

5.Ubuntu software operation commands

```
sudo apt-get update                # Update source
sudo apt-get install package       # Installation package
sudo apt-get remove package        # Delete package
sudo apt-cache search package      # Search for packages
sudo apt-cache show package        # Get package-related
information, such as description, size, version, etc.
sudo apt-get install package --reinstall # Reinstall package
sudo apt-get -f install            # Repair installation
sudo apt-get remove package --purge # Delete packages, including
configuration files, etc.
sudo apt-get build-dep package     # Install relevant compilation
environment
sudo apt-get upgrade               # Update installed packages
sudo apt-get dist-upgrade          # Upgrading the system
sudo apt-cache depends package     # Understand which packages
depend on using this package
sudo apt-cache rdepends package     # Check which packages this
package depends on
sudo apt-get source package        # Download the source code of the
package
sudo apt-get clean && sudo apt-get autoclean # Clean up useless packages
sudo apt-get check                 # Check for broken dependencies
```

Set a password for the root user and use it

1. Enter the `sudo passwd` command, enter the general user password and set the root user password.
2. After successfully setting the root password, enter the `su` command and the root password you just set to switch to root. The prompt `$` represents the general user, and the prompt `#` represents the root user.
3. Enter the `exit` command to exit root and return to the normal user
4. You can use the root user in the future