1. Image scaling

```
    Image scaling
    OpenCV image scaling
    Actual effect display
    matplotlib: Python's 2D plotting library.
```

1.1. OpenCV image scaling

cv2.resize(InputArray src, OutputArray dst, Size, fx, fy, interpolation)

Parameter meaning:

InputArray src: input image

OutputArray ds: output image

Size: output image size

fx, fy: scaling coefficients along the x-axis and y-axis

interpolation: interpolation method, you can choose INTER_NEAREST (nearest neighbor interpolation), INTER_LINEAR (bilinear interpolation (default setting)), INTER_AREA (resample using pixel area relationship), INTER_CUBIC (bicubic interpolation of 4x4 pixel neighborhood), INTER_LANCZOS4 (Lanczos interpolation of 8x8 pixel neighborhood)

Note:

- 1. The output size format is (width, height)
- 2. The default interpolation method is: bilinear interpolation

1.2. Actual effect display

Code path:

/home/pi/DOGZILLA_Lite_class/4.Open Source CV/B.Geometric_Transformations/01_Image_Scaling.ipynb

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Python 2D drawing library

# Read the original image
img = cv2.imread('yahboom.jpg')
# Print the image size
print(img.shape)
# Assign the image height and width to x, y respectively
x, y = img.shape[0:2]

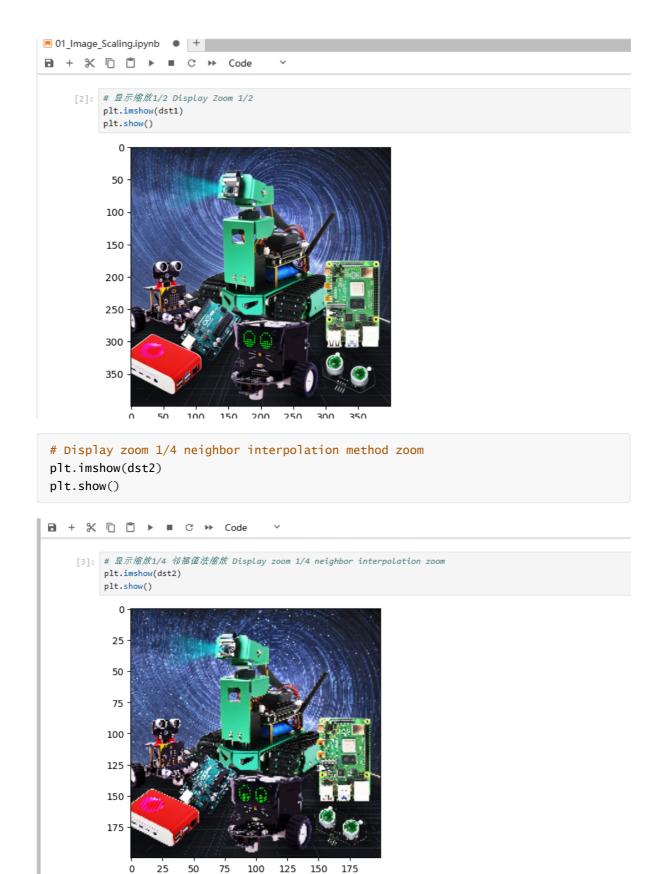
# Display the original image
#cv.imshow('OriginalPicture', img)

# Scale to half of the original size, output size format is (width, height)
img_test1 = cv2.resize(img, (int(y / 2), int(x / 2)))
# cv2.imshow('resize0', img_test1)
# cv2.waitKey()
```

```
# Nearest neighbor interpolation method scaling
 # Scale to one-fourth of the original size
 img_{test2} = cv2.resize(img, (0, 0), fx=0.25, fy=0.25,
 interpolation=cv2.INTER_NEAREST)
 # cv.imshow('resize1', img_test2)
 #cv.waitKey()
 #cv.destroyAllWindows()
 img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
 dst1 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
 dst2 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
 # show original image
 plt.imshow(img)
 plt.show()
■ 01_Image_Scaling.ipynb ● +
1 + % □ □ > ■ C >> Code
         # 最近邻插值法缩放 Nearest Neighbor Scaling
          # 缩放到原来的四分之— Zoom to one-quarter of its original size
         img_test2 = cv2.resize(img, (0, 0), fx=0.25, fy=0.25, interpolation=cv2.INTER_NEAREST)
         # cv.imshow('resize1', img_test2)
         # cv.waitKey()
         # cv.destroyAllWindows()
         img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
         dst1 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
         dst2 = cv2.cvtColor(img_test2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
         # 显示原始图像 Display original image
         plt.imshow(img)
         plt.show()
```

(800, 800, 3) 100 200 300 400 500 700 -

```
# Display zoom 1/2
plt.imshow(dst1)
plt.show()
```



1.3.matplotlib: Python's 2D plotting library.

The following is a small example of matplotlib

Reference tutorial: https://www.runoob.com/numpy/numpy-matplotlib.html

```
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

x = np.arange(1,11)
y = 2 * x + 5
plt.title("Matplotlib demo")
plt.xlabel("x axis caption")
plt.ylabel("y axis caption")
plt.plot(x,y)
plt.show()
```

The following is a small example of matplotlib Reference tutorial: https://www.runoob.com/numpy/numpy-matplotlib.html

```
[4]: import numpy as np
  from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

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