

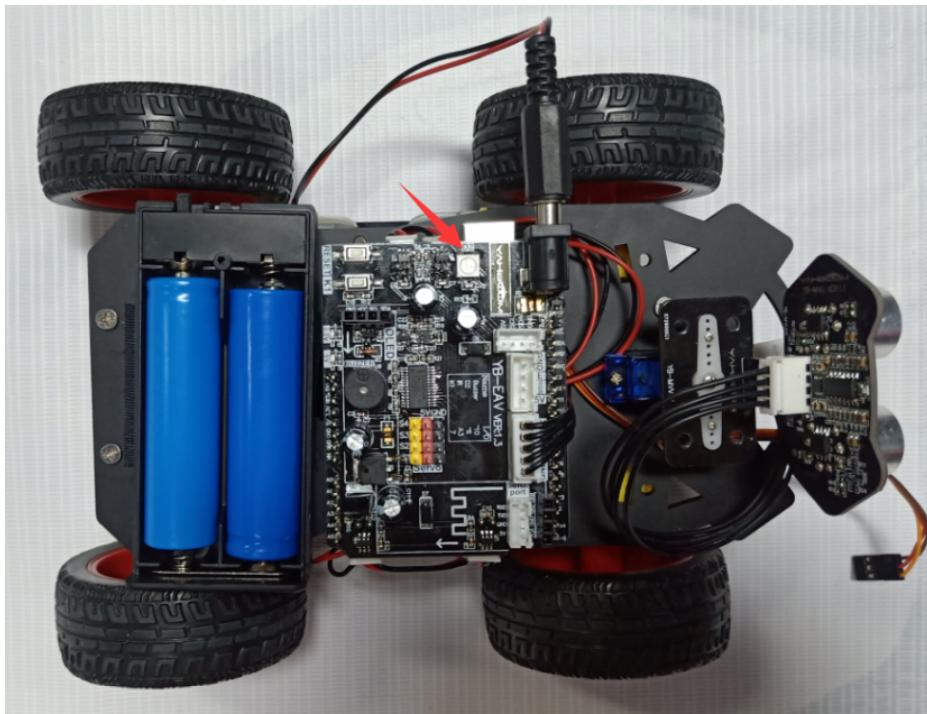
Expand course ---3.On board Breathing RGB

1. Learning goal

In this lesson, we will learn how to control the RGB light become breathing RGB light.

2. Preparation

2.1 The position of the RGB light on the expansion board. As shown below.



2.2 The pin of UNO board is connected the RGB light.

3. Principle of experimental

RGB light (red, green, blue) are packaged in the LED module. We can mix different colors(256*256*256) by controlling the brightness of the three LEDs.

From the hardware interface manual, we can know that On board RGB light is driven by Pin 6 of UNO board.

Classification	Function	The number of Drive chip PCA9685	Drive Method	Connection with CPU	Uno board
Left Motor	Left front motor forward	LINB(13)	PCA9685	I2C_SDA/I2C_SCL	A4/A5
	Left front motor reverse	LINA(12)			
	Left rear motor forward	RINB(15)			
	Left rear motor reverse	RINA(14)			
Right Motor	Right front motor forward	LED10			
	Right front motor reverse	LED11			
	Right rear motor forward	LED8			
	Right rear motor reverse	LED9			
Servo	Control S1	LED0	Uno board drive directly		A0
	Control S2	LED1			
	Control S3	LED2			
	Control S4	S1 (3)			
LOGO light	Control bluelight	LED7			
Tracking sensor	Left tracking sensor				A1
	Middle tracking sensor				A2
	Right tracking sensor				12
Ultrasonic sensor	Ultrasonic Echo				11
	Ultrasonic RGB light				7
Key IR	K1				A3
	IR control				0
Bluetooth interface	RX				1
	TX				6
On board RGB Light	RGB Light on expansion board				10
Buzzer	Control buzzer				

4. About code

For the code of this course, please refer to: [On_board_Breathinglight.ino](#) in the [On_board_Breathinglight](#) folder.

```
#include <Adafruit_NeoPixel.h>          //Library file
#define PIN 6                                //Define the pins of the RGB light
#define MAX_LED 1                            //Just one RGB light on the car

Adafruit_NeoPixel strip = Adafruit_NeoPixel( MAX_LED, PIN, NEO_RGB + NEO_KHZ800 );
uint8_t i = 0;
uint8_t brightness = 0;
uint8_t fadeAmount = 1;

void setup()
{
    strip.begin();
    strip.show();
```

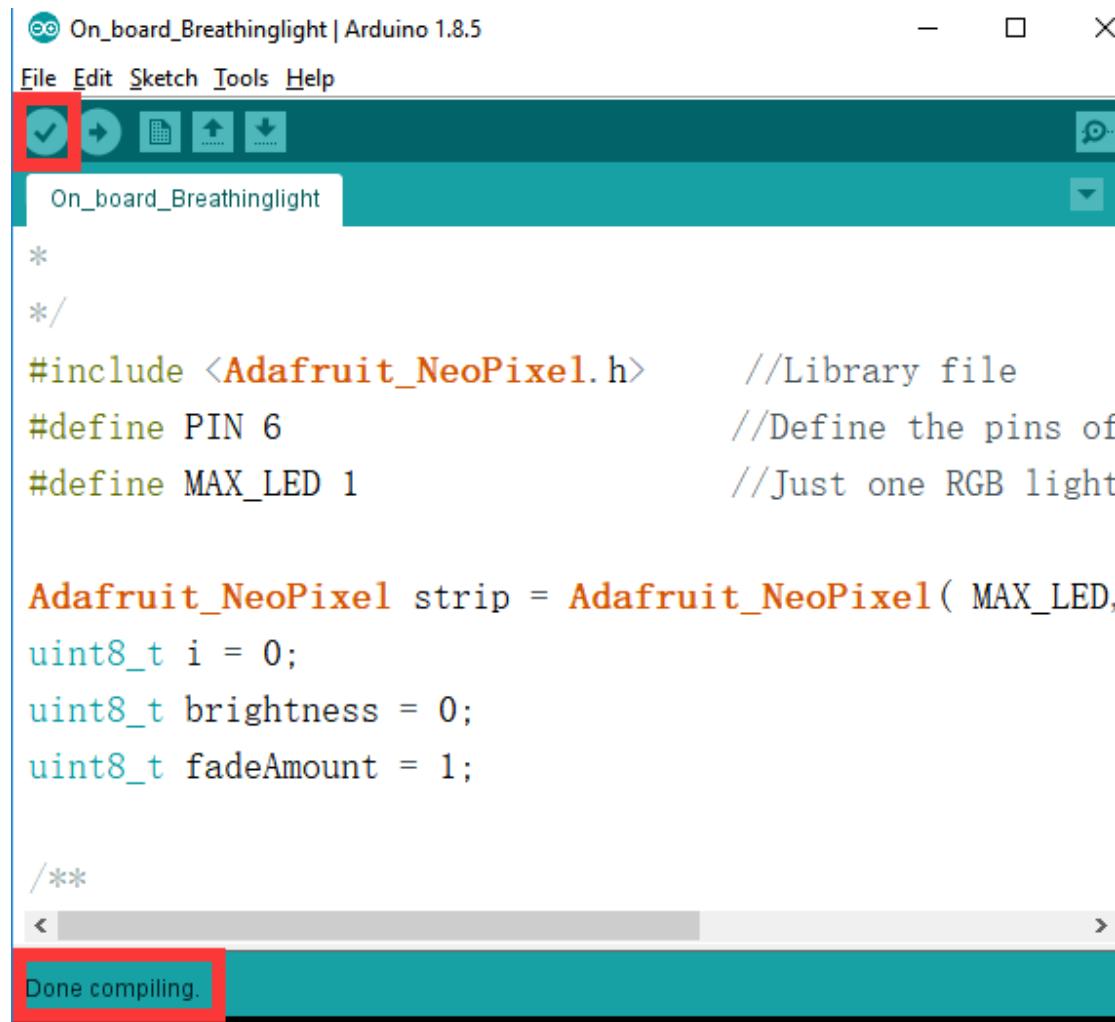
```
}
```



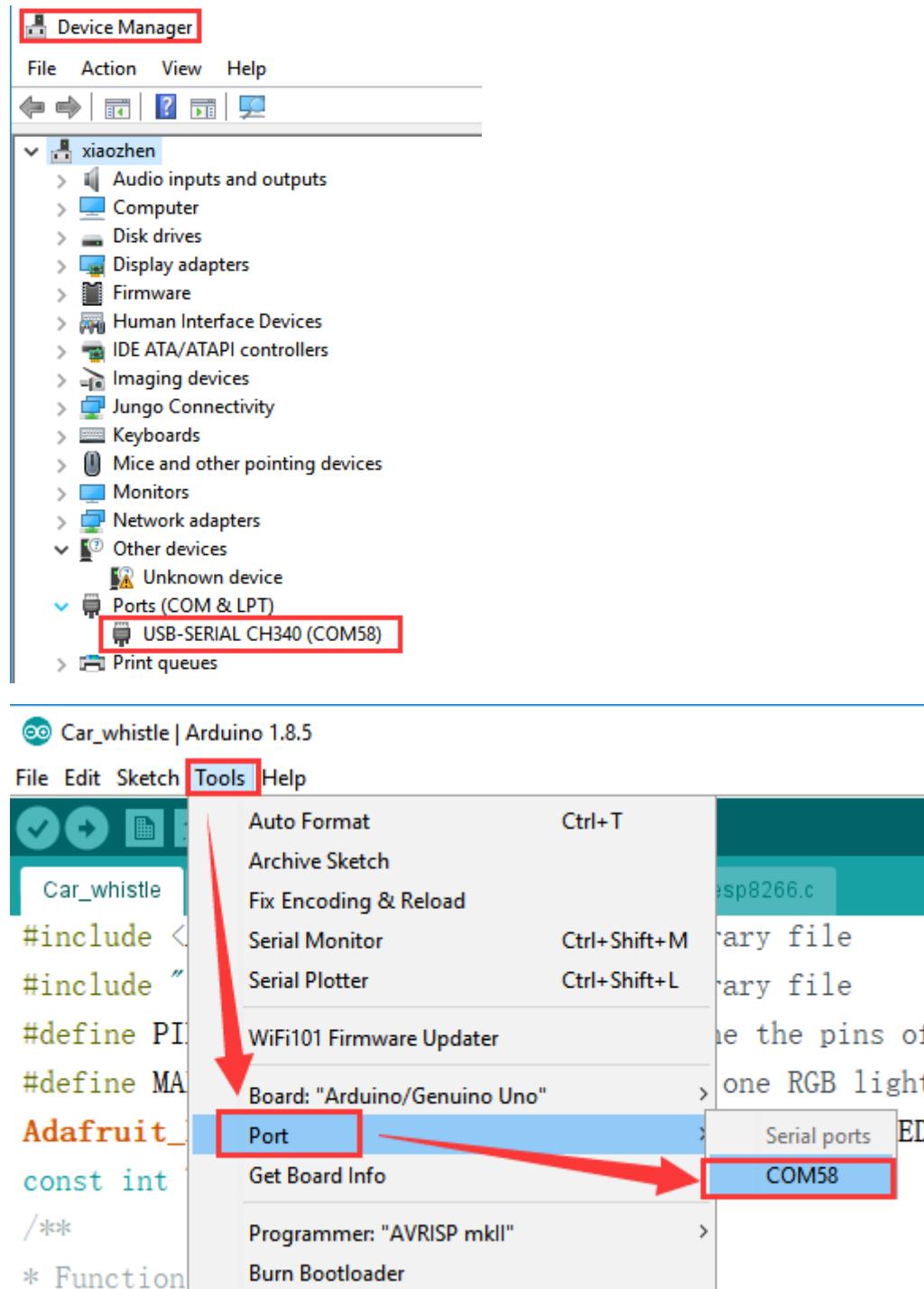
```
void loop()
{
    strip.setPixelColor(i,0, 0, brightness); //Blue light
    strip.show();
    brightness = brightness + fadeAmount;
    if (brightness <= 0 || brightness >=200) // RGB light brightness varies from
1 to 200
        fadeAmount = -fadeAmount ;
    delay(20);
}
```

5. Compiling and downloading code

5.1 We need to open the **On_board_Breathinglight.ino** file by Arduino IDE software. Then click “√” under the menu bar to compile the code, and wait for the word "**Done compiling**" in the lower left corner, as shown in the figure below.



5.2 In the menu bar of Arduino IDE, we need to select 【Tools】---【Port】--- selecting the port that the serial number displayed by the device manager just now, as shown in the figure below.



5.3 After the selection is completed, you need to click “→”under the menu bar to upload the code to the UNO board. When the word “**Done uploading**” appears in the lower left corner, the code has been successfully uploaded to the UNO board, as shown in the figure below.

The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** On_board_Breathinglight | Arduino 1.8.5
- Menu Bar:** File Edit Sketch Tools Help
- Toolbar:** Includes icons for file operations (New, Open, Save, Print, Upload, Download, etc.). The "Upload" icon (a right-pointing arrow) is highlighted with a red box.
- Sketch Name:** On_board_Breathinglight
- Code Area:** Contains the following C++ code for a NeoPixel breathing light sketch:

```
*  
*/  
#include <Adafruit_NeoPixel.h>      //Library file  
#define PIN 6                         //Define the pins of  
#define MAX_LED 1                      //Just one RGB light  
  
Adafruit_NeoPixel strip = Adafruit_NeoPixel( MAX_LED,  
uint8_t i = 0;  
uint8_t brightness = 0;  
uint8_t fadeAmount = 1;  
  
/**
```
- Status Bar:** Shows the message "Done uploading." in a red-bordered box.

6. Experimental phenomena

After the program is downloaded, we can see that blue RGB light on the expansion board will gradually from bright to extinction, from extinction to bright.