

# 9.Raspberry Pi platform ------ Bluetooth\_control

#### Note:

Python code just Can only control the basic movement of the car, can not control various modes.

# 1)Introduction of experimental

In this experiment, we control car by Bluetooth App by **Android or iOS** Mobile phone. The mobile phone sends commands through the serial port to control the advance, backward, turn left, turn right, stop, any angle control of the servo, out fire, whistle, speed of robot car.

At the same time, the distance measured by the ultrasonic wave are displayed in real time on the Bluetooth APP interface by the serial port.

### 2)Experimental Steps

2.1) Android users scan the following QR code by browser to download APP; iOS users scan the following QR code by camera or search "YahboomRobot" in App Store to download APP.

As shown in figure below.

!!Note:Because the software is relatively large, the download takes a certain amount of time, please be patient.



Note: During installation, If you find any prompts on your phone (for example: location permissions of your phone). You must select "Yes".

2):After the APP is installed, open the Bluetooth of the your phone, open the power switch of the Tank, the red indicator of the Bluetooth module keeps flashing.

3):Then, open the **YahboomRobot** APK. You will see the APK interface and we need to click on the top left corner of the APK to select the device as shown below.



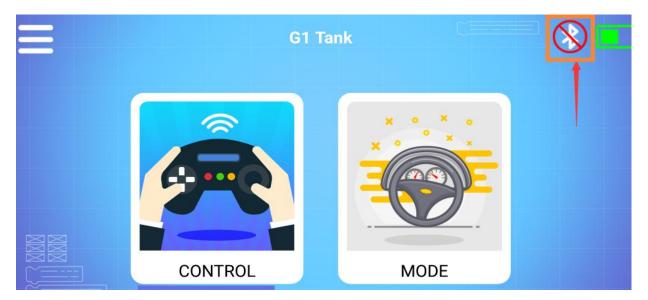


4): Select 【G1 Tank】 to enter the remote control interface, as shown below:



5): You will this interface as shown below. Click on the top right corner of the APK to connect bluetooth.





6): You can see bluetooth signal. Wait patiently, the phone will automatically connect to the Bluetooth near the Tank.



7): Bluetooth can be successfully connected, and the APP will enter the interface as shown below. At the same time, the red indicator of the Bluetooth module will be keep on. You need to click"OK".

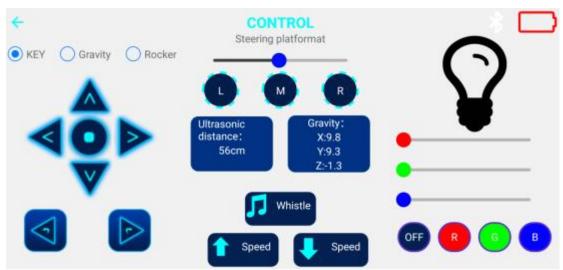




You will enter the interface as shown below.



8): Click "CONTROL" to enter interface as shown below. Wait for the ultrasonic data to change, it prove that Bluetooth starts to transmit data normally. You can start to control the car. You can start to control the Tank.



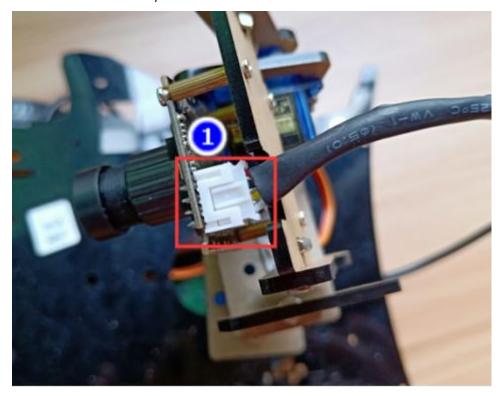
9): Click "MODE" to enter interface as shown below.





# **About camera:**

If you want to use camera, you need to connect the camera and the Raspberry Pi motherboard correctly. The camera connection is as follows:

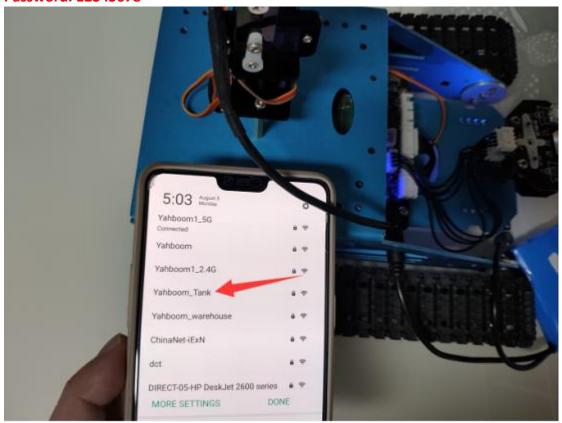






Your phone must connect WiFi of the Tank. Aa shown below.

Name: Yahboom\_Tank Password: 12345678



This WiFi is only used to transmit video and cannot be accessed online. When you connect to WiFi, Click "RaspberryControl" you can see the picture taken by the camera on your mobile phone.







# 3) About the code

If you are using Yahboom\_Tank\_image we provided, you need to complete following steps.

Input command:

sudo nano bluetooth\_control.sh

You will see following interface.

pi@yahboomtank:~ \$ sudo nano bluetooth.sh



```
GNU nano 3.2 bluetooth.sh

!/bin/sh

cd /home/pi/SmartCar/
./bluetooth_control_tank
echo "hello the bluetooth_control is open"
```

You need to make the following modifications

#cd /home/pi/SmartCar #./bluetooth\_control\_tank

```
#!/bin/sh

#cd /home/pi/SmartCar/
#./bluetooth_control_tank

cho "hello the bluetooth_control is open"
```

Save ans exit.

### A. For .c code

(1) We need to compile this file in the Raspberry Pi system. (Note: we need to add -lwiringPi and -lpthread to the library file.)

We need to input: gcc bluetooth\_control\_tank.c -o bluetooth\_control\_tank -lwiringPi -lpthread

(2) We need to run the compiled executable file in the Raspberry Pi system. We need to input: ./bluetooth control tank

```
pi@yahboomtank:~/SmartCar $ gcc bluetooth_control_tank.c -o bluetooth_control_tank -lwiringPi -lpthread pi@yahboomtank:~/SmartCar $ pi@yahboomtank:~/SmartCar $ ./bluetooth_control_tank
```

(3)We can input: ctrl+c to stop this process, which mean is send a signal to the linux kernel to terminate the current process, but the state of the relevant pin is uncertain at this time, we also need to run a script to initialize all pins.

(Note:The initpin.sh script file is included in the SmartCar/python directory.)

You need to input: sudo chmod 777 initpin.sh

### ./initpin.sh

```
pi@ya :~/SmartCar $ sudo chmod 777 initpin.sh
pi@yahl :~/SmartCar $ ./initpin.sh
```



# B. For python code

(1) We need to input following command to run python code. python bluetooth control.py

```
pi@yah :~/python $ python bluetooth_control.py
```

- (2) We can input: ctrl+c to stop this process, which mean is send a signal to the linux kernel to terminate the current process, but the state of the relevant pin is uncertain at this time, we also need to run a script to initialize all pins.
- (3) You need to input: sudo chmod 777 initpin.sh

# ./initpin.sh

In normally circumstances, when you click the button on the APP, to control the car, these data will be printed here.

```
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB23,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB15,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB5,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB7,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB25,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB12,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB11,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB23,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB24,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB24,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB25,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB25,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
serialdata:$0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,0,0,2,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,0,0,3,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,0,0,4,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1#
ReturnTemp:$4WD,CSB25,PV8.4,GS0,LF1110,HW00,GM00#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,2,0,0,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1#
serialdata:$0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0#
serialdata:$0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0#
```