF_API GMC
44.
45.
           {"gmc", "use gmc", 0. AV OPT TYPE CONST. {.i64 = CODEC FLAG GMC }, INT MIN, INT MAX, VIE, "flags"},
          #endif
46.
47.
           #if FF APT MVO
48.
           {"mv0", "always try a mb with mv=<0,0>", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_MV0 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"},
49
           #endif
          #if FF API INPUT PRESERVED
50.
51.
           {"input_preserved", NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_INPUT_PRESERVED }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, 0, "flags"},
52.
           {"pass1", "use internal 2-
          pass ratecontrol in first pass mode", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_PASS1 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, 0, "flags"},
54.
           {"pass2". "use internal 2-
           pass ratecontrol in second pass mode", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG PASS2 }, INT MIN, INT MAX, 0, "flags"},
           {"gray", "only decode/encode grayscale", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG GRAY }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E|D, "flags"},
55.
           #if FF API EMU EDGE
56.
           {"emu_edge", "do not draw edges", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_EMU_EDGE }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, 0, "flags"},
57.
58.
           #endif
59.
           {"psnr", "error[?] variables will be set during encoding", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG PSNR }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, '
           flags"}.
60.
          {"truncated", NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_TRUNCATED }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, 0, "flags"},
           #if FF API NORMALIZE AQP
61.
          {"naq", "normalize adaptive quantization", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_NORMALIZE_AQP }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"}
63.
64.
           {"ildct", "use interlaced DCT", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_INTERLACED_DCT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"},
65.
           {"low_delay", "force low delay", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_LOW_DELAY }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|D|E, "flags"},
           {"global header", "place global headers in extradata instead of every keyframe", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG GLOBAL HEAD
66.
          R }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|A|E, "flags"},
           {"bitexact", "use only bitexact functions (except (I)DCT)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_BITEXACT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, A|
67.
           ISIDIE, "flags"}.
           {"aic", "H.263 advanced intra coding / MPEG-
68.
           4 AC prediction", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_AC_PRED }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"},
69.
          {"ilme", "interlaced motion estimation", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG INTERLACED ME }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, "flags"},
70.
           {"cgop", "closed GOP", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_CLOSED_GOP }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags"},
           {"output_corrupt", "Output even potentially corrupted frames", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG_OUTPUT_CORRUPT }, INT_MIN, IN
71.
            _MAX, V|D, "flags"},
           {"fast", "allow non-spec-compliant speedup tricks", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = CODEC FLAG2 FAST }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, "flags2
73.
           {"noout", "skip bitstream encoding", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_NO_OUTPUT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "flags2"},
74.
          {"ignorecrop", "ignore cropping information from sps", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_IGNORE_CROP }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|D
             "flags2"}.
           {"local_header", "place global headers at every keyframe instead of in extradata", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_LOCAL_HE
```

```
DER }, INI MIN, INI MAX, V|E, "TLags2"},
           {"chunks", "Frame data might be split into multiple chunks", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_CHUNKS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|
              "flags2"},
           {"showall", "Show all frames before the first keyframe", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_SHOW_ALL }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|D,
           "flags2"},
          {"export_mvs", "export motion vectors through frame side data", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = CODEC_FLAG2_EXPORT_MVS}, INT_MIN, INT_M
          X, V|D, "flags2"},
79.
          {"me_method", "set motion estimation method", OFFSET(me_method), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = ME_EPZS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_meth
          od"}.
          {"zero", "zero motion estimation (fastest)", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = ME ZERO }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, "me method" },
80.
          {"full", "full motion estimation (slowest)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_FULL }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
81.
          {"epzs", "EPZS motion estimation (default)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_EPZS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
82.
83.
           {"esa", "esa motion estimation (alias for full)", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = ME FULL }, INT MIN, INT MAX, V|E, "me method" },
          {"tesa", "tesa motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_TESA }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
84.
85.
          {"dia", "diamond motion estimation (alias for EPZS)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_EPZS }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
86.
           \{ "log", "log motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE\_CONST, \\ \{ .i64 = ME\_LOG \ \}, INT\_MIN, INT\_MAX, V | E, "me\_method" \ \}, INT\_MIN, INT\_MAX, V | E, "me_method" \ \}, INT\_MAX, V | E, "
          87.
           {"x1", "X1 motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_X1 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
88.
          {"hex", "hex motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_HEX }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
89.
90.
          {"umh", "umh motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_UMH }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
91.
          {"iter", "iter motion estimation", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = ME_ITER }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E, "me_method" },
92.
          {"extradata_size", NULL, OFFSET(extradata_size), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX},
93.
          {"time base", NULL, OFFSET(time base), AV OPT TYPE RATIONAL, {.dbl = 0}, INT MIN, INT MAX},
         {"g", "set the group of picture (GOP) size", OFFSET(gop_size), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 12 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, V|E},
94.
          {"ar", "set audio sampling rate (in Hz)", OFFSET(sample_rate), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, A|D|E},
95.
        {"ac", "set number of audio channels", OFFSET(channels), AV OPT TYPE INT, {.i64 = DEFAULT }, INT MIN, INT MAX, A|D|E},
96.
```

AVFrame

AVFrame 中的AVClass定义位于libavcodec\options.c中,是一个名称为av_frame_class的静态结构体。如下所示。

option字段则指向一个元素个数极多的静态数组frame_options。frame_options定义如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 🔝
       static const AVOption frame_options[]={
      {"best_effort_timestamp", "", FOFFSET(best_effort_timestamp), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64, {.i64 = AV_NOPTS_VALUE }, INT64_MIN, INT64_MAX, 0},
3.
       {"pkt_pos", "", F0FFSET(pkt_pos), AV_0PT_TYPE_INT64, {.i64 = -1 }, INT64_MIN, INT64_MAX, 0},
      {"pkt_size", "", FOFFSET(pkt_size), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64, {.i64 = -1 }, INT64_MIN, INT64_MAX, 0},
4.
      {"sample aspect ratio", "", FOFFSET(sample aspect ratio), AV OPT TYPE RATIONAL, {.dbl = 0 }, 0, INT MAX, 0},
5.
       \{"width", "", FOFFSET(width), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, \{.i64 = 0 \}, 0, INT_MAX, 0\}, \\
6.
       {"height", "", FOFFSET(height), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 0 }, 0, INT_MAX, 0},
7.
      {"format", "", FOFFSET(format), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = -1 }, 0, INT_MAX, 0},
8.
      {"channel_layout", "", FOFFSET(channel_layout), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT64, {.i64 = 0 }, 0, INT64_MAX, 0}, {"sample_rate", "", FOFFSET(sample_rate), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 0 }, 0, INT_MAX, 0},
9.
10.
11.
      {NULL},
12.
      };
```

可以看出AVFrame的选项数组中包含了"width","height"这类用于视频帧的选项,以及"channel layout","sample rate"这类用于音频帧的选项。

各种组件特有的AVClass

除了FFmpeg中通用的AVFormatContext,AVCodecContext,AVFrame这类的结构体之外,每种特定的组件也包含自己的AVClass。下面举例几 个。

LibRTMP

libRTMP中根据协议类型的不同定义了多种的AVClass。由于这些AVClass除了名字不一样之外,其他的字段一模一样,所以AVClass的声明写成了一个名称为RTMP_ CLASS的宏。

而后定义了多种AVCLass:

```
1. RTMP_CLASS(rtmp)
2. RTMP_CLASS(rtmpt)
3. RTMP_CLASS(rtmpe)
4. RTMP_CLASS(rtmpte)
5. RTMP_CLASS(rtmps)
```

这些AVClass的option字段指向的数组是一样的,如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
  1.
       static const AVOption options[] = {
           {"rtmp_app", "Name of application to connect to on the RTMP server", OFFSET(app), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str = NULL }, 0, 0, DEC|E
  2.
  3.
           {"rtmp buffer", "Set buffer time in milliseconds. The default is 3000.", OFFSET(client buffer time), AV OPT TYPE STRING, {.str =
        "3000"}, 0, 0, DEC|ENC},
  4.
          {"rtmp_conn", "Append arbitrary AMF data to the Connect message", OFFSET(conn), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str = NULL }, 0, 0, DEC|ENC
            {"rtmp flashver", "Version of the Flash plugin used to run the SWF player.", OFFSET(flashver), AV OPT TYPE STRING, {.str = NULL }
        0. 0. DECIENC).
  6.
           {"rtmp_live", "Specify that the media is a live stream.", OFFSET(live), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, {.i64 = 0}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, DEC, "rtm
       p_live"},
           {"any", "both", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = -2}, 0, 0, DEC, "rtmp_live"},
          {"live", "live stream", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = -1}, 0, 0, DEC, "rtmp live"},
  8.
            {"recorded", "recorded stream", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = 0}, 0, 0, DEC, "rtmp live"},
  9.
            {"rtmp pageurl", "URL of the web page in which the media was embedded. By default no value will be sent.", OFFSET(pageurl), AV OP
 10.
       T TYPE STRING, {.str = NULL }, 0, 0, DEC}.
            {"rtmp_playpath", "Stream identifier to play or to publish", OFFSET(playpath), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str = NULL }, 0, 0, DEC|ENC}
 11.
 12.
          {"rtmp_subscribe", "Name of live stream to subscribe to. Defaults to rtmp_playpath.", OFFSET(subscribe), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.st
        r = NULL \}, 0, 0, DEC\},
 13.
           "" tmp_swfurl", "URL of the SWF player. By default no value will be sent", OFFSET(swfurl), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str = NULL }, 0,
       0, DEC|ENC},
           {"rtmp_swfverify", "URL to player swf file, compute hash/size automatically. (unimplemented)", OFFSET(swfverify), AV_OPT_TYPE_STR
       ING, \{.str = NULL \}, 0, 0, DEC\},
          {"rtmp_tcurl", "URL of the target stream. Defaults to proto://host[:port]/app.", OFFSET(tcurl), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str = NULL
       }, 0, 0, DEC|ENC},
          { NULL },
 16.
 17.
       };
4
```

Libx264

Libx264的AVClass定义如下所示。

```
static const AVClass x264_class = {
    .class_name = "libx264",
    .item_name = av_default_item_name,
    .option = options,
    .version = LIBAVUTIL_VERSION_INT,
};
```

其中option字段指向的数组定义如下所示。这些option的使用频率还是比较高的。

```
[cpp] 📳 👔
1.
     static const AVOption options[] = {
         { "preset",
                            "Set the encoding preset (cf. x264 --fullhelp)", OFFSET(preset), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { .str = "mediu
2.
     m" }, 0, 0, VE},
          { "tune",
3.
                            "Tune the encoding params (cf. x264 --
     fullhelp)", OFFSET(tune),
                                       AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE},
         { "profile",
4.
                           "Set profile restrictions (cf. x264
     fullhelp) ", OFFSET(profile), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE},
5.
          { "fastfirstpass", "Use fast settings when encoding first pass",
                                                                              OFFSET(fastfirstpass), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT,
                                                                                                                        \{ .i64 = 1 \}, 0,
     1, VE},
6.
      {"level", "Specify level (as defined by Annex A)", OFFSET(level), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str=NULL}, 0, 0, VE},
          {"passlogfile", "Filename for 2 pass stats", OFFSET(stats), AV OPT TYPE STRING, {.str=NULL}, 0, 0, VE},
       {"wpredp", "Weighted prediction for P-frames", OFFSET(wpredp), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str=NULL}, 0, 0, VE},
8.
          {"x264opts", "x264 options", OFFSET(x264opts), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {.str=NULL}, 0, 0, VE},
9.
        { "crf",
                           "Select the quality for constant quality mode", OFFSET(crf),
10.
                                                                                                    AV OPT TYPE FLOAT. \{.dbl = -1\}. -
     1, FLT MAX, VE },
```

```
11.
          { "crf max".
                             "In CRF mode, prevents VBV from lowering quality beyond this point.", OFFSET(crf_max), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLOAT, {.dbl
       = -1 }, -1, FLT MAX, VE },
                             "Constant quantization parameter rate control method", OFFSET(cqp), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 },
12
         { "qp",
      -1, INT MAX, VE },
13.
          { "aq-mode",
                              "AO method".
                                                                                 OFFSET(ag mode).
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT.
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \}.
      -1, INT MAX, VE, "aq mode"},
                                                0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = X264 AQ NONE}, INT MIN, INT MAX, VE,
14.
          { "none".
                             NULL.
      "aq_mode" },
                              "Variance AQ (complexity mask)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_AQ_VARIANCE},
15.
          { "variance".
                                                                                                                      INT MIN. INT MAX. VE.
      "aq_mode" },
          { "autovariance", "Auto-
16.
      variance AQ (experimental)", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_AQ_AUTOVARIANCE}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, VE, "aq_mode" },
17.
          { "aq-
      strength",
                   "AQ strength. Reduces blocking and blurring in flat and textured areas.", OFFSET(aq_strength), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLOAT, {.dbl
      = -1}, -1, FLT_MAX, VE},
                              "Use psychovisual optimizations.", OFFSET(psy), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 },
18
         { "psy",
      -1, 1, VE },
19.
          { "psy-rd",
                             "Strength of psychovisual optimization, in <psy-rd>:<psy-
      trellis> format.", OFFSET(psy_rd), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, {0}, 0, 0, VE},
          { "rc-
      lookahead", "Number of frames to look ahead for frametype and ratecontrol", OFFSET(rc lookahead), AV OPT TYPE INT, { .i64 = -1 }, -
      1, INT_MAX, VE },
21.
                              "Weighted prediction for B-frames.",
          { "weightb",
                                                                                 OFFSET(weightb),
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT,
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \},
      -1. 1. VE }.
          { "weightp".
                             "Weighted prediction analysis method.", OFFSET(weightp), AV OPT TYPE INT, { .i64 = -1 },
22.
      -1, INT_MAX, VE, "weightp" },
          { "none".
                             NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_WEIGHTP_NONE}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, VE, "weightp" },
23.
24.
          { "simple",
                             \label{eq:null} {\tt NULL, \ 0, \ AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, \ \{.i64 = X264\_WEIGHTP\_SIMPLE\}, \ INT\_MIN, \ INT\_MAX, \ VE, \ "weightp" \ \},}
                             \label{eq:null} \mbox{NULL, 0, AV\_OPT\_TYPE\_CONST, } \{.\mbox{i64 = X264\_WEIGHTP\_SMART}\}, \ \ \mbox{INT\_MIN, INT\_MAX, VE, "weightp" }\},
25.
          { "smart",
        { "ssim",
                             "Calculate and print SSIM stats.",
                                                                                OFFSET(ssim).
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT.
                                                                                                                           \{ .i64 = -1 \}.
26.
      -1, 1, VE },
          { "intra-refresh", "Use Periodic Intra Refresh instead of IDR frames.", OFFSET(intra_refresh), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT,
27
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \},
      -1, 1, VE },
28.
          { "bluray-compat", "Bluray compatibility workarounds.", OFFSET(bluray_compat) ,AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 },
      -1, 1, VE },
          { "b-bias",
29.
                              "Influences how often B-
      frames are used",
                                OFFSET(b bias),
                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT,
                                                                             { .i64 = INT MIN}, INT MIN, INT MAX, VE },
          { "b-pyramid".
                            "Keep some B-frames as references.",
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT. \{ .i64 = -1 \}.
30.
                                                                                 OFFSET(b pyramid).
      -1, INT MAX, VE, "b pyramid" },
                                                                    0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, { .i64 = X264 B PYRAMID NONE}, INT MIN, INT MAX,
31.
          { "none".
                             NULL.
        "b pyramid" },
          { "strict",
                             "Strictly hierarchical pyramid", 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_B_PYRAMID_STRICT}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX,
32
      VE, "b_pyramid" },
          { "normal",
33.
                             "Non-strict (not Blu-
      ray compatible)", 0, AV OPT TYPE CONST, {.i64 = X264 B PYRAMID NORMAL}, INT MIN, INT MAX, VE, "b pyramid" },
34
          { "mixed-
      refs", "One reference per partition, as opposed to one reference per macroblock", OFFSET(mixed_refs), AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -
      1}, -1, 1, VE },
          { "8x8dct",
                              "High profile 8x8 transform.",
                                                                                 OFFSET(dct8x8),
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT,
35
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \},
      -1, 1, VE},
          { "fast-pskip",
                             NULL.
                                                                                 OFFSET(fast_pskip),
36.
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT, \{ .i64 = -1 \},
      -1, 1, VE},
37.
          { "aud".
                              "Use access unit delimiters.",
                                                                                 OFFSET(aud).
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE INT.
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \}.
      -1, 1, VE},
                                                                                                        AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 },
         { "mbtree".
                             "Use macroblock tree ratecontrol.".
                                                                                 OFFSET(mbtree).
38.
      -1, 1, VE},
39.
          { "deblock",
                              "Loop filter parameters, in <alpha:beta> form.", OFFSET(deblock),
                                                                                                        AV OPT TYPE STRING, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE
        { "cplxblur",
40
                             "Reduce fluctuations in QP (before curve compression)", OFFSET(cplxblur), AV_OPT_TYPE_FLOAT, {.dbl = -1 }, -
      1, FLT_MAX, VE},
41
          { "partitions",
                              "A comma-separated list of partitions to consider. '
42.
                             "Possible values: p8x8, p4x4, b8x8, i8x8, i4x4, none, all", OFFSET(partitions), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0,
      0, VE},
43
          { "direct-pred",
                             "Direct MV prediction mode",
                                                                                 OFFSET(direct pred), AV OPT TYPE INT,
      -1, INT_MAX, VE, "direct-pred" },
                       NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, { .i64 = X264_DIRECT_PRED_NONE }, 0, 0, VE, "direct-pred" },
44.
       { "none",
                                     0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, { .i64 = X264_DIRECT_PRED_SPATIAL }, 0, 0, VE, "direct-pred" },
0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, { .i64 = X264_DIRECT_PRED_TEMPORAL }, 0, 0, VE, "direct-pred" },
                                              AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, { .i64 = X264_DIRECT_PRED_SPATIAL }, 0, 0, VE, "direct-pred" },
45.
          { "spatial".
                             NULL.
      { "temporal",
46.
                             NULL,
                                             AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, { .i64 = X264_DIRECT_PRED_AUTO },
          { "auto".
                                                                                                        0, 0, VE, "direct-pred" },
47.
                             NULL.
                                        0.
          { "slice-max-size", "Limit the size of each slice in bytes",
48.
                                                                                OFFSET(slice_max_size),AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 },
      -1, INT MAX, VE },
49
          { "stats",
                             "Filename for 2 pass stats",
                                                                                 OFFSET(stats),
                                                                                                        AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0,
      0. VE }.
                             "Signal HRD information (requires vbv-bufsize; "
50
       { "nal-hrd",
51.
                              "cbr not allowed in .mp4)",
                                                                                 OFFSET(nal_hrd),
                                                                                                        AV_OPT_TYPE_INT,
                                                                                                                             \{ .i64 = -1 \},
      -1, INT MAX, VE, "nal-hrd" },
                             NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_NAL_HRD_NONE}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, VE, "nal-hrd" },
      { "none",
                             NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_NAL_HRD_VBR}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, VE, "nal-hrd" }, NULL, 0, AV_OPT_TYPE_CONST, {.i64 = X264_NAL_HRD_CBR}, INT_MIN, INT_MAX, VE, "nal-hrd" },
53.
            "vbr",
         { "cbr",
54.
          { "avcintra-class", "AVC-Intra class 50/100/200",
                                                                                 OFFSET(avcintra class), AV OPT TYPE INT,
                                                                                                                              \{ .i64 = -1 \},
55.
       -1. 200 . VE}.
         { "x264-params". "Override the x264 configuration using a :-
56.
      separated list of key=value parameters", OFFSET(x264_params), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE },
57.
          { NULL },
58.
     }:
```

Libx265的AVClass定义如下所示。

```
1. static const AVClass class = {
2. .class_name = "libx265",
3. .item_name = av_default_item_name,
4. .option = options,
5. .version = LIBAVUTIL_VERSION_INT,
6. };
```

其中option字段指向的数组定义如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 👔
     static const AVOption options[] = {
        { "preset",
                       "set the x265 preset",
                                                                                                       OFFSET(preset),
                                                                                                                         AV_OPT_TYPE_ST
     NG, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE },
                         "set the x265 tune parameter",
                                                                                                       OFFSET(tune),
                                                                                                                         AV_OPT_TYPE_ST
        { "tune",
     NG, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE },
4.
        { "x265-params", "set the x265 configuration using a :-
    separated list of key=value parameters", OFFSET(x265_opts), AV_OPT_TYPE_STRING, { 0 }, 0, 0, VE },
        { NULL }
5.
   }:
6.
```

官方代码中有关AVClass和AVOption的示例

官方代码中给出了一小段示例代码,演示了如何给一个普通的结构体添加AVOption的支持。如下所示。

```
[cpp] 📳 🔝
      typedef struct test_struct {
 2.
      AVClass *class;
 3.
          int
                  int_opt;
      char str_opt;
 4.
          uint8_t bin_opt;
      int
 6.
                  bin len;
 7.
      } test_struct;
 8.
      static const AVOption test options[] = {
 9.
      { "test_int", "This is a test option of int type.", offsetof(test_struct, int opt),
10.
          AV_OPT_TYPE_INT, { .i64 = -1 }, INT_MIN, INT_MAX },
11.
     { "test_str", "This is a test option of string type.", offsetof(test_struct, str_opt),
12.
          AV OPT TYPE STRING },
13.
      { "test_bin", "This is a test option of binary type.", offsetof(test_struct, bin_opt),
14.
15.
          AV OPT TYPE BINARY },
      { NULL },
16.
17.
18.
19.
      static const AVClass test_class = {
      .class_name = "test class",
20.
          .item_name = av_default_item_name,
21.
      .option = test_options,
.version = LIBAVUTIL_VERSION_INT,
22.
23.
24. };
```

AVClass有关的API

与AVClass相关的API很少。AVFormatContext提供了一个获取当前AVClass的函数avformat_get_class()。它的代码很简单,直接返回全局静态变量av_format_context_class。定义如下所示。

```
const AVClass *avformat_get_class(void)
{
    return &av_format_context_class;
}
```

同样,AVCodecContext也提供了一个获取当前AVClass的函数avcodec_get_class()。它直接返回静态变量av_codec_context_class。定义如下所示。

```
1. const AVClass *avcodec_get_class(void)
2. {
3. return &av_codec_context_class;
4. }
```

至此FFmpeg的AVClass就基本上分析完毕了。下篇文章具体分析AVOption。

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个人分类: FFMPEG 所属专栏: FFmpeg

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