Micro-Processor and Embedded Systems Lab-Session 2 Report for Instruction Memory and Data Memory

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This week we were asked to create a Instruction and Data Memory modules. I was able to successfully create them.

Instruction Memory

The Instruction Memory (IM) stores all the prefetch instructions. It is composed of 5 major components: the PC (Program Counter) Unit, PC Decoder, INBUF (an input buffer to the IM), IM Storage, OUTBUF (an output buffer to the internal bus)

The output from the PC Decoder asserts one of the memory locations' READ or WRITE signal. When the WRITE signal of an IM Memory location is asserted, the value in the INBUF is written into that memory location. On the other hand, when the READ signal of an IM Memory location is asserted, the value from that storage location is read to the OUTBUF

Data Memory

The Data Memory (DM) stores all the variables.

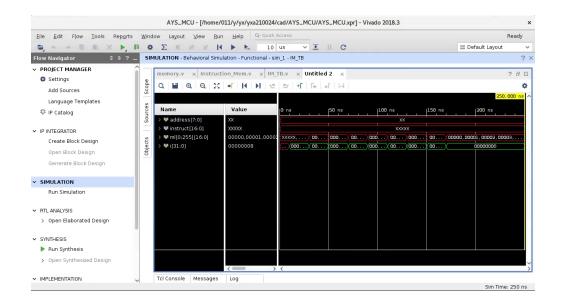
The output from the PC Decoder asserts one of the memory locations' READ or WRITE signal. When the WRITE signal of an DM Memory location is asserted, the variable or the data in the INBUF is written into that memory location. On the other hand, when the READ signal of an IM Memory location is asserted, the data or variable from that storage location is read to the OUTBUF.

Data bytes are arbitrary bits of information to be processed by the computer. Instructions are special sequences of bytes that cause the microprocessor to perform specific tasks.

```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
// Company:
// Engineer:
//
// Create Date: 09/08/2022 07:20:20 PM
// Design Name:
// Module Name: Instruction_Mem
// Project Name:
// Target Devices:
// Tool Versions:
// Description:
//
// Dependencies:
//
// Revision:
// Revision 0.01 - File Created
// Additional Comments:
//
module Instruction_Mem(
 input [7:0] address,
       output wire [16:0] instruct );
 integer i;
```

```
reg [16:0] ml[0:255];
     initial
     begin
 for(i=0;i<255;i=i+1)
   begin
    ml[i]<=0;
   end
end
always @(address);
assign instruct=ml[address];
endmodule
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
// Company:
// Engineer:
//
// Create Date: 09/08/2022 07:25:05 PM
// Design Name:
// Module Name: IM_TB
// Project Name:
// Target Devices:
// Tool Versions:
// Description:
//
// Dependencies:
// Revision:
```

```
// Revision 0.01 - File Created
// Additional Comments:
//
module IM_TB();
reg [7:0] address;
wire [16:0] instruct;
reg [16:0] ml[0:255];
integer i;
Instruction_Mem IM(address,instruct);
initial begin
#10
for(i=0;i<=7;i=i+1)
begin
 #20
 ml[i]=i;
end
end
initial
begin
#250 $stop;
end
endmodule
```



`timescale 1ns / 1ps

```
module Data_mem(input
                                clk,
                   [7:0] address,
           input
           input
                       write,
                   [7:0] dataIn,
           input
           output reg[7:0]mem[255:0],
           output wire [7:0] dataOut );
  reg[8:0] addr_reg;
  always @(posedge clk) begin
    if(write)
      mem[address] = dataIn;
                        else
                                addr_reg <= address;</pre>
```

```
assign dataOut = mem[address];
endmodule
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
// Company:
// Engineer:
//
// Create Date: 09/08/2022 07:52:57 PM
// Design Name:
// Module Name: DM_TB
// Project Name:
// Target Devices:
// Tool Versions:
// Description:
//
// Dependencies:
//
// Revision:
// Revision 0.01 - File Created
// Additional Comments:
//
module DM_TB();
reg clk;
```

```
[7:0] address;
reg
      [7:0] dataIn;
reg
      write;
reg
       [7:0]mem[0:255];
wire
wire [7:0] dataOut;
reg[8:0] addr_reg;
Data_mem DM(clk,address,write,datain,mem,dataOut,addr_reg);
initial
begin
clk=0;
write=1;
end
always #50 clk=~clk;
endmodule
```