

12. Face Detection

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12.1. Introduction

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MediaPipe is an open-source data stream processing machine learning application development framework developed by Google. It is a graph-based data processing pipeline used to build data sources in various forms, such as video, audio, sensor data, and any time series data. MediaPipe is cross-platform and can run on embedded platforms (such as Raspberry Pi), mobile devices (iOS and Android), workstations and servers, and supports mobile GPU acceleration. MediaPipe provides cross-platform, customizable ML solutions for real-time and streaming media. The core framework of MediaPipe is implemented in C++ and provides support for languages such as Java and Objective C. The main concepts of MediaPipe include packets, streams, calculators, graphs, and subgraphs.

Features of MediaPipe:

- End-to-end acceleration: built-in fast ML inference and processing can be accelerated even on ordinary hardware.
- Build once, deploy anywhere: unified solution for Android, iOS, desktop/cloud, web and IoT.
- Ready-to-use solution: cutting-edge ML solution that showcases the full capabilities of the framework.
- Free and open source: framework and solution under Apache2.0, fully extensible and customizable.

12.2. Face Detection

Source code location:

/home/pi/project_demo/07.AI_Visual_Recognition/mediapipe/12.Face_detection/12_Face_detection.ipynb

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# encoding: utf-8
#导入相关的模块 Import related modules
import mediapipe as mp
import threading
import cv2 as cv
import time
import math
from time import sleep
import ipywidgets.widgets as widgets
image_widget = widgets.Image(format='jpeg', width=640, height=480) #设置摄像头显示组件 Set up the camera display component
```

```
# 将BGR图像转换为JPEG格式的字节流 Convert a BGR image to a JPEG byte stream
```

```
def bgr8_to_jpeg(value, quality=75):  
    return bytes(cv.imencode('.jpg', value)[1])
```

```
class FaceDetector:
```

```
    def __init__(self, minDetectionCon=0.5):  
        self.mpFaceDetection = mp.solutions.face_detection  
        self.mpDraw = mp.solutions.drawing_utils  
        self.facedetection =
```

```
self.mpFaceDetection.FaceDetection(min_detection_confidence=minDetectionCon)
```

```
    def findFaces(self, frame):  
        img_RGB = cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB)  
        self.results = self.facedetection.process(img_RGB)  
        bboxes = []  
        if self.results.detections:  
            for id, detection in enumerate(self.results.detections):  
                bboxC = detection.location_data.relative_bounding_box  
                ih, iw, ic = frame.shape  
                bbox = int(bboxC.xmin * iw), int(bboxC.ymin * ih), \  
                    int(bboxC.width * iw), int(bboxC.height * ih)  
                bboxes.append([id, bbox, detection.score])  
                frame = self.fancyDraw(frame, bbox)  
                cv.putText(frame, f'{int(detection.score[0] * 100)}%',  
                    (bbox[0], bbox[1] - 20), cv.FONT_HERSHEY_PLAIN,  
                    3, (255, 0, 255), 2)  
        return frame, bboxes
```

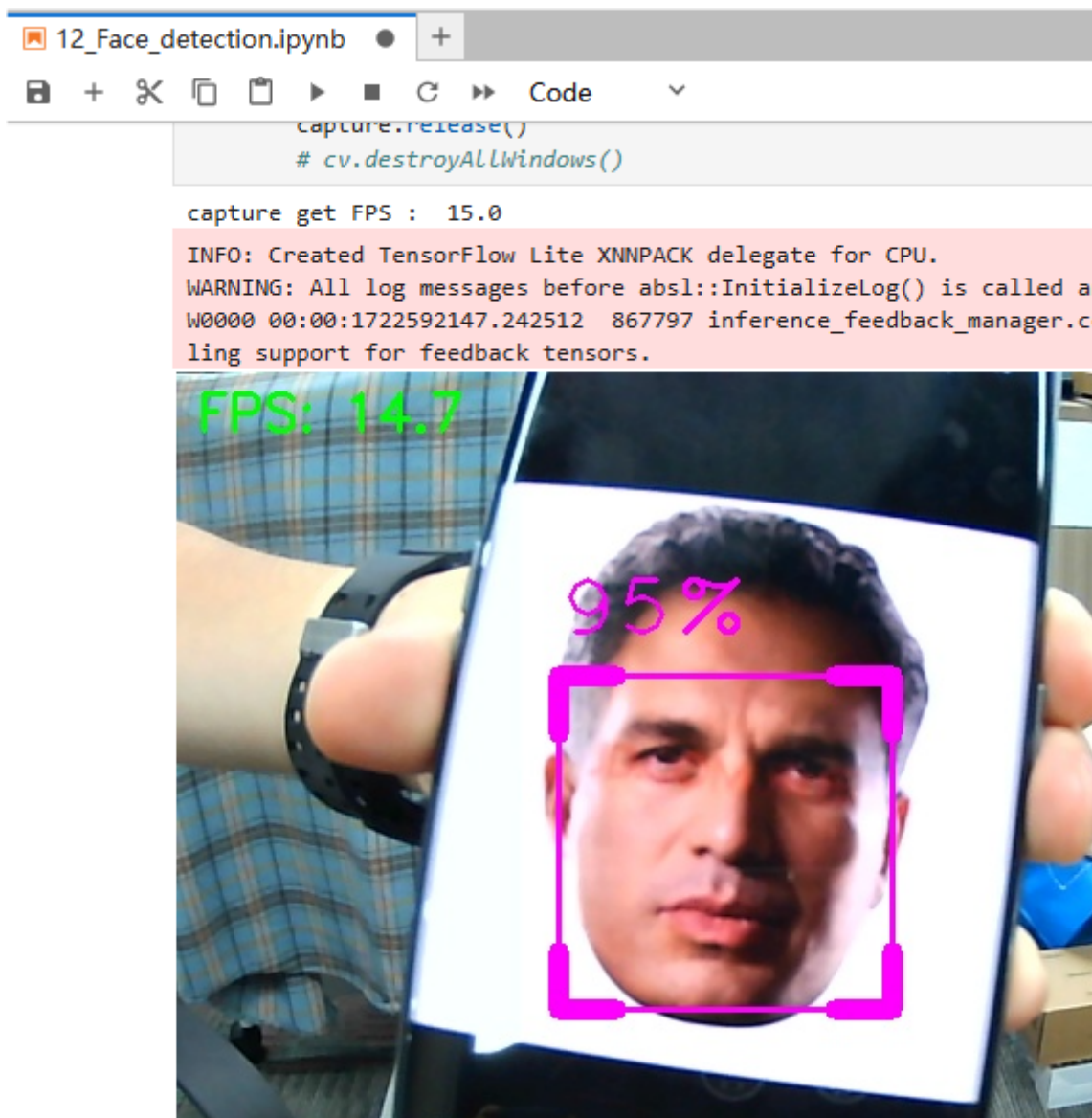
```
    def fancyDraw(self, frame, bbox, l=30, t=10):  
        x, y, w, h = bbox  
        x1, y1 = x + w, y + h  
        cv.rectangle(frame, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (255, 0, 255), 2)  
        # Top left x,y  
        cv.line(frame, (x, y), (x + l, y), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        cv.line(frame, (x, y), (x, y + l), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        # Top right x1,y  
        cv.line(frame, (x1, y), (x1 - l, y), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        cv.line(frame, (x1, y), (x1, y + l), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        # Bottom left x1,y1  
        cv.line(frame, (x, y1), (x + l, y1), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        cv.line(frame, (x, y1), (x, y1 - l), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        # Bottom right x1,y1  
        cv.line(frame, (x1, y1), (x1 - l, y1), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        cv.line(frame, (x1, y1), (x1, y1 - l), (255, 0, 255), t)  
        return frame
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    capture = cv.VideoCapture(0)  
    # capture.set(0, cv.VideoWriter_fourcc('M', 'J', 'P', 'G'))  
    capture.set(cv.CAP_PROP_FRAME_WIDTH, 320)  
    capture.set(cv.CAP_PROP_FRAME_HEIGHT, 240)  
    print("capture get FPS : ", capture.get(cv.CAP_PROP_FPS))  
    pTime, cTime = 0, 0
```

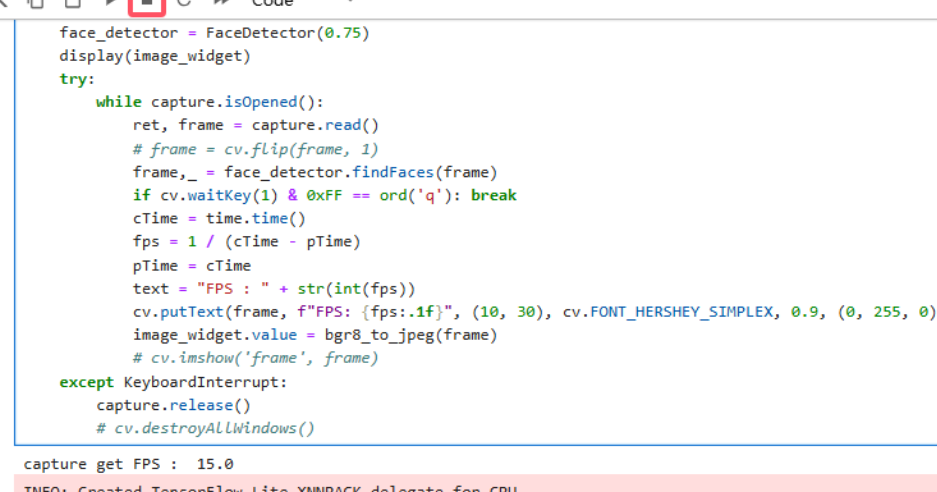
```

face_detector = FaceDetector(0.75)
display(image_widget)
try:
    while capture.isOpened():
        ret, frame = capture.read()
        # frame = cv.flip(frame, 1)
        frame,_ = face_detector.findFaces(frame)
        if cv.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'): break
        cTime = time.time()
        fps = 1 / (cTime - pTime)
        pTime = cTime
        text = "FPS : " + str(int(fps))
        cv.putText(frame, f"FPS: {fps:.1f}", (10, 30),
cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.9, (0, 255, 0), 2)
        image_widget.value = bgr8_to_jpeg(frame)
        # cv.imshow('frame', frame)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    capture.release()
    # cv.destroyAllWindows()

```



```
capture.release()
```



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook window titled "12_Face_detection.ipynb". The code cell contains a Python script for face detection. The script initializes a FaceDetector with a confidence threshold of 0.75 and displays the image widget. It then enters a try block with a while loop that captures video frames. Inside the loop, it reads a frame, flips it horizontally, finds faces using the detector, and checks for a 'q' key press to break. It calculates FPS and prints it. The loop also prints the FPS. Finally, it releases the capture and destroys all windows.

```
face_detector = FaceDetector(0.75)
display(image_widget)
try:
    while capture.isOpened():
        ret, frame = capture.read()
        # frame = cv.flip(frame, 1)
        frame,_ = face_detector.findFaces(frame)
        if cv.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'): break
        cTime = time.time()
        fps = 1 / (cTime - pTime)
        pTime = cTime
        text = "FPS : " + str(int(fps))
        cv.putText(frame, f"FPS: {fps:.1f}", (10, 30), cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.9, (0, 255, 0), 2)
        image_widget.value = bgr8_to_jpeg(frame)
        # cv.imshow('frame', frame)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    capture.release()
    # cv.destroyAllWindows()
```

capture get FPS : 15.0

INFO: Created TensorFlow Lite XNNPACK delegate for CPU.

WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR

W0000 00:00:1722592147.242512 867797 inference_feedback_manager.cc:114] Feedback manager requires a model with a...