

# Linear Regression Activity: Predicting Exam Scores

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We want to predict a student's **Exam Score** ( $y$ ) based on the number of **Hours Studied** ( $x$ ).

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## Data

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Student	Hours Studied ( $x$ )	Exam Score ( $y$ )
1	1	52
2	2	57
3	3	61
4	4	65
5	5	70

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## Task

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We want to fit a **linear regression line** of the form:

$$y = mx + b$$

A new student studied **6 hours**. We want to predict the **Exam Score** using the regression equation.

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Student	Hours Studied (x)	Exam Score (y)	xy	x <sup>2</sup>
1	1	52	52	1
2	2	57	114	4
3	3	61	183	9
4	4	65	260	16
5	5	70	350	25

Summation Values

- $\sum x = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = \mathbf{15}$
- $\sum y = 52 + 57 + 61 + 65 + 70 = \mathbf{305}$
- $\sum xy = (1 \times 52) + (2 \times 57) + (3 \times 61) + (4 \times 65) + (5 \times 70)$   
 $= 52 + 114 + 183 + 260 + 350 = \mathbf{959}$
- $\sum x^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 = 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + 25 = \mathbf{55}$

## 2. Compute the Slope $m$ (5 points)

$$m = \frac{n(\sum xy) - (\sum x)(\sum y)}{n(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2}$$

$$m = ?$$

$$\Sigma x = 15 \quad \Sigma y = 59$$

$$\Sigma y = 305 \quad \Sigma x^2 = 55$$

$$\frac{5(959) - (15)(305)}{5(55) - (15)^2}$$

$$m = 4.4$$

## 4. Regression Equation (5 points)

Write the regression line:

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = ?$$

### 4. REGRESSION LINE

$$y = 47.8$$

$$\Sigma x = 15 \quad n = 5$$

$$\Sigma y = 305 \quad m = 4.4$$

$$b = \frac{305 - (4.4)(15)}{5}$$

$$b = \underline{47.8}$$

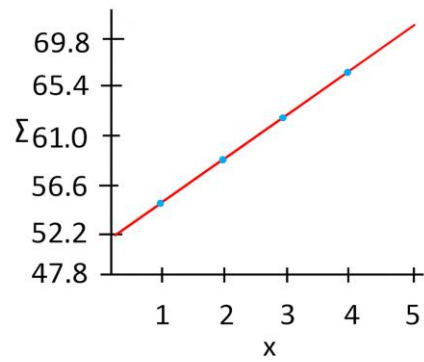
#### 4. Regression Equation

Write the regression line:

$$m = 4.4 \quad b = 47.8$$

$$y = (4.4x) + 47.8$$

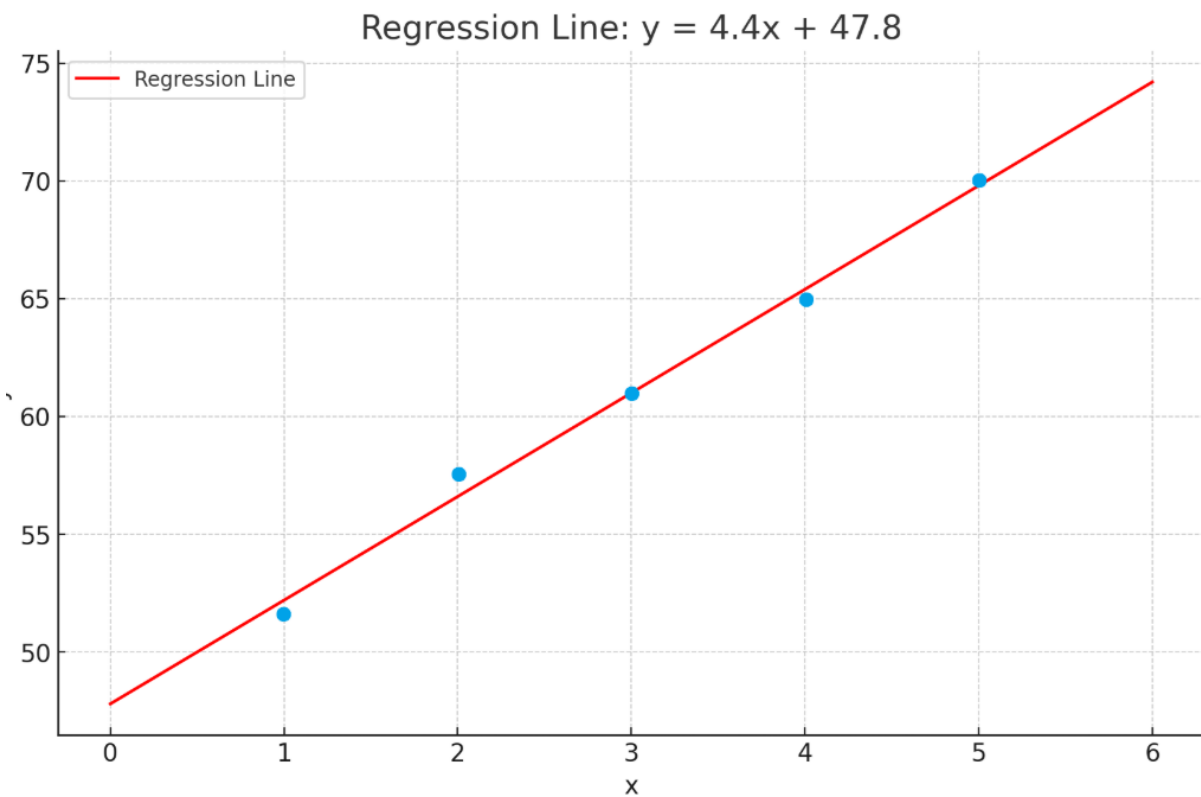
$$\underline{y = 4.4x + 47.8}$$



## 5. Draw the regression line using a scatter plot (10 points)

- Calculate  $y_{predict}$  for each data points
- Draw a regression line using  $y_{predict}$
- Use a circle ● for all data points
- Use a red line for the regression line

Hours Studied (x)	Exam Score (y)	$y_{predict}$	$y_{predict}$
1	52	52.2	$y = 4.4(1) + 47.8 = 52.2$
2	57	56.6	$y = 4.4(2) + 47.8 = 56.6$
3	61	61.0	$y = 4.4(3) + 47.8 = 61.0$
4	65	65.4	$y = 4.4(4) + 47.8 = 69.8$
5	70		



### 5. Draw the regression line using a scatter plot (10 points)

- Calculate  $y_{\text{predict}}$  for each data points
- Draw a regression line using  $y_{\text{predict}}$
- Use a circle ● for all data points
- Use a red line for the regression line

Data				
Student	Hours Studied (x)	Exam Score (y)	$y_{\text{predict}}$	$y_{\text{predict}}$
1	1	52	52.2	$y = 4.4(1) + 47.8 = 52.2$
2	2	57	56.6	$y = 4.4(2) + 47.8 = 56.6$
3	3	61	61.0	$y = 4.4(3) + 47.8 = 61.0$
4	4	65	65.4	$y = 4.4(4) + 47.8 = 65.4$
5	5	70	69.8	$y = 4.4(5) + 47.8 = 69.8$

~ Get  $\bar{y}$  using this formula :

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum y}{41}$$

$$SST = \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2$$

~ Get 657 using this formula :

$$SST = \sum (y - \bar{y})^2$$

$$= 81 = 16 + 0 + 16 + 81 = \underline{104}$$

Student	Hours Studied (x)	Exam Score (y)	Means (x)	$\bar{y} - \bar{x}$	$(y - \bar{y})$
1	1	52	61	8	9
2	2	57	61	4	16
3	3	61	61	0	0
4	4	60	61	4	16
5	5	70	61	9	31
					$\sum (y - \bar{y})^2$

Exam Score $x_i$	$x_i - \bar{x}$	$(x_i - \bar{x})^2$
56	$52 - 61 = -9 = 8$	$9^2 = 0 \times 0 = 81$
57	$57 - 61 = -4 = 8$	$4^2 = 4 \times 4 = 16$
61	$61 - 61 = 0$	$9^2 = 0 \times 0 = 0$
62	$65 - 61 = 4$	$4^2 = 4 \times 4 = 16$
70	$70 - 61 = 9$	$9^2 = 9 \times 9 = 81$

## 8. Compute $R^2$ (20 points)

- Get  $R^2$  using this formula :

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{SSE}{SST} \quad \begin{array}{l} SSE = 0.4 \\ SST = 194 \end{array} \quad R = 1 - \frac{0.4}{194} = \underline{0.99}$$

$$R^2 = ?$$

$$m = 4.4, b = 47.8$$

## 9. Prediction (1 point)

Use your equation to  $m = 4.4, b = 47.8$   
 predict the exam  
 score for a student  
 who studied 6 hours.

$$\begin{aligned} y &= m(6) + b \\ &= \underline{74.2} \end{aligned}$$