7. ard_K210 mask detection

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1.K210 and Arduino communication

1.1 Experimental premises

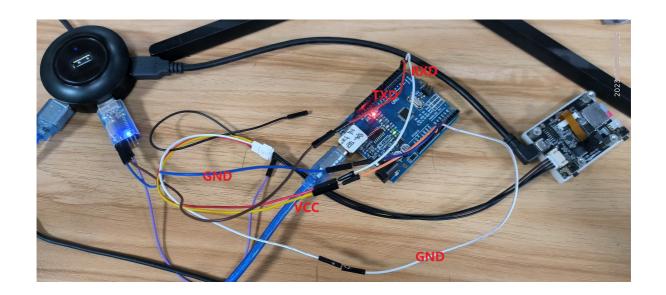
This tutorial uses arduino, and K210 requires running the program in **K210-Al** (**stm32_pico_arduino**) to start the experiment arduino *1

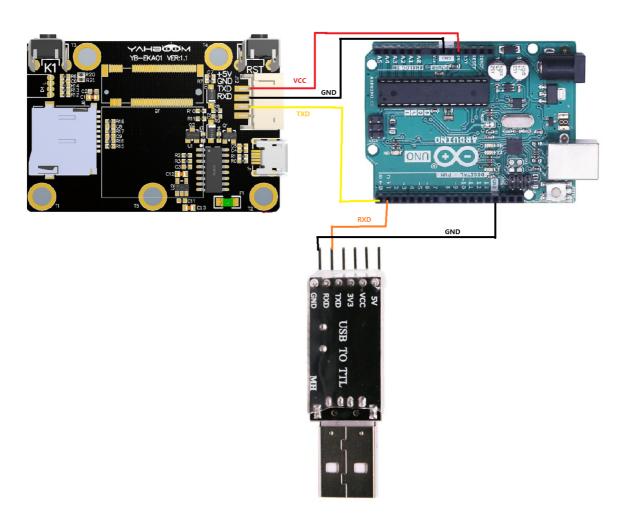
K210 perspective module * 1 (requires SD card (with Al model inside) and camera) USB to TTL module * 1

1.2 Experimental wiring

arduino	usb to ttl
TXD	RXD
GND	GND

arduino	K210 perspective module
RXD	TXD
GND	GND
VCC	5V
Wiring as shown in the diagram:	





1.3 Main code explanation

```
sprintf(buff\_com, "x=\%d, y=\%d, h=\%d\r\n", k210\_msg.x, k210\_msg.y, k210\_msg.w, k210\_msg.w
0_msg.h);
                                                                                K210Serial.print(buff_com);
                                                                                       if(k210_msg.id == 'Y' || k210_msg.id == 'y')
                                                                                {
                                                                                                sprintf(buff_com,"Yes\r\n");
                                                                                              K210Serial.print(buff_com);
                                                                              }
                                                                                else
                                                                                               sprintf(buff_com,"NO\r\n");
                                                                                               K210Serial.print(buff_com);
                                                                              }
                                                                              k210_msg.class_n = 0;
                                                                }
                                                }
               }
 }
```

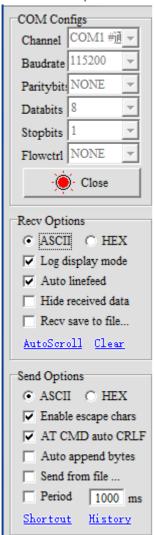
After the above program, if you are running this routine, k210_ The members of the msg structure have corresponding values and are processed through serial port printing K210_ Msg: is a structure that receives information, and its main members are

- X: is the horizontal coordinate of the top left corner of the recognized box (range: 0-240)
- Y: is the vertical coordinate of the upper left corner of the identified box (range: 0-320)
- W: is the width of the recognized box (range: 0-240)
- H: The length of the recognized box (range: 0-320)
- ID: is the recognized label
- Class_ n: Routine number
- Msg_ Msg [20]: Valid data
 After receiving and processing data, k210_ Each member of the msg will store valid information. If you want to develop it again, call K210 directly_ Members of msg are sufficient

1.4 experimental phenomena

1. After connecting the cable, the K210 perspective module runs offline. Please check 【6.2 K210 as coprocessor】--【ReadMe】

2. Set the serial port assistant to the interface shown in the figure



3. Then run the routine of mask detection, and the serial assistant will print out the important information transmitted from k210 to stm32, as shown in the following figure

```
帧缓冲区已禁用 - 再次单击禁用按钮以启用(右上角)
                            RGB色彩空间
直方图
 XCOM V2.0
 c=102, y=105, w=65, h=79
 c=101, y=104, w=64, h=79
 c=102, y=104, w=65, h=79
 c=101, y=105, w=65, h=79
 =105, y=104, w=58, h=78
 =102, y=104, w=65, h=79
 =101, y=105, w=64, h=79
 =101, y=104, w=65, h=78
 =105, y=104, w=58, h=78
x=106, y=102, w=58, h=79
 =101, y=103, w=64, h=79
 =105, y=104, w=58, h=78
```

Mask detection only transmits the five Member variable of k210msg, namely, x, y, w, h, and id. ID: The information is Y/N, Y: wearing a mask, N: not wearing a mask