# **Face Tracking**

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# 1. Program Functionality

After starting the program, it automatically detects faces in the image. The servo gimbal will lock onto the detected face and keep it centered in the image. Press the q/Q key to exit the program.

⚠ This function has a high recognition rate for faces in 2D images, but has a low recognition rate for real people!

# 2. Program Code Reference Path

~/yahboomcar\_ros2\_ws/yahboomcar\_ws/src/yahboomcar\_voice\_ctrl/yahboomcar\_voice\_ctrl/faceTracker.py

faceTracker.py

Mainly performs face detection, calculates the servo rotation angle based on the face center coordinates, and publishes the servo angle control data to the car.

# 3. Program Startup

#### 3.1. Startup Commands

For the Raspberry Pi 5 controller, you must first enter the Docker container. This is not necessary for the Orin board.

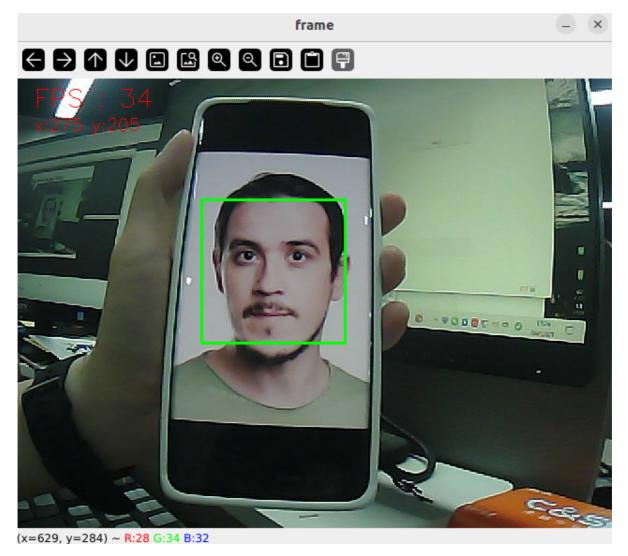
Enter the Docker container (for steps, see the Docker section [3. Docker Submission and Multi-Terminal Access]).

Enter the terminal:

```
# Start the car chassis
ros2 run yahboomcar_bringup Ackman_driver_A1
# Start the color tracking program
ros2 run yahboomcar_astra faceTracker
```

When a face is detected, the face area is automatically framed, and the servo gimbal begins tracking.

After the program starts, the following screen will appear:



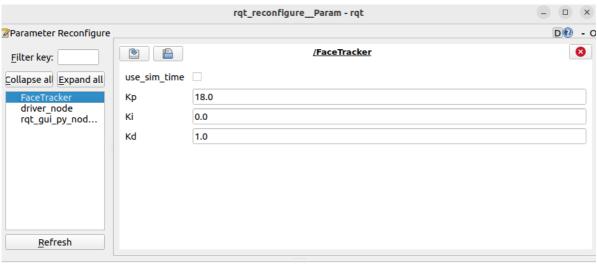
In addition, we can enter the following command to print information about the target center coordinates:

```
jetson@yahboom:~$ ros2 topic echo /Current_point
anglex: 42.0
angley: 220.0
distance: 0.0
---
anglex: 49.0
angley: 222.0
distance: 0.0
---
```

### 3.2 Dynamic Parameter Adjustment

In the terminal, enter:

ros2 run rqt\_reconfigure rqt\_reconfigure



(System message might be shown here when necessary)

After modifying the parameters, click a blank area in the GUI to write the parameter values. Note that the values will only take effect for the current startup. To permanently apply them, you need to modify the parameters in the source code.

As shown in the figure above,

• FaceTracker is primarily responsible for servo gimbal movement. It adjusts PID-related parameters to optimize gimbal motion.

★ Parameter Analysis:

[Kp], [Ki], [Kd]: PID control of servo gimbal speed during tracking.

#### 4. Core Code

## 4.1. faceTracker.py

This program has the following main functions:

- Opens the camera and acquires an image;
- Uses OpenCV's face detector to detect faces;

- Processes the image and publishes the center coordinates of the tracked object to the /Current\_point topic;
- Calculates the servo angle and then publishes the angle data.

Some of the core code is as follows.

```
# Create a publisher to publish the face center coordinates
self.pub_position = self.create_publisher(Position, "/Current_point", 10)
# Define the servo data publisher
self.pub_Servo = self.create_publisher(ServoControl, 'Servo', 10)
# Load the face detection model
xml_path = os.path.join(get_package_share_directory('yahboomcar_astra'),
'config', 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')
self.face_patterns = cv.CascadeClassifier(xml_path)
# Face detection
faces = self.face_patterns.detectMultiScale(frame, scaleFactor=1.2,
minNeighbors=10, minSize=(65, 65))
if len(faces) == 1:
    for (x, y, w, h) in faces:
        self.Center_x = x + w //2
        self.Center_y = y + h //2
        cv.rectangle(frame, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (0, 255, 0), 2)
    self.execute(self.Center_x, self.Center_y)
def execute(self, point_x, point_y):
    position = Position()
    position.anglex = point_x * 1.0
    position.angley = point_y * 1.0
    position.distance = 0.0
    # Publish the center coordinates message
    self.pub_position.publish(position)
    # PID calculation of servo angle
    [x_Pid, y_Pid] = self.PID_controller.update([point_x - 320, point_y - 240])
    # Limit PID polarity and maximum value
    x_Pid = x_Pid * (abs(x_Pid) <= self.Kp/3.6)
    y_Pid = y_Pid * (abs(y_Pid) \le self.Kp/3.6)
    # Update the servo angle and publish
    self.PWMServo_X += x_Pid
    self.PWMServo_Y += y_Pid
    self.servo_angle.s1 = int(max(0, min(180, self.PWMServo_X)))
    self.servo_angle.s2 = int(max(0, min(100, self.PWMServo_Y)))
    self.pub_Servo.publish(self.servo_angle)
```