

## 原 LIRe 源代码分析 3：基本接口（ImageSearcher）

2013年10月31日 20:48:59 阅读数：5673

=====

LIRe源代码分析系列文章列表：

[LIRe 源代码分析 1：整体结构](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 2：基本接口（DocumentBuilder）](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 3：基本接口（ImageSearcher）](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 4：建立索引（DocumentBuilder）\[以颜色布局为例\]](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 5：提取特征向量\[以颜色布局为例\]](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 6：检索（ImageSearcher）\[以颜色布局为例\]](#)

[LIRe 源代码分析 7：算法类\[以颜色布局为例\]](#)

=====

上篇文章介绍了LIRe源代码里的DocumentBuilder的几个基本接口。本文继续研究一下源代码里的ImageSearcher的几个基本接口。

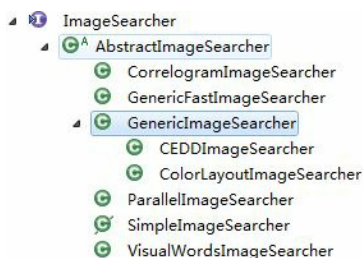
下面来看看与ImageSearcher相关的类的定义：

ImageSearcher：接口，定义了基本的方法。

AbstractImageSearcher：纯虚类，实现了ImageSearcher接口。

ImageSearcherFactory：用于创建ImageSearcher。

ImageSearcher相关的类的继承关系如下图所示。可见，各种算法类都继承了AbstractImageSearcher，而AbstractImageSearcher实现了ImageSearcher接口。



此外还有一个结构体：

ImageSearchHits：用于存储搜索的结果。

详细的源代码如下所示：

### ImageSearcher

```
[java]
1.  /*
2.   * This file is part of the LIRe project: http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
3.   * LIRe is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
4.   * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
5.   * the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
6.   * (at your option) any later version.
7.   *
8.   * LIRe is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
9.   * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
10.  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
11.  * GNU General Public License for more details.
12.  *
13.  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
14.  * along with LIRe; if not, write to the Free Software
15.  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
16.  */
```

```

17.  * We kindly ask you to refer the following paper in any publication mentioning Lire:
18.  *
19.  * Lux Mathias, Savvas A. Chatzichristofis. Lire: Lucene Image Retrieval 鈥?
20.  * An Extensible Java CBIR Library. In proceedings of the 16th ACM International
21.  * Conference on Multimedia, pp. 1085-1088, Vancouver, Canada, 2008
22.  *
23.  * http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/1459359.1459577
24.  *
25.  * Copyright statement:
26.  * -----
27.  * (c) 2002-2011 by Mathias Lux (mathias@juggle.at)
28.  * http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
29.  */
30.
31. package net.semanticmetadata.lire;
32.
33. import org.apache.lucene.document.Document;
34. import org.apache.lucene.index.IndexReader;
35.
36. import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
37. import java.io.IOException;
38. import java.io.InputStream;
39. import java.util.Set;
40.
41. /**
42.  * <h2>Searching in an Index</h2>
43.  * Use the ImageSearcherFactory for creating an ImageSearcher, which will retrieve the images
44.  * for you from the index.
45.  * <p/>
46.  * <pre>
47.  * IndexReader reader = IndexReader.open(indexPath);
48.  * ImageSearcher searcher = ImageSearcherFactory.createDefaultSearcher();
49.  * FileInputStream imageStream = new FileInputStream("image.jpg");
50.  * BufferedImage bimg = ImageIO.read(imageStream);
51.  * // searching for an image:
52.  * ImageSearchHits hits = null;
53.  * hits = searcher.search(bimg, reader);
54.  * for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
55.  * System.out.println(hits.score(i) + " : " + hits.doc(i).getField(DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_IDENTIFIER).stringValue());
56.  * }
57.  *
58.  * // searching for a document:
59.  * Document document = hits.doc(0);
60.  * hits = searcher.search(document, reader);
61.  * for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
62.  * System.out.println(hits.score(i) + " : " + hits.doc(i).getField(DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_IDENTIFIER).stringValue());
63.  * }
64.  * </pre>
65.  * <p/>
66.  * This file is part of the Caliph and Emir project: http://www.SemanticMetadata.net
67.  * <br>Date: 01.02.2006
68.  * <br>Time: 00:09:42
69.  *
70.  * @author Mathias Lux, mathias@juggle.at
71.  */
72. public interface ImageSearcher {
73.     /**
74.      * Searches for images similar to the given image.
75.      *
76.      * @param image the example image to search for.
77.      * @param reader the IndexReader which is used to dsearch through the images.
78.      * @return a sorted list of hits.
79.      * @throws java.io.IOException in case exceptions in the reader occurs
80.      */
81.     public ImageSearchHits search(BufferedImage image, IndexReader reader) throws IOException;
82.
83.     /**
84.      * Searches for images similar to the given image, defined by the Document from the index.
85.      *
86.      * @param doc the example image to search for.
87.      * @param reader the IndexReader which is used to dsearch through the images.
88.      * @return a sorted list of hits.
89.      * @throws java.io.IOException in case exceptions in the reader occurs
90.      */
91.     public ImageSearchHits search(Document doc, IndexReader reader) throws IOException;
92.
93.     /**
94.      * Searches for images similar to the given image.
95.      *
96.      * @param image the example image to search for.
97.      * @param reader the IndexReader which is used to dsearch through the images.
98.      * @return a sorted list of hits.
99.      * @throws IOException in case the image could not be read from stream.
100.     */
101.     public ImageSearchHits search(InputStream image, IndexReader reader) throws IOException;
102.
103.     /**
104.      * Identifies duplicates in the database.
105.      *
106.      * @param reader the IndexReader which is used to dsearch through the images.
107.      * @return a sorted list of hits.

```

```

108.     * @throws IOException in case the image could not be read from stream.
109.     */
110.     public ImageDuplicates findDuplicates(IndexReader reader) throws IOException;
111.
112.     /**
113.      * Modifies the given search by the provided positive and negative examples. This process follows the idea
114.      * of relevance feedback.
115.      *
116.      * @param originalSearch
117.      * @param positives
118.      * @param negatives
119.      * @return
120.      */
121.     public ImageSearchHits relevanceFeedback(ImageSearchHits originalSearch,
122.                                              Set<Document> positives, Set<Document> negatives);
123. }

```

从接口的源代码可以看出，提供了5个方法，其中有3个名字都叫search()，只是参数不一样。一个是BufferedImage，一个是Document，而另一个是InputStream。

### AbstractImageSearcher

```

1.  /*
2.   * This file is part of the LIRe project: http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
3.   * LIRe is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
4.   * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
5.   * the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
6.   * (at your option) any later version.
7.   *
8.   * LIRe is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
9.   * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
10.  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
11.  * GNU General Public License for more details.
12.  *
13.  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
14.  * along with LIRe; if not, write to the Free Software
15.  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
16.  *
17.  * We kindly ask you to refer the following paper in any publication mentioning Lire:
18.  *
19.  * Lux Mathias, Savvas A. Chatzichristofis. Lire: Lucene Image Retrieval 鈥?
20.  * An Extensible Java CBIR Library. In proceedings of the 16th ACM International
21.  * Conference on Multimedia, pp. 1085-1088, Vancouver, Canada, 2008
22.  *
23.  * http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/1459359.1459577
24.  *
25.  * Copyright statement:
26.  * -----
27.  * (c) 2002-2011 by Mathias Lux (mathias@juggle.at)
28.  * http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
29.  */
30. package net.semanticmetadata.lire;
31.
32. import org.apache.lucene.document.Document;
33. import org.apache.lucene.index.IndexReader;
34.
35. import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
36. import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
37. import java.io.IOException;
38. import java.io.InputStream;
39. import java.util.Set;
40.
41.
42. /**
43.  * Abstract ImageSearcher, which uses javax.imageio.ImageIO to create a BufferedImage
44.  * from an InputStream.
45.  * <p/>
46.  * This file is part of the Caliph and Emir project: http://www.SemanticMetadata.net
47.  * <br>Date: 01.02.2006
48.  * <br>Time: 00:13:16
49.  *
50.  * @author Mathias Lux, mathias@juggle.at
51.  */
52. public abstract class AbstractImageSearcher implements ImageSearcher {
53.     /**
54.      * Searches for images similar to the given image. This simple implementation uses
55.      * {@link ImageSearcher#search(java.awt.image.BufferedImage, org.apache.lucene.index.IndexReader)},
56.      * the image is read using javax.imageio.ImageIO.
57.      *
58.      * @param image the example image to search for.
59.      * @param reader the IndexReader which is used to dsearch through the images.
60.      * @return a sorted list of hits.
61.      * @throws IOException in case the image could not be read from stream.
62.      */
63.     public ImageSearchHits search(InputStream image, IndexReader reader) throws IOException {
64.         BufferedImage bufferedImage = ImageIO.read(image);
65.         return search(bufferedImage, reader);
66.     }
67.
68.     public ImageSearchHits relevanceFeedback(ImageSearchHits originalSearch, Set<Document> positives, Set<Document> negatives) {
69.         throw new UnsupportedOperationException("Not implemented yet for this kind of searcher!");
70.     }
71. }

```

从代码中可以看出AbstractImageSearcher实现了ImageSearcher接口。其中的search(InputStream image, IndexReader reader)方法调用了search(BufferedImage image, IndexReader reader)方法。说白了，就是把2个函数的功能合并为一个函数。

## ImageSearcherFactory

```

1.  /*
2.   * This file is part of the LIRe project: http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
3.   * LIRe is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
4.   * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
5.   * the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
6.   * (at your option) any later version.
7.   *
8.   * LIRe is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
9.   * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of

```

```

10.  * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
11.  * GNU General Public License for more details.
12.  *
13.  * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
14.  * along with LIRe; if not, write to the Free Software
15.  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
16.  *
17.  * We kindly ask you to refer the following paper in any publication mentioning LIRe:
18.  *
19.  * Lux Mathias, Savvas A. Chatzichristofis. LIRe: Lucene Image Retrieval 欽0
20.  * An Extensible Java CBIR Library. In proceedings of the 16th ACM International
21.  * Conference on Multimedia, pp. 1085-1088, Vancouver, Canada, 2008
22.  *
23.  * http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/1459359.1459577
24.  *
25.  * Copyright statement:
26.  * ~~~~~
27.  * (c) 2002-2011 by Mathias Lux (mathias@juggle.at)
28.  * http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
29.  */
30.
31. package net.semanticmetadata.lire;
32.
33. import net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.*;
34. import net.semanticmetadata.lire.impl.CorrelogramImageSearcher;
35. import net.semanticmetadata.lire.impl.GenericFastImageSearcher;
36. import net.semanticmetadata.lire.impl.SimpleImageSearcher;
37.
38. /**
39.  * <h2>Searching in an Index</h2>
40.  * Use the ImageSearcherFactory for creating an ImageSearcher, which will retrieve the images
41.  * for you from the index.
42.  * <p/>
43.  * <pre>
44.  * IndexReader reader = IndexReader.open(indexPath);
45.  * ImageSearcher searcher = ImageSearcherFactory.createDefaultSearcher();
46.  * FileInputStream imageStream = new FileInputStream("image.jpg");
47.  * BufferedImage bimg = ImageIO.read(imageStream);
48.  * // searching for an image:
49.  * ImageSearchHits hits = null;
50.  * hits = searcher.search(bimg, reader);
51.  * for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
52.  * System.out.println(hits.score(i) + " : " + hits.doc(i).getField(DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_IDENTIFIER).stringValue());
53.  * }
54.  *
55.  * // searching for a document:
56.  * Document document = hits.doc(0);
57.  * hits = searcher.search(document, reader);
58.  * for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
59.  * System.out.println(hits.score(i) + " : " + hits.doc(i).getField(DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_IDENTIFIER).stringValue());
60.  * }
61.  * </pre>
62.  * <p/>
63.  * This file is part of the Caliph and Emir project: http://www.SemanticMetadata.net
64.  * <br>Date: 03.02.2006
65.  * <br>Time: 00:30:07
66.  *
67.  * @author Mathias Lux, mathias@juggle.at
68.  */
69. public class ImageSearcherFactory {
70.     /**
71.      * Default number of maximum hits.
72.      */
73.     public static int NUM_MAX_HITS = 100;
74.
75.     /**
76.      * Creates a new simple image searcher with the desired number of maximum hits.
77.      *
78.      * @param maximumHits
79.      * @return the searcher instance
80.      * @deprecated Use ColorLayout, EdgeHistogram and ScalableColor features instead.
81.      */
82.     public static ImageSearcher createSimpleSearcher(int maximumHits) {
83.         return ImageSearcherFactory.createColorLayoutImageSearcher(maximumHits);
84.     }
85.
86.     /**
87.      * Returns a new default ImageSearcher with a predefined number of maximum
88.      * hits defined in the {@link ImageSearcherFactory#NUM_MAX_HITS} based on the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.CEDD
eature
89.      *
90.      * @return the searcher instance
91.      */
92.     public static ImageSearcher createDefaultSearcher() {
93.         return new GenericFastImageSearcher(NUM_MAX_HITS, CEDD.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_CEDD);
94.     }
95.
96.     /**
97.      * Returns a new ImageSearcher with the given number of maximum hits
98.      * which only takes the overall color into account. texture and color
99.      * distribution are ignored.

```

```

100.     *
101.     * @param maximumHits defining how many hits are returned in max (e.g. 100 would be ok)
102.     * @return the ImageSearcher
103.     * @see ImageSearcher
104.     * @deprecated Use ColorHistogram or ScalableColor instead
105.     */
106.     public static ImageSearcher createColorOnlySearcher(int maximumHits) {
107.         return ImageSearcherFactory.createScalableColorImageSearcher(maximumHits);
108.     }
109.
110.     /**
111.     * Returns a new ImageSearcher with the given number of maximum hits and
112.     * the specified weights on the different matching aspects. All weights
113.     * should be in [0,1] whereas a weight of 0 implies that the feature is
114.     * not taken into account for searching. Note that the effect is relative and
115.     * can only be fully applied if the {@link DocumentBuilderFactory#getExtensiveDocumentBuilder() extensive DocumentBuilder}
116.     * is used.
117.     *
118.     * @param maximumHits      defining how many hits are returned in max
119.     * @param colorHistogramWeight a weight in [0,1] defining the importance of overall color in the images
120.     * @param colorDistributionWeight a weight in [0,1] defining the importance of color distribution (which color where) in the image
121.     *
122.     * @param textureWeight      defining the importance of texture (which edges where) in the images
123.     * @return the searcher instance or NULL if the weights are not appropriate, eg. all 0 or not in [0,1]
124.     * @see DocumentBuilderFactory
125.     * @deprecated Use ColorLayout, EdgeHistogram and ScalableColor features instead.
126.     */
127.     public static ImageSearcher createWeightedSearcher(int maximumHits,
128.                                                         float colorHistogramWeight,
129.                                                         float colorDistributionWeight,
130.                                                         float textureWeight) {
131.         if (isAppropriateWeight(colorHistogramWeight)
132.             && isAppropriateWeight(colorDistributionWeight)
133.             && isAppropriateWeight(textureWeight)
134.             && (colorHistogramWeight + colorDistributionWeight + textureWeight > 0f))
135.             return new SimpleImageSearcher(maximumHits, colorHistogramWeight, colorDistributionWeight, textureWeight);
136.         else
137.             return null;
138.     }
139.
140.     /**
141.     * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.AutoColorCorrelogram}
142.     * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
143.     *
144.     * @param maximumHits number of hits returned.
145.     * @return
146.     */
147.     public static ImageSearcher createAutoColorCorrelogramImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
148.         return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, AutoColorCorrelogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_AUTOCOLORCORRELOGRAM);
149.     }
150.
151.     /**
152.     * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.AutoColorCorrelogram}
153.     * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
154.     *
155.     * @param maximumHits number of hits returned.
156.     * @return
157.     * @deprecated Use #createAutoColorCorrelogramImageSearcher instead
158.     */
159.     public static ImageSearcher createFastCorrelogramImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
160.         return new CorrelogramImageSearcher(maximumHits, AutoColorCorrelogram.Mode.SuperFast);
161.     }
162.
163.     /**
164.     * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.CEDD}
165.     * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
166.     *
167.     * @param maximumHits
168.     * @return
169.     */
170.     public static ImageSearcher createCEDDImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
171.         return new CEDDImageSearcher(maximumHits);
172.     }
173.
174.     /**
175.     * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.FCTH}
176.     * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
177.     *
178.     * @param maximumHits
179.     * @return
180.     */
181.     public static ImageSearcher createFCTHImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
182.         return new GenericImageSearcher(maximumHits, FCTH.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_FCTH);
183.     }
184.
185.     /**
186.     * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.FCTH}
187.     * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
188.     *
189.     * @param maximumHits
190.     * @return
191.     */
192.     public static ImageSearcher createFastFCTHImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
193.         return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, FCTH.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_FCTH);
194.     }

```

```

189.  /**
190.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.JCD}
191.   * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
192.   *
193.   * @param maximumHits
194.   * @return
195.   */
196.  public static ImageSearcher createJCDImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
197.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, JCD.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_JCD);
198.  }
199.
200.
201.  /**
202.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.JpegCoefficientHistogram}
203.   * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
204.   *
205.   * @param maximumHits
206.   * @return
207.   */
208.  public static ImageSearcher createJpegCoefficientHistogramImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
209.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, JpegCoefficientHistogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_JPEGCOEFFS);
210.  }
211.
212.
213.  /**
214.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.SimpleColorHistogram}
215.   * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
216.   *
217.   * @param maximumHits
218.   * @return
219.   */
220.  public static ImageSearcher createColorHistogramImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
221.      // return new GenericImageSearcher(maximumHits, SimpleColorHistogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_COLORHISTOGRAM);
222.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, SimpleColorHistogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_COLORHISTOGRAM);
223.  }
224.
225.
226.  /**
227.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.Tamura}
228.   * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
229.   *
230.   * @param maximumHits
231.   * @return
232.   */
233.  public static ImageSearcher createTamuraImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
234.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, Tamura.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_TAMURA);
235.  }
236.
237.  /**
238.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.Gabor}
239.   * image feature. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as you used for the DocumentBuilder.
240.   *
241.   * @param maximumHits
242.   * @return
243.   */
244.  public static ImageSearcher createGaborImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
245.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, Gabor.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_GABOR);
246.  }
247.
248.  /**
249.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.ColorLayout}
250.   * image feature using the byte[] serialization. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as
251.   * you used for the DocumentBuilder.
252.   *
253.   * @param maximumHits
254.   * @return
255.   */
256.  public static ImageSearcher createColorLayoutImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
257.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, ColorLayout.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_COLORLAYOUT);
258.  }
259.
260.  /**
261.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.ScalableColor}
262.   * image feature using the byte[] serialization. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as
263.   * you used for the DocumentBuilder.
264.   *
265.   * @param maximumHits
266.   * @return
267.   */
268.  public static ImageSearcher createScalableColorImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
269.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, ScalableColor.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_SCALABLECOLOR);
270.  }
271.
272.  /**
273.   * Create and return an ImageSearcher for the {@link net.semanticmetadata.lire.imageanalysis.EdgeHistogram}
274.   * image feature using the byte[] serialization. Be sure to use the same options for the ImageSearcher as
275.   * you used for the DocumentBuilder.
276.   *
277.   * @param maximumHits
278.   * @return
279.   */
280.  public static ImageSearcher createEdgeHistogramImageSearcher(int maximumHits) {
281.      return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, EdgeHistogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_EDGEHISTOGRAM);

```

```
280.         return new GenericFastImageSearcher(maximumHits, EdgeHistogram.class, DocumentBuilder.FIELD_NAME_EDGEHISTOGRAM);
281.     }
282.
283.
284.     /**
285.      * Checks if the weight is in [0,1]
286.      *
287.      * @param f the weight to check
288.      * @return true if the weight is in [0,1], false otherwise
289.      */
290.     private static boolean isAppropriateWeight(float f) {
291.         boolean result = false;
292.         if (f <= 1f && f >= 0) result = true;
293.         return result;
294.     }
295. }
296.
```

ImageSearcherFactory是用于创建ImageSearcher的。里面有各种create\*\*\*\*ImageSearcher()。每个函数的作用在注释中都有详细的说明。

## ImageSearchHits



```

1.  /*
2.  * This file is part of the LIRe project: http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
3.  * LIRe is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
4.  * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
5.  * the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
6.  * (at your option) any later version.
7.  *
8.  * LIRe is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
9.  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
10. * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
11. * GNU General Public License for more details.
12. *
13. * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
14. * along with LIRe; if not, write to the Free Software
15. * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
16. *
17. * We kindly ask you to refer the following paper in any publication mentioning Lire:
18. *
19. * Lux Mathias, Savvas A. Chatzichristofis. Lire: Lucene Image Retrieval 鈥?
20. * An Extensible Java CBIR Library. In proceedings of the 16th ACM International
21. * Conference on Multimedia, pp. 1085-1088, Vancouver, Canada, 2008
22. *
23. * http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/1459359.1459577
24. *
25. * Copyright statement:
26. * -----
27. * (c) 2002-2011 by Mathias Lux (mathias@juggle.at)
28. * http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
29. */
30.
31. package net.semanticmetadata.lire;
32.
33. import org.apache.lucene.document.Document;
34.
35. /**
36. * This class simulates the original Lucene Hits object.
37. * Please note the only a certain number of results are returned.<br>
38. * <p/>
39. * This file is part of the Caliph and Emir project: http://www.SemanticMetadata.net
40. * <br>Date: 02.02.2006
41. * <br>Time: 23:45:20
42. *
43. * @author Mathias Lux, mathias@juggle.at
44. */
45. public interface ImageSearchHits {
46.     /**
47.      * Returns the size of the result list.
48.      *
49.      * @return the size of the result list.
50.      */
51.     public int length();
52.
53.     /**
54.      * Returns the score of the document at given position.
55.      * Please note that the score in this case is a distance,
56.      * which means a score of 0 denotes the best possible hit.
57.      * The result list starts with position 0 as everything
58.      * in computer science does.
59.      *
60.      * @param position defines the position
61.      * @return the score of the document at given position. The lower the better (its a distance measure).
62.      */
63.     public float score(int position);
64.
65.     /**
66.      * Returns the document at given position
67.      *
68.      * @param position defines the position.
69.      * @return the document at given position.
70.      */
71.     public Document doc(int position);
72. }

```

该类主要用于存储ImageSearcher类中search()方法返回的结果。

SimpleImageSearchHits是ImageSearcher的实现。该类的源代码如下所示：

```

1.  /*
2.  * This file is part of the LIRe project: http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
3.  * LIRe is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
4.  * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
5.  * the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
6.  * (at your option) any later version.
7.  *

```

```

8.  * LIRE is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
9.  * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
10. * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
11. * GNU General Public License for more details.
12. *
13. * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
14. * along with LIRE; if not, write to the Free Software
15. * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
16. *
17. * We kindly ask you to refer the following paper in any publication mentioning Lire:
18. *
19. * Lux Mathias, Savvas A. Chatzichristofis. Lire: Lucene Image Retrieval 欵
20. * An Extensible Java CBIR Library. In proceedings of the 16th ACM International
21. * Conference on Multimedia, pp. 1085-1088, Vancouver, Canada, 2008
22. *
23. * http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/1459359.1459577
24. *
25. * Copyright statement:
26. * -----
27. * (c) 2002-2011 by Mathias Lux (mathias@juggle.at)
28. * http://www.semanticmetadata.net/lire
29. */
30.
31. package net.semanticmetadata.lire.impl;
32.
33. import net.semanticmetadata.lire.ImageSearchHits;
34. import org.apache.lucene.document.Document;
35.
36. import java.util.ArrayList;
37. import java.util.Collection;
38. import java.util.Iterator;
39.
40. /**
41.  * This file is part of the Caliph and Emir project: http://www.SemanticMetadata.net
42.  * <br>Date: 02.02.2006
43.  * <br>Time: 23:56:15
44.  *
45.  * @author Mathias Lux, mathias@juggle.at
46.  */
47. public class SimpleImageSearchHits implements ImageSearchHits {
48.     ArrayList<SimpleResult> results;
49.
50.     public SimpleImageSearchHits(Collection<SimpleResult> results, float maxDistance) {
51.         this.results = new ArrayList<SimpleResult>(results.size());
52.         this.results.addAll(results);
53.         // this step normalizes and inverts the distance ...
54.         // although its now a score or similarity like measure its further called distance
55.         for (Iterator<SimpleResult> iterator = this.results.iterator(); iterator.hasNext(); ) {
56.             SimpleResult result = iterator.next();
57.             result.setDistance(1f - result.getDistance() / maxDistance);
58.         }
59.     }
60.
61.     /**
62.      * Returns the size of the result list.
63.      *
64.      * @return the size of the result list.
65.      */
66.     public int length() {
67.         return results.size();
68.     }
69.
70.     /**
71.      * Returns the score of the document at given position.
72.      * Please note that the score in this case is a distance,
73.      * which means a score of 0 denotes the best possible hit.
74.      * The result list starts with position 0 as everything
75.      * in computer science does.
76.      *
77.      * @param position defines the position
78.      * @return the score of the document at given position. The lower the better (its a distance measure).
79.      */
80.     public float score(int position) {
81.         return results.get(position).getDistance();
82.     }
83.
84.     /**
85.      * Returns the document at given position
86.      *
87.      * @param position defines the position.
88.      * @return the document at given position.
89.      */
90.     public Document doc(int position) {
91.         return results.get(position).getDocument();
92.     }
93.
94.     private float sigmoid(float f) {
95.         double result = 0f;
96.         result = -1d + 2d / (1d + Math.exp(-2d * f / 0.6));
97.         return (float) (1d - result);
98.     }

```

可以看出检索的结果是存在名为results的ArrayList<SimpleResult> 类型的变量中的。

版权声明：本文为博主原创文章，未经博主允许不得转载。 <https://blog.csdn.net/leixiaohua1020/article/details/13770889>

文章标签：[lire](#) [源代码](#) [索引](#) [检索](#) [lucene](#)

个人分类：[MPEG7/图像检索](#) [LIRe](#)

所属专栏：[开源多媒体项目源代码分析](#)

此PDF由spygg生成,请尊重原作者版权!!!

我的邮箱:liushidc@163.com