

1602 display module use instructions

1.Introduction of 1602:

The actual object is shown below.

**2.Main specification of 1602LCD:**

Display capacity: 16 x 2 characters;

Working current: 2.0mA

Operating voltage: 5.0v

Size of character: 2.95 * 4.35 (W * H) mm.

3.1602 possess 16 pins:

Pin 1: VSS is ground power

Pin 2: VDD is connected to 5V positive power supply

Pin 3: V0 is the LCD contrast adjustment pin, which can be adjusted by a 10K adjustable resistor.

Pin 4: RS is the register selection pin, data register is selected at high voltage and instruction register is selected at low voltage.

Pin 5: R/W is the signal line for reading and writing. Reading operation is carried out at high level and writing operation is carried out at low level.

Pin 6: E pin is the enable pin. When this pin changes from high level to low level, the LCD module executes the command.

Pin 7 ~ Pin 14: D0 ~ D7 is 8-bit two-way data line.

Pin 15: power positive pole of backlight.

Pin 16: power negative pole of backlight.

4.Actual object connection diagram:

We need to connect the circuit as shown in the figure below.

```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
```

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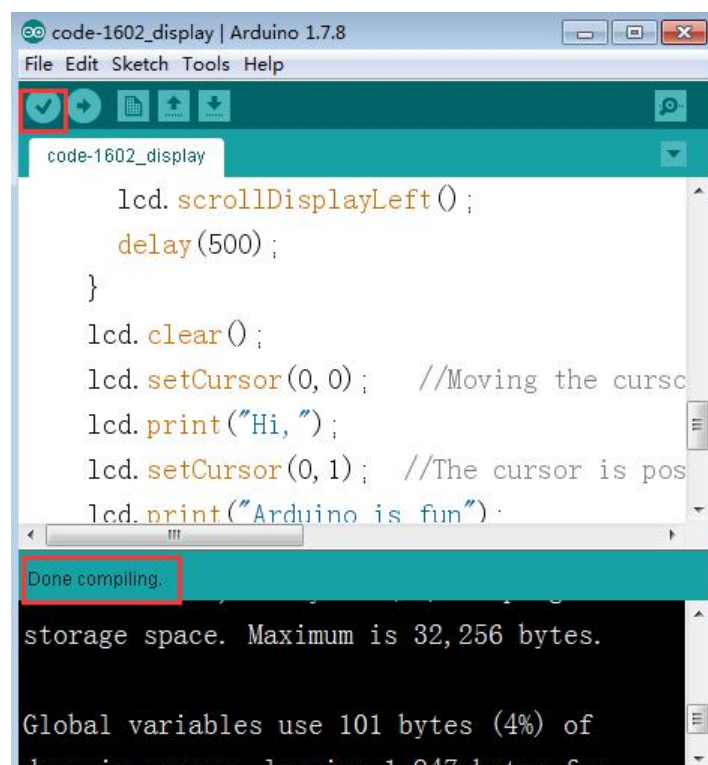
```

    lcd.display();
    delay(500);
}
for(i=0;i<24;i++)
{
    lcd.scrollDisplayLeft();
    delay(500);
}
lcd.clear();
lcd.setCursor(0,0);    //Moving the cursor back to the upper left
corner,output from the beginning
lcd.print("Hi,");
lcd.setCursor(0,1);  //The cursor is positioned on line 1, column 0
lcd.print("Arduino is fun");
delay(2000);
}
}
void loop()
{//Initialization is complete and the main loop is not need to do anythings

```

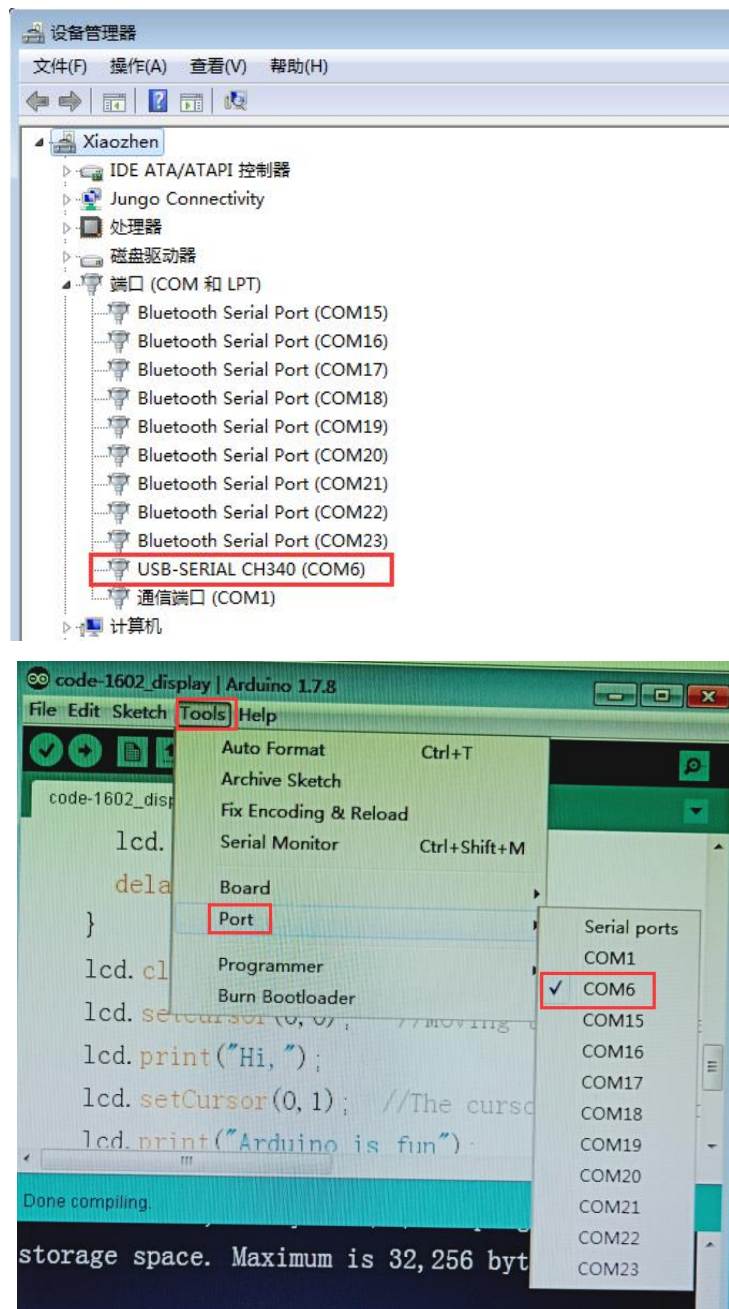
6.Experimental steps:

1).We need to open the code for this experiment: **code-1602_display.ino**, click “√” under the menu bar, compile the code, and wait for the words of **Done compiling** in the lower left corner, as shown in the following figure.

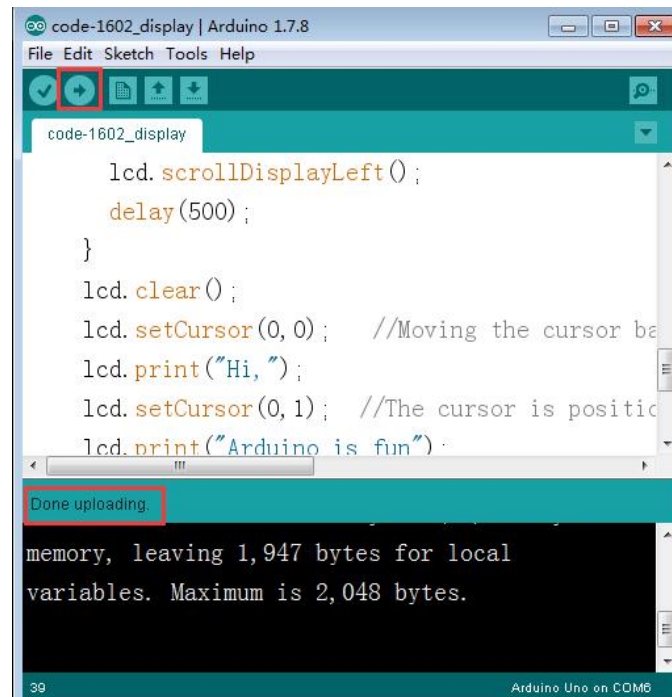


2).In the menu bar of Arduino IDE, you need to select the **【Tools】** --- **【Port】**

--- select the port that the serial number displayed by the device manager just now.for example:COM6,as shown in the following figure.



3).After the selection is completed, you need to click “→”under the menu bar,and upload the program to the Arduino UNO board, when appears to **Done uploading** on the lower left corner , that means that the code has been successfully uploaded to the Arduino UNO board, as shown in the following figure.



```
code-1602_display | Arduino 1.7.8
File Edit Sketch Tools Help

code-1602_display

  lcd.scrollDisplayLeft();
  delay(500);
}
lcd.clear();
lcd.setCursor(0,0); //Moving the cursor back to the beginning
lcd.print("Hi, ");
lcd.setCursor(0,1); //The cursor is positioned on the next line
lcd.print("Arduino is fun");

Done uploading.

memory, leaving 1,947 bytes for local
variables. Maximum is 2,048 bytes.

39 Arduino Uno on COM6
```

4).After the code is uploaded. First, the 1602 screen will display “Hello World, Welcome to yahboom-arduino” and flash three times. Then, “Hello World,Welcome to yahboom-arduino,” is displayed from the right to the left. Next, “Hi,Arduino is fun.” is displayed on the 1602. Finally, it clear the screen, and continue the endless cycle. As shown in the figure below.

