MakeCode graphical API

A. SuperBit V2



Function: Set the buzzer on the expansion board to play a certain music



Function: Set the servo to a certain angle

Parameters:

Number: Corresponding servo interface S1-S8

Angle: Set 0-1 according to the servo angle range 80, 0-270



```
Servo(360°_rotatable) num S1 ▼ pos forward ▼ value 0

Servo(360°) num S1 ▼ pos forward ▼ value 0
```

Function: Set the servo to rotate in a certain direction at a certain speed

Parameters:

Number: Corresponding servo interface S1-S8

Speed: 0-90

Direction: forward, reverse, stop

```
on start

Servo(360°) num 51 ▼ pos forward ▼ value 22

Servo(360°_rotatable) num 52 ▼ pos reverse ▼ value 51
```

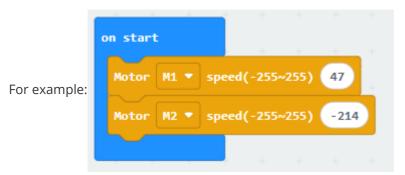
```
4) Motor M1 ▼ speed(-255~255) 0
```

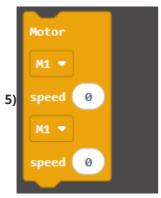
Function: Set a single motor to rotate at a certain speed

Parameter:

Number: Corresponding motor interface M1-M4

Speed: Set the motor rotation speed -255~255, negative value means reverse



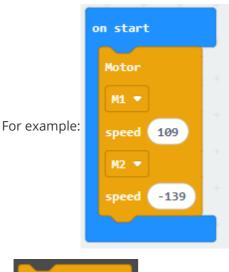


Function: Set two motors to rotate at a certain speed at the same time

Parameters:

Number: Corresponding motor interface M1-M4

Speed: Set the motor rotation speed -255~255, negative value means reverse



6) Motor Stop All

Function: Stop all motors

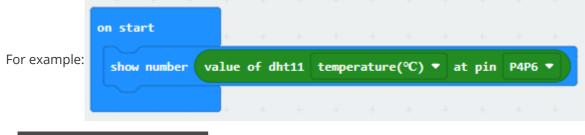
B. SuperBit V2 Digital Class

```
1) value of dht11 temperature(°C) ▼ at pin P4P6 ▼
```

Function: Temperature and humidity values detected by the DHT11 sensor

Parameters:

Value: Detected temperature in Celsius ($^{\circ}$ C), Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}$ F), humidity (0~100) Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board



2) Ultrasonic pin P4P6 ▼

Function: Distance detected by ultrasonic wave

Parameters:

Pin: The corresponding pin on the expansion board to which the sensor is connected



Function: Set a state returned by the human infrared sensor as a judgment condition

Parameters:

Pin: The corresponding pin on the expansion board to which the sensor is connected

State: The state returned by the sensor **Someone is moving** and **No one is moving**

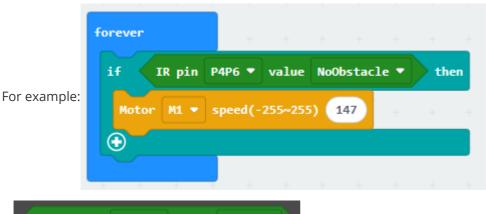


4) IR pin P4P6 ▼ value Obstacle ▼

Function: Set a state returned by the infrared sensor as a judgment condition

Parameters:

Pin: The corresponding pin on the expansion board to which the sensor is connected State: **Obstacle** and **No obstacle** returned by the sensor Two states

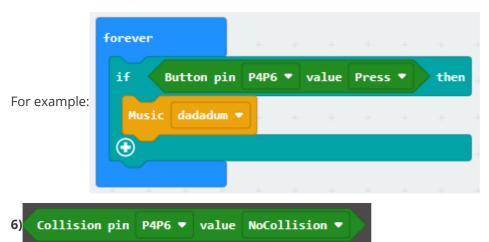




Function: Set a certain state of the button as a judgment condition

Parameters:

Pin: The button is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board State: The button is **pressed** and **released** Two states



Function: Set a state of the collision detection sensor as a judgment condition

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board State: **No collision** and **Collision** returned by the sensor Two states

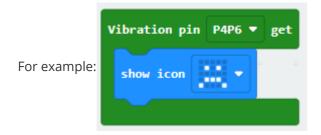




Function: Set the vibration sensor to a certain state

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board



C. SuperBit V2 Perception category



Function: The value detected by the light sensor. The lower the brightness, the larger the value returned

Parameters:

Pin: The corresponding pin on the expansion board to which the sensor is connected



Function: The analog value output by the sound sensor, the range is $0\sim1023$, the louder the sound, the greater the output analog value

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board



3) Potentiometer pin P4P6 ▼

Function: The current resistance value of the potentiometer

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board



Function: Set a state of the joystick as a judgment condition

Parameter:

Pin: The joystick is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board State: The joystick has 5 states: **None**, **Up**, **Down**, **Left**, **Right**



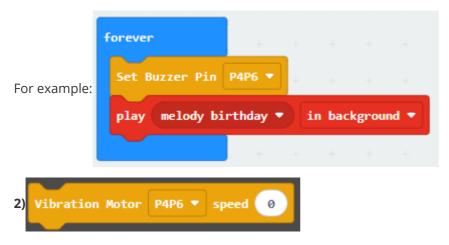
D. SuperBit V2 PWM class



Function: Set the buzzer to be connected to a certain pin

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board



Function: Set the vibration motor to vibrate at a certain speed

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board Speed: Vibration speed, range 0-1023



Function: Set the R, G, and B values of the RGB light to change the color

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board Red, green, blue: RGB value of the light, range 0-255



Function: Set the color of the RGB light

Parameters:

Pin: The sensor is connected to the corresponding pin on the expansion board Color display: Off and several fixed colors



E. Neopixel

1)

```
set strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 24 leds as RGB (GRB format) ▼
```

Function: Create and initialize a light strip

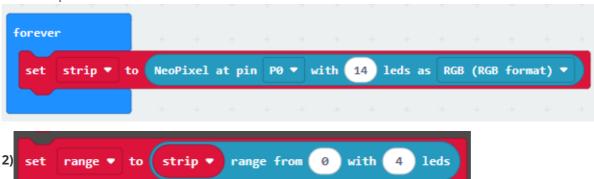
Parameters:

Pin: The pin connected to the light strip

Number of beads: The number of beads waiting to be connected

Mode: The mode used by the light beads, including RGB (GRB order), RGB + W, RGB (RGB order)

For example:



Function: Select a range from the color light strip, starting from a certain light, and select a certain number of lights.

Parameters:

Pixels: starting position of the light Length: the number of selected lights

```
forever

set strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 14 leds as RGB (RGB format) ▼

set range ▼ to strip ▼ range from 2 with 4 leds
```

```
3) strip ▼ show rainbow from 1 to 360
```

Function: let the light strip present a gradient color effect in a certain hue range

Parameters:

Hue: range 0-360 (complete color circle)

For example:



Function: Let the light strip present a certain color

Parameter:

Color: Several fixed colors, such as red, orange, yellow, violet, etc.

For example:



Function: Display the value on the LED light strip in the form of a bar graph.

Parameters:

Value: the currently displayed value

Maximum value: the maximum value that can be set. When set to this maximum value, all the lamp beads will light up

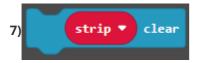
```
forever

set Strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 14 leds as RGB (RGB format) ▼

strip ▼ show bar graph of 34 up to 255
```



Function: Refresh the display of the light strip



Function: Clear the display of the light strip, that is, turn off the light

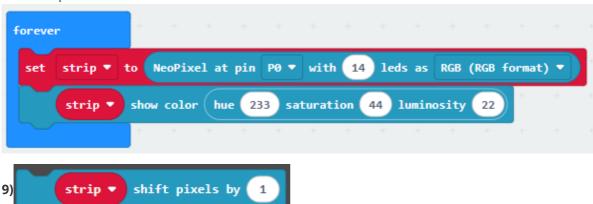


Function: Convert hue, saturation, and brightness values to RGB colors

Parameters:

Hue: Range 0-360 Saturation: Range 0-99 Brightness: Range 0-99

For example:



Function: Control the light strip to move at a certain pixel. Move the pixels of the light strip **forward** by a specified number of pixels, and use "0" (i.e. closed pixels) to clear the position left at the end

Prerequisite: After use, you need to call Refresh Display to display the changes

Parameters:

Offset: The pixels moved by the light strip

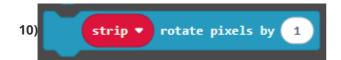
```
forever

set Strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 14 leds as RGB (RGB format) ▼

strip ▼ shift pixels by 1

strip ▼ show

pause (ms) 100 ▼
```



Function: Control the light strip to **circulate** with a certain pixel, that is, move the front pixel to the back

Prerequisite: After use, you need to call Refresh Display To display the changes

Parameters:

Offset: The pixel that the light strip moves

For example:

```
forever

set Strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 14 leds as RGB (RGB format) ▼

strip ▼ rotate pixels by 1

strip ▼ show

pause (ms) 100 ▼

strip ▼ set pixel white LED at 0 to 0
```

Function: Set the brightness of the white light at a certain pixel position

Prerequisite: Only applicable to **RGBW** lamp beads (not ordinary RGB lamp beads). After use, you also need to call **Refresh Display** to display the changes

Parameters:

Pixel: The number of lamp beads to be set (from 0 Start counting)

Brightness: Range 0-255

For example:

```
forever

set | strip ▼ | to | NeoPixel at pin | P0 ▼ | with | 14 | leds as | RGB+W ▼ |

strip ▼ | set | pixel | white | LED | at | 4 | to | 255 |

strip ▼ | show |

pause (ms) | 100 ▼
```

```
12) strip ▼ set pixel color at 0 to red ▼
```

Function: Set the lamp bead at a certain pixel position on the light strip to display a certain color

Prerequisite: After use, you also need to call Refresh Display to display the changes

Parameters:

Pixel: The number of lamp beads to be set (from 0 Start counting)

Color: The color to be displayed on the light strip

For example:

```
forever

set strip ▼ to NeoPixel at pin P0 ▼ with 14 leds as RGB (RGB format) ▼

strip ▼ set pixel color at 5 to red ▼

strip ▼ show

pause (ms) 100 ▼
```

```
13) strip ▼ length
```

Function: Get the number of lamp beads on the light strip

```
14) strip ▼ set brightness 255
```

Function: Set the brightness of the light strip

Parameters:

Brightness: Range 0-255, the larger the value, the brighter it is

```
15) strip ▼ ease brightness
```

Function: Reduce the brightness of the light strip

```
16) strip ▼ power (mA)
```

Function: Estimate the current consumed by the current lighting configuration



Function: Set the number of lamp beads per row of the light strip, the direction of the entire matrix, and the arrangement method

Prerequisite: It is a matrix-shaped light strip or light board

Parameters:

width: The number of lamp beads per row

rotation: Rotation method 0-NeoRotation.Rotate0 (no rotation), 1-NeoRotation.Rotate90 (90 degrees clockwise), 2-NeoRotation.Rotate180 (upside down), 3-NeoRotation.Rotate270 (270 degrees clockwise)

chain: arrangement 0-NeoMatrixChain.None (normal arrangement), 1-NeoMatrixChain.ZZ (Z-shaped arrangement)



Function: Set the color of the lamp beads at the specific coordinate position on the matrix-shaped light strip

Prerequisite: It is a matrix-shaped light strip or light board

Parameters:

x, y: horizontal and vertical coordinates

Color: The color displayed by the lamp beads