Block Diagram Notations:

features.

- $-V_i \rightarrow i^{th}$ intensity/gray-scale video frame (in the block diagram, V_i refers to the current frame, and V_{i-d} refers to the d^{th} frame before the current frame). $\tau \rightarrow$ Threshold value selected to make a black and white (binary) image from the intensity image.
- $-B_i \rightarrow i^{th}$ black and white (binary) frame.
- C_i → Spot centroids for the ith binary frame.
- D → Distance matrix. D_{p,q} → Euclidean distance between the ρth spot centroid in the previous frame with qth spot centroid of current frame.

spot centroid in the current frame.

- $-\ c \rightarrow {\rm Cost}$ value selected for labeling a spot as 'Unknown' (no matching found).
- T_i → Translation vectors calculated for the tth frame. For each matched pair, there is a translation vector defined from the centroid in the previous frame to the matched centroid in the current frame.

 $-M_i \rightarrow \text{Matches contains } (p,q)$ pairs such that p^{th} spot centroid in the previous frame is matched with the q^{th}

- $-R_i$ → Rotations calculated for the ith frame. For each matched triple in three consecutive frames, there is a rotation defined from the centroid in the previous frame to the matched centroid in the current frame. $-[\theta, \rho, \delta]$ → Translation directions θ , translation magnitudes ρ , and distance from median of center of rotations
- δ are extracted classification features. $O \rightarrow \text{Outliers}$ is a logical array whose elements are true when an outlier is detected in the corresponding extracted
- $-\alpha$ \rightarrow Significance level is the probability of the study rejecting the null hypothesis, given that the null hypothesis were true.
- $K \rightarrow$ Maximum outlier count specifies the maximum number (upper bound) of outliers returned by the method.
- $-L_i \rightarrow \text{Label of the spots in the } t^{th} \text{ frame. Each label could be 'Object', 'Star', or 'Unknown'.}$

