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Program Structures & Algorithms

Fall 2021

Assignment No. 5

Task (List down the tasks performed in the Assignment)

1. To experiment and come up with a good value for cut off.
2. To decide on an ideal number (t) of separate threads (stick to powers of 2)
3. To find an appropriate combination of these

Conclusion:

- The number of separate threads: 8
- The good value of cut off: about 25% of the array length

Evidence to support the conclusion:

The number of separate threads

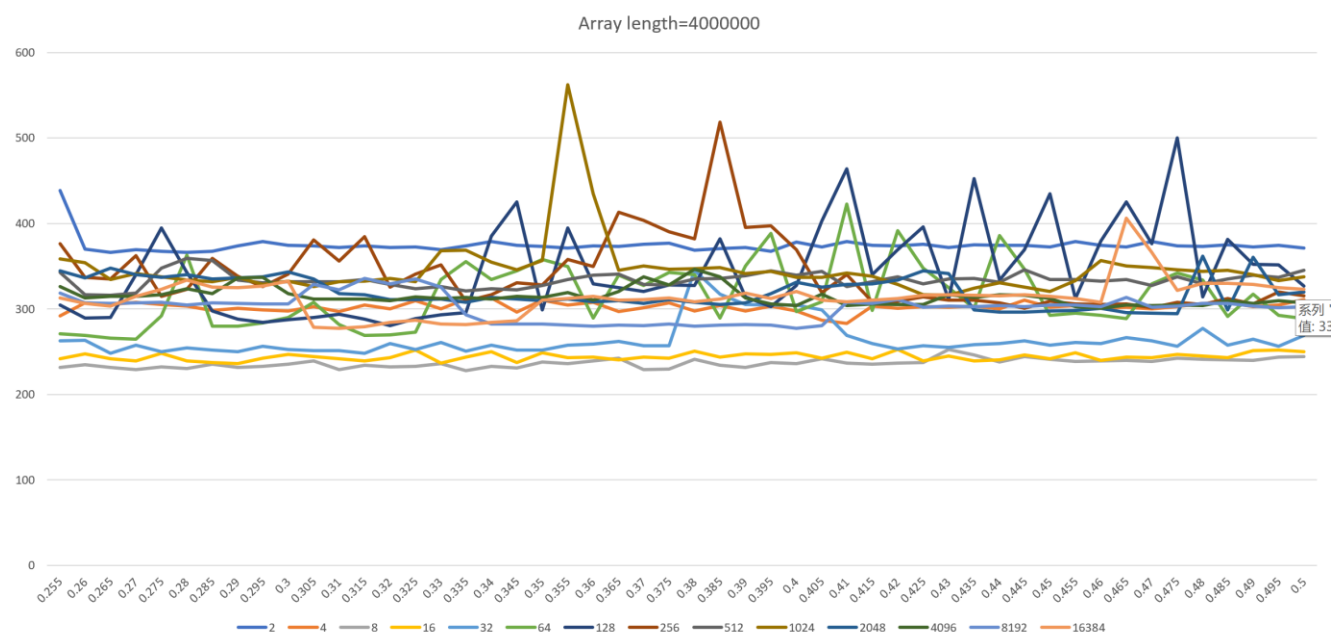
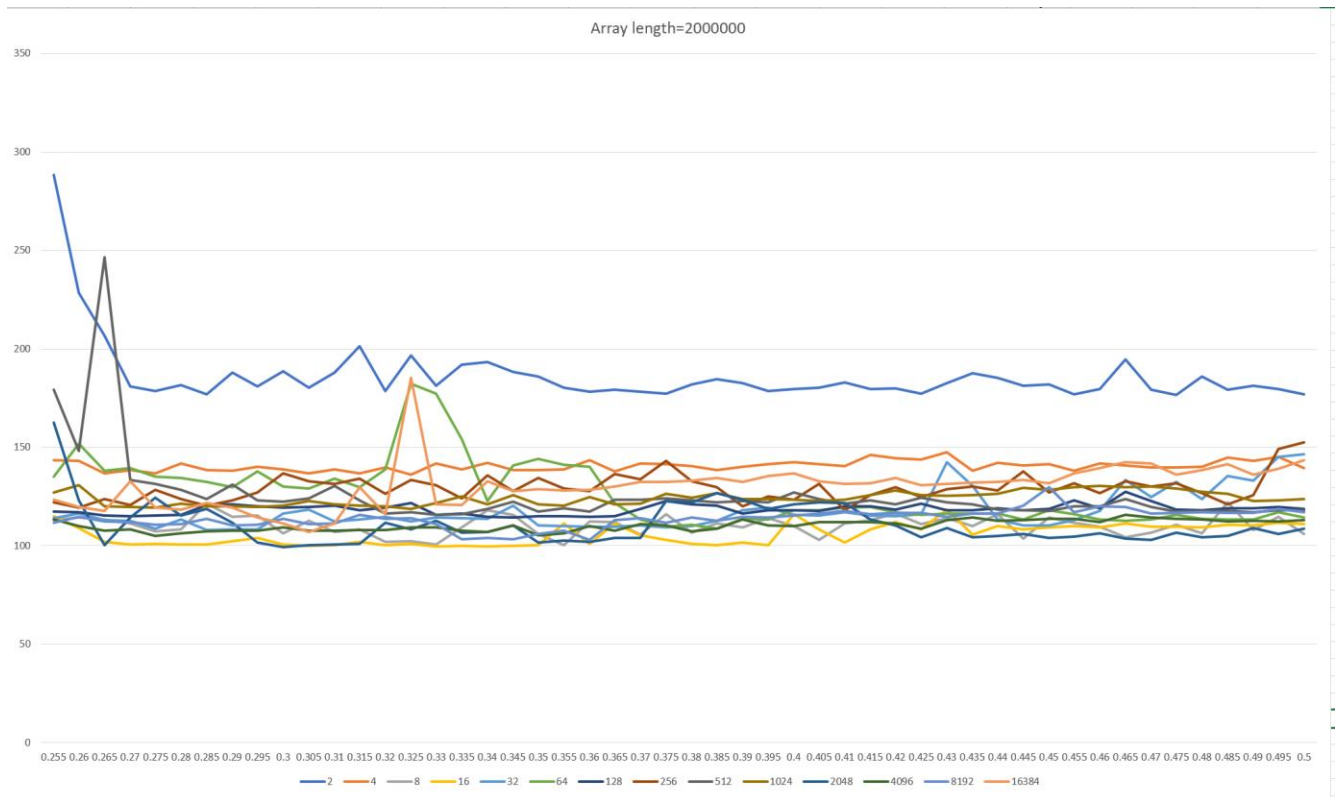
I choose the thread number from 2 to 16384. Even the performance is not change very much after 32, I made it to reach the max thread number anyway.

As the length grow, the difference become obvious. We can also tell from the average time. When the array length equals to 800,000 the average time for 8 thread is 581.068ms while the others are all around 610ms-800ms.

Array length=800,0000

0.5	835.6	722.6	588.8	719.1	885.4	743.7	576.8	618.7	796.8	550.7	584.5	670.8	855.6	641
	810.272	751.154	581.068	734.848	644.682	629.642	611.062	720.928	648.452	658.822	640.904	672.978	766.24	703.48
	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256	512	1024	2048	4096	8192	16384

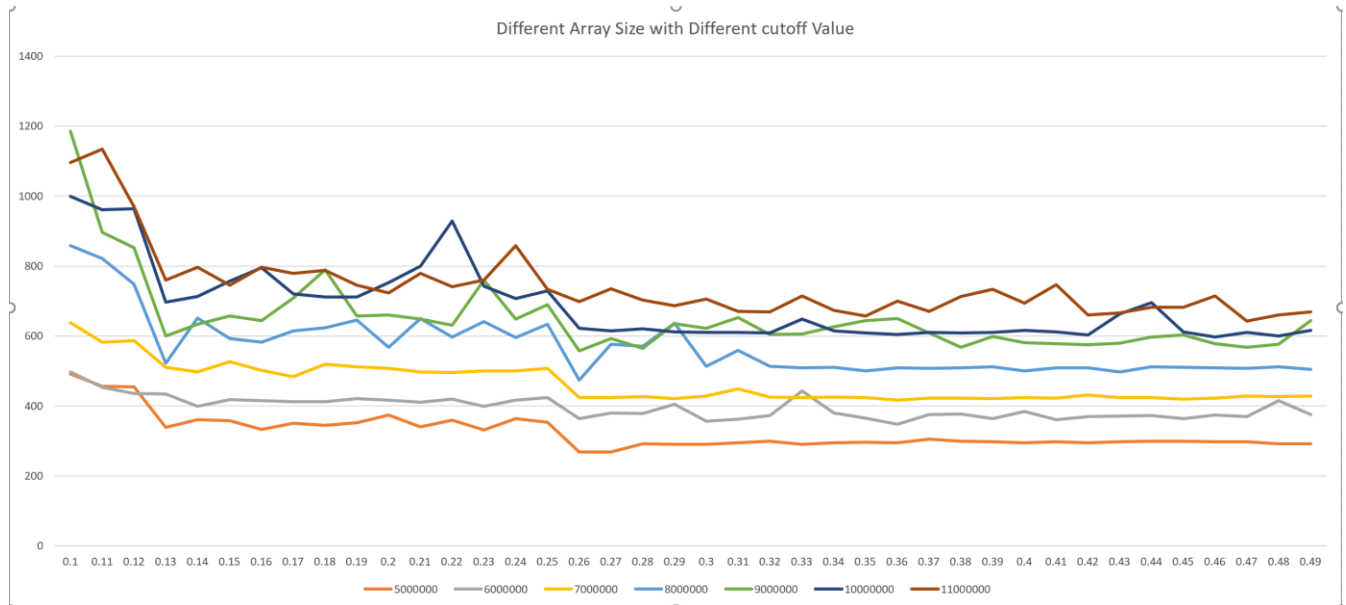
Graphical Representation



o The good value of cut off

From last section and the evidence provided above, we can draw a conclusion that the number of separate threads should be 8. So in the next step we will fix the thread number as 8 and find a good value of cut off by using the different array length.

▪ Graphical Representation



During the experiment, the length of array varies from 500,000 to 1400,000. Each time I add up 50,000 to the array length. Since the performance are quite the same, I only choose some of the data to build the graph.

As we can see from the graph, the time for sorting will have the first big drop down when cutoff value reach about 12%-13% of the array length. Then when the cutoff value reach about 25%-26% of the array length, there will be another slight drop down.

I think the reason is that when the cutoff value is 25%-26% of the array length, the last partition will be cutting the array from 4 pieces into 8 pieces, which make every thread occupied by one of the sorting processes. If we cutting into smaller pieces, there will be too much thread switching processes which may take times. But if we cutting into bigger pieces, there will be some free threads not in use.