

K210-Automatic Driving

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1. Opening instructions

2. Experimental preparation

The relationship between the 4 motor interfaces and the car is as follows:

Hardware wiring

Wiring using MSPM0 robot expansion board

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1. Opening instructions

Please read the "Introduction to Motors and Usage" in the four-way motor driver board information first to understand the motor parameters, wiring methods, and power supply voltage you are currently using. To avoid burning the motherboard or motor.

2. Experimental preparation

Wheeled car chassis V1 four-wheel drive version, 4*310 motors, 7.4V lithium battery, K210 vision module, MSPM0 robot expansion board (optional), MSPM0G3507 core board (Yahboom).

The relationship between the 4 motor interfaces and the car is as follows:

M1 -> upper left motor (left front wheel of the car)

M2 -> lower left motor (left rear wheel of the car)

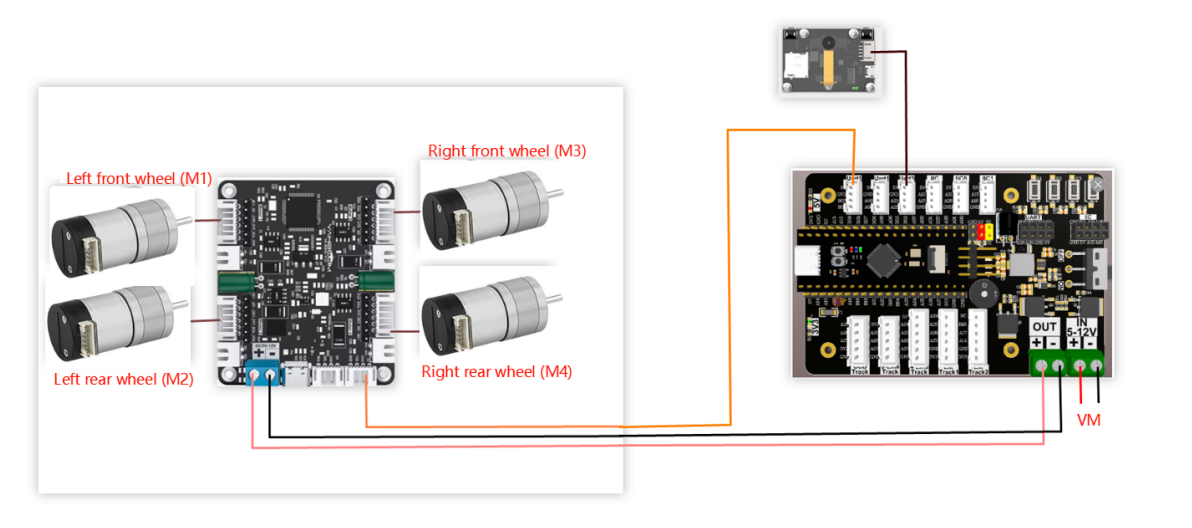
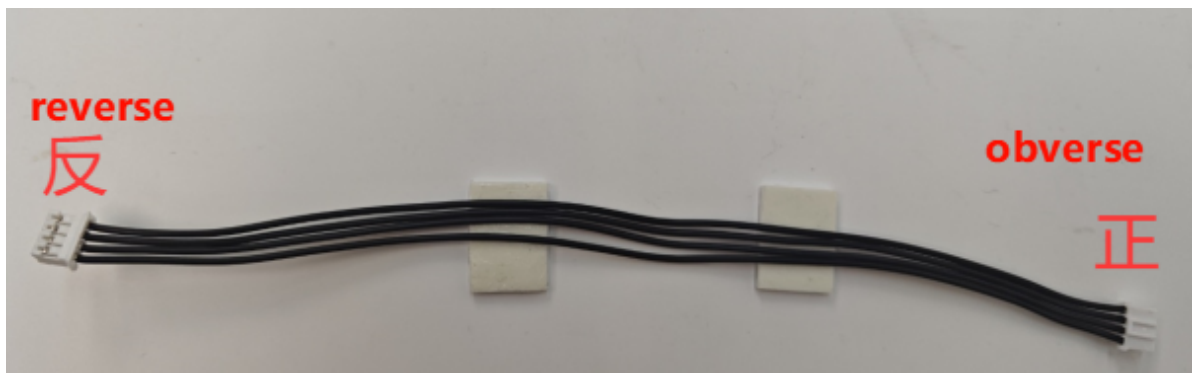
M3 -> upper right motor (right front wheel of the car)

M4 -> lower right motor (right rear wheel of the car)

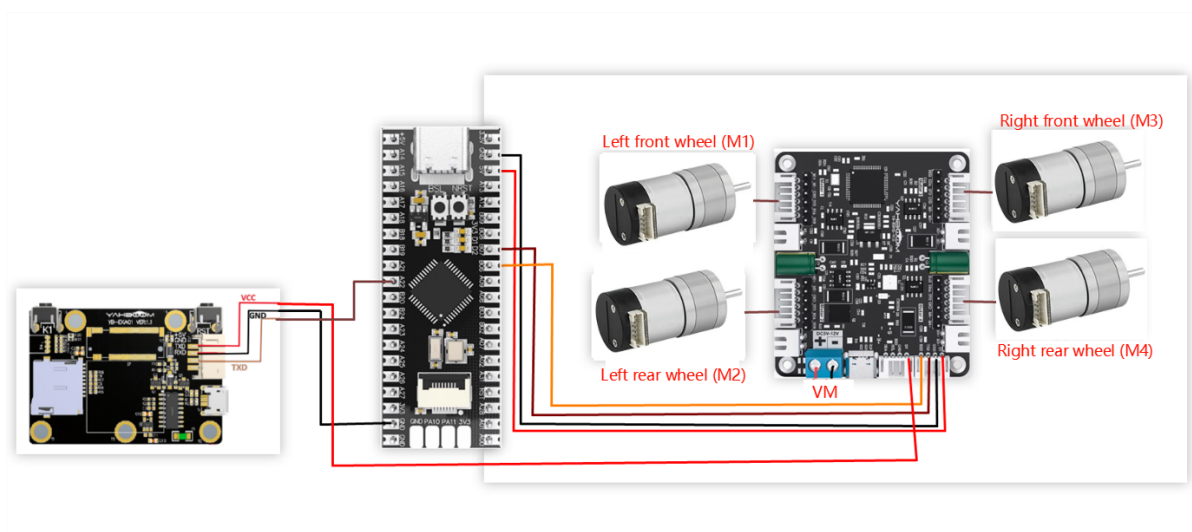
Hardware wiring

Wiring using MSPM0 robot expansion board

Note: The wire used for the k210 vision module and the wire used to connect the MSPM0 robot expansion board and the four-way motor driver module are: PH2.0-4pin cable, double-ended all black, reverse (200mm), the direction of the reverse cable holder is shown in the following figure



Wiring using MSPM0G3507 core board (Yahboom)



Wiring pins

Four-way motor driver board	MSPM0G3507 core board (Yahboom)
RX2	PB6
TX2	PB7
GND	GND
5V	5V

Take M1 motor as an example below, and other motors are similar

Motor	Four-way motor driver board (Motor)
M2	M1-
VCC	3V3
A	H1A
B	H1B
GND	GND
M1	M1+

K210 vision module	MSPM0G3507 core board (Yahboom)
5V	5V
GND	GND
TXD	PA22
RXD	PA21

3. Key code analysis

- revaction.c

```
// 获取命令标志    Get command flag
uint8_t Get_CMD_Flag(void)
{
    return New_CMD_flag;
}

// 清除命令数据和相关标志    Clear command data and related flags
void Clear_CMD_Flag(void)
{
    #if ENABLE_CLEAR_RXBUF
    for (uint8_t i = 0; i < New_CMD_length; i++)
    {
        RxBuffer[i] = 0;
    }
    #endif
    New_CMD_length = 0;
    New_CMD_flag = 0;
}

//数据分析    data analysis
void Upper_Data_Parse(uint8_t *data_buf, uint8_t num)
{
    uint8_t func_id = *(data_buf + 3);
    switch (func_id)
    {
        /* 判断功能字: 小车速度设置    Judgment function word: Trolley speed setting */
        case FUNC_MOTION:
        {
```

```

uint8_t parm = (uint8_t) *(data_buf + 4);
int16_t vx_recv = *(data_buf + 6) << 8 | *(data_buf + 5);
int16_t vy_recv = *(data_buf + 8) << 8 | *(data_buf + 7);
int16_t vz_recv = *(data_buf + 10) << 8 | *(data_buf + 9);
uint8_t adjust = parm & 0x80;

if (Vx_recv == 0 && Vy_recv == 0 && Vz_recv == 0)
{
    Ctrl_Pwm(0,0,0,0);
}
else
{
    Motion_Car_Control(Vx_recv, Vy_recv, Vz_recv, (adjust==0?0:1));
}
break;
}

/* 判断功能字：彩灯控制 Judgment function word: color light control */
case FUNC_RGB:
{
    u8 index = *(data_buf + 4);
    u8 red = *(data_buf + 5);
    u8 green = *(data_buf + 6);
    u8 blue = *(data_buf + 7);
//    printf("RED:%d, G:%d, B:%d\r\n",red,green,blue);
    RGB_Set_Color(index, red, green, blue);
    RGB_Update();
    break;
}

default:
    break;
}
}

//数据接收并保存 Data received and saved
void Upper_Data_Receive(uint8_t Rx_Temp)
{
    switch (RxFlag)
    {
        case 0:
            if (Rx_Temp == PTO_HEAD)
            {
                RxBuffer[0] = PTO_HEAD;
                RxFlag = 1;
            }
            break;

        case 1:
            if (Rx_Temp == PTO_DEVICE_ID)
            {
                RxBuffer[1] = PTO_DEVICE_ID;
                RxFlag = 2;
                RxIndex = 2;
            }
            else

```

```

    {
        RxFlag = 0;
        RxBuffer[0] = 0x0;
    }
    break;

case 2:
    New_CMD_length = Rx_Temp + 2;
    if (New_CMD_length >= PTO_MAX_BUF_LEN)
    {
        RxIndex = 0;
        RxFlag = 0;
        RxBuffer[0] = 0;
        RxBuffer[1] = 0;
        New_CMD_length = 0;
        break;
    }
    RxBuffer[RxIndex] = Rx_Temp;
    RxIndex++;
    RxFlag = 3;
    break;

case 3:
    RxBuffer[RxIndex] = Rx_Temp;
    RxIndex++;
    if (RxIndex >= New_CMD_length)
    {
        New_CMD_flag = 1;
        RxIndex = 0;
        RxFlag = 0;
    }
    break;

default:
    break;
}
}

```

Get_CMD_Flag: Get the k210 data flag

Clear_CMD_Flag: Clear command data and related flags

Upper_Data_Parse: Parse the saved k210 data and determine the function of k210

Upper_Data_Receive: Save the received k210 data

- app_motor.c

```

// 返回当前小车轮子轴间距和的一半 Returns half of the sum of the axle spacings of the
current trolley wheels.
static float Motion_Get_APB(void)
{
    return Car_APB;
}
void Set_Motor(int MOTOR_TYPE)
{
    if(MOTOR_TYPE == 1)
    {

```

```

        send_motor_type(1); //配置电机类型 Configure motor type
        delay_ms(100);
        send_pulse_phase(30); //配置减速比 查电机手册得出 Configure the reduction
ratio. Check the motor manual to find out
        delay_ms(100);
        send_pulse_line(11); //配置磁环线 查电机手册得出 Configure the magnetic ring
wire. Check the motor manual to get the result.
        delay_ms(100);
        send_wheel_diameter(67.00); //配置轮子直径,测量得出 Configure the
wheel diameter and measure it
        delay_ms(100);
        send_motor_deadzone(1900); //配置电机死区,实验得出 Configure the motor dead
zone, and the experiment shows
        delay_ms(100);
    }

    else if(MOTOR_TYPE == 2)
    {
        send_motor_type(2);
        delay_ms(100);
        send_pulse_phase(20);
        delay_ms(100);
        send_pulse_line(13);
        delay_ms(100);
        send_wheel_diameter(48.00);
        delay_ms(100);
        send_motor_deadzone(1600);
        delay_ms(100);
    }

    ...
}

void Motion_Car_Control(int16_t V_x, int16_t V_y, int16_t V_z, uint8_t adjust)
{
    float robot_APB = Motion_Get_APB();
    speed_lr = 0;
    speed_fb = V_x;
    speed_spin = (V_z / 1000.0f) * robot_APB;
    if (V_x == 0 && V_y == 0 && V_z == 0)
    {
        Ctrl_Speed(0,0,0,0);
        return;
    }

    speed_L1_setup = speed_fb - speed_spin;
    speed_L2_setup = speed_fb - speed_spin;
    speed_R1_setup = speed_fb + speed_spin;
    speed_R2_setup = speed_fb + speed_spin;

    if (speed_L1_setup > 1000) speed_L1_setup = 1000;
    if (speed_L1_setup < -1000) speed_L1_setup = -1000;
    if (speed_L2_setup > 1000) speed_L2_setup = 1000;
    if (speed_L2_setup < -1000) speed_L2_setup = -1000;
    if (speed_R1_setup > 1000) speed_R1_setup = 1000;
    if (speed_R1_setup < -1000) speed_R1_setup = -1000;
    if (speed_R2_setup > 1000) speed_R2_setup = 1000;
    if (speed_R2_setup < -1000) speed_R2_setup = -1000;

```

```
//
printf("%d\t,%d\t,%d\t,%d\r\n", speed_L1_setup, speed_L2_setup, speed_R1_setup, speed_R2_setup);

    Contrl_Speed(speed_L1_setup, speed_L2_setup, speed_R1_setup, speed_R2_setup);

}
```

Motion_Get_APB: Returns half of the current wheel axle spacing of the car

Set_Motor: Sets the motor type of the four-way motor driver board, and changes the motor type according to your actual situation

Motion_Car_Control: Controls the different motion states of the car

- app_motor_usart.c

```
//发送电机类型    Transmitter motor type
void send_motor_type(motor_type_t data)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$mtype:%d#", data);
    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//发送电机死区    Send motor dead zone
void send_motor_deadzone(uint16_t data)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$deadzone:%d#", data);
    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//发送电机磁环脉冲    Send motor magnetic ring pulse
void send_pulse_line(uint16_t data)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$mline:%d#", data);
    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//发送电机减速比    Transmitting motor reduction ratio
void send_pulse_phase(uint16_t data)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$mphase:%d#", data);
    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//发送轮子直径    Send wheel diameter
void send_wheel_diameter(float data)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$wdiameter:%.3f#", data);
    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//控制速度    Controlling Speed
void Contrl_Speed(int16_t M1_speed, int16_t M2_speed, int16_t M3_speed, int16_t M4_speed)
{
```

```

sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$spd:%d,%d,%d,%d#", M1_speed, M2_speed, M3_speed, M4_speed);
};
    UART_Console_write(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
//    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

//控制pwm Control PWM
void Contrl_Pwm(int16_t M1_pwm, int16_t M2_pwm, int16_t M3_pwm, int16_t M4_pwm)
{
    sprintf((char*)send_buff, "$pwm:%d,%d,%d,%d#", M1_pwm, M2_pwm, M3_pwm, M4_pwm);
    UART_Console_write(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
//    Send_Motor_ArrayU8(send_buff, strlen((char*)send_buff));
}

```

Configure motor parameters

Contrl_Speed: Control the speed of 4 motors separately

Contrl_Pwm: Control 4 motors separately through PWM.

- empty.c

```

#define MOTOR_TYPE 2    //1:520电机 2:310电机 3:测速码盘TT电机 4:TT直流减速电机 5:L型520电机
                        //1:520 motor 2:310 motor 3:speed code disc TT motor 4:TT DC reduction motor 5:L type 520 motor

int main(void)
{
    USART_Init();
    printf("please wait...\r\n");

    //使能DMA通道 Enable DMA Channel
    NVIC_ClearPendingIRQ(UART_1_INST_INT_IRQN);
    DL_DMA_enableChannel(DMA, DMA_CH0_CHAN_ID);
    NVIC_EnableIRQ(UART_1_INST_INT_IRQN);

    //开启与K210串口通信的中断 Enable interrupts for communication with the K210 serial port
    NVIC_ClearPendingIRQ(UART_2_INST_INT_IRQN);
    NVIC_EnableIRQ(UART_2_INST_INT_IRQN);

    //设置电机类型 Set motor type
    Set_Motor(MOTOR_TYPE);

    printf("Initialization Succeed\r\n");

    while(1)
    {
        if (Get_CMD_Flag())
        {
            Upper_Data_Parse(Get_RxBuffer(), Get_CMD_Length());
            Clear_CMD_Flag();
        }
    }
}

```



```
}  
}
```

MOTOR_TYPE: used to set the type of motor used. Modify the corresponding number according to the comments based on the motor you are currently using.

USART_Init: Initialize the serial port for communicating with the four-way motor driver board

Get_CMD_Flag: Start receiving data from k210

Upper_Data_Parse: Parse the received data from k210. And judge the function

Clear_CMD_Flag: Clear the received data and related flags

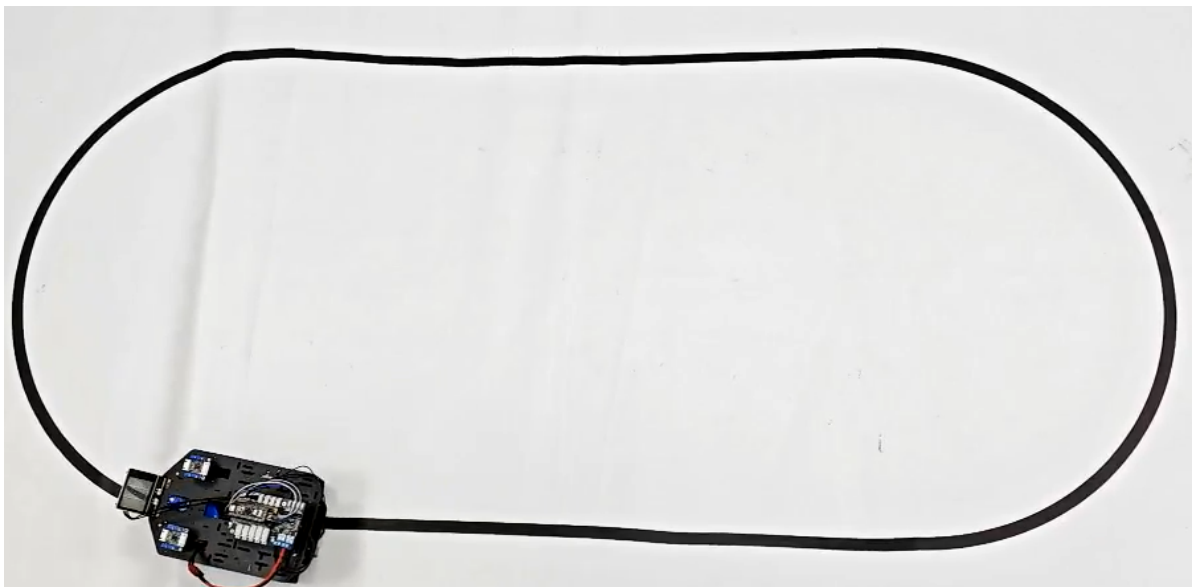
4. Experimental operation

1. Burn the program to MPM0.
2. Download the car drive library and PID control library in the K210\library directory to the root directory of the memory card in advance.
3. Open CanMV IDE and download the follow_line.py code into the K210 module.
4. Connect all the lines of the car.
5. Put the car into the map of the visual patrol line, move the K210 module bracket to the appropriate angle, and turn on the switch of the car.
6. After the system is initialized, the LCD displays the camera image, and there is a white box in the middle of the screen. Please move the car to fill the white box with the color to be identified, and wait for the white box to turn green to start collecting colors. After the collection is completed, the green box disappears and the program starts running.

5. Experimental phenomenon

Turn on the power switch, wait for the system to be initialized, the LCD displays the camera image, and there is a white box in the middle of the screen. Please put the color to be identified in the white box, and wait for the white box to turn green to start collecting colors. After the collection is completed, the green box disappears and the program starts running.

The car will move forward along the color just identified in the green box. As shown in the figure below, it is an arc, and the car moves along the arc.



If you find that the car often fails to patrol the line, please check whether the car can recognize the corresponding color at each position. If the car reacts too slowly or too quickly, you can adjust the value of FollowLinePID appropriately.

```
follow_line.py  ▾ | × |
1  import sensor, image, time, lcd
2
3  from modules import ybserial
4  from robot_Lib import Robot
5  from simplePID import PID
6
7  #FollowLinePID = (22, 0, 2)
8  FollowLinePID = (15, 0, 2)
9  SCALE = 1000.0
10
```