IMU Fusion Radar Mapping and Navigation

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1. Source Code Explanation

We provide two sets of IMU function source code: one is the source code for the IMU driver only, and the other is the source code for the IMU fusion radar mapping and navigation example.

imu_ros1_device: This is the source code for the IMU driver only.

yahboomcar_ws: This is the source code for the IMU fusion radar mapping and navigation example.

Generally, the imu_ros1_device package is sufficient for installation on your own motherboard. The other packages shown in the examples require some dependencies, and errors may occur during installation and compilation. Users need to resolve environment dependencies themselves. The **source code here is for reference only.** It will not run without the corresponding vehicle and radar equipment. The source code is implemented using our company's Rosmaster X3 vehicle product. Please be aware of this.

2. Radar Mapping

Note: This lesson uses Rosmaster-X3 as an example. Users need to modify the code according to their own motion model and debug it themselves. Depending on the vehicle model, you only need to set the purchased model in the 【.bashrc】 file. Examples include X1 (standard 4WD), X3 (McLux), X3plus (McLux robotic arm), R2 (Ackerman differential), etc. This section uses X3 as an example.

Open the [.bashrc] file:

sudo vim .bashrc

Find the 【ROBOT_TYPE】 parameter and modify it accordingly:

2.1 Start the chassis (robot side)

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav laser_bringup.launch

2.2 Map creation command (robot side)

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav yahboomcar_map.launch use_rviz:=false
map_type:=gmapping

- [use_rviz] parameter: Whether to enable RViz visualization.
- [map_type] parameter: Set the mapping algorithm [gmapping]. map_type can be either gmapping or cartographer.

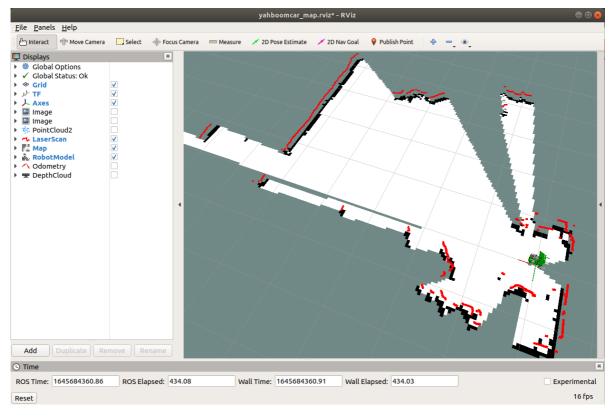
If using the Cartographer algorithm for mapping, run the following commands:

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav yahboomcar_map.launch use_rviz:=false
map_type:=cartographer

2.3 Enabling the Visual Interface (Virtual Machine)

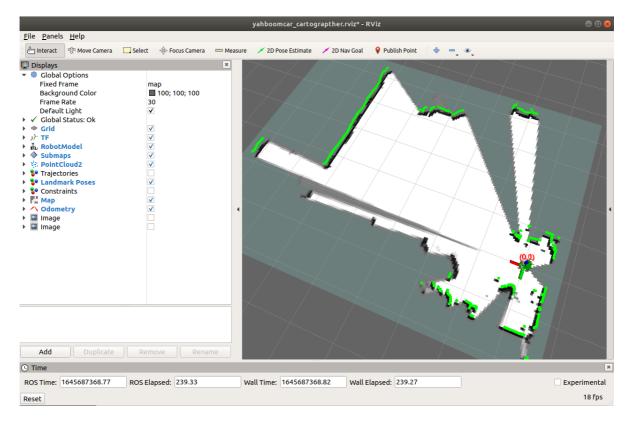
gmapping algorithm

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav view_map.launch



cartographer algorithm

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav view_cartographer.launch



2.4 Controlling the Robot

Keyboard Control

roslaunch yahboomcar_ctrl yahboom_keyboard.launch

2.5 Map Saving

gmapping algorithm

```
rosrun map_server map_saver -f ~/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/my_map #
First method
`bash ~/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/map.sh # Second method
```

cartographer algorithm

```
bash ~/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/carto_map.sh
```

The map will be saved to the ~/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/ folder, containing one PGM image and one YAML file.

map.yaml

```
image: map.pgm
resolution: 0.05
origin: [-15.4,-12.2,0.0]
```

negate: 0

occupied_thresh: 0.65 free_thresh: 0.196

Parameter Explanation:

• image: Path to the map file, can be an absolute or relative path

- resolution: Map resolution, meters per pixel
- origin: 2D pose (x, y, yaw) of the bottom left corner of the map. Here, yaw is the counter-clockwise rotation (yaw=0 means no rotation). Currently, many parts of the system ignore the yaw value.
- negate: Whether to reverse the meaning of white/black, free/occupied (the interpretation of the threshold is not affected)
- occupied_thresh: Pixels with an occupation probability greater than this threshold are considered fully occupied.
- free_thresh: Pixels with an occupation probability less than this threshold are considered completely free. ## 3. Navigation and Obstacle Avoidance

Depending on the vehicle model, simply set the purchased model in the 【.bashrc】 file. Examples include X1 (standard 4WD), X3 (McLux), X3plus (McLux robotic arm), R2 (Ackerman differential), etc. Let's take X3 as an example.

Open the 【.bashrc】 file:

```
sudo vim .bashrc
```

Find the 【ROBOT_TYPE】 parameter and modify it accordingly:

```
export ROBOT_TYPE=X3 # ROBOT_TYPE: X1 X3 X3plus R2
```

3.1 Start the Chassis (Robot Side)

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav laser_bringup.launch

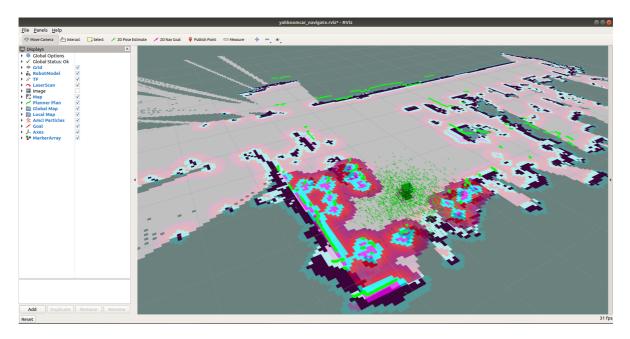
3.2 Start the Navigation and Obstacle Avoidance Function (Robot Side)

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav yahboomcar_navigation.launch use_rviz:=false map:=house

- [use_rviz] parameter: Whether to enable rviz.
- [map] parameter: Map name, the map to load. Note that map should be changed to the name saved when creating the map.

3.3 Enabling the Visual Interface (Virtual Machine)

roslaunch yahboomcar_nav view_navigate.launch



3.4 Usage

1) Single-Point Navigation

- Use the 【2D Pose Estimate】 tool in the 【rviz】 tool to set the initial pose until the position of the car in the simulation matches the actual position of the car.
- Click the 【2D Nav Goal】 tool in the 【rviz】 tool, then select a target point on the map where there are no obstacles. Release the mouse to start navigation. Only one target point can be selected; navigation stops when the target point is reached.

2) Multi-point Navigation

- Similar to the first step of single-point navigation, set the robot's initial pose.
- Click the "Publish Point" tool in the rviz tool, then select a target point on the map where there are no obstacles. Release the mouse to start navigation. You can click "Publish Point" again and select points; the robot will then navigate between points.
- Using the "2D Pose Estimate" tool in the rviz tool to set the robot's initial pose automatically disables multi-point navigation.

For information on algorithms, please refer to the following links:

Gmapping

Gmapping: http://wiki.ros.org/gmapping/

map_server: https://wiki.ros.org/map_server

cartographer

Cartographer: https://google-cartographer.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

Cartographer ROS: https://google-cartographer-ros.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

map_server: https://wiki.ros.org/map_server

Navigation and obstacle avoidance

navigation: http://wiki.ros.org/navigation/

navigation/Tutorials: http://wiki.ros.org/navigation/Tutorials/RobotSetup

costmap_2d: http://wiki.ros.org/costmap_2d

nav_core: http://wiki.ros.org/nav_core

global_planner: http://wiki.ros.org/global_planner

dwa_local_planner: http://wiki.ros.org/dwa_local_planner

teb_local_planner: http://wiki.ros.org/teb_local_planner

move_base: http://wiki.ros.org/move_base