Driving the light bar

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1. Learning objectives

- Master the control of RGB light bar by Raspberry Pi series motherboard
- Use CubeRaspberry driver library to control RGB light bar
- Control RGB light bar through Jupyter lab

2. Preparation before the experiment

Install the Raspberry Pi chassis according to the assembly video tutorial. You can also refer to the "Raspberry Pi chassis_hardware wiring" tutorial document for installation. Here, the chassis expansion board and RGB light bar and fan hardware connection are shown.



Chassis expansion board	3Pin interface	2Pin interface
	RGB light strip	Fan

3. Use CubeRaspberry driver library to control RGB light strip

1. Import CubeRaspberry driver library and create objects

The name of the CubeRaspberry driver library is CubeRaspberryLib. Use CubeRaspberryLib to import the library in the program.

from CubeRaspberryLib import CubeRaspberry

CubeRaspberryLib library functions needed to control RGB light strips:

set_RGB_Effect(effect) #Set RGB light effects
set_RGB_Speed(speed) #Set RGB light effects speed
set_RGB_Color(color) #Set RGB light effects color
set_Single_Color(index, r, g, b) #Set single RGB light color

2. Set RGB light effects

| set_RGB_Effect(effect): Set RGB light effects | |:-----:

effect value	RGB light effects
0	Turn off effects
1	Monochrome breathing light
2	Marquee
3	Rainbow light
4	Colorful light
5	Flowing light
6	Circular breathing light

3. Set the speed of RGB light effects

```
| set_RGB_Speed(speed): Set the speed of RGB light effects |
|:-----:|
```

speed value	RGB light effect speed
1	Low speed
2	Medium speed
3	Fast

4. Set the color of RGB light effects

Note: This function can only be used to set the effect for single-color breathing lights and flowing lights.

```
| set_RGB_Color(color): Set the RGB light effect color |
|:-----:|
```

color value	RGB light effect color
0	Red
1	Green
2	Blue
3	Yellow
4	Purple
5	Cyan
6	White

5. Set the color of a single RGB light

Note: All colors can be composed of different brightness levels of red, green and blue;

```
| set_Single_Color(index, r, g, b): Set the color of a single RGB light |
|:-----:
```

Parameters	Single RGB light color
index	Serial number (0 - 13, 255)
r	Red (0 - 255)
g	Green (0 - 255)
b	Blue (0 - 255)

Index parameter: 0-13 corresponds to different lamp numbers; index = 255 means setting all RGB lamp colors.

r, g, b parameters: 0-255 represent different color brightness levels.

6. Code demonstration

• Control RGB light bar effects and functions (python interactive interface: each statement needs to be run separately)

```
from CubeRaspberryLib import CubeRaspberry
bot = CubeRaspberry(i2c_bus=1) bot.set_RGB_Effect(0) bot.set_RGB_Effect(1)
bot.set_RGB_Effect(2) bot.set_RGB_Effect(3) bot.set_RGB_Effect(4)
bot.set_RGB_Effect(6) bot.set_RGB_Speed ••(1) bot.set_RGB_Speed(2)
bot.set_RGB_Speed(3) bot.set_RGB_Effect(1) bot.set_RGB_Color(0)
bot.set_RGB_Color(1) bot.set_RGB_Color(2) bot.set_RGB_Color(3)
bot.set_RGB_Color(4) bot.set_RGB_Color(6) bot.set_Single_Color(5,0,0, 255)
bot.set_Single_Color(255,255,255,255) del bot
```

```
Python 3.11.2 (main, May 2 2024, 11:59:08) [GCC 12.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> from CubeRaspberryLib import CubeRaspberry
>>> bot = CubeRaspberry(i2c_bus=1)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(0)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(1)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(2)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(3)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(4)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(5)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(6)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Speed(1)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Speed(2)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Speed(3)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Effect(1)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(0)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(1)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(2)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(3)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(4)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(5)
>>> bot.set_RGB_Color(6)
>>> bot.set_Single_Color(5,0,0,255)
>>> bot.set_Single_Color(255,255,255,255)
>>> del bot
CubeRaspberry End!
```

RGB light effect test (RGB_Test.py)

```
import time
from CubeRaspberryLib import CubeRaspberry
if __name__ == '__main__':
   bot = CubeRaspberry(i2c_bus=1)
   while True:
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(0) # 关闭特效5秒 Turn off the effect for 5 seconds
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(1) # 单色呼吸灯5秒 Monochromatic breathing lamp for 5
sec
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(2) # 跑马灯5秒 Marquee for 5 seconds
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(3) # 彩虹灯5秒 Rainbow lights for 5 seconds
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(4) # 炫彩灯5秒 Dazzle lights for 5 seconds
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(5) # 流水灯5秒 Running water lamp for 5 seconds
       time.sleep(5)
       bot.set_RGB_Effect(6) # 循环呼吸灯5秒 Circulate the lamp for 5 sec
       time.sleep(5)
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/cube_pi $ python3 RGB_Test.py
^CTraceback (most recent call last):
   File "/home/pi/cube_pi/RGB_Test.py", line 10, in <module>
        time.sleep(5)
KeyboardInterrupt
CubeRaspberry End!
pi@raspberrypi:~/cube_pi $
```

4. Use Jupyter lab to control the RGB light strip

In Jupyter Create a new file in the lab interface and create the following code blocks, edit the following contents respectively (Fan_Test.ipynb):

1. Import the CubeRaspberry driver library and create an object

Import the CubeRaspberry driver library Import the CubeRaspberry driver
library
from CubeRaspberryLib import CubeRaspberry
Create an object Create an object
bot = CubeRaspberry(i2c_bus=1)

2. Set RGB light effects

```
bot.set_RGB_Effect(0) # Turn off effects

bot.set_RGB_Effect(1) # Monochrome breathing light

bot.set_RGB_Effect(2) # Marquee

bot.set_RGB_Effect(3) # Rainbow light lights

bot.set_RGB_Effect(4) # Dazzling lights

bot.set_RGB_Effect(5) # Running water lamps

bot.set_RGB_Effect(6) # Circulation breathing lights
```

3. Set the speed of RGB light effects

```
bot.set_RGB_Speed(1) # Low speed

bot.set_RGB_Speed(2) # Medium speed

bot.set_RGB_Speed(3) # High speed
```

4. Set the color of RGB light effects

```
bot.set_RGB_Effect(1) # Monochrome breathing light

bot.set_RGB_Color(0) # red red

bot.set_RGB_Color(1) # green green
```

```
bot.set_RGB_Color(2) # blue blue

bot.set_RGB_Color(3) # yellow yellow

bot.set_RGB_Color(4) # purple purple

bot.set_RGB_Color(5) # cyan cyan

bot.set_RGB_Color(6) # white white
```

5. Set the color of a single RGB light

bot.set_Single_Color(5,255,0,0) # RGB lights Article 6 lamp beads are displayed
in red

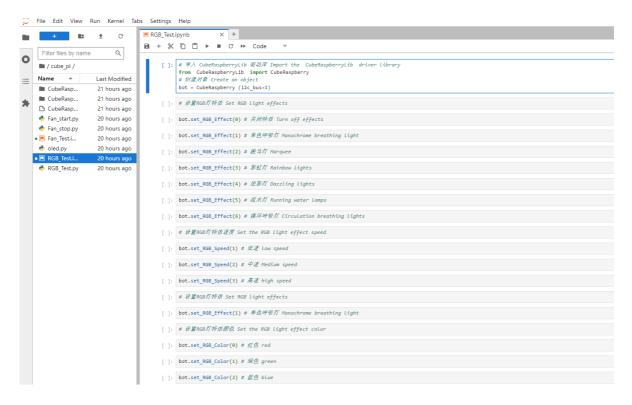
RGB lights Article 6 lamp beads are displayed in red red

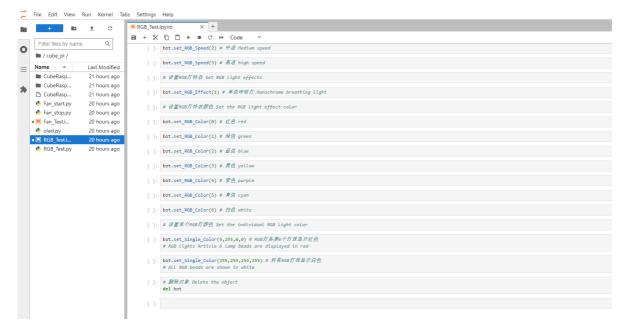
bot.set_Single_Color(255,255,255,255) # All RGB beads are shown in white
All RGB beads are shown in white

6. Delete the object

Delete the object Delete the object
del bot

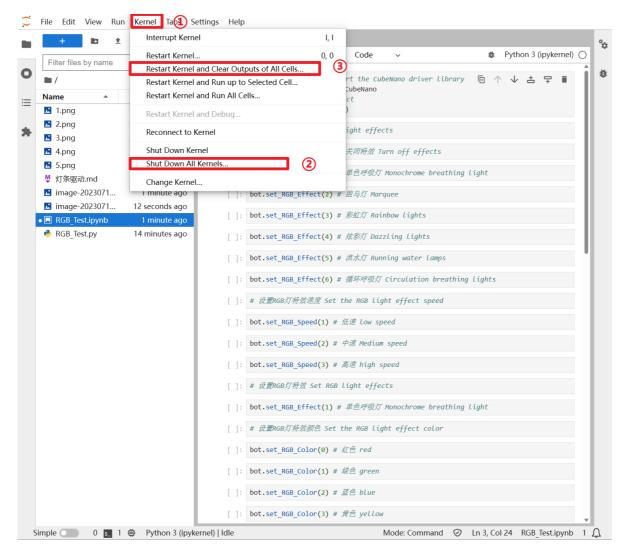
7. Code demonstration





8. Basic operation of Jupyter lab

If you find that the code runs abnormally, it is recommended to follow the steps in the figure and then retest the code block.



5. Experimental phenomenon

Calling the function in the CubeRaspberry driver library can achieve the corresponding phenomenon. Before setting the RGB light effect color and speed, you need to set the RGB light effect first.

For example: After executing the "Set Single RGB Light Color" function, directly using "Set RGB Light Effect Color" will not take effect. You need to first "Set RGB Light Effect 1 or 5" and then "Set RGB Light Effect Color".