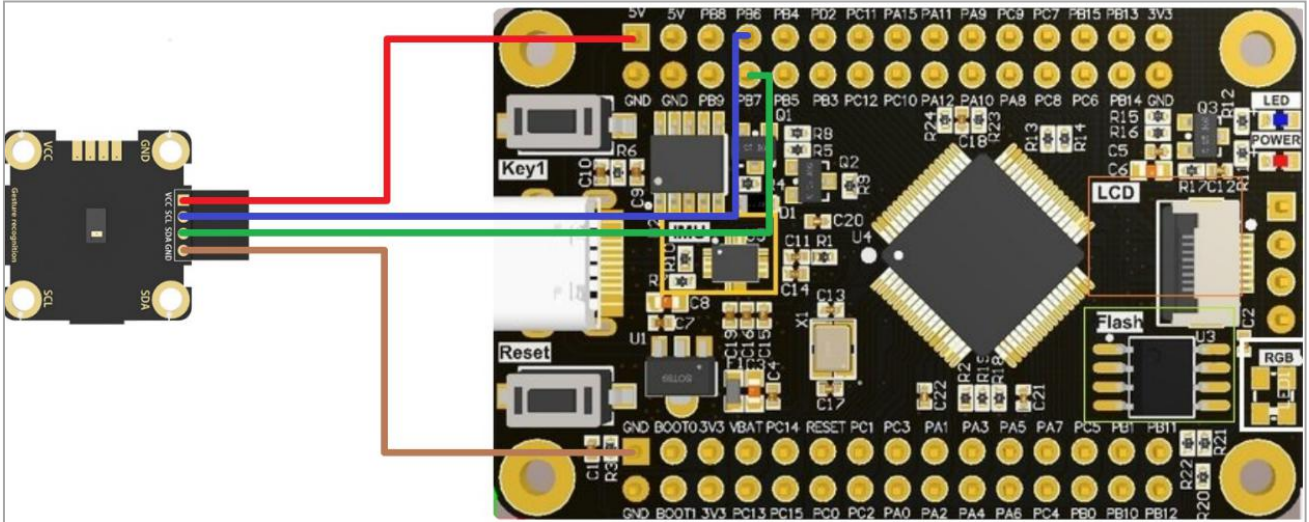


Gesture recognition

Learning objectives

In this course, we mainly learn to implement gesture recognition functions using STM32F103RCT6 and gesture recognition module modules.

Prepare before class



The gesture recognition module adopts I2C communication, and the SDA and SCL of the module are connected to the PB7 and PB6 pins of the STM32F103RCT6 board.

Program

The I2C address of the module is 0x73, and the last bit needs to be reserved as a read and write bit, so it is shifted to the left.

```
#define I2C_ADDR 0x73 << 1 //语音识别模块地址,模块地址为0x73,
```

Define initialization arrays, register arrays, gesture register addresses.

```

//启动初始化阵列
const unsigned char Init_Register_Array[][2] = {
    {0xEF,0x00},
    {0x37,0x07},
    {0x38,0x17},
    {0x39,0x06},
    {0x41,0x00},
    {0x42,0x00},
    {0x46,0x2D},
    {0x47,0x0F},
    {0x48,0x3C},
};

//寄存器初始化数组
const unsigned char Init_PS_Array[][2] = {
    {0xEF,0x00},
    {0x41,0x00},
    {0x42,0x00},
    {0x48,0x3C},
    {0x49,0x00},
    {0x51,0x13},
    {0x83,0x20},
    {0x9F,0x0F},
};

//手势寄存器初始化数组
const unsigned char Init_Gesture_Array[][2] = {
    {0xEF,0x00},
    {0x41,0x00},
    {0x42,0x00},
    {0xEF,0x00},
    {0x48,0x3C},
    {0x49,0x00},
    {0x51,0x10},
    {0x83,0x20},
    {0x9F,0xF9},
    {0xEF,0x01},
    {0x01,0x1E},
    {0x02,0x0F},
};

```

Initialize the gesture recognition module, return 1 for success and 0 for failure.

```

unsigned char PAJ7620U2_init()
{
    unsigned char i,State;
    PAJ_delay(15000);
    I2C_ByteWrite(PAJ_BANK_SELECT, 0);           //选择bank0
    I2C_ByteWrite(PAJ_BANK_SELECT, 0);           //选择bank0

    I2C_BufferRead(0,&State,1);                   //读取状态

    if (State != 0x20)
        return 0;                                 //启动失败
    I2C_ByteWrite(PAJ_BANK_SELECT, 0);           //选择bank0
    for (i=0;i< Init_Array;i++)
    {
        I2C_ByteWrite(Init_Register_Array[i][0], Init_Register_Array[i][1]); //上电初始化
    }
    return 1;
}

```

Gesture recognition register value writes.

```

for (i = 0; i < Gesture_Array_SIZE; i++)
{
    I2C_ByteWrite(Init_Gesture_Array[i][0], Init_Gesture_Array[i][1]); //Gesture register initializes
}

```

By reading the value recognized by the gesture, and then judging it through the switch statement, and then printing out the corresponding gesture name by the serial port.

```

177 while(1)
178 {
179
180     I2C_BufferRead(PAJ_INT_FLAG1,&Gesture_Data,1);
181     switch(Gesture_Data)
182     {
183         case PAJ_UP:
184             PAJ_delay(800);
185             I2C_BufferRead(PAJ_INT_FLAG1,&Gesture_Data,1);
186             if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_FORWARD)
187             {
188                 printf("Forward\r\n");
189                 PAJ_delay(10000);
190             }
191             else if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_BACKWARD)
192             {
193                 printf("Backward\r\n");
194                 PAJ_delay(10000);
195             }
196             else{
197                 printf("Up\r\n");
198             }
199             break;
200         case PAJ_DOWN:
201             PAJ_delay(800);
202             I2C_BufferRead(PAJ_INT_FLAG1,&Gesture_Data,1);
203             if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_FORWARD)
204             {
205                 printf("Forward\r\n");
206                 PAJ_delay(10000);
207             }
208             else if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_BACKWARD)
209             {
210                 printf("Backward\r\n");
211                 PAJ_delay(10000);
212             }
213             else{
214                 printf("Down\r\n");
215             }
216             break;
217
218         case PAJ_LEFT:
219             PAJ_delay(800);
220             I2C_BufferRead(PAJ_INT_FLAG1,&Gesture_Data,1);
221             if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_FORWARD)
222             {
223                 printf("Forward\r\n");
224                 PAJ_delay(10000);
225             }
226             else if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_BACKWARD)
227             {
228                 printf("Backward\r\n");
229                 PAJ_delay(10000);
230             }
231             else{
232                 printf("Left\r\n");
233             }
234             break;
235         case PAJ_RIGHT:
236             PAJ_delay(800);
237             I2C_BufferRead(PAJ_INT_FLAG1,&Gesture_Data,1);
238             if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_FORWARD)
239             {
240                 printf("Forward\r\n");
241                 PAJ_delay(10000);
242             }
243             else if(Gesture_Data == PAJ_BACKWARD)
244             {
245                 printf("Backward\r\n");
246                 PAJ_delay(10000);
247             }
248             else{
249                 printf("Right\r\n");
250             }
251             break;
252         case PAJ_FORWARD:
253             printf("Forward\r\n");
254             PAJ_delay(10000);
255             break;
256         case PAJ_BACKWARD:
257             printf("Backward\r\n");
258             PAJ_delay(10000);
259             break;
260         case PAJ_CLOCKWISE:
261             printf("Clockwise\r\n");
262             break;

```

Experimental phenomenon

After the program is downloaded, it will run it, and if the module is successfully initialized, it will print "Gesture Sensor OK", otherwise "Gesture Sensor Error" will be printed. If initialization fails, you can reset the program under STM32 to reinitialize. After successful initialization, the value of gesture recognition is judged, and different gestures will print out different action names through the serial port. Position the gesture recognition module upright, spread your palm to face the module, and swipe from left to right from the front of the module to print "Left". Swipe right to left from the front of the module to print "Right". Swipe from the front of the module from bottom to top to print "Up". Swipe down from the

front of the module from top to bottom, and "Down" is printed. Approaching from the front of the module from back to front, "Forward" is printed. From the front of the module from front to back, "Backward" is printed. Clench your fist and point two or three fingers directly in front of the module, then make a short clockwise turn to print "Clockwise." Clench your fist and point two or three fingers directly in front of the module, then make a short counterclockwise turn to print "AntiClockwise." Wave your hand directly in front of the module for a while, and print "Wave".