

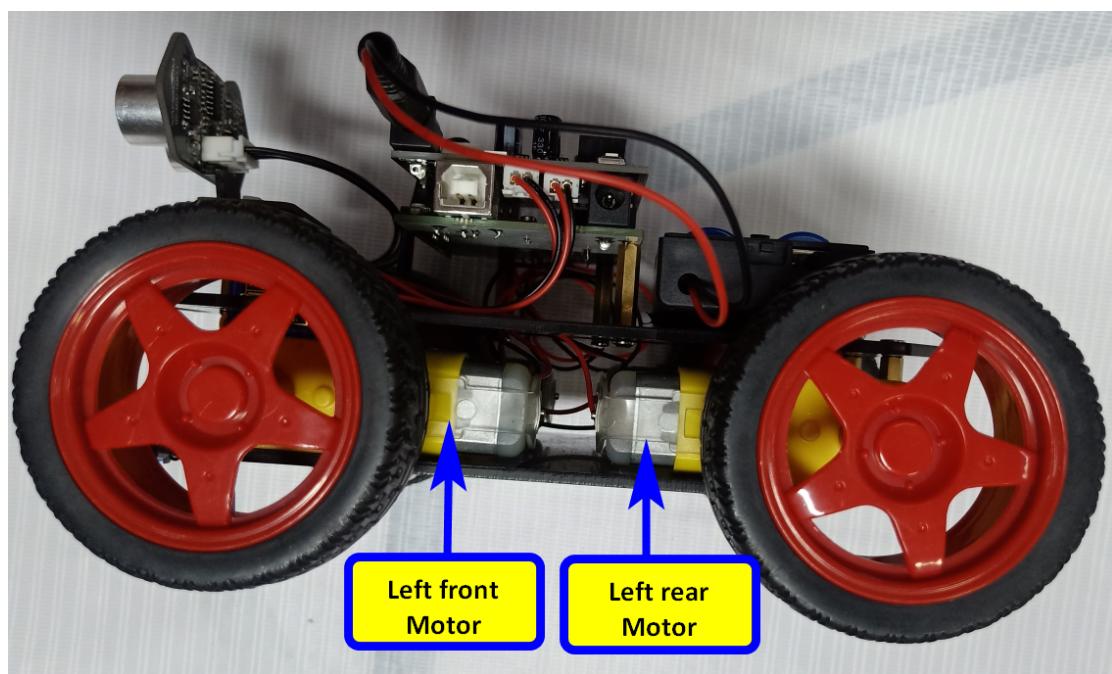
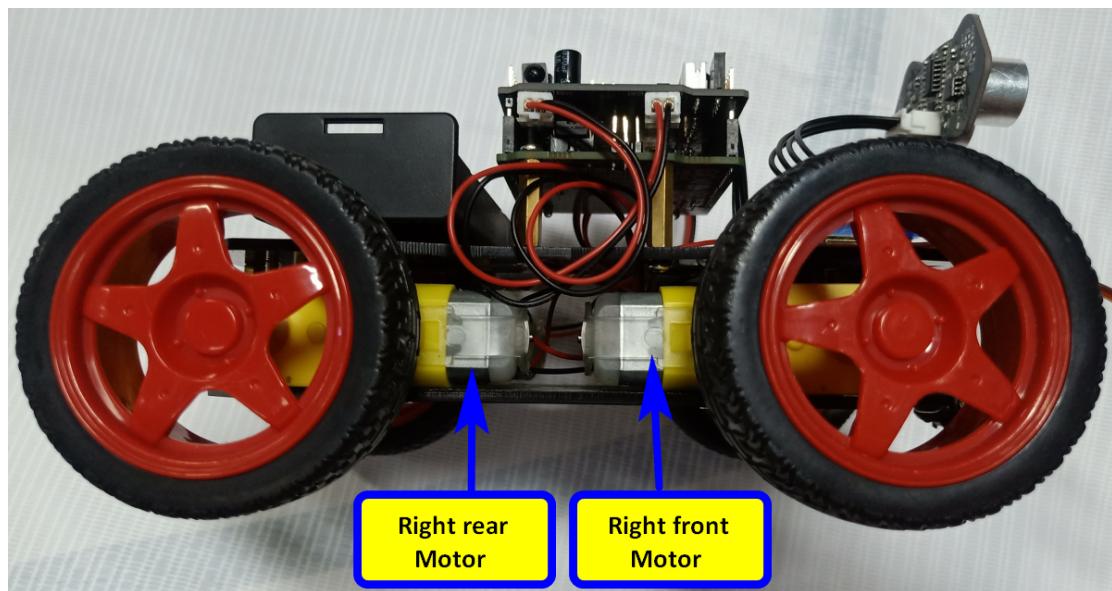
Expand course ---2.Car run

1. Learning goal

In this lesson, we will learn how to change the direction of the car.

2. Preparation

2.1 The position of the motor on the robot car. As shown below.



2.2 The pin of UNO board is connected the motor.

3. Principle of experimental

From the hardware interface manual, we can know that four motor of the robot car are driven by PWM by PCA9685 chip.

Classification	Function	The number of Drive chip PCA9685	Drive Method	Connection with CPU	Uno board
Left Motor	Left front motor forward	LINB(13)	PCA9685	I2C_SDA/I2C_SCL	A4/A5
	Left front motor reverse	LINA(12)			
	Left rear motor forward	RINB(15)			
	Left rear motor reverse	RINA(14)			
Right Motor	Right front motor forward	LED10			
	Right front motor reverse	LED11			
	Right rear motor forward	LED8			
	Right rear motor reverse	LED9			
Servo	Control S1	LED0			
	Control S2	LED1			
	Control S3	LED2			
	Control S4	S1 (3)			
LOGO light	Control bluelight	LED7	Uno board drive directly		
Tracking sensor	Left tracking sensor				A0
	Middle tracking sensor				A1
	Right tracking sensor				A2
Ultrasonic sensor	Ultrasonic Echo				12
	Ultrasonic RGB light				11
Key IR	K1				7
	IR control				A3
Bluetooth interface	RX				0
	TX				1
On board RGB Light	RGB Light on expansion board				6
	Control buzzer				10

PCA9685 chip and UNO board adopt I2C communication method. I2C address is 0x40.

connection as shown below.

PCA9685 chip	Right front Motor
10	Forward
11	Reverse

PCA9685 chip	Right rear Motor
8	Forward
9	Reverse

PCA9685 chip	Left front Motor
13	Forward
12	Reverse

PCA9685 chip	Left rear Motor
15	Forward
14	Reverse

4. About code

For the code of this course, please refer to: **Car_run.ino** in the **Car_run** folder

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_PWMServoDriver.h>
Adafruit_PWMServoDriver pwm = Adafruit_PWMServoDriver(0x40);

void setup()
{
    pwm.begin();
    pwm.setPWMFreq(60); // Analog servos run at ~60 Hz updates
    LOGO_breathing_light(255, 40, 5); //Gradually light the blue light of the
Yhaboom_LOGO
}

void LOGO_breathing_light(int brightness, int time, int increament)
{
    if (brightness < 0)
    {
        brightness = 0;
    }
    if (brightness > 255)
    {
        brightness = 255;
    }
    for (int b = 0; b < brightness; b += increament)
    {
        int newb = map(b, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
        pwm.setPWM(7, 0, newb);
        delay(time);
    }
}

void run(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, Speed); //Right front wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, Speed); //Right rear wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, 0);

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, Speed); //Left front wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, Speed); //Left rear wheel Forward
```

```
pwm.setPWM(14, 0, 0);
}

void back(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, Speed); //Right front wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, Speed); //Right rear wheel Reverse

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, Speed); //Left front wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, Speed); //Left rear wheel Reverse
}

void brake()
{
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, 0); //Right front wheel Stop
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, 0);

    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, 0); //Left front wheel Stop
    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, 0);
}

void left(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, Speed); //Right front wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, Speed); //Right rear wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, 0);

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, 0); //Left front wheel Stop
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, 0);
}
```

```
void right(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, 0);           //Right front wheel Stop
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, 0);

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, Speed);      //Left front wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, Speed);      //Left rear wheel Reverse
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, 0);
}

void spin_left(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, Speed);      //Right front wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, Speed);       //Right rear wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, 0);

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, Speed);      //Left front wheel Back
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, Speed);      //Left rear wheel Back
}

void spin_right(int Speed)
{
    Speed = map(Speed, 0, 255, 0, 4095);
    pwm.setPWM(10, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(11, 0, Speed);      //Right front wheel Back
    pwm.setPWM(8, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(9, 0, Speed);       //Right rear wheel Back

    pwm.setPWM(13, 0, Speed);      //Left front wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(12, 0, 0);
    pwm.setPWM(15, 0, Speed);      //Left rear wheel Forward
    pwm.setPWM(14, 0, 0);
}

void loop()
{
```

```
delay(1000);
while(1)
{
    run(150);      //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
    back(150);    //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
    left(100);    //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
    right(100);   //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
    spin_left(100); //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
    spin_right(100); //This speed can be adjusted by yourslef
    delay(1000);
    brake();
    delay(1000);
}
}
```

5. Compiling and downloading code

5.1 We need to open the **Car_run.ino** file by Arduino IDE software. Then click “√” under the menu bar to compile the code, and wait for the word “**Done compiling** ” in the lower left corner, as shown in the figure below.

Car_run | Arduino 1.8.5

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

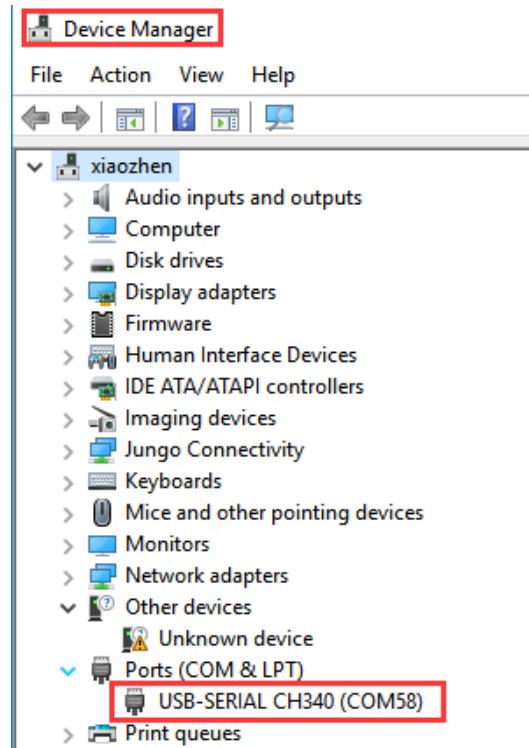
Car_run

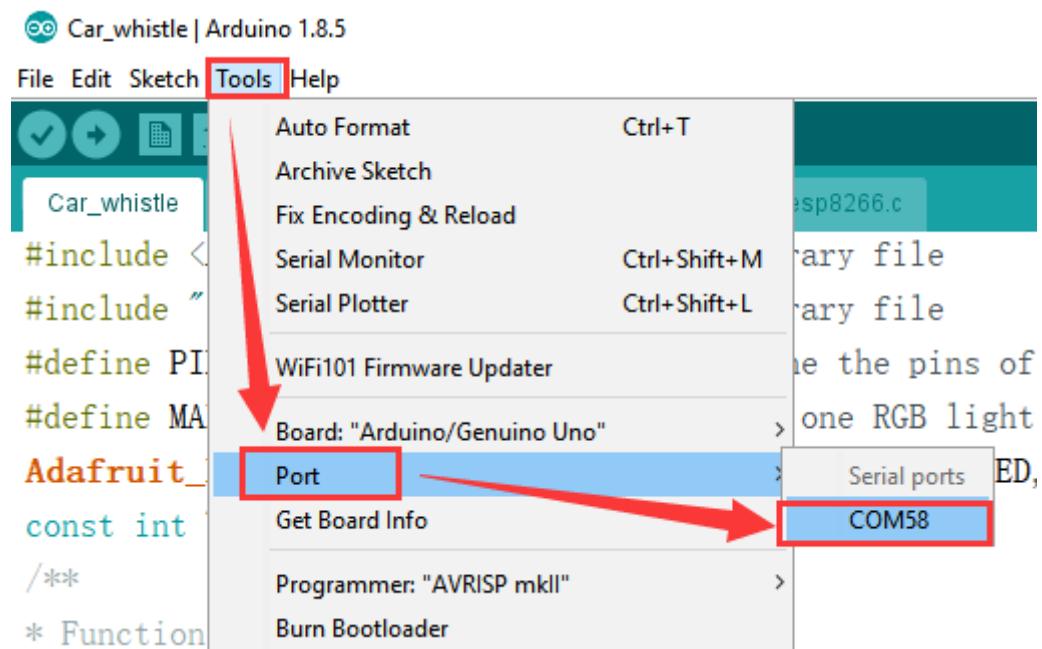
```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_PWM_Servo_Driver.h>
Adafruit_PWM_Servo_Driver pwm = Adafruit_PWM_Servo_Driver(0x40);

/**
 * Function      setup
 * @author       liusen
 * @date         2017.07.25
 * @brief        Initial configuration
 * @param[in]    void
 * @retval       void
 * @par History  no
<
```

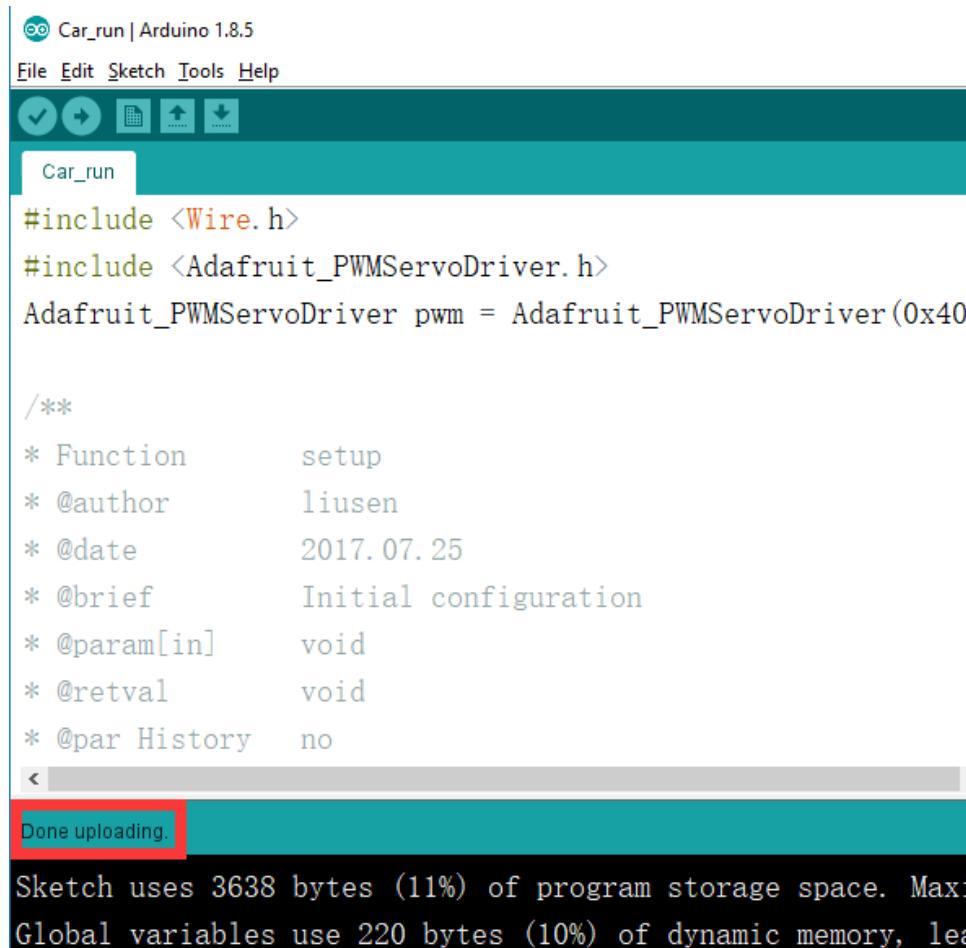
Done compiling.

5.2 In the menu bar of Arduino IDE, we need to select 【Tools】---【Port】--- selecting the port that the serial number displayed by the device manager just now, as shown in the figure below.





5.3 After the selection is completed, you need to click “→”under the menu bar to upload the code to the UNO board. When the word “**Done uploading**” appears in the lower left corner, the code has been successfully uploaded to the UNO board, as shown in the figure below.



6. Experimental phenomena

After the program is downloaded, advance 1s, back 1s, turn left 1s, turn right 1s, spin left 1s, spin right 1s, the time interval is 1 second.