Future Interns Cyber Security Internship

Task 1: Web Application Security Testing

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Internship Provider: Future Interns

Start Date: [30-07-2025] **End date:** [31-07-2025]

1. Introduction

This report outlines the process and findings of a web application penetration test conducted as part of Task 1 in the Cyber Security Internship with Future Interns. The main objective of this task was to identify common vulnerabilities like SQL Injection (SQLi), Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), and authentication flaws using industry-standard tools on a purposely vulnerable application.

2. Target Application

Application Used: DVWA (Damn Vulnerable Web Application)

• **Environment:** XAMPP (Apache + MySQL + PHP)

Access: Localhost on Kali Linux

3. Tools Used

Tool Purpose

OWASP ZAP Vulnerability scanning, XSS detection

Burp Suite Proxy, manual testing, authentication flaws

SQLMap SQL Injection testing

XAMPP Localhost setup for DVWA

4. Vulnerabilities Found

4.1 SQL Injection

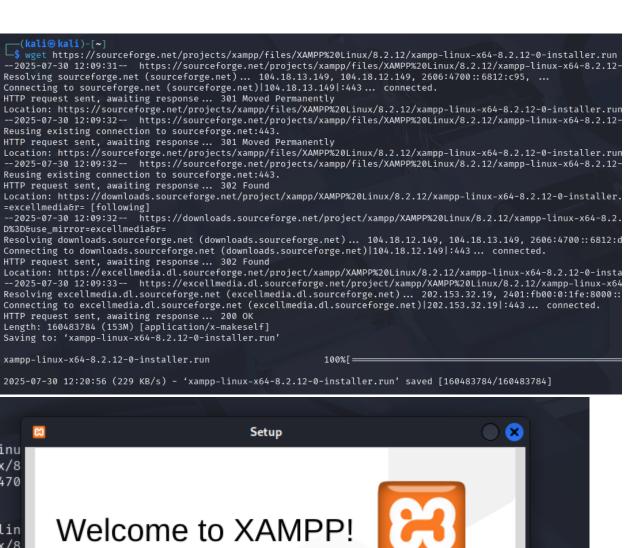
Location: Vulnerable page in DVWA

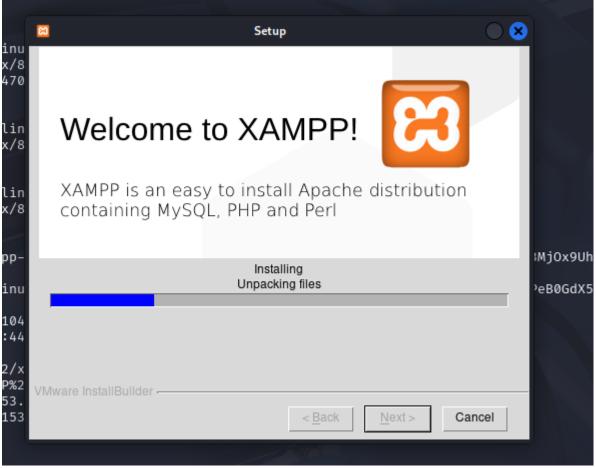
• Tool Used: SQLMap

• **Description:** SQL Injection vulnerability allowed retrieval of database schema.

Screenshot:

```
-(kali⊗kali)-[~]
sit clone https://github.com/digininja/DVWA.git
Cloning into 'DVWA' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 5373, done.
remote: Total 5373 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 5373 (from 1)
Receiving objects: 100% (5373/5373), 2.57 MiB | 2.59 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2673/2673), done.
(kali⊛ kali)-[~]
$ wget https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-instal
--2025-07-30 12:09:31-- https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x6
Resolving sourceforge.net (sourceforge.net)... 104.18.13.149, 104.18.12.149, 2606:4700::6812:c95, ... Connecting to sourceforge.net (sourceforge.net)|104.18.13.149|:443 ... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 301 Moved Permanently
Location: https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-inst
--2025-07-30 12:09:32-- https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x6
Reusing existing connection to sourceforge.net:443.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 301 Moved Permanently
Location: https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-inst
--2025-07-30 12:09:32-- https://sourceforge.net/projects/xampp/files/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x6
Reusing existing connection to sourceforge.net:443.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found Location: https://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/xampp/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-i
=excellmedia&r= [following]
--2025-07-30 12:09:32-- https://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/xampp/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux
D%3D&use_mirror=excellmedia&r=
Resolving downloads.sourceforge.net (downloads.sourceforge.net)... 104.18.12.149, 104.18.13.149, 2606:4700
Connecting to downloads.sourceforge.net (downloads.sourceforge.net)|104.18.12.149|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
Location: https://excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net/project/xampp/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-linux-x64-8.2.1
--2025-07-30 12:09:33-- https://excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net/project/xampp/XAMPP%20Linux/8.2.12/xampp-Resolving excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net (excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net)... 202.153.32.19, 2401:fb00:0:1
Connecting to excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net (excellmedia.dl.sourceforge.net)|202.153.32.19|:443... connecting
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 160483784 (153M) [application/x-makeself]
Saving to: 'xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run'
xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run
                                                                100%[ ==
2025-07-30 12:20:56 (229 KB/s) - 'xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run' saved [160483784/160483784]
```





```
(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo cp /opt/lampp/htdocs/DVWA/config/config.inc.php.dist /opt/lampp/htdocs/DVWA/config/config.inc.php

(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo chmod -R 755 /opt/lampp/htdocs/DVWA

(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo /opt/lampp/lampp restart

Restarting XAMPP for Linux 8.2.12-0 ...

XAMPP: Stopping Apache ... ok.

XAMPP: Stopping ProFTPD ... ok.

XAMPP: Starting Apache ... ok.

XAMPP: Starting MySQL ... ok.

XAMPP: Starting MySQL ... ok.

XAMPP: Starting ProFTPD ... ok.

(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ chmod +x xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run

[sudo] password for kali:

(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo ./xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run

[sudo] password for kali:

(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo mv ~/DVWA /opt/lampp/htdocs/
```





Setup DVWA

Instructions

About

Database Setup %

Click on the 'Create / Reset Database' button below to create or reset your database. If you get an error make sure you have the correct user credentials in: /optflampp/htdocs/DVWA/config/config.inc.php

If the database aiready exists, it will be cleared and the data will be reset.

You can also use this to reset the administrator credentials ("admin // password") at any stage.

Setup Check

General

Operating system: *nix

DVWA version:

- Git reference: c6e3d05c503cc6c02feccfe78cab5b4b747ba83d
- . Author: Robin Wood

reCAPTCHA key: Missing

Writable folder /opt/lampp/htdocs/DVWA/hackable/uploads/: No Writable folder /opt/lampp/htdocs/DVWA/config: No

Apache

Web Server SERVER NAME: localhost

mod_rewrite: Not Enabled

mod_rewrite is required for the AP labs.

PHP

PHP version: 8.2.12

PHP function display_errors: Disabled
PHP function display_startup_errors: Enabled
PHP function allow_url_function: Disabled
PHP function allow_url_fupen: Enabled
PHP module gd: Installed
PHP module mysql: Installed
PHP module pdo_mysql: Installed

Database

Backend database: MySQL/MariaDB Database username: dvwa Database password: ****** Database database: dvwa Database host: 127.0.0.1 Database port: 3306

API

This section is only important if you want to use the API module.

Vendor files installed: Not Installed

For information on how to install these, see the README.

Status in red, indicate there will be an issue when trying to complete some modules.

If you see disabled on either allow_url_fopen or allow_url_include, set the following in your php.ini file and restart Apache.

```
allow_url_fopen = On
allow_url_include = On
```

These are only required for the file inclusion labs so unless you want to play with those, you can ignore them.

Create / Reset Database



Username		
Osciliumo		
Password		
	Login	



Instructions

Setup / Reset DB

Brute Force

Command Injection

CSRF

File Inclusion

File Upload

Insecure CAPTCHA

SQL Injection

SQL Injection (Blind)

Weak Session IDs XSS (DOM)

XSS (Reflected)

XSS (Stored)

CSP Bypass

JavaScript

Authorisation Bypass

Open HTTP Redirect

Cryptography

DVWA Security

PHP Info

About

Logout

Welcome to Damn Vulnerable Web Application!

Damn Vulnerable Web Application (DVWA) is a PHP/MySQL web application that is damn vulnerable. Its main goal is to be an aid for security professionals to test their skills and tools in a legal environment, help web developers better understand the processes of securing web applications and to aid both students & teachers to learn about web application security in a controlled class room environment.

The aim of DVWA is to practice some of the most common web vulnerabilities, with various levels of difficultly, with a simple straightforward interface.

General Instructions

It is up to the user how they approach DVWA. Either by working through every module at a fixed level, or selecting any module and working up to reach the highest level they can before moving onto the next one. There is not a fixed object to complete a module; however users should feel that they have successfully exploited the system as best as they possible could by using that particular vulnerability

Please note, there are both documented and undocumented vulnerabilities with this software. This is

There is a help button at the bottom of each page, which allows you to view hints & tips for that vulnerability. There are also additional links for further background reading, which relates to that security issue.

WARNING!

Damn Vulnerable Web Application is damn vulnerable! **Do not upload it to your hosting provider's public html folder or any Internet facing servers**, as they will be compromised. It is recommend using a virtual machine (such as VirtualBox or VMware), which is set to NAT networking mode. Inside a guest machine, you can download and install XAMPP for the web server and database.

Disclaimer

We do not take responsibility for the way in which any one uses this application (DVWA). We have made the purposes of the application clear and it should not be used maliciously. We have given warnings and taken measures to prevent users from installing DVWA on to live web servers. If your web server is compromised via an installation of DVWA it is not our responsibility it is the responsibility of the person/s who uploaded and installed it.

More Training Resources

DVWA aims to cover the most commonly seen vulnerabilities found in today's web applications. However there are plenty of other issues with web applications. Should you wish to explore any additional attack vectors, or want more difficult challenges, you may wish to look into the following other projects

- OWASP Vulnerable Web Applications Directory

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CSRF
File Inclusion
File Upload
Insecure CAPTCHA
SQL Injection
SQL Injection (Blind)
Weak Session IDs
XSS (DOM)
XSS (Reflected)
XSS (Stored)
CSP Bypass

DVWA Security

PHP Info

JavaScript

Authorisation Bypass
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DVWA Security

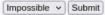
Security Level

Security level is currently: impossible.

You can set the security level to low, medium, high or impossible. The security level changes the vulnerability level of DVWA:

- Low This security level is completely vulnerable and has no security measures at all. It's use is to be
 as an example of how web application vulnerabilities manifest through bad coding practices and to serve
 as a platform to teach or learn basic exploitation techniques.
- Medium This setting is mainly to give an example to the user of bad security practices, where the developer has tried but failed to secure an application. It also acts as a challenge to users to refine their exploitation techniques.
- 3. High This option is an extension to the medium difficulty, with a mixture of harder or alternative bad practices to attempt to secure the code. The vulnerability may not allow the same extent of the exploitation, similar in various Capture The Flags (CTFs) competitions.
- Impossible This level should be secure against all vulnerabilities. It is used to compare the vulnerable source code to the secure source code.

Prior to DVWA v1.9, this level was known as 'high'.







Instructions Setup / Reset DB Brute Force Command Injection CSRF File Inclusion File Upload Insecure CAPTCHA SQL Injection SQL Injection (Blind) Weak Session IDs XSS (DOM) XSS (Reflected) XSS (Stored) CSP Bypass JavaScript Authorisation Bypass Open HTTP Redirect Cryptography API DVWA Security PHP Info
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Open HTTP Redirect Cryptography API DVWA Security
Cryptography API DVWA Security
API DVWA Security
DVWA Security
-
-
PHP Info
About
Logout

Vulnerability: SQL Injection

User ID:	Submit	

More Information

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection
 https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/sql-injection-cheat-sheet/
 https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/SQL_Injection
 https://bobby-tables.com/





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CSP Bypass
JavaScript
Authorisation Bypass
Open HTTP Redirect
Cryptography
API
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Vulnerability: SQL Injection

User ID:	Submit	
ID: 1 First name: admin Surname: admin		

More Information

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection
 https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/sql-injection-cheat-sheet/
 https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/SQL_Injection
 https://bobby-tables.com/

```
[!] legal disclaimer: Usage of sqlmap for attacking targets without prior mutual consent is illegal. It is the end use sponsible for any misuse or damage caused by this program

[*] starting @ 13:34:37 /2025-07-30/

[13:34:37] [INFO] testing connection to the target URL
[13:34:37] [INFO] testing if the target is protected by some kind of WAF/IPS
[13:34:37] [INFO] testing if the target URL content is stable
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing if GET parameter 'id' is dynamic
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing if GET parameter 'id' obes not appear to be dynamic
[13:34:38] [WARNING] beuristic (basic) test shows that GET parameter 'id' might not be injectable
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing for SQL injection on GET parameter 'id'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing for SQL injection on GET parameter 'id'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'MD boolean-based blind - WHERE or HAVING clause'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'MSQL ≥ 5.1 AND error-based - WHERE, HAVING, ORDER BY OR GROUP BY clause (EXTRACTVALUE)'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'MSQL ≥ 5.1 AND error-based - WHERE or HAVING clause (MLType)'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'Moracle AND error-based - WHERE or HAVING clause (MLType)'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'Generic inline queries'
[13:34:38] [INFO] testing 'Generic
```

Remediation: Use parameterized queries and input validation.

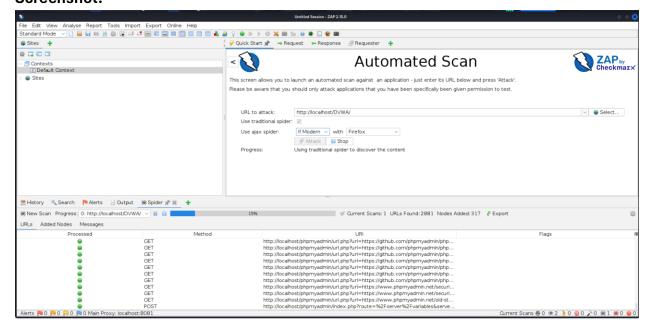
4.2 Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

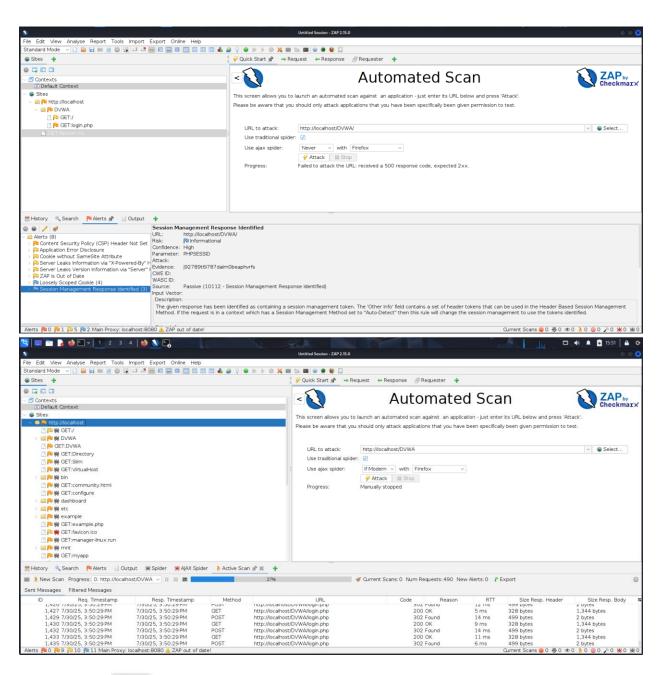
Location: Comment input field in DVWA

• Tool Used: OWASP ZAP

Description: Injected script alert was executed in the browser.

Screenshot:







2025-07-30-ZAP-Re port-.html

(As not able to see that original format in firefox but see clearly all reports and the alerts)

• Remediation: Encode output, use Content Security Policy (CSP).

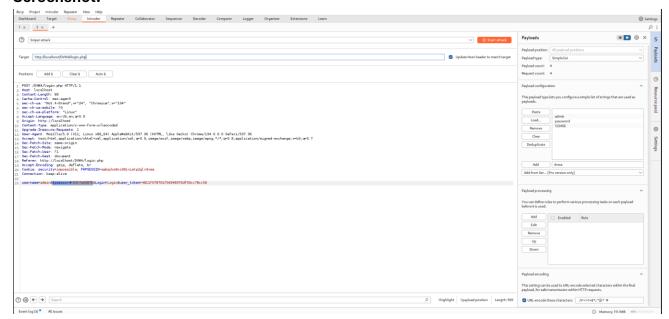
4.3 Weak Authentication

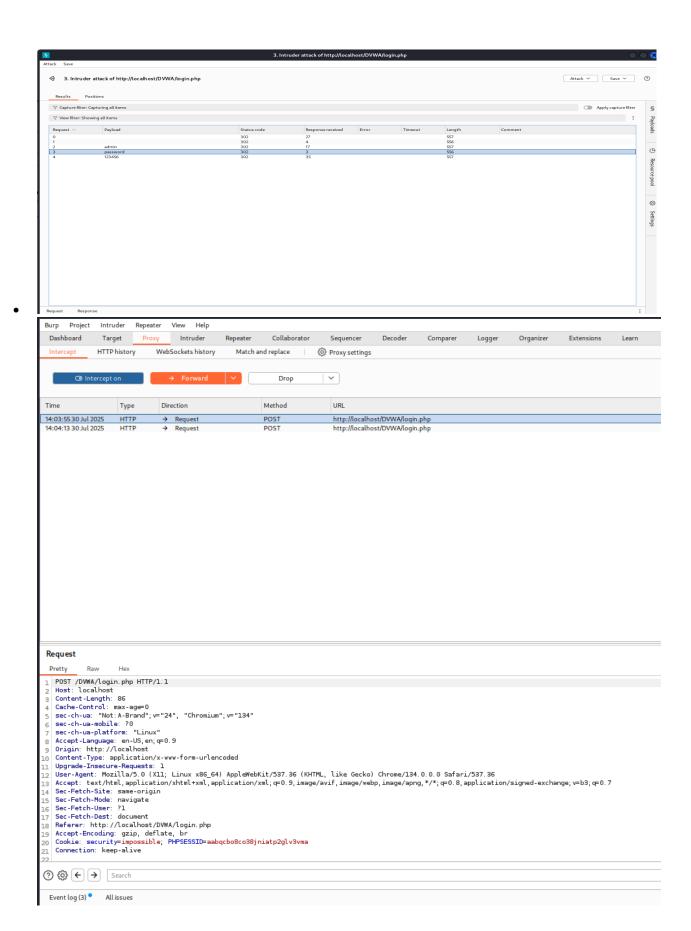
• **Location:** Login Page

• Tool Used: Burp Suite (Intruder)

• **Description:** Brute-force attack revealed weak password.

• Screenshot:





• Remediation: Implement rate limiting and account lockout.

5. Learnings and Skills Gained

- Gained hands-on experience with real-world web vulnerabilities.
- Understood the use of tools like ZAP, Burp Suite, and SQLMap.
- Practiced writing a professional vulnerability report.
- Strengthened knowledge of OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities.

6. Conclusion

This task helped reinforce core concepts in web application security. Using a controlled environment, I was able to identify and document serious vulnerabilities that often exist in poorly coded applications. The tools and techniques used here form the foundation of practical ethical hacking and penetration testing.

7. References

- DVWA GitHub
- OWASP ZAP
- Burp Suite
- SQLMap