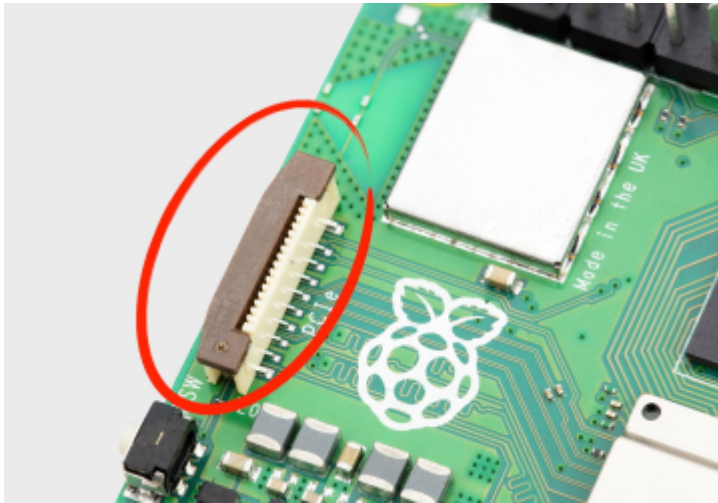


## 8. Raspberry PI PCIe connector

### PCIe interface



Raspberry Pi 5 has an FPC connector on the right-hand side of the board. This connector breaks out PCIe Gen 2.0 x1 interface for fast peripherals.

**NOTE:** An M.2 HAT which provides an M.2 connector to allow the use of NVMe drives is still in prototype, and has not yet been released.

### Enabling PCIe

By default the PCIe connector is not enabled. To enable it you should add the following option into `/boot/firmware/config.txt` and reboot:

```
# Enable the PCIe External connector.  
dtparam=pciex1
```

A more memorable alias for `pciex1` exists, so you can alternatively add `dtparam=nvme` to the `/boot/firmware/config.txt` file.

**NOTE:** Enumeration of PCIe devices behind a switch is [not currently supported](#).

### PCIe Gen 3.0

The connection is certified for Gen 2.0 speeds (5 GT/sec), but you can force it to Gen 3.0 (10 GT/sec) if you add the following lines to your `/boot/firmware/config.txt`.

```
# Enable the PCIe external connector  
dtparam=pciex1  
  
# Force Gen 3.0 speeds  
dtparam=pciex1_gen=3
```

The Raspberry Pi 5 is not certified for Gen 3.0 speeds, and connections to PCIe devices at these speeds may be unstable.

You should then reboot your Raspberry Pi for these settings to take effect.