

## 4.Temperature detector

## 1. Learning goals

In this lesson, we will learn to use micro:bit and Wrist:bit make temperature detector.

## 2.Code and analysis

```
1
    from microbit import *
 2
     import microbit
 3
     import music
 4
 5
 6
   ⊟while True:
 7
         value = temperature()
 8
         microbit.sleep (500)
         if value > 10 and value < 30:
 9
10
             pin2.write analog(0)
11
             display.scroll(str(value))
12
         elif value >= 30 or value <= 10:
13
             pin2.write analog(1023)
14
             music.play (music.ENTERTAINER)
15
             display.scroll(str(value))
16
17
18
```

# from microbit import \*

This code is to import everything from the microbit library, and any program need to uses import this library.

import music: Import music library.

**temperature()**: Return the temperature of the current micro:bit detection,unit is  $^{\circ}$ C. write\_analog(value): Outputs a PWM signal on the pin, whose duty cycle is proportional to the value provided.

Tips: The value can be an integer or a floating point number between 0 (0% duty cycle) and 1023 (100% duty cycle).

Because the vibration motor on the hardware circuit is connected to the P2 pin of the micro:bit board, we need to set P2 pin in program.

display.scroll() scrolls horizontally on the display. If the value is an integer or a floating-point number, the integer is first converted to a string.

#### Note:

1 - The capital letter/lowercase letters must be distinguished!



- 2 Correct spelling!
- 3 Keywords such as # need a space between the content.
- 4 You can only use the Tab key (tabulation key) for indentation.

### 3. Programming and downloading

3.1 You should open the Mu software, and enter the code in the edit window, , as shown in figure .

Note! All English and symbols should be entered in English, and the last line must be a space.

```
Mu 1.0.3 - Alarm Clock.py
                                               0
                                                    Q
                             0
                                        Plotter
                                              Zoom-in Zoom-out
                                                                            Quit
Alarm Clock.py 🗶
 1 from microbit import *
   import music
 3
 4
    sun = Image("90909:"
 5
                    "09990:"
 6
                    "99999:"
 7
                    "09990:"
 8
                    "90909")
 9
 10
 11 moon = Image("00990:"
```

3.2 As shown in Figure, you need to click the Check button to check if our code has an error. If a line appears with a cursor or an underscore, the program indicating this line is wrong.

```
Mu 1.0.3 - Alarm Clock.py
                              0
Alarm Clock.py 🗶
  1 from microbit import *
    import music
  2
  3
  4
    sun = Image("90909:"
  5
                     "09990:"
  6
                     "99999:"
  7
                     "09990:"
  8
                     "90909")
  9
 10
 11 moon = Image("00990:"
Nice one! Zero problems detected.
```



3.3 You need to connect the micro data cable to micro:bit and the computer, then click the Flash button to download the program to micro:bit.

```
Mu 1.0.3 - Alarm Clock.py
                             0
                             Files
                                             Zoom-in Zoom-out
Alarm Clock.py 🗶
  1 from microbit import *
    import music
  3
  4
   sun = Image("90909:"
                    "09990:"
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                    "99999:"
  7
                    "09990:"
  8
                    "90909")
  9
 10
 11 moon = Image("00990:"
```

## 4. Experimental phenomena

After the program is successfully downloaded. Micro:bit dot matrix will scroll display temperature data.

When the ambient temperature is higher than  $30^{\circ}$ C or lower than  $10^{\circ}$ C, buzzer will play music and the vibration motor will rotate.

When the ambient temperature is between 10  $^{\circ}$ C and 30  $^{\circ}$ C, music and vibration motors will stop.