

3、Lidar follow

1、Program function description

After the program starts, the radar scans the nearest object, then locks, the object moves, and the trolley follows. If the controller node is activated, the R2 key of the controller can pause/enable this function.

2、Program code reference path

Raspberry Pi PI5 master needs to enter the docker container first, Orin master does not need to enter,

the location of the source code of this function is located at,

```
~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_laser/yahboomcar_laser/laser_Tracker_a1_R2.py  
~/yahboomcar_ros2_ws/yahboomcar_ws/src/yahboomcar_laser/yahboomcar_laser/laser_Tracker_4ROS_R2.py
```

The A1 radar has the same architecture as the S2 radar and can be shared.

3、The program starts

3.1、start the command

After entering the docker container, according to the actual model and radar model, the terminal input,

```
#Start the car chassis  
ros2 run yahboomcar_bringup Ackman_driver_R2  
#Start A1 radar  
ros2 launch sllidar_ros2 sllidar_launch.py  
#Start 4ROS radar  
ros2 launch ydlidar_ros2_driver ydlidar_launch.py  
#Start radar tracking program A1 radar  
ros2 run yahboomcar_laser laser_Tracker_a1_R2  
#Start radar tracking program 4ROS radar  
ros2 run yahboomcar_laser laser_Tracker_4ROS_R2  
#Start the handle, if necessary  
ros2 run yahboomcar_ctrl yahboom_joy_R2  
ros2 run joy joy_node
```

3.2、View the topic communication node diagram

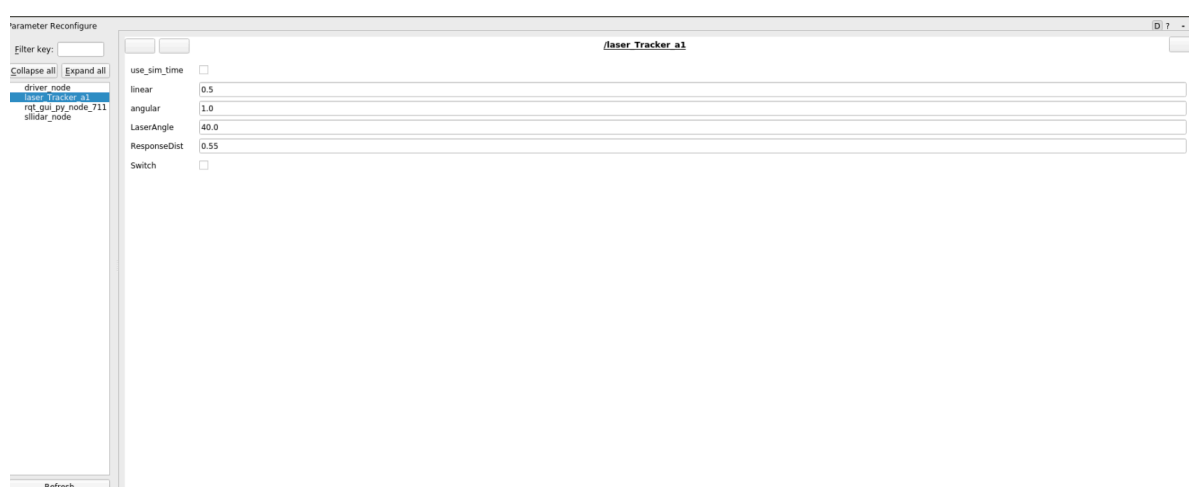
docker terminal input,

```
ros2 run rqt_graph rqt_graph
```



It is also possible to set the size of parameters, terminal input, and terminal input through the dynamic parameter adjuster,

```
ros2 run rqt_reconfigure rqt_reconfigure
```



The meaning of each parameter is as follows,

Parameter name	Parameter meaning
Linear	Line speed
Angular	Angular velocity
LaserAngle	Radar detection angle
ResponseDist	Obstacle detection distance
Switch	Gameplay switch

The above parameters are adjustable, except for Switch, the other four need to be set when they need to be decimal, after modification, click on the blank space to write.

4、core code

Taking the X3 model, the source code of the A1 radar as an example, mainly looking at the callback function of the radar, here explains how to obtain the obstacle distance information of each angle, and then find the nearest point, then judge the distance, then calculate the speed data, and finally release it.

```
angle = (scan_data.angle_min + scan_data.angle_increment * i) * RAD2DEG
```

```

if abs(angle) > (180 - self.priorityAngle): #priorityAngle is the trolley
priority to follow the range
    if ranges[i] < (self.ResponseDist + offset):
        frontDistList.append(ranges[i])
        frontDistIDList.append(angle)
    elif (180 - self.LaserAngle) < angle < (180 - self.priorityAngle):
        minDistList.append(ranges[i])
        minDistIDList.append(angle)
    elif (self.priorityAngle - 180) < angle < (self.LaserAngle - 180):
        minDistList.append(ranges[i])
        minDistIDList.append(angle)
    if len(frontDistIDList) != 0:
        minDist = min(frontDistList)
        minDistID = frontDistIDList[frontDistList.index(minDist)]
    else:
        minDist = min(minDistList)
        minDistID = minDistIDList[minDistList.index(minDist)]#Calculate the
ID of the minimum distance point
    if self.Joy_active or self.Switch == True:
        if self.Moving == True:
            self.pub_vel.publish(Twist())
            self.Moving = not self.Moving
            return
        self.Moving = True
        velocity = Twist()
        if abs(minDist - self.ResponseDist) < 0.1: minDist =
self.ResponseDist#Determines the distance from the smallest point
        velocity.linear.x = -self.lin_pid.pid_compute(self.ResponseDist,
minDist)#Calculate the line speed
        ang_pid_compute = self.ang_pid.pid_compute((180 - abs(minDistID))
/ 72, 0)#Calculate angular velocity
    if minDistID > 0: velocity.angular.z = -ang_pid_compute
    else: velocity.angular.z = ang_pid_compute
    if ang_pid_compute < 0.02: velocity.angular.z = 0.0
    self.pub_vel.publish(velocity)

```