

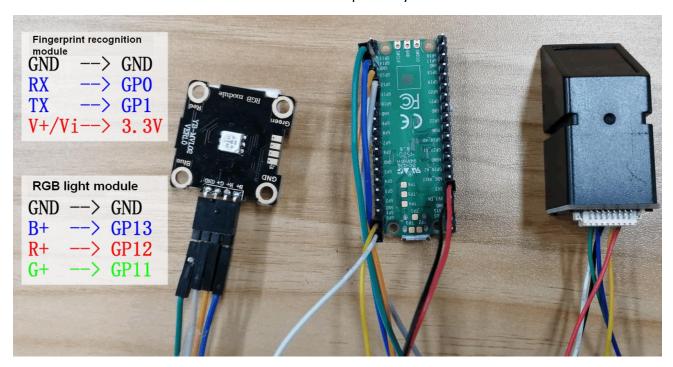
Fingerprint control light

1. Learning target

In this course, we will learn how to use Pico and fingerprint recognition module to achieve fingerprint delete function.

2. Preparation

The fingerprint recognition module uses UART communication, and the program uses a virtual serial port. Connect the TX and RX of the module to the GP1 and GP0 pins of the Pico board. V+/Vi and GND are connected to 3.3V and GND of Pico respectively.



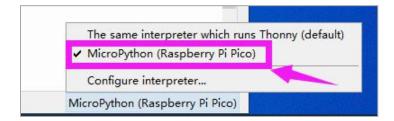
3. Import library file

3.1 Connect Pico to your computer, as shown below.



3.2 Open the Thonny software, click the lower right corner to connect the Pico board.

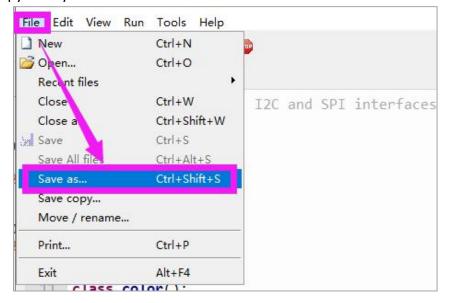




3.3 Open the as608.py in library folder by Thonny software.

```
File Edit View Run Tools Help
as608.py ×
   1 from machine import UART
     import time
   2
   4 head=b'\xEF\x01\xFF\xFF\xFF\xFF\x01\x00'
   5 link=b'\x07\x13\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x1B'
   6 readflash=b'\x03\x16\x00\x1A'
     readmould=b'\x03\x1D\x00\x21'
   8 readindex=b'\x04\x1F\x00\x00\x24'
     readindex1=b'\x04\x1F\x01\x00\x25'
  10 cmd search=b'\x03\x01\x00\x05'
  11 cmd upload=b'\x03\x0A\x00\x0E'
  12 cmd_gen1=b'\x04\x02\x01\x00\x08'
  13 cmd_gen2=b'\x04\x02\x02\x00\x09'
  14 cmd_reg=b'\x03\x05\x00\x09'
  15 cmd_save=b'\x06\x06\x01\x00'
  16 cmd dis=b'\x08\x04\x01\x00\x00\x01\x2C\x00\x3B'
  17
     cmd deletchar=b'\x07\x0c\x00'
  18
```

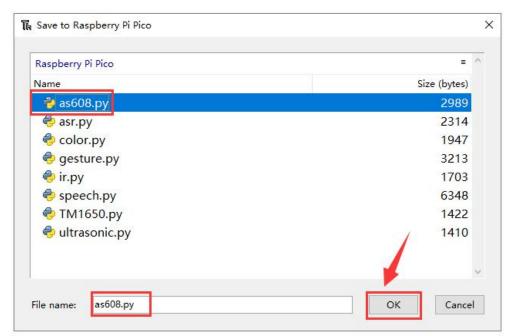
3.4 Save as this .py library file into Pico.







3.5 Enter the same file name as the library file. Then, click "OK".



4. About code

Please view **finger_delet.py** we provided.

5. Compiling and running code

5.1 We can open the Gesture.py file by Thonny software.



```
File Edit View Run Tools Help
finger light.py ×
     import time
   4
   5
     uart = UART(\emptyset, 57600, bits=8, parity=None, stop=1, tx=Pin(\emptyset), rx=Pin(\mathbb{1}))
   6
   7
     time.sleep(1)
  8 #Initialize the fingerprint recognition module
  9
     fig=as608(uart)
  10 print('Initialized successfully')
  11 time.sleep(0.1)
  12
  13 #Set RGB pin to output mode
  14 rgb b = PWM(Pin(13))
  15 rgb_r = PWM(Pin(12))
  16 rgb g = PWM(Pin(11))
  17
     #Set the RGB lamp pin to PWM frequency to 1000
  18 rgb b.freq(1000)
  19 rgb r.freq(1000)
  20 rgb_g.freq(1000)
  21 while True:
          #Start to recognize fingerprints and print the recognition results
  22
          fingerval = fig.disfig()
  23
```

5.2 In Thonny menu bar, we need to click run button to run this program.

"%Run -c \$EDITOR_CONTENT" will be displayed. As shown below.

```
MicroPython v1.13-290-g556ae7914 on 2021-01-21; Raspberry Pi Pico with RP2040

Type "heln()" for more information.

>>> Run -c $EDITOR CONTENT

>>>
```

6. Phenomenon

After the program is run successfully. System will start to initialize the fingerprint recognition module.

If the initialize is successfully, it will display "Initialized successfully". Otherwise, please check the baud rate or wiring of the module.

When the Shell window shows "press finger", we need to put our finger on the module. If there is a corresponding fingerprint, the corresponding ID will be displayed. If the corresponding fingerprint is not found, it will display "No matching fingerprint found". If the ID of the current fingerprint is 1, the RGB light is on, otherwise the RGB light is off.