### **CCD tracking-Mini chassis**

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### 1.Experimental Purpose

Through the previous experiments, we have gained an understanding of how the CCD module works. This experiment uses a linear CCD module for tracking purposes

### 2.Experimental preparation

This experiment requires an ROS expansion board, a Chinese racing chassis car, a 310 motor, a 7.4V battery, a linear CCD module, and an OLED screen (not required)

These hardware can be purchased at the Yabo Smart Store

### 3.Experimental wiring

# 3.1 Jumpers are required for the wiring of the ROS expansion board and the 310 motor

The line sequence of the two is shown in the following figure:

#### Wiring instructions

1: [M2]

2: [V]

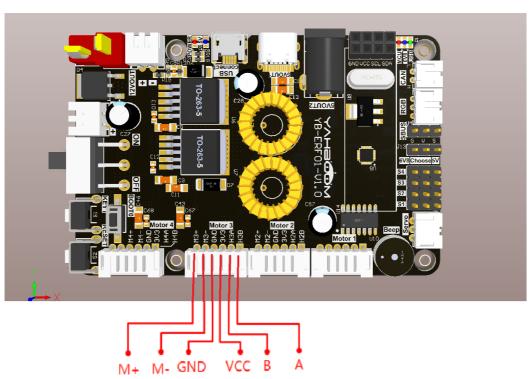
3: [A]

4: [B]

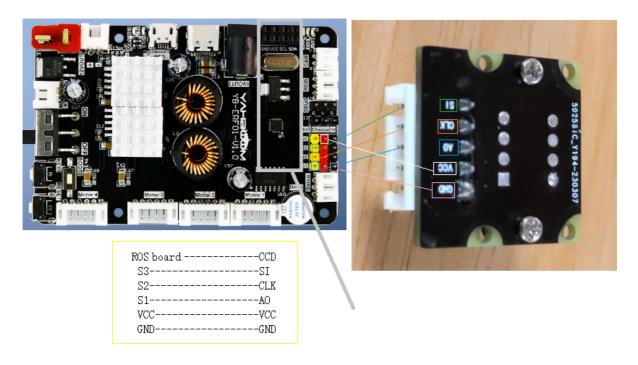
5: **[**G**]** 

6: [M1]





# 3.2 Wiring of ROS expansion board, linear CCD module, and OLED screen



### 4. Program source code analysis

This project introduces a real-time operating system for Freeros, and we will look at vTask ourselves\_ The CCD thread function is sufficient, and other thread functions are not closely related to this experiment. Interested parties can analyze it on their own.

vTask\_CCD: This task is to first determine whether the freeros system is normal, and if it is normal, enter the APP\_ CCD\_ The following will focus on analyzing the processing function for the tracking task of Handle

```
void APP_CCD_Handle(void)
{
    CCD_Read_TSL();
    g_ccd_median = CCD_Find_Median()-64;
    OLED_Show_CCD_Image(CCD_Get_ADC_128x32());
    pid_output = (int)(APP_CCD_PID_Calc(g_ccd_median));
    Motion_Ctrl(CCD_SPEED, 0, pid_output, 0);
}
```

- CCD\_Read\_TSL:This function is used to drive a linear CCD camera for data collection.
- CCD\_Find\_Median: The dynamic threshold algorithm used inside extracts the position of the current camera on the black and white lines.
- OLED\_Show\_CCD\_Image: The purpose of this function is to display the waveform data collected by CCD.
- APP\_CCD\_PID\_Calc: The PID algorithm is used inside, and the processed data is controlled for the speed of four motors based on the dynamic threshold algorithm.
- Motion\_Ctrl: According to the PWM output of the PID algorithm, a motor is driven to perform a tracking of the car.

## 5.experimental result

You can see that the car is tracking normally on the black and white line. For a detailed tracking video, please refer to the introduction video of the CCD module on the Yabo Intelligent Flag Store. Other reference tutorials:

https://blog.csdn.net/Gxust Veneno/article/details/119797411