## 4-channel tracking

#### 4-channel tracking

Hardware connection

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Program flow chart

Experimental phenomenon

**Extended case: Four-way patrol (high-difficulty map)** 

The tutorial mainly demonstrates the patrol function of the balance car combined with the four-way tracking module.

The tutorial only introduces the standard library project code

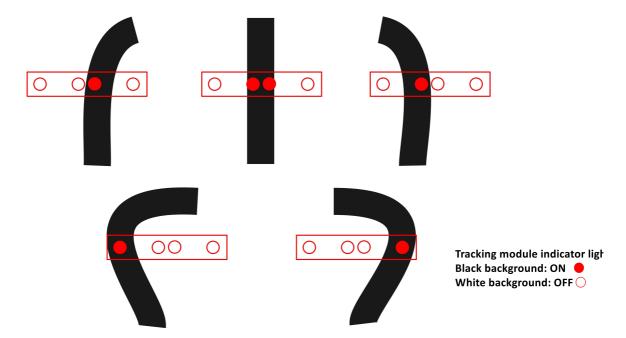
### **Hardware connection**

LED corresponding to the four-way patrol module	Four-way patrol module	Development board
	VCC	5V/3.3V
L1	X1	PC4
L2	X2	PC5
L3	Х3	PB0
L4	X4	PB1
	GND	GND

## **Control principle**

By reading the X1, X2, X3, and X4 interface levels of the four-way tracking module, it is determined whether the black line is detected and where the black line is located.

The program uses PID to implement the line patrol function. If the PID parameters are not used, the effect is poor.



#### **Black line detected**

The light is on  $\rightarrow$  The corresponding interface of the four-way line patrol module outputs a low level;

#### White line detected

The light is off  $\rightarrow$  The corresponding interface of the four-way line patrol module outputs a high level.

```
Note: The corresponding relationship between the interface, LED, and adjustment knob shall be based on the silkscreen numbers, for example: X1 corresponds to L1, SW1
```

#### Main code

The tutorial mainly explains the code for the four-way patrol function. For detailed code, refer to the corresponding project file.

#### Turn\_IRTrack\_PD

Four-way patrol module patrol PID implementation function. If the patrol effect is not good, modify the PID parameters of the app\_tracking.c file. It is not recommended to modify the PID parameters of the pid\_control.c file (the PID parameters of the pid\_control.c file are subject to the parameters finally confirmed in the balance car parameter adjustment tutorial).

```
int Turn_IRTrack_PD(float gyro)
{
   int IRTrackTurn = 0;
   float err = 0;
   static float IRTrack_Integral;

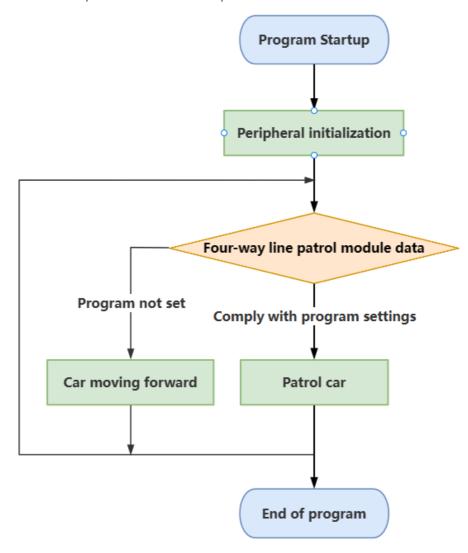
PID_track_get(); // Obtain deviation
   err=error-IRTrack_Minddle;

IRTrack_Integral +=err;
```

```
IRTrackTurn=err*IRTrack_Trun_KP+IRTrack_Trun_KI*IRTrack_Integral+gyro*IRTrack_Tru
n_KD;
    return IRTrackTurn;
}
```

## **Program flow chart**

Briefly introduce the process of function implementation:



## **Experimental phenomenon**

Software code

The BalancedCar\_tracking\_PID.hex file generated by the project compilation is located in the OBJ folder of the BalancedCar\_tracking\_PID project. Find the BalancedCar\_tracking\_PID.hex file corresponding to the project and use the FlyMcu software to download the program into the development board.

Product supporting data source code path: Attachment → Source code summary → 5.Balanced\_Car\_Extended → 01.BalancedCar\_tracking\_PID

After the program is started, put the car on the patrol map, and press KEY1 according to the OLED prompt to start the balance car patrol function: OLED will display the deviation setting value and the level of the four-way patrol module in real time!

The balance car will balance first and then patrol the line. When the inclination angle is greater than a certain value, the car will stop moving.

The program has voltage detection. If the voltage is less than 9.6V, the low voltage alarm will be triggered and the buzzer will sound.

Common situations for triggering voltage alarms:

- 1. The power switch of the development board is not turned on, and only the Type-C data cable is connected for power supply
- 2. The battery pack voltage is lower than 9.6V and needs to be charged in time

# Extended case: Four-way patrol (high-difficulty map)

This case is used with our smart car patrol track. It is difficult for novices to adjust, so only code reference is provided.

Product supporting information source code path: Attachment → Source code summary → 5.Balanced\_Car\_Extended → 01.BalancedCar\_tracking\_PID → BalancedCar\_tracking\_yahboom\_map

