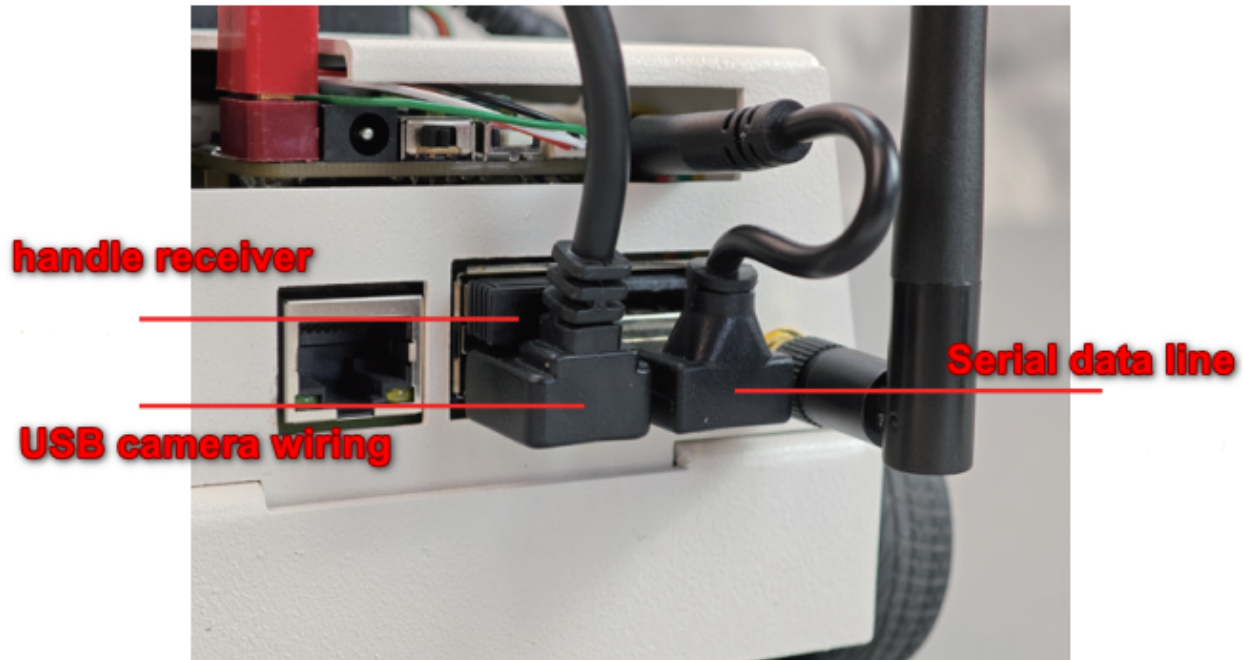


Self start handle control

1. Wiring

Install the car according to the tutorial, and connect the Type-C data cable, handle receiver and USB camera, as shown below:



Turn on the power switch and we can quickly experience handle control!

2. Start

It takes about 30 seconds to start the car. You can press the START button on the handle. If the buzzer of the car makes a beep sound, it means that the handle can be used to control it.

NOTE: If there is no buzzer sound, it may be that the ROS control board firmware is incorrect or the agent is not connected successfully!

It is common that the agent fails to connect successfully. You can press the RESET button on the MicroROS control panel and wait for about 30 seconds.

The most accurate solution:

You can refer to the remote control tutorial below and directly enter the Raspberry Pi system to view

Before officially using the USB handle control, you need to press the R1 button.



button	Function
Left joystick up	Car moves forward
Left joystick down	Car backs up
Right rocker right	Car turns right
Right rocker left	Car turns left
X	Steering gear turns left
B	Steering gear turns right
A	Turn the steering gear down
Y	Turn the steering gear up

3. Self-starting problem in your own environment

3.1 Enter the car docker

Open another terminal and enter the following command to enter docker:

```
sh ros2_humble.sh
```

When the following interface appears, you have successfully entered docker. You can now control the car through commands.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ sh ros2_humble.sh
access control disabled, clients can connect from any host
MY_DOMAIN_ID: 20
root@raspberrypi:/#
```

Enter the following command in the terminal to check whether the controller is mounted normally.

```
ls /dev/input*
```

When this interface appears, it means it was successfully mounted.

```
root@raspberrypi:/# ls /dev/input*
by-id    event0  event2  event4  event6  mice
by-path  event1  event3  event5  js0
root@/#
```

If the microros parameter is configured with another ID (the default is 20), the program needs to be modified to the corresponding ID to automatically start the controller control.

3.2 Modify the ID of the .bashrc file to your own ID

Terminal input, here takes 20 as an example

```
vi ~/.bashrc
```

```
export ROS_DOMAIN_ID=20
echo -e "MY_DOMAIN_ID: \033[32m$ROS_DOMAIN_ID\033[0m"
source ~/imu_ws/install/setup.bash
source ~/gmapping_ws/install/setup.bash
source ~/yahboomcar_ws/install/setup.bash
source /opt/ros/humble/setup.bash
#export PATH=/opt/ros/humble/opt/rviz_ogre_vendor/lib:$PATH
"~/.bashrc" 106L, 3395B
```

3.3 Modify self-starting service

Terminal input, here takes 20 as an example

```
vi /usr/lib/systemd/system/supervisor.service
```

```
root@raspberrypi: ~
File Edit Tabs Help

[Unit]
Description=Supervisor process control system for UNIX
Documentation=http://supervisord.org
After=network.target

[Service]
ExecStart=/bin/bash -c "export ROS_DOMAIN_ID=20 && source /opt/ros/humble/setup.
bash && source /root/yahboomcar_ws/install/setup.bash && /usr/bin/supervisord -n
-c /etc/supervisor/supervisord.conf"
ExecStop=/usr/bin/supervisorctl $OPTIONS shutdown
ExecReload=/bin/bash -c "export ROS_DOMAIN_ID=20 && source /opt/ros/humble/setup
.bash && source /root/yahboomcar_ws/install/setup.bash && /usr/bin/supervisorctl
-c /etc/supervisor/supervisord.conf $OPTIONS reload"
KillMode=process
Restart=on-failure
RestartSec=50s

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target

~
~
~
<r/lib/systemd/system/supervisor.service" 15L, 682B          9,47          All
```

Just save and exit.

3.4 Submit docker with a new ID set.

Open a new terminal and enter

```
docker ps -a
```

As you can see from the picture, the id of the docker just modified is bfe7cdaccb2d.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE                                COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS
bfe7cdaccb2d   192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble:10.7  "/bin/bash"            5 minutes ago  Up 5 minutes
5262c609a1e8   microros/micro-ros-agent:humble    "/bin/sh /micro-ros_..." 10 minutes ago  Up 10 minutes
pi@raspberrypi:~ $
```

Continue to enter the following commands in the terminal to submit a new docker:

```
docker commit bfe7cdaccb2d 192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble:10.8
```

The parameters are as follows

Need to submit docker id: **bfe7cdaccb2d**

And the new docker name after submission: **192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble:10.8**

Enter the command and check whether the submission is successful

```
docker images
```

When this 10.8 appears, the submission is successful.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ docker commit bfe7cdaccb2d 192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble:10.8
sha256:7a6bcc12dc3ea72445729698c19d2150e32125356146801c30fc0460cf7520ff
pi@raspberrypi:~$ docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	10.8	7a6bcc12dc3e	9 seconds ago	11.1GB
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	10.7	0a1bf55889ea	About an hour ago	11.1GB
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	10.6	18fbabf0adcb	About an hour ago	11.1GB
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	10.5	eac9d9ba3c0e	2 hours ago	11.1GB
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	10.4	5e6b008e3120	26 hours ago	10.9GB
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble	8.8	4b8bb285f7ab	9 days ago	6.84GB
microros/micro-ros-agent	humble	5a1c5ccb63d4	6 months ago	404MB

```
pi@raspberrypi:~$
```

3.5 Modify the docker version in the self-starting script

After the modification is successful, you can use your own do_main_id version of docker to start the controller automatically.

Terminal input command

```
vi ros2_humble.sh
```

You can see that you have modified it to the docker version you submitted, save and exit. Restart the computer and you can use the handle to start automatically.

```
#!/bin/bash
xhost +
docker run -it --rm \
--privileged=true \
--net=host \
--env="DISPLAY" \
--env="QT_X11_NO_MITSHM=1" \
-v /tem/.X11-unix:/tmp/.X11-unix \
--security-opt apparmor:unconfined \
-v /dev/input:/dev/input \
-v /dev/video0:/dev/video0 \
192.168.2.51:5000/ros-humble:10.8 /bin/bash /root/1.sh
```

