

Radar following

Radar following

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- Experimental phenomenon

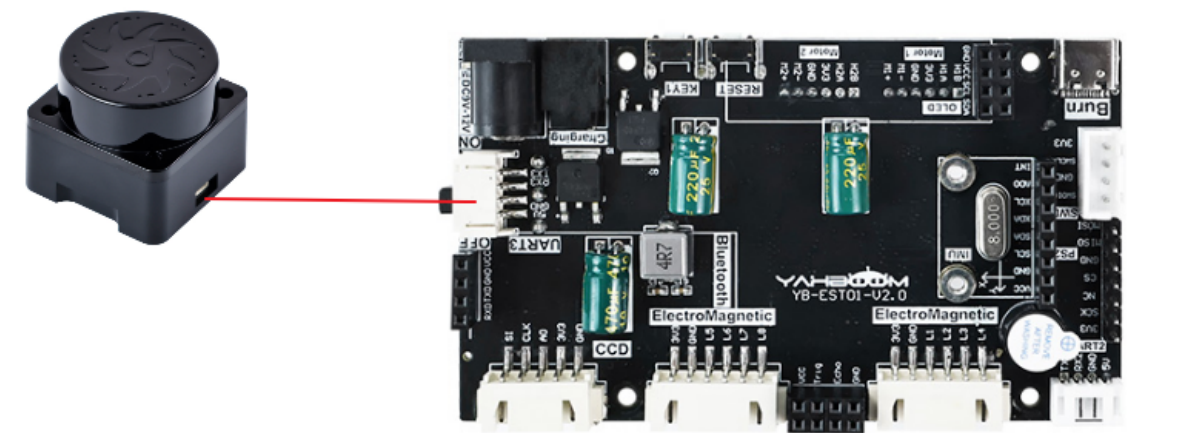
The tutorial mainly demonstrates the following function of the balance car combined with the Tmini-Plus radar.

The tutorial only introduces the standard library project code

Hardware connection

Since we have configured a special connection line, we only need to install it to the corresponding interface.

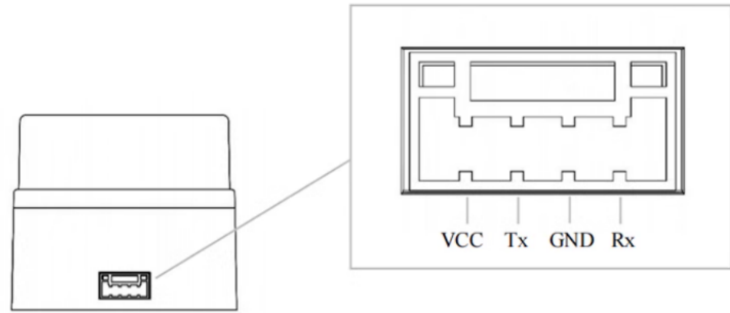
Peripherals	Development board
Tmini-Plus radar: VCC	5V
Tmini-Plus radar: TXD	PC10
Tmini-Plus radar: RXD	PC11
Tmini-Plus radar: GND	GND



Control principle

The program analyzes the radar data and determines the direction of movement of the balance car based on the distance information at the specified angle.

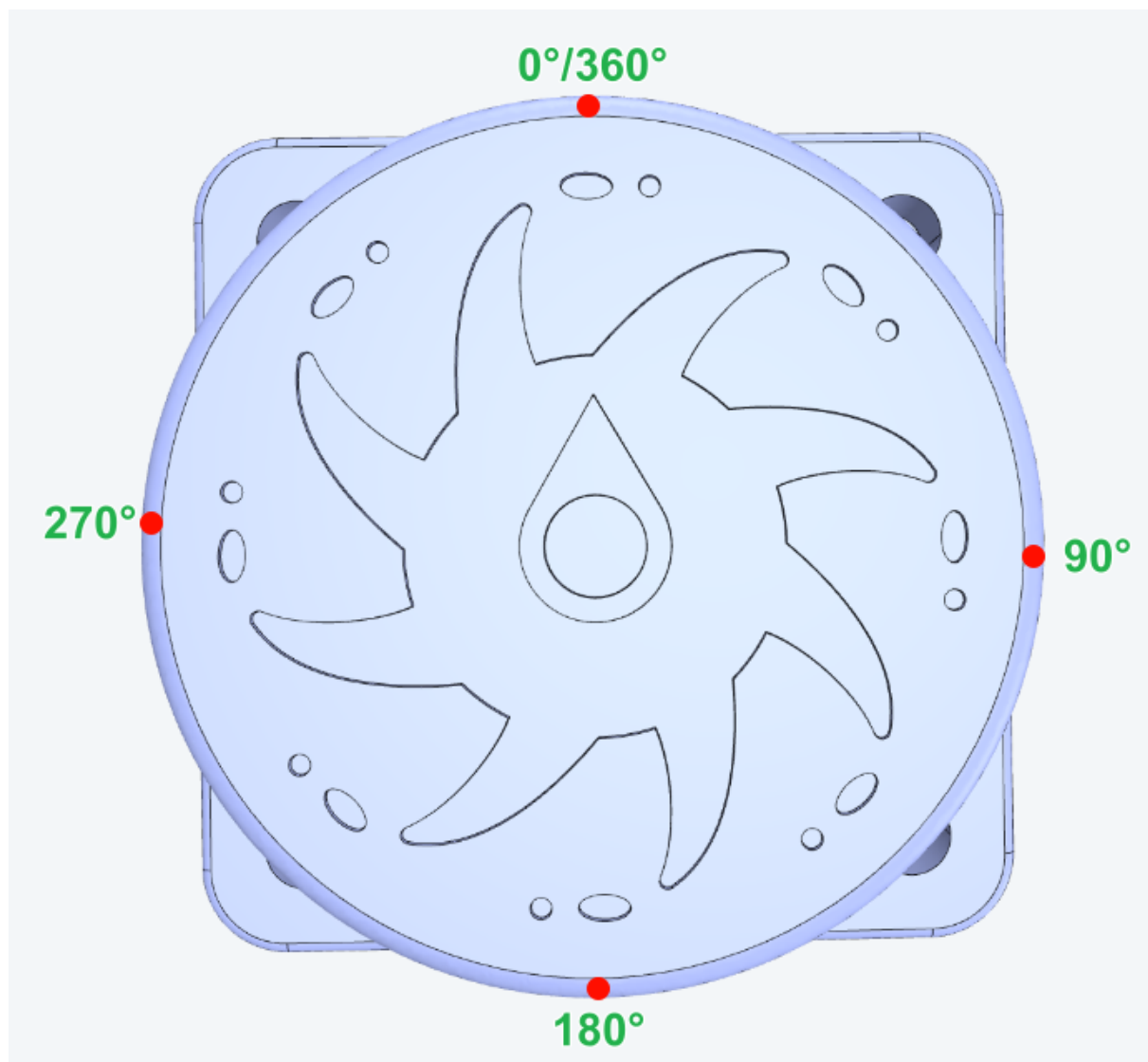
- Tmini-Plus radar



Product name	Tmini-Plus radar
Scanning frequency	6-12Hz
Sampling frequency	4000 times/s
Measuring radius	Black object: 12m
Minimum measuring distance	0.05m
Ranging principle	TOF ranging
Scanning angle	360°
Communication interface	Standard asynchronous serial port (UART) 1. Baud rate: 230400 2. Data bits: 8 3. Check bit: None 4. Stop bit: 1
ROS support	ROS1/ROS2
Windows support	Host computer

Radar Angle Distribution

The arrow in the center of the radar points to 0°/360°, and the angle increases clockwise.



Communication Protocol

For detailed information, please refer to the "T_Mini_Plus Manual"

Main Code

The tutorial mainly explains the code for the radar following function. For detailed code, please refer to the corresponding project file.

Car_Follow

The distance data of the radar at 0°, 45°, and 315° is used to determine the position of the following object and control the movement of the balance car.

```
void Car_Follow(void)
{
    float get_data_mid = Tminidis[0];

    float get_data_LL = Tminidis[315];

    float get_data_RR = Tminidis[45];

    printf("data = %.2f\t %.2f\t %.2f\r\n",get_data_mid,get_data_LL,get_data_RR);

    // positive direction
```

```

if(get_data_mid < 130 && get_data_mid>0)
{
    //The car moves backward
    Move_X = -15;
    Move_Z = 0;
}
else if (get_data_mid > 220 && get_data_mid < 350)
{
    //The car moves forward
    Move_X = 15;
    Move_Z = 0;
}

// Left direction
else if (get_data_LL < 340 && get_data_mid>200)
{
    // Left rotation of the car
    Move_X = 0;
    Move_Z = -450;
}

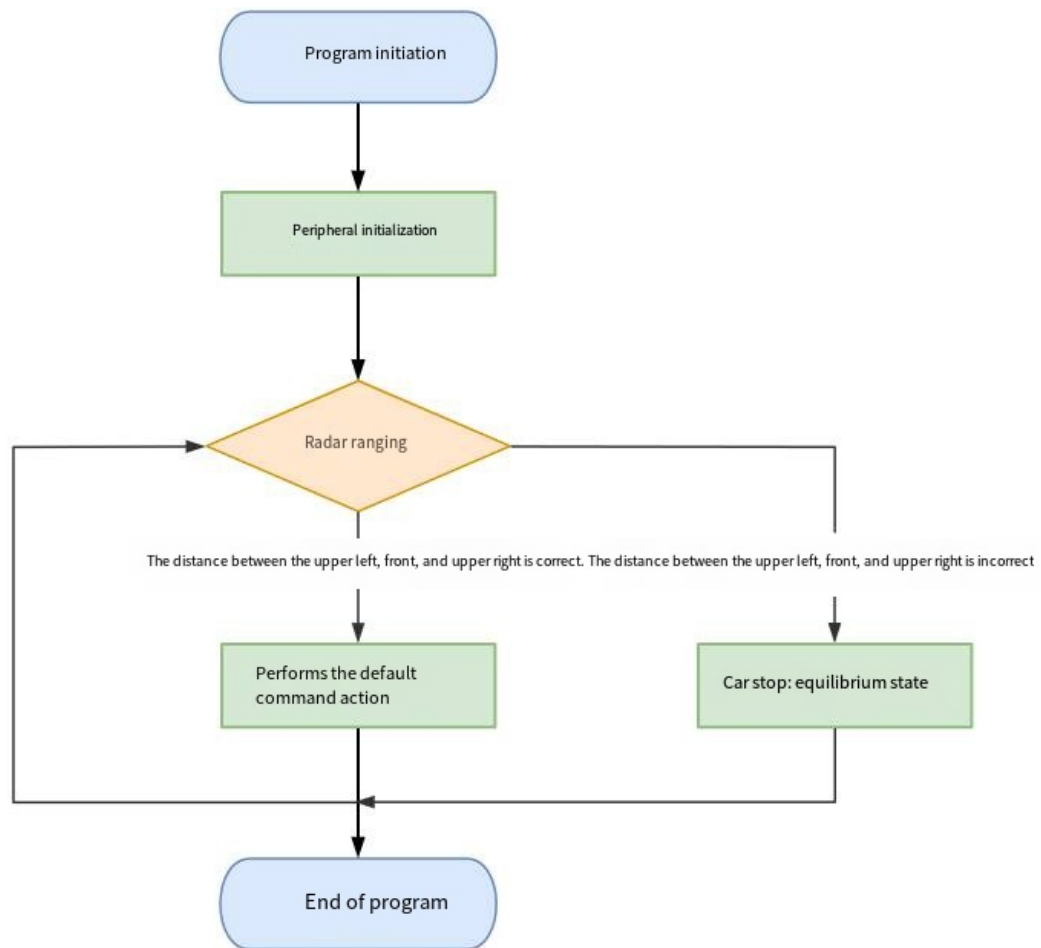
// Right direction
else if (get_data_RR < 340 && get_data_mid>200)
{
    //The car turns right
    Move_X = 0;
    Move_Z = 450;
}

else//Not following
{
    Move_X = 0;
    Move_Z = 0;
}
}

```

Program flow chart

Briefly introduce the process of function implementation:



Experimental phenomenon

Software code

The Balance_Radar_Follow.hex file generated by the project compilation is located in the OBJ folder of the Balance_Radar_Follow project. Find the Balance_Radar_Follow.hex file corresponding to the project and use the FlyMcu software to download the program into the development board.

Product supporting data source code path: Attachment → Source code summary → 5.Balanced_Car_Extended → 14.Balance_Radar_Follow

Experimental phenomenon

After the program is started, press KEY1 according to the OLED prompt to start the radar following function of the balance car: OLED displays start control!

The radar detects the following object in front ($0\text{mm} < \text{following object distance} < 130\text{mm}$): the car moves backward

The radar detects the following object in front ($200\text{mm} < \text{following object distance} < 340\text{mm}$): move forward

The radar detects the following object on the left (the distance to the left of the following object $< 340\text{mm}$, the distance in front $> 200\text{mm}$): the car turns left

The radar detects the following object on the right (the distance to the right of the following object $< 340\text{mm}$, the distance in front $> 200\text{mm}$): the car turns right

The program has voltage detection. If the voltage is less than 9.6V, a low voltage alarm is triggered and the buzzer will sound.

Common situations that trigger voltage alarms:

1. The power switch of the development board is not turned on, and only the Type-C data cable is connected for power supply
2. The battery pack voltage is lower than 9.6V and needs to be charged in time