

10. AI Large Model Offline Voice Assistant

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Note: Raspberry Pi 5 2GB/4GB, RDK X5 4GB, and Jetson Orin Nano 4GB versions cannot run offline due to performance limitations. Please refer to the online large model tutorial.

1. Offline Voice Configuration

Before setting up auto-start, we must ensure that the program itself can work independently offline. This requires modifying the configuration file.

1. Locate the configuration file:

In your project code, find and open the configuration file:

```
vim ~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/config/yahboom.yaml
```

2. Modify configuration parameters:

Please check the following parameters in the file and ensure that their values are consistent with those shown below. If the parameters are not present, please add them.

```
asr:  
    ros__parameters:  
        VAD_MODE: 2  
        sample_rate: 16000  
        frame_duration_ms: 30  
        use_oline_asr: False  
        (True uses online, False uses offline)  
        mic_serial_port: "/dev/ttyUSB0"  
        #Microphone serial port alias  
    #Voice node parameters  
    #vad sensitivity  
    #asr recording audio sampling rate  
    #vad frame size in ms  
    #whether to use online ASR recognition
```

```

mic_index: 0                      #Microphone Index
language: 'zh'                     #asr language
regional_setting : "China"        #international: International version
China: Domestic version

model_service:                      #Model server node parameters
ros_parameters:
    language: 'zh'                 #Large Model Interface Language
    useolinetts: False            #whether to use online speech
synthesis (True uses online, False uses offline)

    # Large model configuration
    # l1m_platform: 'ollama'       # optional platform: 'ollama',
'tongyi', 'spark', 'qianfan', 'openrouter'
    l1m_platform: 'ollama'        # Currently selected large model
platform
    regional_setting : "China"

```

- `use_online_asr` and `useolinetts` must be set to False.
- `l1m_platform` must be set to `ollama`.

This setting will make everything offline.

3. Save the file and recompile the project to apply the changes:

```

cd ~/yahboom_ws
colcon build
source install/setup.bash

```

After completing this step, the program is now a purely offline voice service.

2. Create a Systemd Service

Now, we will create a systemd service to automatically run `largemode1_control.launch.py` at system startup.

Note: If you are using the Yabo AI large model factory image, these scripts are already created; you only need to restart the auto-start container.

2.1 Raspberry Pi 5

2.1.1 Creating a Docker Container Startup Script

1. Creating a Script File:

In your home directory (~), create a file named `ros2_docker_autostart.sh`.

```

vim ~/ros2_docker_autostart.sh

```

2. Write the Script Content:

Copy and paste the following content into the script file.

```

#!/usr/bin/env bash

set -e

```

```

CN=${CONTAINER_NAME:-ros_humble_ai_service}
IMG=${IMAGE_NAME:-ros_humble_ai:v1.0}
WS=${HOST_WS_DIR:-"$HOME/yahboom_ws"}
ROS=${ROS_DISTRO:-humble}
CMD=${LAUNCH_CMD:-"ros2 launch largemode1 largemode1_control.launch.py"}
AUID=${AUDIO_UID:-$(id -u)}
XAUTH=${XAUTHORITY:-"$HOME/.xauthority"}

mkdir -p "$WS"

x=()
if [ -d /tmp/.X11-unix ]; then
    command -v xhost >/dev/null 2>&1 && xhost +local:root || true
    x+=( -e DISPLAY=${DISPLAY:-:0} -e QT_X11_NO_MITSHM=1 -v /tmp/.X11-
unix:/tmp/.X11-unix )
    [ -f "$XAUTH" ] && x+=( -v "$XAUTH:/root/.xauthority" -e
XAUTHORITY=/root/.xauthority )
fi

a=()
if [ -s "/run/user/$AUID/pulse/native" ]; then
    a+=( -e PULSE_SERVER=unix:/run/user/$AUID/pulse/native -v
"/run/user/$AUID/pulse:/run/user/$AUID/pulse:ro" )
    [ -d "$HOME/.config/pulse" ] && a+=( -v
"$HOME/.config/pulse:/root/.config/pulse:ro" )
fi

d=()
[ -e /dev/video0 ] && d+=( --device=/dev/video0 )
[ -d /dev/bus/usb ] && d+=( --device=/dev/bus/usb )
[ -d /dev/snd ] && d+=( --device=/dev/snd )
[ -e /dev/mic ] && d+=( -v /dev/mic:/dev/mic )

if docker ps -a --format '{{.Names}}' | grep -qx "$CN"; then
    docker ps --format '{{.Names}}' | grep -qx "$CN" || docker start "$CN"
>/dev/null
else
    docker run -d \
        --name "$CN" --net=host --privileged --restart unless-stopped \
        --security-opt apparmor:unconfined \
        -v "$WS:/root/yahboom_ws:rw" \
        "${d[@]}" "${x[@]}" "${a[@]}" \
        "$IMG" \
        bash -lc "source /opt/ros/$ROS/setup.bash; [ -f
/root/yahboom_ws/install/setup.bash ] && source
/root/yahboom_ws/install/setup.bash; $CMD"
fi

echo "OK: $CN"

```

3. Save and exit

4. Confirm that Docker starts at boot:

```
sudo systemctl enable --now docker
```

5. Give the script execution permissions, then run:

```
chmod +x ~/ros2_docker_autostart.sh  
./ros2_docker_autostart.sh
```

6. Verification:

```
docker inspect -f '{{.HostConfig.RestartPolicy.Name}}' ros_humble_ai_service
```

The output should be "unless-stopped". Docker will automatically start the container each time you boot the computer, enabling the voice assistant to start automatically.

2.1.2 If you are using the factory image of Yabo's AI large model, you do not need to recreate the script. Just run the following command to start the automatic startup service:

```
~/ros2_docker_autostart.sh
```

2.1.3 Related commands:

Stop the container immediately, and also stop it from automatically starting:

```
docker stop ros_humble_ai_service
```

View the running log of the docker container:

```
docker logs -f ros_humble_ai_service
```

2.1.4 CSI Camera Auto-Start Service

To access the CSI camera feed in Docker, you need to start host_stream.py on the host machine. Therefore, if you need to access the CSI camera feed during auto-start, you must also add this file to the Systemd startup service.

Note: If you are using the Yabo AI large model factory image, these scripts are already created; you only need to restart the auto-start service.

1. Enter the command to write the file

```
sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/host-stream.service
```

2. Copy the following content into the file

```
[Unit]  
Description=Host stream (runs ~/host_stream.py)  
After=network.target  
  
[Service]  
Type=simple  
User=pi  
WorkingDirectory=/home/pi
```

```
ExecStart=/usr/bin/python3 /home/pi/host_stream.py
Restart=on-failure
RestartSec=5
StandardOutput=append:/home/pi/host_stream.log
StandardError=append:/home/pi/host_stream.log

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

3. Save and exit.

4. Apply and start the service:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable host-stream.service
sudo systemctl start host-stream.service
```

5. Check the service status:

```
sudo systemctl status host-stream.service
```

If you see `Active: active (running)`, the service has started successfully!

6. If you do not need the CSI camera self-start service, run the following command to stop it:

```
sudo systemctl stop host-stream.service
sudo systemctl disable host-stream.service
```

If you are using the factory image of Yabo's AI large model, you do not need to recreate the script. Just run the following command to restart the auto-start service:

```
sudo systemctl enable host-stream.service
sudo systemctl start host-stream.service
```

2.2 RDK X5

2.2.1 Creating a Startup Script

To ensure that `systemd` can correctly load the ROS2 environment, the best practice is to create a simple `bash` script to encapsulate our startup command.

1. Creating a script file:

In the directory (`~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/`), create a file named `start_largemode1.sh`.

```
vim ~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
```

2. Write script content:

Copy and paste the following content into the script file.

```

#!/bin/bash

# Source ROS2 Humble environment
source /opt/ros/humble/setup.bash

# Source Yahboom Workspace Environment
source /home/sunrise/yahboom_ws/install/setup.bash

# Start the largemode1 control script
ros2 launch largemode1 largemode1_control.launch.py

```

Important Note: Please ensure that `/home/sunrise/` in the script is replaced with your own user home directory path.

3. Save and Exit

4. Grant script execution permissions:

```
chmod +x ~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
```

2.2.2 Create Systemd service file

1. Create service file:

You need to use `sudo` privileges to create this file.

```
sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/largemode1.service
```

2. Write service configuration:

Copy and paste the following content into the service file.

```

[Unit]
Description=Robot Service
After=network.target sound.target graphical.target multi-user.target
Wants=network.target sound.target graphical.target multi-user.target

[Service]
Type=simple
User=sunrise
Group=sunrise
Environment=DISPLAY=:0
Environment=XDG_RUNTIME_DIR=/run/user/1000
Environment=PULSE_SERVER=unix:/run/user/1000/pulse/native
SupplementaryGroups=audio video
ExecStartPre=/bin/sleep 10
ExecStart=/home/sunrise/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
Restart=on-failure
StandardOutput=journal
StandardError=journal

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target

```

- `Environment=DISPLAY=:0` will display a GUI pop-up on the desktop. Users connecting via SSH can change this to `Environment=DISPLAY=:10`. You can find the specific parameters by typing `echo $DISPLAY` in the terminal.

- The path in `ExecStart` must be exactly the same as the path to the startup script to be executed.

3. Save and exit.

2.2.3 Managing and Debugging the Service

Now that your service has been created, we need to have `systemd` load it and set it to start automatically on boot.

1. Reload the `systemd` daemon so it reads the service file we just created:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
```

2. Set the service to start automatically on boot:

```
sudo systemctl enable largemode1.service
```

3. Start the service immediately:

```
sudo systemctl start largemode1.service
```

4. Check the service status:

This is the most important command to verify that the service is running successfully.

```
sudo systemctl status largemode1.service
* If you see `Active: active (running)`, congratulations, the service has
started successfully!
* If the status is `failed` or something else, please continue to the next step
for debugging.
```

5. View Service Logs (Essential for Debugging):

If the service fails to start, you can view all real-time logs generated by the `ros2 launch` command using the following command. This is crucial for troubleshooting.

```
journalctl -u largemode1.service -f
```

After completing all the above steps, the purely offline `largemode1` voice service will now start automatically every time you boot up.

To disable the automatic startup service, you can run the following command:

```
sudo systemctl start largemode1.service
sudo systemctl disable largemode1.service
```

2.3 ORIN

2.3.1 Creating a Startup Service (Systemd)

Now, we will create a `systemd` service so that `largemode1_control.launch.py` runs automatically at system startup.

2.3.2 Creating a Startup Script

To ensure that `systemd` can correctly load the ROS2 environment, the best practice is to create a simple `bash` script to encapsulate our startup command.

1. Create the script file:

In the directory (`~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/`), create a file named `start_largemode1.sh`.

```
vim ~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
```

2. Write the script content:

Copy and paste the following content into the script file.

```
#!/bin/bash

# Source the ROS2 Humble environment
source /opt/ros/humble/setup.bash

# Source the Yahboom workspace environment
source /home/jetson/yahboom_ws/install/setup.bash

# Launch the largemode1 control script
ros2 launch largemode1 largemode1_control.launch.py
```

Important Note: Please ensure that `/home/sunrise/` in the script is replaced with your own user home directory path.

3. Save and Exit

4. Grant Script Execution Permissions:

```
chmod +x ~/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
```

2.3.3 Creating the Systemd Service File

This is the most crucial step. We will tell the system that we have a new service to manage.

1. Create the Service File:

You need to use `sudo` privileges to create this file.

```
sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/largemode1.service
```

2. Write the Service Configuration:

Copy and paste the following content completely into the service file.

```
[Unit]
Description=Robot Service
After=network.target sound.target graphical.target multi-user.target
```

```
wants=network.target sound.target graphical.target multi-user.target

[Service]
Type=simple
User=sunrise
Group=sunrise
Environment=DISPLAY=:0
Environment=XDG_RUNTIME_DIR=/run/user/1000
Environment=PULSE_SERVER=unix:/run/user/1000/pulse/native
SupplementaryGroups=audio video
ExecStartPre=/bin/sleep 10
ExecStart=/home/sunrise/yahboom_ws/src/largemode1/start_largemode1.sh
Restart=on-failure
StandardOutput=journal
StandardError=journal

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

- `ExecStart` The path in the command must be exactly the same as the path to the startup script to be executed.

3. Save and exit.

2.3.4 Managing and Debugging the Service

Now that your service has been created, we need to get `systemd` to load it and set it to start automatically on boot.

1. Reload the `systemd` daemon so that it reads the service file we just created:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
```

2. Set the service to start automatically on boot:

```
sudo systemctl enable largemode1.service
```

3. Start the service immediately:

```
sudo systemctl start largemode1.service
```

4. Check the service status:

This is the most important command to verify that the service is running successfully.

```
sudo systemctl status largemode1.service
* If you see `Active: active (running)`, congratulations, the service has
started successfully!
* If the status is `failed` or something else, please continue to the next step
for debugging.
```

5. View service logs (essential for debugging):

If the service fails to start, you can view all real-time logs generated by the `ros2 launch` command using the following command. This is crucial for locating the problem.

```
journalctl -u largemode1.service -f
```

After completing all the above steps, the purely offline `largemode1` voice service will now start automatically every time you boot up.