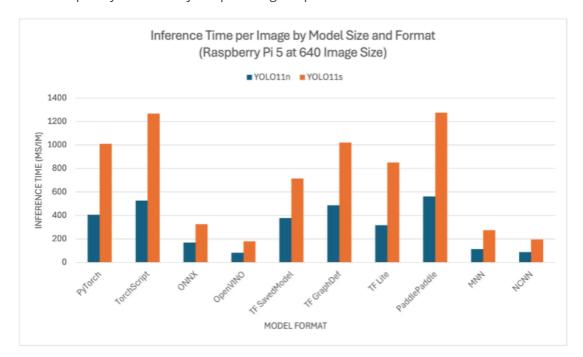
Model Conversion

Note: Using the Docker container in the factory image does not require re-setting up the environment. The environment is already set up. Simply enter Docker and run the corresponding function commands according to the previous tutorial.

1. Raspberry Pi 5 YOLO11 (Benchmark)

YOLO11 benchmark data comes from the Ultralytics team, and is tested on models in various formats (data for reference only).

Officially, only YOLO11n and YOLO11s models were benchmarked. Other models are too large to run on Raspberry Pis and may not provide good performance.



2. Model Conversion

**Conversion cannot be performed on the Jetson Nano board in Docker because the PyTorch/Ultralytics dependencies are too new and the CPU/GPU instruction sets are incompatible. You can first export to TensorRT/ONNX on a Raspberry Pi or PC, then run it on the Jetson Nano:

Based on the test parameters for different model formats provided by the Ultralytics team, we found that using TensorRT for inference performance is the best!

The first time you use the export mode for YOLO11, some dependencies will automatically be installed. Wait for it to complete!

2.1. CLI: pt \rightarrow onnx, pt \rightarrow ncnn

Convert the PyTorch model to onnx and ncnn

cd ~/ultralytics/ultralytics/

Run the following command in the terminal:

```
yolo export model=yolol1n.pt format=onnx
# yolo export model=yolol1n-seg.pt format=onnx
# yolo export model=yolol1n-pose.pt format=onnx
# yolo export model=yolol1n-cls.pt format=onnx
# yolo export model=yolol1n-obb.pt format=onnx

yolo export model=yolol1n.pt format=ncnn
# yolo export model=yolol1n-seg.pt format=ncnn
# yolo export model=yolol1n-pose.pt format=ncnn
# yolo export model=yolol1n-cls.pt format=ncnn
# yolo export model=yolol1n-cls.pt format=ncnn
# yolo export model=yolol1n-obb.pt format=ncnn
```

```
root@raspberrypi:-/ultralytics/ultralytics# yolo export model=yolo11n-seg.pt format=onnx
Ultralytics 8.3.154 []]Python-3.10.12 torch-2.1.2 CPU (Cortex-A76)
  YOLO11n-seg summary (fused): 113 layers, 2,868,664 parameters, 0 gradients, 10.4 GFLOPs
  <mark>PyTorch:</mark> starting from 'yolo11n-seg.pt' with input shape (1, 3, 640, 640) BCHW and output shape(s) ((1, 116,
8400), (1, 32, 160, 160)) (5.9 MB)
  DNNX: starting export with onnx 1.17.0 opset 17...
 WARNING 🛆 ONNX: simplifier failure: cannot import name 'equal_valued' from 'sympy.core.numbers' (/usr/lib/pyt
  hon3/dist-packages/sympy/core/numbers.py)
 Export complete (4.6s)
 Results saved to /root/ultralytics/ultralytics
                                      yolo predict task=segment model=yolo11n-seg.onnx imgsz=640
 Predict:
 Validate:
                                               yolo val task=segment model=yolo11n-seg.onnx imgsz=640 data=/ultralytics/ultralytics/cfg/dat
  Display the state of the state 
  root@raspberrypi:~/ultralytics/ultralytics# ls
   oot@raspberrypi:~/ultralytics/ultralytics# ls
                                                                                 trackers
   _init__.py data nn
ssets engine output
                                                                                                                                                                                        yolo11n-seg.pt
                                    hub runs videos
models solutions yahboom_demo_
                                                                                                                                       olo11n-nose nt
                                                                                                                                   yolo11n-seg.onnx yolo11n.torchscript
root@raspberrypi:~/ultralytics/ultralytics#
```

2.2. Python: pt \rightarrow onnx \rightarrow ncnn

Converting a PyTorch model to TensorRT: The conversion process automatically generates an ONNX model.

```
cd ~/ultralytics/ultralytics/yahboom_demo

python3 model_pt_onnx_ncnn.py
```

```
File Edit Tabs Help
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.C2PSA
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.C3k
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.C3k2
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.DFL
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.PSABlock
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.SPPF
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.Concat
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.Conv
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.DWConv
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.Bottleneck
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.block.DFL
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.DWConv
inline module = ultralytics.nn.modules.head.Detect
########## pass_level1
########## pass_level2
########## pass_level4
######### pass_ncnn
Export complete (8.8s)
Results saved to /root/ultralytics/ultralytics
               yolo predict task=detect model=/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yoloiin_ncnn_model imgsz=640
Predict:
                     yolo val task=detect model=/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n_ncnn_model imgsz=640 data=
usr/src/ultralytics/ultralytics/cfg/datasets/coco.yaml
```

Sample code:

```
from ultralytics import YOLO

# Load a YOLO11n PyTorch model
model = YOLO("/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n.pt")
# model = YOLO("/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n-seg.pt")
# model = YOLO("/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n-pose.pt")
# model = YOLO("/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n-cls.pt")
# model = YOLO("/root/ultralytics/ultralytics/yolo11n-obb.pt")

# Export the model to ONNX format
model.export(format="onnx") # This will create 'yolo11n.onnx' in the same
directory

# Export the model to NCNN format
model.export(format="ncnn") # Creates 'yolo11n_ncnn_model'
```

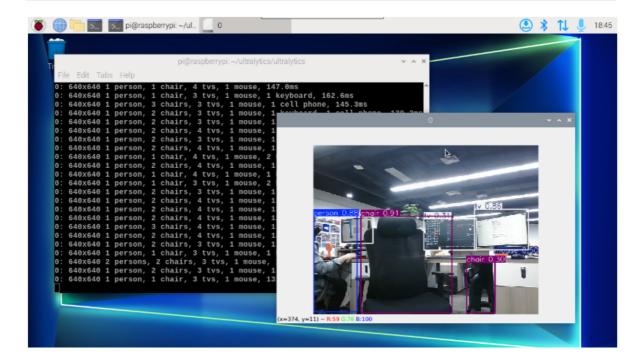
3. Model Prediction

CLI Usage

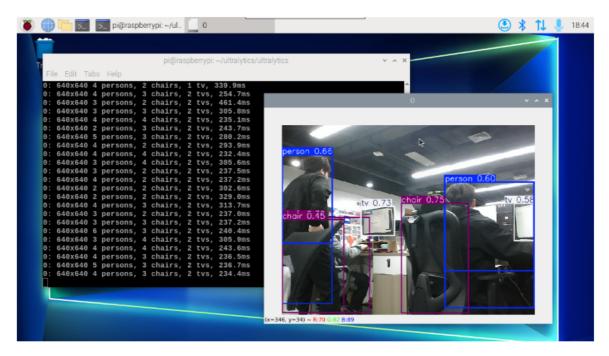
Currently, the CLI only supports USB camera calls!

```
cd ~/ultralytics/ultralytics/
```

yolo predict model=yolo11n.onnx source=0 save=False show



yolo predict model=yolo11n_ncnn_model source=0 save=False show



References

https://docs.ultralytics.com/guides/nvidia-pi/

https://docs.ultralytics.com/integrations/tensorrt/