10. Gesture recognition

1, synopsis

MediaPipe is a data stream processing machine learning application development framework developed and open-source by Google. It is a graph based data processing pipeline that enables the construction of various forms of data sources, such as video, frequency, sensor data, and any time series data. MediaPipe is cross platform and can run on embedded platforms (such as Raspberry Pi), mobile devices (iOS and Android), workstations, and servers, while supporting mobile GPU acceleration. MediaPipe provides cross platform, customizable ML solutions for real-time and streaming media. The core framework of MediaPipe is implemented in C++and provides support for languages such as Java and Objective C. The main concepts of MediaPipe include Packets, Streams, Calculators, Graphs, and Subgraphs.

The characteristics of MediaPipe:

- End to end acceleration: Built in fast ML inference and processing that can accelerate even on regular hardware.
- Build once, deploy anytime, anywhere: Unified solution suitable for Android, iOS, desktop/cloud, web, and IoT。
- Instant solution: A cutting-edge ML solution that showcases all features of the framework.
- Free and open source: Framework and solution under Apache 2.0, fully scalable and customizable.

2. Gesture recognition

Gesture recognition based on the right hand design can be accurately recognized when certain conditions are met.Recognisable gestures: [Zero、One、Two、Three、Four、Five、Six、Seven、Eight、Ok、Rock、Thumb_up、Thumb_down、Heart_single].

2.1, activate

- 1. First set the proxy IP for the ROS-wifi image transfer module. For specific steps, please refer to the basic use **1. The use of ROS-wifi image transfer module in micros car** tutorial
- 2. The Linux system connects to the ROS-wifi image transfer module, starts docket, and enters the following command to connect the ROS-wifi image transfer module

```
#Use the provided system for direct input
sh start_Camera_computer.sh
```

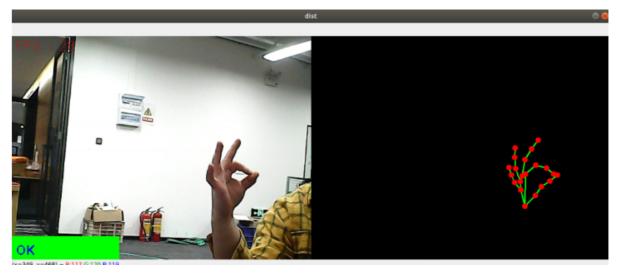
```
#Systems that are not data:
docker run -it --rm -v /dev:/dev -v /dev/shm:/dev/shm --privileged --net=host
microros/micro-ros-agent:humble udp4 --port 9999 -v4
```

```
yahboom@yahboom-VM: ~
                                                                      _ D X
                            vahboom@vahboom-VM: ~ 80x
ahboom@yahboom-VM:~$ docker run -it --rm -v /dev:/dev -v /dev/shm:/dev/shm --pr
ivileged --net=host microros/micro-ros-agent:humble udp4 --port 9999 -v4
                           | UDPv4AgentLinux.cpp | init
                      | port: 9999
 1711695468.874663] info | Root.cpp
                                                 | set_verbose_level
 gger setup
                     | verbose_level: 4
                                                 | create_client
                     client_key: 0x63824D0E, session_id: 0x81
 1711695469.608287] info | SessionManager.hpp | establish_session_
 ssion established
                     | client_key: 0x63824D0E, address: 192.168.2.114:27599
1711695469.626174] info | ProxyClient.cpp | create_participant
 rticipant created
                     | client_key: 0x63824D0E, participant_id: 0x000(1)
1711695469.631263] info | ProxyClient.cpp | create_topic
                     | client_key: 0x63824D0E, topic_id: 0x000(2), participant_
pic created
id: 0x000(1)
                                                 | create_publisher
                     | client_key: 0x63824D0E, publisher_id: 0x000(3), particip
ant_id: 0x000(1)
                                                  create_datawriter
rtawriter created | client_key: 0x63824D0E, datawriter_id: 0x000(5), publish
er_id: 0x000(3)
```

If the preceding information is displayed, the proxy connection is successful

3. Open a new terminal and execute the following command

ros2 run yahboom_esp32_mediapipe 11_GestureRecognition



4. Notes

- "If the camera angle is not centered, the Linux system needs to connect to the car agent. Please refer to the specific steps for development preparation before proceeding with tutorial **0. which provides essential information for a quick start (must-read)**. This tutorial will not provide further elaboration."
- After connecting the car's agent, enter the following command

```
ros2 run yahboom_esp32_mediapipe control_servo
```

After the steering engine is in the center, press "ctrl+C" to end the program.

5. If the camera picture is upside down, see **3. Camera picture correction (must-read)** tutorial, this tutorial is no longer explained

2.2. Code parsing

```
{\sim}/{yahboomcar\_ws/src/yahboom\_esp32\_mediapipe/yahboom\_esp32\_mediapipe/11\_GestureRecognition.py}
```

```
class handDetector:
    def __init__(self, mode=False, maxHands=2, detectorCon=0.5, trackCon=0.5):
        self.tipIds = [4, 8, 12, 16, 20]
        self.mpHand = mp.solutions.hands
        self.mpDraw = mp.solutions.drawing_utils
        self.hands = self.mpHand.Hands(
            static_image_mode=mode,
            max_num_hands=maxHands,
            min_detection_confidence=detectorCon,
            min_tracking_confidence=trackCon
        )
        self.lmList = []
        self.lmDrawSpec = mp.solutions.drawing_utils.DrawingSpec(color=(0, 0,
255), thickness=-1, circle_radius=6)
        self.drawSpec = mp.solutions.drawing_utils.DrawingSpec(color=(0, 255, 0),
thickness=2, circle_radius=2)
    def get_dist(self, point1, point2):
        x1, y1 = point1
        x2, y2 = point2
        return abs(math.sqrt(math.pow(abs(y1 - y2), 2) + math.pow(abs(x1 - x2),
2)))
    def calc_angle(self, pt1, pt2, pt3):
        point1 = self.lmList[pt1][1], self.lmList[pt1][2]
        point2 = self.lmList[pt2][1], self.lmList[pt2][2]
        point3 = self.lmList[pt3][1], self.lmList[pt3][2]
        a = self.get_dist(point1, point2)
        b = self.get_dist(point2, point3)
        c = self.get_dist(point1, point3)
        try:
            radian = math.acos((math.pow(a, 2) + math.pow(b, 2) - math.pow(c, 2))
/ (2 * a * b))
            angle = radian / math.pi * 180
        except:
            angle = 0
        return abs(angle)
    def findHands(self, frame, draw=True):
        self.lmList = []
        img = np.zeros(frame.shape, np.uint8)
        img_RGB = cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
        self.results = self.hands.process(img_RGB)
        if self.results.multi_hand_landmarks:
            for i in range(len(self.results.multi_hand_landmarks)):
```

```
if draw: self.mpDraw.draw_landmarks(frame,
self.results.multi_hand_landmarks[i], self.mpHand.HAND_CONNECTIONS,
self.lmDrawSpec, self.drawSpec)
                self.mpDraw.draw_landmarks(img,
self.results.multi_hand_landmarks[i], self.mpHand.HAND_CONNECTIONS,
self.lmDrawSpec, self.drawSpec)
                for id, 1m in
enumerate(self.results.multi_hand_landmarks[i].landmark):
                    h, w, c = frame.shape
                    cx, cy = int(lm.x * w), int(lm.y * h)
                    self.lmList.append([id, cx, cy])
        return frame, img
    def frame_combine(slef,frame, src):
        if len(frame.shape) == 3:
            frameH, frameW = frame.shape[:2]
            srcH, srcW = src.shape[:2]
            dst = np.zeros((max(frameH, srcH), frameW + srcW, 3), np.uint8)
            dst[:, :frameW] = frame[:, :]
            dst[:, frameW:] = src[:, :]
        else:
            src = cv.cvtColor(src, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
            frameH, frameW = frame.shape[:2]
            imgH, imgW = src.shape[:2]
            dst = np.zeros((frameH, frameW + imgW), np.uint8)
            dst[:, :frameW] = frame[:, :]
            dst[:, frameW:] = src[:, :]
        return dst
    def fingersUp(self):
        fingers=[]
        # Thumb
        if (self.calc_angle(self.tipIds[0],
                            self.tipIds[0] - 1,
                            self.tipIds[0] - 2) > 150.0) and (
                self.calc_angle(
                    self.tipIds[0] - 1,
                    self.tipIds[0] - 2,
                    self.tipIds[0] - 3) > 150.0): fingers.append(1)
        else:
            fingers.append(0)
        # 4 finger
        for id in range(1, 5):
            if self.lmList[self.tipIds[id]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[id] - 2]</pre>
[2]:
                fingers.append(1)
            else:
                fingers.append(0)
        return fingers
    def get_gesture(self):
        gesture = ""
        fingers = self.fingersUp()
        if self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] > self.lmList[self.tipIds[1]][2] and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] > self.lmList[self.tipIds[2]][2]
and \
```

```
self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] > self.lmList[self.tipIds[3]][2]
and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] > self.lmList[self.tipIds[4]][2] :
gesture = "Thumb_down"
        elif self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[1]][2] and</pre>
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[2]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[3]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[4]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.calc_angle(self.tipIds[1] - 1, self.tipIds[1] - 2,
self.tipIds[1] - 3) < 150.0 : gesture = "Thumb_up"</pre>
        if fingers.count(1) == 3 or fingers.count(1) == 4:
            if fingers[0] == 1 and (
                     self.get_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[8][1:])
<self.get_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[5][1:])</pre>
            ): gesture = "OK"
            elif fingers[2] == fingers[3] == 0: gesture = "Rock"
            elif fingers.count(1) == 3: gesture = "Three"
            else: gesture = "Four"
        elif fingers.count(1) == 0: gesture = "Zero"
        elif fingers.count(1) == 1: gesture = "One"
        elif fingers.count(1) == 2:
            if fingers[0] == 1 and fingers[4] == 1: gesture = "Six"
            elif fingers[0] == 1 and self.calc_angle(4, 5, 8) > 90: gesture =
"Eight"
            elif fingers[0] == fingers[1] == 1 and self.get_dist(self.lmList[4]
[1:], self.lmList[8][1:]) < 50: gesture = "Heart_single"
            else: gesture = "Two"
        elif fingers.count(1)==5:gesture = "Five"
        if self.get\_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[8][1:]) < 60 and <math>\
                self.get\_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[12][1:]) < 60 and \
                self.get_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[16][1:]) < 60 and \</pre>
                self.get_dist(self.lmList[4][1:], self.lmList[20][1:]) < 60 :</pre>
gesture = "Seven"
        if self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[1]][2] and \</pre>
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[2]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[3]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.lmList[self.tipIds[0]][2] < self.lmList[self.tipIds[4]][2]</pre>
and \
                self.calc_angle(self.tipIds[1] - 1, self.tipIds[1] - 2,
self.tipIds[1] - 3) > 150.0 : gesture = "Eight"
        return gesture
class MY_Picture(Node):
    def __init__(self, name):
        super().__init__(name)
        self.bridge = CvBridge()
        self.sub_img = self.create_subscription(
```

```
CompressedImage, '/espRos/esp32camera', self.handleTopic, 1)
        self.hand_detector = handDetector(detectorCon=0.75)
    def handleTopic(self, msg):
        start = time.time()
        frame = self.bridge.compressed_imgmsg_to_cv2(msg)
        frame = cv.resize(frame, (640, 480))
        cv.waitKey(1)
        frame, img = self.hand_detector.findHands(frame, draw=False)
        if len(self.hand_detector.lmList) != 0:
            totalFingers = self.hand_detector.get_gesture()
            cv.rectangle(frame, (0, 430), (230, 480), (0, 255, 0), cv.FILLED)
            cv.putText(frame, str(totalFingers), (10, 470),
cv.FONT_HERSHEY_PLAIN, 2, (255, 0, 0), 2)
        end = time.time()
        fps = 1 / (end - start)
        text = "FPS : " + str(int(fps))
        cv.putText(frame, text, (20, 30), cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.9, (0, 0,
255), 1)
        dist = self.hand_detector.frame_combine(frame, img)
        cv.imshow('dist', dist)
Zero One Two Three Four Five Six Seven Eight
ok: ok
Rock: rock
Thumb_up : Thumb up
Thumb_down: Thumb down
Heart_single: Compare hearts with one hand
1.1.1
def main():
    print("start it")
    rclpy.init()
    esp_img = MY_Picture("My_Picture")
    try:
        rclpy.spin(esp_img)
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        pass
    finally:
        esp_img.destroy_node()
        rclpy.shutdown()
```

The main process of the program: subscribe to the image from esp32, through MediaPipe to do the relevant recognition, and then through opency to display the processed image.