

# Multimodal visual understand+SLAM navigation(Voice Version)

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## 1. Course Content

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1. Learn to use the robot's visual understanding combined with SLAM navigation.
2. Learn new key source code.

## 2. Preparation

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### 2.1 Content Description

This lesson uses the Raspberry Pi as an example. For Raspberry Pi and Jetson-Nano boards, you need to open a terminal on the host computer and enter the command to enter the Docker container. Once inside the Docker container, enter the commands mentioned in this lesson in the terminal. For instructions on entering the Docker container from the host computer, refer to **[01. Robot Configuration and Operation Guide] -- [4.Enter Docker (For JETSON Nano and RPi 5)]**. For RDKX5 and Orin boards, simply open a terminal and enter the commands mentioned in this lesson.

 This example uses `model :"qwen/qwen2.5-v1-72b-instruct:free", "qwen-v1-latest"`

 The responses from the big model for the same test command may not be exactly the same and may differ slightly from the screenshots in the tutorial. To increase or decrease the diversity of the big model's responses, refer to the section on configuring the decision-making big model parameters in **[03.AI Model Basics] -- [5.Configure AI large model]**.

### 2.2 Configuring the Mapping File

For detailed information on the principles and concepts of map mapping, please refer to the course content in **[AI Large Model Basics] - [3. Embodied Intelligent Robot System Architecture]**.

**For Raspberry Pi PI5 and jetson nano, you need to enter the Docker container first. For RDKX5 and Orin main controllers, this is not necessary.**

Use VNC to connect to the robot desktop. Open a terminal in Docker and enter the command.

```
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav laser_bringup_launch.py
```

Create a new terminal on the virtual machine and start it.(**For RDKX5, Raspberry Pi and Jetson Nano, it is recommended to run visualization in the virtual machine.**)

```
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav display_nav_launch.py
```

Wait for the navigation algorithm to start to display the map. Then open the Docker terminal and enter the command.

```
#Choose one of the two navigation algorithms
#Normal navigation
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav navigation_teb_launch.py

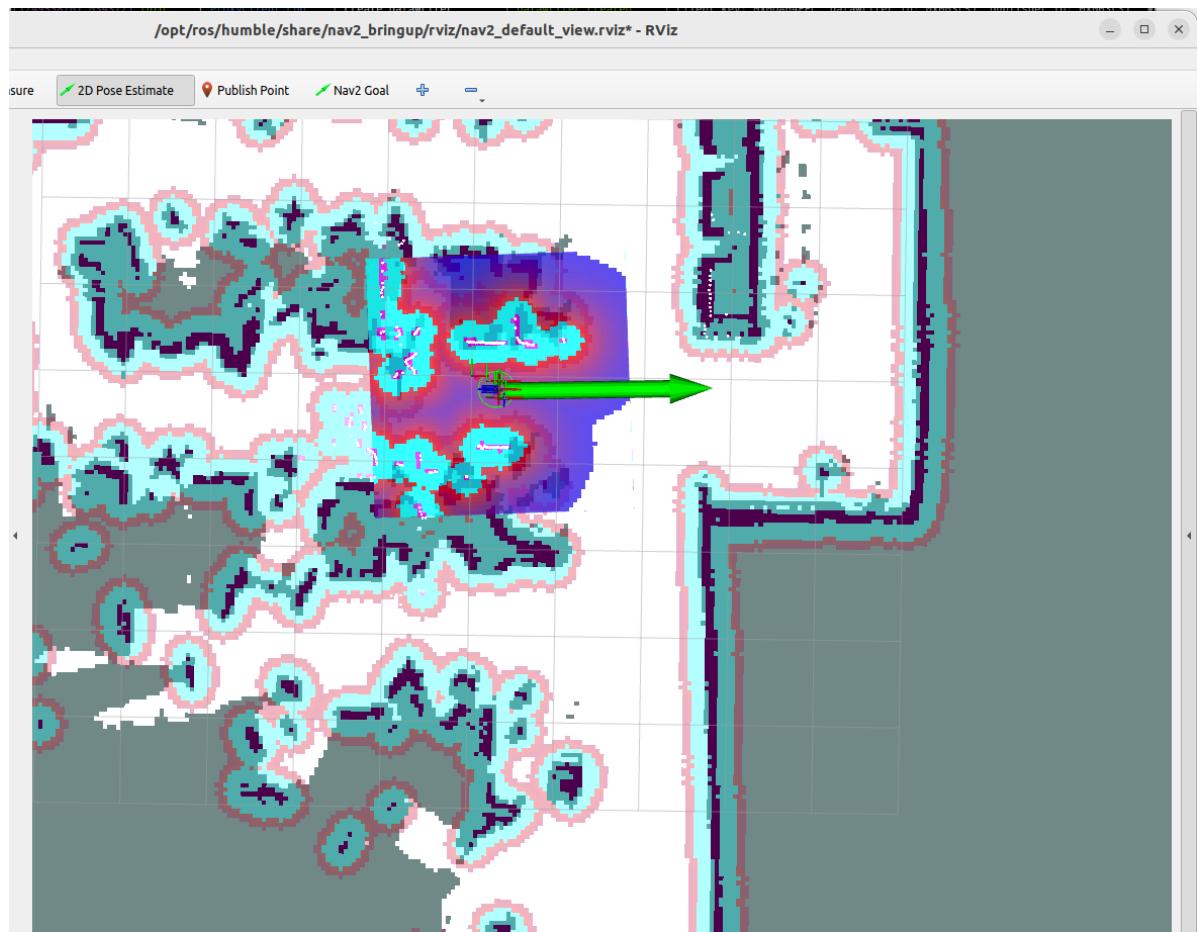
#Fast repositioning navigation (Raspberry Pi 5, and RDKX5 are not supported)
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav localization_imu_odom.launch.py use_rviz:=false
load_state_filename:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ross2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/yahboomcar.pbstream

ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav navigation_cartodwb_launch.py
maps:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ross2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/yahboomcar.yaml
params_file:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ross2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/params/cartoteb_nav_params.yaml
```

**Note: yahboomcar.yaml and yahboomcar.pbstream must be mapped simultaneously, meaning they are the same map. Refer to the cartograph mapping algorithm to save the map.**

The map visualization interface will appear in rviz2. Click **2D Pose Estimate** in the upper toolbar to select it. Roughly mark the robot's position and orientation on the map.

The robot model will appear on the map as shown below:



Open a new terminal in the virtual machine and enter the command

```
ros2 topic list
```

```
yahboom@yahboom-virtual-machine: ~
yahboom@yahboom-virtual-machine: ~ 104x26

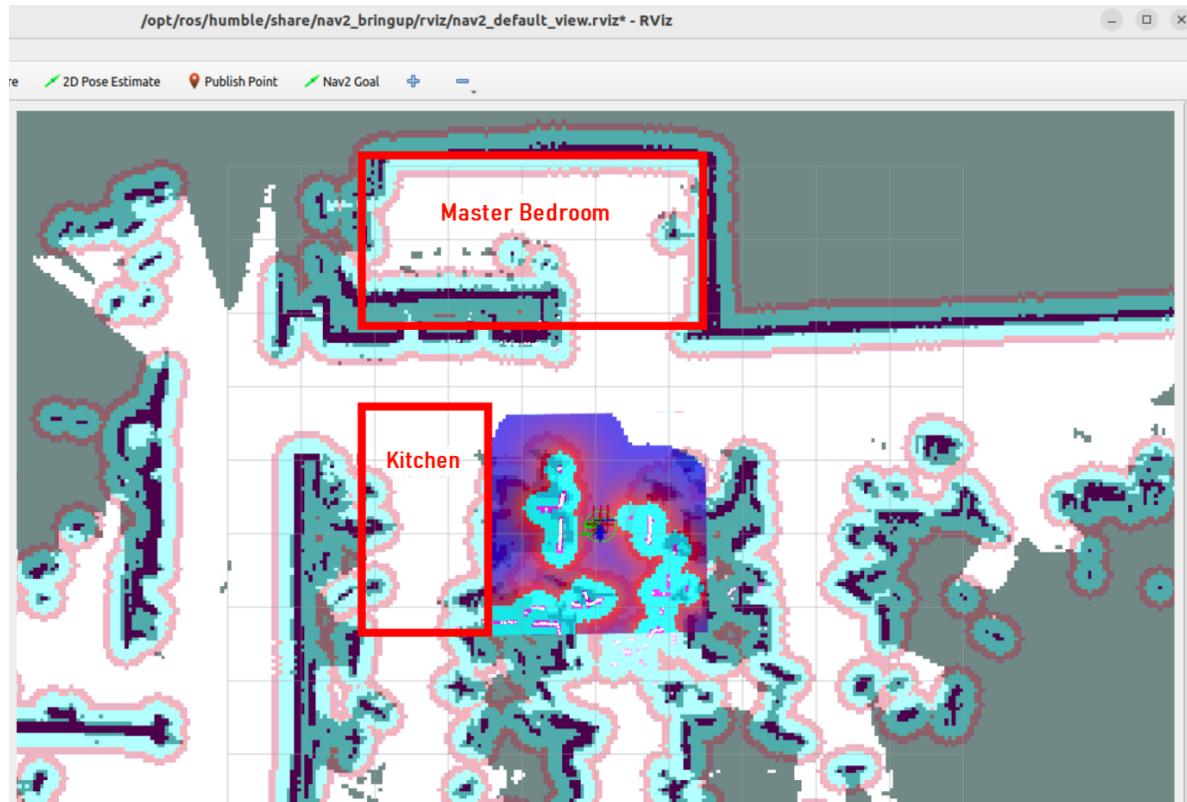
/bt_navigator/transition_event
/clicked_point
/cmd_vel
/cmd_vel_nav
/controller_server/transition_event
/cost_cloud
/diagnostics
/downsampled_costmap
/downsampled_costmap_updates
/evaluation
/global_costmap/clearing_endpoints
/global_costmap/costmap
/global_costmap/costmap_raw
/global_costmap/costmap_updates
/global_costmap/footprint
/global_costmap/global_costmap/transition_event
/global_costmap/published_footprint
/global_costmap/voxel_grid
/global_costmap/voxel_marked_cloud
/goal_pose
 imu/data
 imu/data_raw
 imu/mag
/initialpose
/joint_states
/local_costmap/clearing_endpoints
```

You can see the **/initialpose** topic. This topic is published by the **2D Pose Estimate** tool in rviz2 in the previous step. We can use this tool to publish coordinates to view the data of the **/initialpose** topic and obtain the coordinates and orientation angle of a certain point in the map.

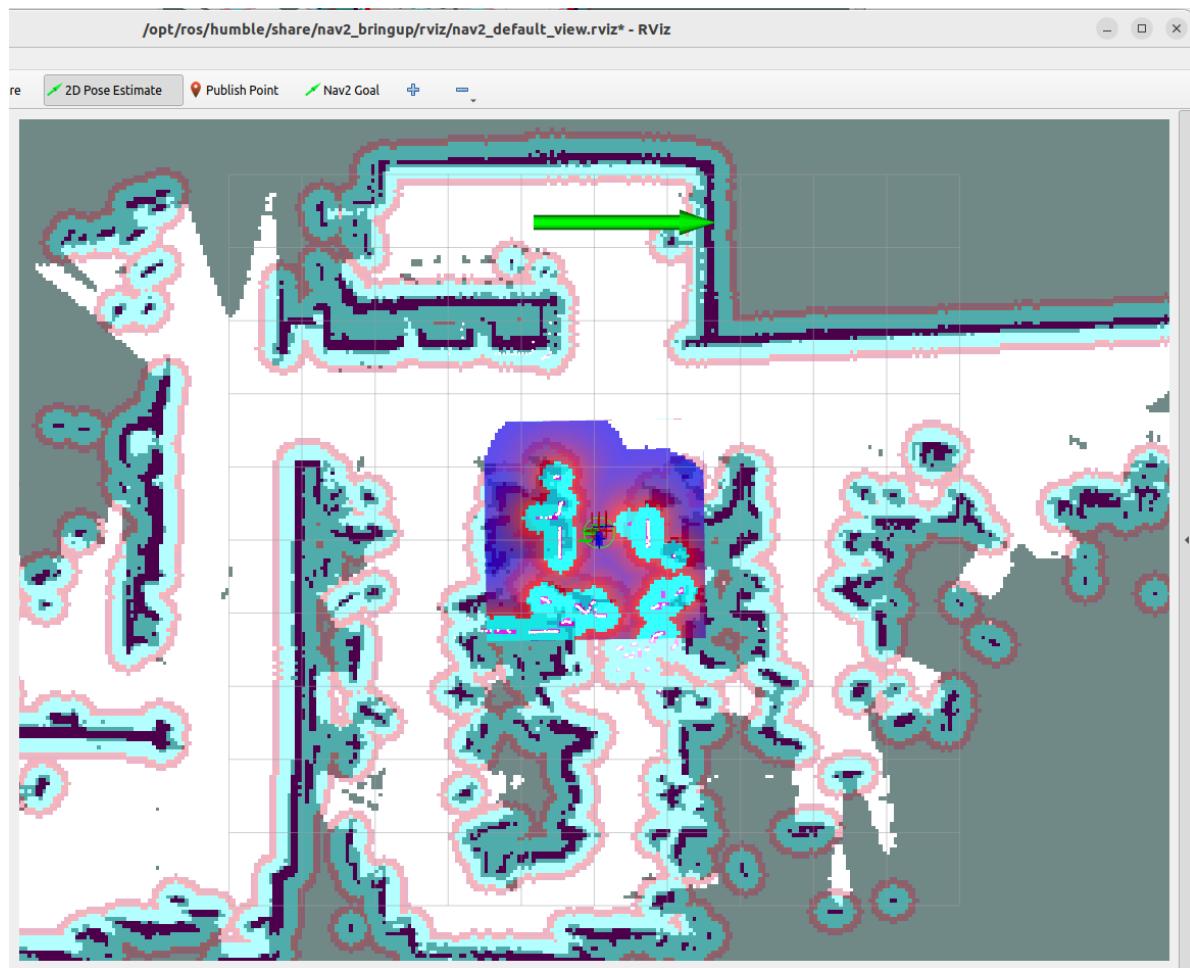
Enter the following command in the terminal to observe the data on the **/initialpose** topic.

```
ros2 topic echo /initialpose
```

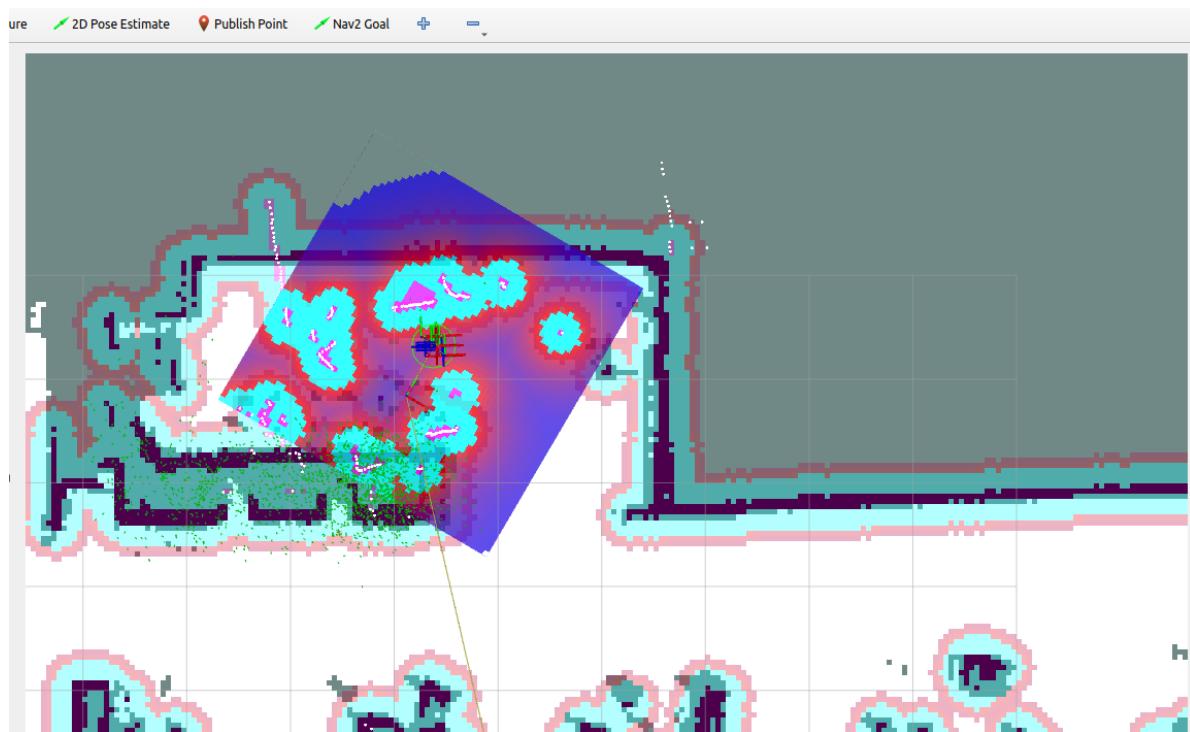
We can name any point in the map. Here we take "Master Bedroom" and "Kitchen" as examples.



As shown in the figure below, we first click **2D Pose Estimate** tool, then select a place in the "Master Bedroom" area and click the left mouse button and hold it to adjust the direction. After confirming, release it.



The robot position will be adjusted to the position and direction just selected. The robot's estimated position and direction can be previewed in rviz.



In the last frame of the terminal window, you can see the coordinates of the target point we just marked with the **2D Pose Estimate** tool.

```
yahboom@yahboom-virtual-machine: ~
yahboom@yahboom-virtual-machine: ~ 104x26
yahboom@yahboom-virtual-machine:~$ ros2 topic echo /initialpose
header:
  stamp:
    sec: 1749544815
    nanosec: 989423507
  frame_id: map
pose:
  pose:
    position:
      x: 4.317397594451904
      y: 0.4287700653076172
      z: 0.0
    orientation:
      x: 0.0
      y: 0.0
      z: -0.7071081943275359
      w: 0.707105368042735
covariance:
- 0.25
- 0.0
- 0.0
- 0.0
- 0.0
- 0.0
- 0.0
- 0.0
```

Open the `map_mapping.yaml` map mapping file, which is located at:

jetson orin nano, jetson orin NX host:

```
/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/config/map_mapping.yaml
```

jetson nano, Raspberry Pi host, you need to enter docker first ,

```
/root/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/config/map_mapping.yaml
```

Replace "name" in A with "Master Bedroom" and "position" and "orientation" with the data we just saw in the `/initialpose` topic in the terminal.

```
#根据实际的场景环境，自定义地图中的区域，可以添加任意个区域，注意和大模型的地图映射保持一致即可
#According to the actual scene environment, customize the areas in the map. You
can add any number of areas, just make sure they are consistent with the map
mapping of the large model
#地图映射Map mapping
A:
  name: 'Master Bedroom'
  position:
    x: 1.6878514289855957
    y: -0.32615160942077637
    z: 0.0
  orientation:
    x: 0.0
    y: 0.0
    z: 0.4503881236302555
    w: 0.8928328724306793
```

#此处可新增添加区域对应的栅格地图坐标点，注意和上面格式保持一致

```
#Here, you can add the raster map coordinate points corresponding to the added area. Please note that the format should be consistent with the above
```

In the same way, we can add a map of the kitchen

```
#根据实际的场景环境, 自定义地图中的区域, 可以添加任意个区域, 注意和大模型的地图映射保持一致即可  
#According to the actual scene environment, customize the areas in the map. You can add any number of areas, just make sure they are consistent with the map mapping of the large model
```

```
#地图映射Map mapping
```

```
A:
```

```
  name: 'Master Bedroom'  
  position:  
    x: 1.6878514289855957  
    y: -0.32615160942077637  
    z: 0.0  
  orientation:  
    x: 0.0  
    y: 0.0  
    z: 0.4503881236302555  
    w: 0.8928328724306793
```

```
G:
```

```
  name: 'Kitchen'  
  position:  
    x: 2.367471694946289  
    y: -1.568994164466858  
    z: 0.0  
  orientation:  
    x: 0.0  
    y: 0.0  
    z: -0.3106425066197889  
    w: 0.950526818706855
```

```
#此处可新增添加区域对应的栅格地图坐标点, 注意和上面格式保持一致
```

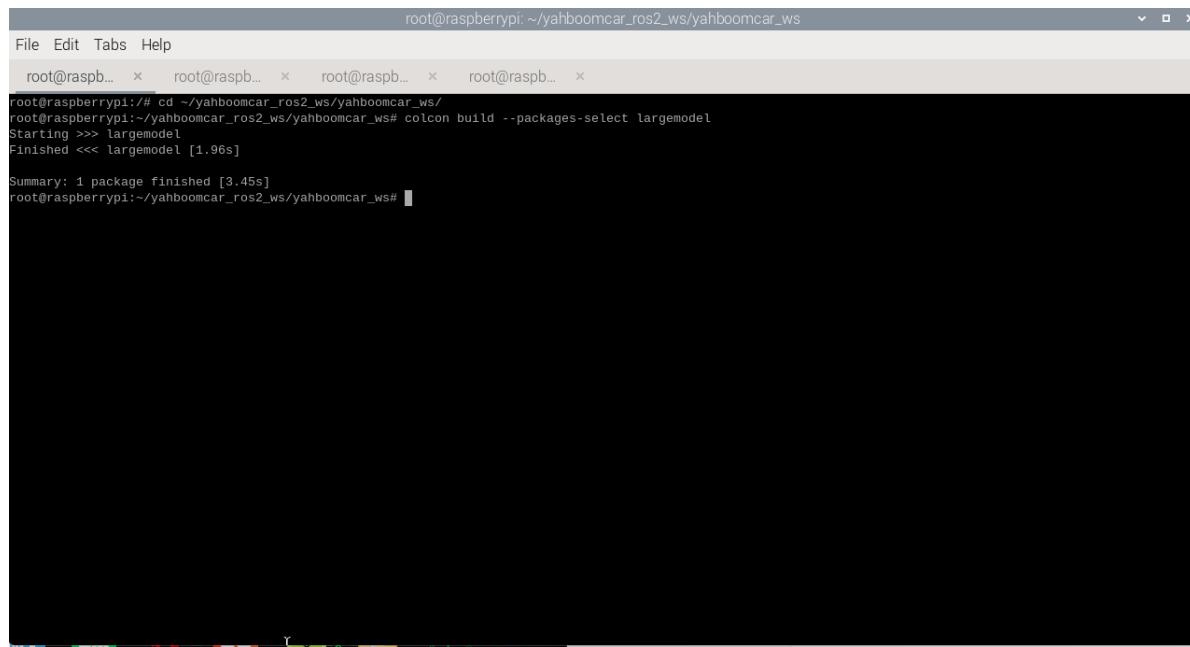
```
#Here, you can add the raster map coordinate points corresponding to the added area. Please note that the format should be consistent with the above
```

Then, in the terminal, switch to the `/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws#` workspace and recompile the `largetmodel` package to take effect. (**For Jetson Nano and Raspberry Pi hosts, you must first enter Docker.**)

```
cd ~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/
```

Recompile the package:

```
colcon build --packages-select largetmodel
```



```
File Edit Tabs Help
root@raspb... x root@raspb... x root@raspb... x root@raspb... x
root@raspberrypi:/# cd ~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/
root@raspberrypi:~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws# colcon build --packages-select largemode1
Starting >>> largemode1
Finished <<< largemode1 [1.96s]

Summary: 1 package finished [3.45s]
root@raspberrypi:~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws#
```

## 3. Run Case

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### 3.1 Starting the Program

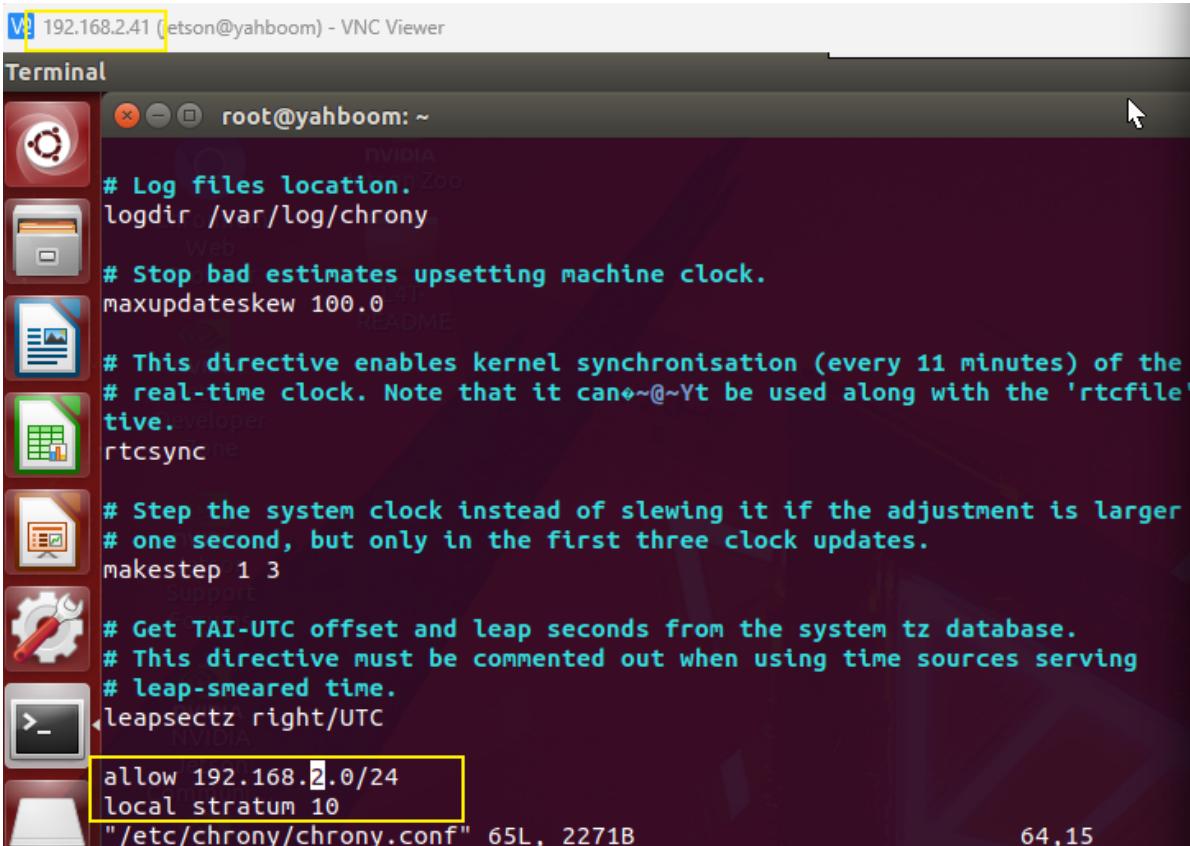
#### 3.1.1 Jetson Nano board Startup Steps:

Due to Nano performance issues, navigation-related nodes must be run on a virtual machine. Therefore, navigation performance is highly dependent on the network. We recommend running in an indoor environment with a good network connection. The following configuration is required:

- **Board Side (Requires Docker)**

Open a terminal and enter

```
sudo vi /etc/chrony/chrony.conf
```



```
W: 192.168.2.41 (jetson@yahboom) - VNC Viewer
Terminal
root@yahboom: ~
# Log files location.
logdir /var/log/chrony
# Stop bad estimates upsetting machine clock.
maxupdateskew 100.0
# This directive enables kernel synchronisation (every 11 minutes) of the
# real-time clock. Note that it can't be used along with the 'rtcsync'
# directive.
rtcsync
# Step the system clock instead of slewing it if the adjustment is larger
# one second, but only in the first three clock updates.
makestep 1 3
# Get TAI-UTC offset and leap seconds from the system tz database.
# This directive must be commented out when using time sources serving
# leap-smeared time.
leapsectx right/UTC
allow 192.168.2.0/24
local stratum 10
"/etc/chrony/chrony.conf" 65L, 2271B
```

Add the following two lines at the end of the file (192.168.2.0/24 is filled in according to the actual network segment. Here we take the current board IP address 192.168.2.41 as an example)

```
allow 192.168.x.0/24      #x represents the corresponding network segment
local stratum 10
```

After saving and exiting, enter the following command to take effect:

```
sudo service chrony restart
```

```
root@yahboom:~# sudo service chrony restart
 * Stopping time daemon chronyd
 * Starting time daemon chronyd
[ OK ]
[ OK ]
root@yahboom:~#
```

- **Virtual Machine**

Open a terminal and enter:

```
echo "server 192.168.2.41 iburst" | sudo tee
/etc/chrony/sources.d/jetson.sources
```

The 192.168.2.41 entry above is the board's IP address.

Enter the following command to take effect:

```
sudo chronyc reload sources
```

Enter the following command again to check the latency. If the IP address appears, it's normal.

```
chronyc sources -v
```

```

yahboom@VM:~$ chronyc sources -v
... Source mode '^' = server, '=' = peer, '#' = local clock.
/ .. Source state '*' = current best, '+' = combined, '-' = not combined,
| /           'x' = may be in error, '~' = too variable, '?' = unusable.
||           .- xxxx [ yyyy ] +/- zzzz
||           | xxxx = adjusted offset,
||           Log2(Polling interval) --. | yyyy = measured offset,
||           \ | zzzz = estimated error.
||           | |
MS Name/IP address      Stratum Poll Reach LastRx Last sample
=====
^ prod-ntp-5.ntp1.ps5.cano>    2   7   277   133  -4048us[-5395us] +/- 132ms
^ alphyn.canonical.com        2   8   177   66   -193us[-193us] +/- 134ms
^ prod-ntp-3.ntp1.ps5.cano>    2   8   367   131   -16ms[-18ms] +/- 127ms
^ prod-ntp-4.ntp4.ps5.cano>    2   8   377   129  -4907us[-6254us] +/- 133ms
** time.nju.edu.cn          1   7   377   69   +77us[-1270us] +/- 17ms
^+ 139.199.215.251          2   8   377   135  +2358us[+1011us] +/- 46ms
^+ 119.28.183.184            2   7   377   193  +2061us[+713us] +/- 28ms
^+ 119.28.206.193            2   8   367   8    +2058us[+2058us] +/- 36ms
^+ 192.168.2.41              4   6   377   6    -12ms[-12ms] +/- 92ms
yahboom@VM:~$
```

- Startup Program

On the mainboard side, docker opens the terminal and enters the command:

```
ros2 launch largemodel largemodel_control.launch.py
```

```

root@raspberrypi:~# ros2 launch largemodel largemodel_control.launch.py
[INFO] [launch]: All log files can be found below /root/.ros/log/2025-08-21-16-01-10-206398-raspberrypi-98016
[INFO] [launch]: Default logging verbosity is set to INFO

----- robot_type = A1, rplidar_type = tmini, camera_type = nuwa -----
----- robot_type = A1 -----
[INFO] [ydlidar_ros2_driver_node-10]: process started with pid [98082]
[INFO] [ascamera_node-1]: process started with pid [98050]
[INFO] [joint_state_publisher-2]: process started with pid [98052]
[INFO] [robot_state_publisher-3]: process started with pid [98054]
[INFO] [Ackman_driver_A1-4]: process started with pid [98056]
[INFO] [base_node_A1-5]: process started with pid [98058]
[INFO] [imu_filter_madgwick_node-6]: process started with pid [98061]
[INFO] [ekf_node-7]: process started with pid [98065]
[INFO] [yahboom_joy_A1-8]: process started with pid [98075]
[INFO] [joy_node-9]: process started with pid [98078]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-11]: process started with pid [98090]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-12]: process started with pid [98092]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-13]: process started with pid [98095]
[INFO] [model_service-14]: process started with pid [98100]
[INFO] [action_service_nuwa-15]: process started with pid [98102]
[INFO] [asr-16]: process started with pid [98105]
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.586916300] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment base_footprint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587125040] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment base_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587149058] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment camera_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587160632] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment imu_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587171336] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment laser
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587180410] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_front_wheel_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587189632] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_rear_wheel_hinge
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587199428] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_steering_hinge_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587208447] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_front_wheel_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587217132] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_rear_wheel_hinge
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587226428] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_steering_hinge_joint
robot node A1 [INFO] [1755763271.588205201] [base_node]: Received parameters: linear scale w: 1.000000, linear scale w: 1.000000,
```

On the virtual machine, create a new terminal and start.

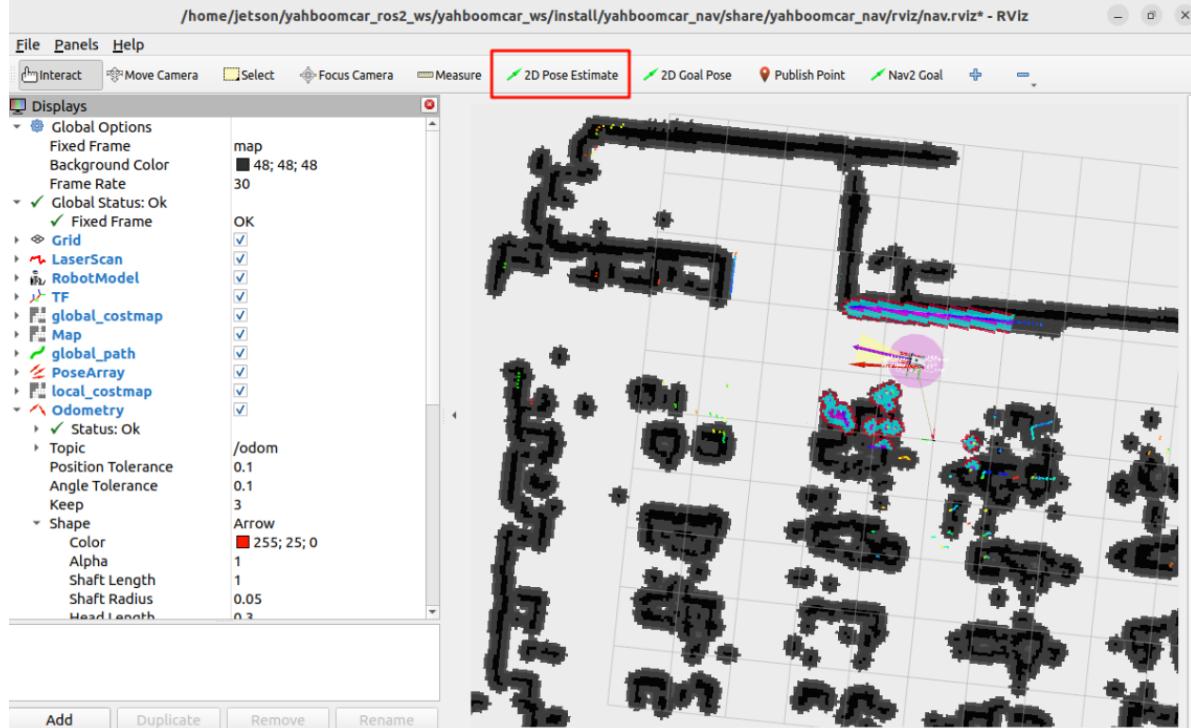
```
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav display_nav_launch.py
```

Wait for the navigation algorithm to start and the map will be displayed. Then open a virtual machine terminal and enter

```
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav navigation_teb_launch.py
```

**Note: When running the car's mapping function, you must enter the save map command on the virtual machine to save the navigation map on the virtual machine.**

Then follow the navigation function startup process to initialize positioning. The rviz2 visualization interface will open. Click **2D Pose Estimate** in the upper toolbar to select it. Roughly mark the robot's position and orientation on the map. After initializing positioning, preparations are complete.



### 3.1.2 Other main control startup steps:

**For Raspberry Pi P15, you need to enter the Docker container first. For RDKX5 and Orin main controllers, this is not necessary.**

Open a terminal in Docker and enter the command:

```
ros2 launch largemodel largemodel_control.launch.py
```

```
root@raspbpi:~# ros2 launch largemodel largemodel_control.launch.py
[INFO] [launch]: All log files can be found below /root/.ros/log/2025-08-21-10-206398-raspberrypi-98016
[INFO] [launch]: Default logging verbosity is set to INFO

----- robot_type = A1, rplidar_type = tmini, camera_type = nuwa -----
-----robot_type = A1-----
[INFO] [ydlidar_ros2_driver_node-10]: process started with pid [98082]
[INFO] [ascamera_node-1]: process started with pid [98050]
[INFO] [joint_state_publisher-2]: process started with pid [98052]
[INFO] [robot_state_publisher-3]: process started with pid [98054]
[INFO] [Ackman_driver_A1-4]: process started with pid [98056]
[INFO] [base_node_A1-5]: process started with pid [98058]
[INFO] [imu_filter_madgwick_node-6]: process started with pid [98061]
[INFO] [ekf_node-7]: process started with pid [98065]
[INFO] [yahboom_joy_A1-8]: process started with pid [98075]
[INFO] [joy_node-9]: process started with pid [98078]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-11]: process started with pid [98090]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-12]: process started with pid [98092]
[INFO] [static_transform_publisher-13]: process started with pid [98095]
[INFO] [model_service-14]: process started with pid [98100]
[INFO] [action_service_nuwa-15]: process started with pid [98102]
[INFO] [asr-16]: process started with pid [98105]
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.586916300] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment base_footprint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587125040] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment base_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587149058] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment camera_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587160632] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment imu_link
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587171336] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment laser
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587180410] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_front_wheel_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587189632] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_rear_wheel_hinge
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587199428] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment left_steering_hinge_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587208447] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_front_wheel_joint
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587217132] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_rear_wheel_hinge
[robot_state_publisher-3] [INFO] [1755763271.587226428] [robot_state_publisher]: got segment right_steering_hinge_joint
[base_node_A1-5] [INFO] [1755763271.589230521] [base_node]: Received parameters: linear scale x: 1.000000, linear scale y: 1.000000
```

Create a new terminal on the virtual machine and start it. (**For Raspberry Pi and RDK X5, it is recommended to run visualization in the virtual machine**)

```
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav display_nav_launch.py
```

Wait for the navigation algorithm to start and the map will be displayed. Then open the Docker terminal and enter

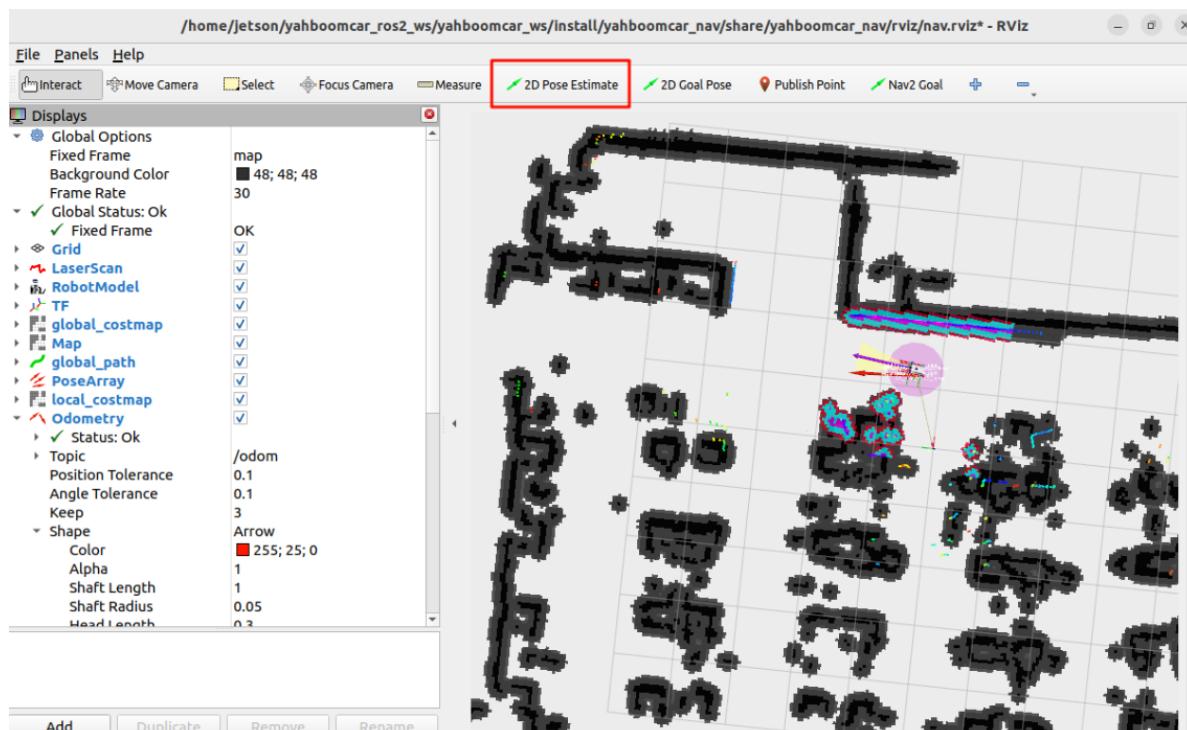
```
#Choose one of the two navigation algorithms
#Normal navigation
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav navigation_teb_launch.py

#Fast repositioning navigation (Raspberry Pi 5, and RDKX5 are not supported)
ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav localization_imu_odom.launch.py use_rviz:=false
load_state_filename:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/yahboomcar.pbstream

ros2 launch yahboomcar_nav navigation_cartodwb_launch.py
maps:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/maps/yahboomcar.yaml
params_file:=/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_nav/params/cartoteb_nav_params.yaml
```

**Note: yahboomcar.yaml and yahboomcar.pbstream must be mapped simultaneously, meaning they are the same map. Refer to the cartograph mapping algorithm for saving maps.**

After that, follow the navigation process to initialize positioning. The rviz2 visualization interface will open. Click **2D Pose Estimate** in the upper toolbar to select it. Roughly mark the robot's position and orientation on the map. After initial positioning, preparations are complete.



## 3.2 Test Cases

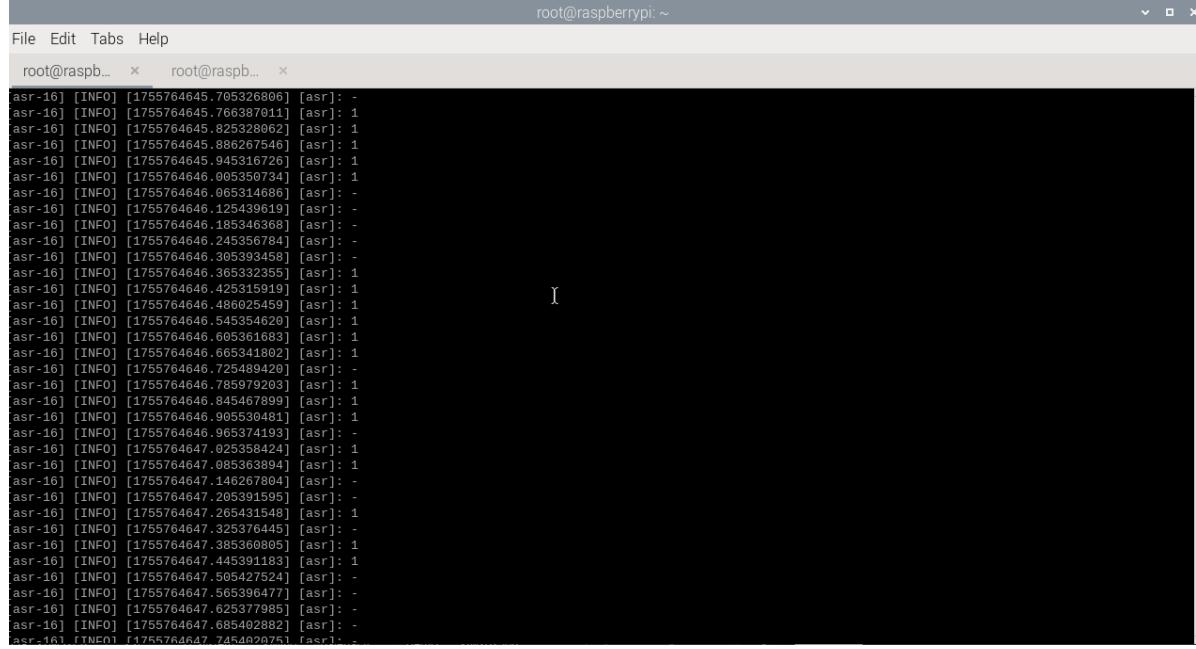
Here are some reference test cases; users are welcome to create their own dialogue commands.

- Please remember your current location, then navigate to the kitchen and office area, remembering the items you see.

### 3.2.1 Example 1

First, wake the robot with "Hi, yahboom." The robot responds, "I'm here, please." After the robot responds, the buzzer beeps briefly (beep—). The user can then speak. The robot then performs a dynamic sound detection, printing a 1 if there is sound activity and a - if there is no sound activity. When the speech ends, it performs a tail tone detection, stopping recording if there is silence for more than 450ms.

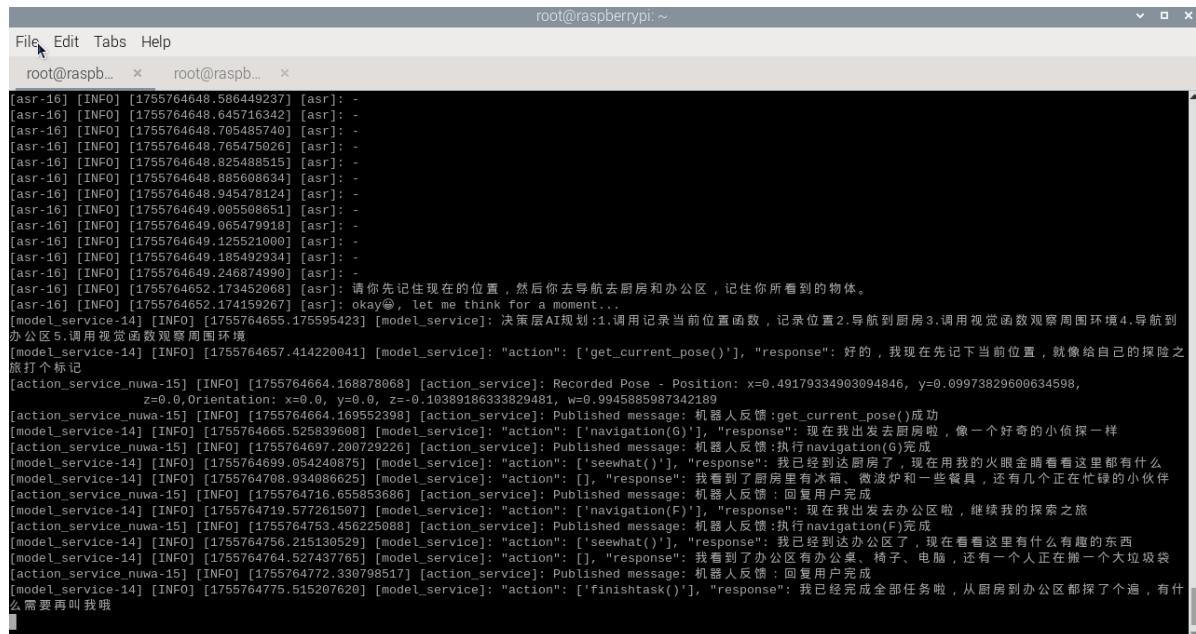
Dynamic Sound Detection (VAD) is shown in the figure below:



```
root@raspb... ~
```

```
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764645, 705326806] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764645, 766387011] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764645, 825328862] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764645, 886267546] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764645, 945316726] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 005350734] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 065314686] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 125439619] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 185346368] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 245356784] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 305393458] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 365332355] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 425315919] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 486025459] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 545354628] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 605361683] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 665341802] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 725489420] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 785979203] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 845467899] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 905530481] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764646, 965374193] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 025358424] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 085363894] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 146267804] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 205391595] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 265431548] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 325376445] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 385360805] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 445391183] [asr]: 1
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 505427524] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 565396477] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 625377985] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 685402882] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764647, 7454020751] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [TNEOT] [1755764647, 7454020751] [asr]: -
```

The robot will first communicate with the user, then respond according to the instructions. The terminal will print the following information:



```
root@raspb... ~
```

```
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 586449237] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 645716342] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 705485740] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 765475026] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 825488515] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 885608634] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764648, 945478124] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764649, 005508651] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764649, 065479918] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764649, 125521000] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764649, 185492934] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764649, 246874990] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764652, 173452068] [asr]: 请你先记下现在的位臵，然后你去导航去厨房和办公区，记住你所看到的物体。
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764652, 174159267] [asr]: okay®, let me think for a moment...
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764655, 175595423] [model_service]: 决策层AI规划:1.调用记录当前位置函数，记录位置2.导航到厨房3.调用视觉函数观察周围环境4.导航到办公区5.调用视觉函数观察周围环境
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764657, 414220041] [model_service]: "action": ["get_current_pose()"], "response": 好的，我现在先记下当前位置，就像给自己的探险之旅打个标记
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764664, 168878068] [action_service]: Recorded Pose - Position: x=0.49179334903094846, y=0.09973829600634598, z=0.0, Orientation: x=0.0, y=0.0, z=-0.10389186333829481, w=0.9945885987342189
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764664, 169552398] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: get_current_pose()成功
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764665, 525839608] [model_service]: "action": ["navigation(G)"], "response": 现在我出发去厨房啦，像一个好奇的小侦探一样
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764697, 200729226] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 执行navigation(G)完成
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764699, 054240875] [model_service]: "action": ["seewhat()"], "response": 我已经到达厨房了，现在用我的火眼金睛看看这里都有什么
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764708, 934086625] [model_service]: "action": [], "response": 我看到了厨房里有冰箱、微波炉和一些餐具，还有几个正在忙碌的小伙伴们
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764716, 655853686] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 回复用户完成
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764719, 577261507] [model_service]: "action": ["navigation(F)"], "response": 现在我出发去办公区啦，继续我的探索之旅
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764753, 456225088] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 执行navigation(F)完成
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764756, 215130529] [model_service]: "action": ["seewhat()"], "response": 我已经到达办公区了，现在看看这里有什么有趣的东西
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764764, 527437765] [model_service]: "action": [], "response": 我看到了办公区有办公桌、椅子、电脑，还有一个人正在搬一个大垃圾袋
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764772, 330798517] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 回复用户完成
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764775, 515207620] [model_service]: "action": ["finishtask()"], "response": 我已经完成全部任务啦，从厨房到办公区都探了个遍，有什么需要再叫我哦
```

The decision-making model outputs the planned task steps:



```
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764652, 174159267] [asr]: okay®, let me think for a moment...
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764655, 175595423] [model_service]: 决策层AI规划:1.调用记录当前位置函数，记录位置2.导航到厨房3.调用视觉函数观察周围环境4.导航到办公区5.调用视觉函数观察周围环境
```

The execution model will then execute the task steps:

```
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764657.41422041] [model_service]: "action": ["get_current_pose()"], "response": 好的，我现在先记下当前位置，就像暗自己的探险之  
打个标记  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764664.168878068] [action_service]: Recorded Pose - Position: x=0.49179334903094846, y=0.0997382960634598,  
z=0.0, Orientation: x=0.0, y=0.0, z=-0.10389186333829481, w=0.994588597342189  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764664.169552398] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: get_current_pose()成功  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764665.525839608] [model_service]: "action": ["navigation(G)"], "response": 现在我出发去厨房啦，像一个好奇的小侦探一样  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764697.206729226] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 执行navigation(G)完成  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764699.054240875] [model_service]: "action": ["seewhat()"], "response": 我已经到达厨房了，现在用我的火眼金睛看看这里都有什么  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764708.93406625] [model_service]: "action": [], "response": 我看到了厨房里有冰箱、微波炉和一些餐具，还有几个正在忙碌的小伙伴  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764716.695853686] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈：回复用户完成  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764719.577261507] [model_service]: "action": ["navigation(F)"], "response": 现在我出发去办公区啦，继续我的探索之旅  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764753.46252088] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 执行navigation(F)完成  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764756.215130529] [model_service]: "action": ["seewhat()"], "response": 我已经到达办公区了，现在看看这里有什么有趣的东西  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764764.52743775] [model_service]: "action": [], "response": 我看到了办公区有办公桌、椅子、电脑，还有一个人正在搬一个大垃圾袋  
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764772.330798517] [action_service]: Published message: 机器人反馈: 回复用户完成  
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764775.515207620] [model_service]: "action": ["finishtask()"], "response": 我已经完成全部任务啦，从厨房到办公区都探了个遍，有什  
么需要再叫我哦
```

To manually end a task, wake up the robot by saying "Hi, yahboom." The robot will respond, "I'm here, please." This will interrupt the program and automatically terminate the process, allowing you to proceed to the next command.

```
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.705314664] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=618
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.758680782] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=620
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.815284531] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=618
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.866289575] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=619
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.902633562] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=619
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.944375993] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=619
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748497.9900262871] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=620
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755748498.017102207] [asr]: I'm here
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748498.032357116] [action_service]: Stop process.....
[action_service_nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755748498.065382732] [monoIdentify]: x=479.0, dist=618
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm_asym.c:105:(snd_pcm_asym_open) capture slave is not defined
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm_dmix.c:1032:(snd_pcm_dmix_open) unable to open slave
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM cards.pcm.rear
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM cards.pcm.center_lfe
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM cards.pcm.side
[asr-16] ALSA lib confmisc.c:1369:(snd_func_refer) Unable to find definition 'cards.0.pcm.surround51.0:CARD=0'
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5178:(_snd_config_evaluate) function snd_func_refer returned error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5701:(snd_config_expand) Evaluate error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM surround2
[asr-16] ALSA lib confmisc.c:1369:(snd_func_refer) Unable to find definition 'cards.0.pcm.surround51.0:CARD=0'
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5178:(_snd_config_evaluate) function snd_func_refer returned error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5701:(snd_config_expand) Evaluate error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM surround2
[asr-16] ALSA lib confmisc.c:1369:(snd_func_refer) Unable to find definition 'cards.0.pcm.surround40.0:CARD=0'
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5178:(_snd_config_evaluate) function snd_func_refer returned error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5701:(snd_config_expand) Evaluate error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM surround40
[asr-16] ALSA lib confmisc.c:1369:(snd_func_refer) Unable to find definition 'cards.0.pcm.surround51.0:CARD=0'
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5178:(_snd_config_evaluate) function snd_func_refer returned error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5701:(snd_config_expand) Evaluate error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM surround41
[asr-16] ALSA lib confmisc.c:1369:(snd_func_refer) Unable to find definition 'cards.0.pcm.surround51.0:CARD=0'
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5178:(_snd_config_evaluate) function snd_func_refer returned error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib conf.c:5701:(snd_config_expand) Evaluate error: No such file or directory
[asr-16] ALSA lib pcm.c:2664:(snd_pcm_open_noupdate) Unknown PCM surround50
```

After completing a task, the robot will enter a waiting state, resuming the free conversation mode. However, all conversation history will be retained. At this point, you can wake yahboom up again and choose "End Current Task." This will end the current task cycle, clear the conversation history, and start a new one.

```
[root@raspb... ✘ root@raspb... ✘
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764949.710730397] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764949.7707755886] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764949.830215749] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764949.890366923] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764949.950274617] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.010569290] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.070392466] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.130887711] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.190193612] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.250233620] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.310182147] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.370204061] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.430553402] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.490277578] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.550236364] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.610257817] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.670292233] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.730414332] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.790775301] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.850240294] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.910871909] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764950.970250847] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.031978993] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.090744916] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.151522457] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.210951172] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.270403665] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764951.330333895] [asr]: -
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764952.338543287] [asr]: 结束当前任务。
[asr-16] [INFO] [1755764952.339933803] [asr]: okay@_， let me think for a moment...
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764957.341429879] [model_service]: "action": ["finish_dialogue()"], "response": 好的，任务已经结束了，有需要再叫我
[action_service-nuwa-15] [INFO] [1755764961.781760842] [action_service]: Published message: finish
[model_service-14] [INFO] [1755764961.782074211] [model_service]: The current instruction cycle has ended
```

## 4. Source Code Parsing

Source code located at:

## Jetson Orin Nano:

```
#NUWA Camera User
/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_nuwa.py
#USB Camera User
/home/jetson/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_usb.py
```

RDK X5:

```
#NUWA Camera User
/home/sunrise/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_nuwa.py
#USB Camera User
/home/sunrise/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_usb.py
```

Jetson Nano, Raspberry Pi:

You need to first enter Docker.

```
#NUWA Camera User
/root/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_nuwa.py
#USB Camera User
/root/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/largemode1/largemode1/action_service_usb.py
```

## 4.1 Example 1

action\_service.py :

Example 1 uses the **seewhat**, **navigation**, **load\_target\_points**, and **get\_current\_pose** methods in the **CustomActionServer** class. **seewhat** was already explained in the **Multimodal Visual Understanding** section. This section explains the newly introduced **navigation**, **load\_target\_points**, and **get\_current\_pose** functions.

In the **init\_ros\_communication** initialization function, a nav2 navigation client is created to request the ROS2 navigation action server for subsequent navigation target point requests. A TF listener is created to monitor coordinate transformations between the map and basefootprint.

```
#Create the navigation client and request the navigation action server
self.navclient = ActionClient(self, NavigateToPose, 'navigate_to_pose')
#Create the TF listener to monitor coordinate transformations
self.tf_buffer = Buffer()
self.tf_listener = TransformListener(self.tf_buffer, self)
```

The **load\_target\_points** function loads the target point coordinates from the `map_mapping.yaml` file and creates a navigation dictionary to store characters and their corresponding map coordinates. Each point coordinate is a `PoseStamped` data type.

```
def load_target_points(self):
    with open(self.map_mapping_config, 'r') as file:
        target_points = yaml.safe_load(file)
    self.navpose_dict = {}
```

```

for name, data in target_points.items():
    pose = PoseStamped()
    pose.header.frame_id = 'map'
    pose.pose.position.x = data['position']['x']
    pose.pose.position.y = data['position']['y']
    pose.pose.orientation.x = data['orientation']['x']
    pose.pose.orientation.y = data['orientation']['y']
    pose.pose.orientation.z = data['orientation']['z']
    pose.pose.orientation.w = data['orientation']['w']
    self.navpose_dict[name] = pose

```

**navigation** function: receives a character parameter (corresponding to the character in the above map mapping), parses the coordinates of the corresponding character from the dictionary, and uses the self.navclient navigation client object to request the navigation action server of ros2. When the navigation action server returns a value of 4, it means that the navigation is successful, and other values represent failures (possibly due to obstacles, planning failures, etc.). self.nav\_status indicates that the navigation flag can be interrupted through dialogue, and the result of the action execution is fed back to the large model after the navigation is completed.

```

def navigation(self, point_name):
    """
    Get the target point coordinates from the navpose_dict dictionary and
    navigate to the target point
    """
    self.nav_running = True
    point_name = point_name.strip("\\")

    if point_name not in self.navpose_dict:
        self.get_logger().error(
            f"Target point '{point_name}' does not exist in the navigation
            dictionary."
        )
        self.action_status_pub("navigation_3", point_name=point_name)
        return

    if self.first_record:
        # 出发前记录当前在全局地图中的坐标(只有在每个任务周期的第一次执行时才会记录)/ before
        # starting a new task, record the current pose in the global map
        transform = self.tf_buffer.lookup_transform(
            "map", "base_footprint", rclpy.time.Time()
        )
        pose = PoseStamped()
        pose.header.frame_id = "map"
        pose.pose.position.x = transform.transform.translation.x
        pose.pose.position.y = transform.transform.translation.y
        pose.pose.position.z = 0.0
        pose.pose.orientation = transform.transform.rotation
        self.navpose_dict["zero"] = pose
        self.first_record = False

    # Get the target point coordinates
    target_pose = self.navpose_dict.get(point_name)
    goal_msg = NavigateToPose.Goal()
    goal_msg.pose = target_pose
    send_goal_future = self.navclient.send_goal_async(goal_msg)

    def goal_response_callback(future):

```

```

goal_handle = future.result()
if not goal_handle or not goal_handle.accepted:
    self.get_logger().error("Goal was rejected!")
    self.action_status_pub("navigation_1", point_name=point_name)
    return

get_result_future = goal_handle.get_result_async()

def result_callback(future_result):
    result = future_result.result()

    if self.nav_status: #Interrupt sign
        self.nav_status = False
        self.action_status_pub("navigation_5", point_name=point_name)
        self.nav_running = False

    else:
        if result.status == 4:
            self.action_status_pub(
                "navigation_2", point_name=point_name
            )# 执行导航成功 /execute_navigation_success
            self.nav_running = False
        else:
            self.get_logger().info(
                f"Navigation failed with status: {result.status}"
            )
            self.action_status_pub(
                "navigation_4", point_name=point_name
            )# 执行导航失败 /execute_navigation_failed
            self.nav_running = False

    get_result_future.add_done_callback(result_callback)

send_goal_future.add_done_callback(goal_response_callback)

```

The `get_current_pose` function is used to record the robot's current map coordinates in the global coordinate system map and put the coordinates into a dictionary for subsequent retrieval.

```

def get_current_pose(self):#Record the current coordinates in record_pose
    """
    Get the current position in the global map coordinate system
    """

    # Get the current target point coordinates
    transform = self.tf_buffer.lookup_transform(
        'map',
        'base_footprint',
        rclpy.time.Time())
    # Extracting position and pose
    pose = PoseStamped()
    pose.header.frame_id = 'map'
    pose.pose.position.x = transform.transform.translation.x
    pose.pose.position.y = transform.transform.translation.y
    pose.pose.position.z = 0.0
    pose.pose.orientation= transform.transform.rotation
    self.navpose_dict['zero'] = pose
    # Print recorded coordinates
    position = pose.pose.position

```

```
    orientation = pose.pose.orientation
    self.get_logger().info(f'Recorded Pose - Position: x={position.x}, y=
{position.y}, z={position.z}')
    self.get_logger().info(f'Recorded Pose - Orientation: x={orientation.x}, y=
{orientation.y}, z={orientation.z}, w={orientation.w}')
    self.action_status_pub(f'机器人反馈:get_current_pose()成功')
```