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# For downloading the kaagle dataset
import kagglehub
# For unzipping and getting the dataset
import os
import zipfile
# Libraries for handling dataset
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Imports for pytorch
import torch
import torchvision.models as models
from torchvision import transforms
from torchvision.datasets import ImageFolder
from torch.utils.data.dataloader import DataLoader
from torch.utils.data import random split
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
import torch.optim as optim
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
# Download latest version
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("idealm99/face-shape-new")
train_path = path + "/face-shape-new/training_set"
test_path = path + "/face-shape-new/test_set"
print("Path to dataset files:", path)
Downloading from <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/idealm99/face-shape-new?dataset_version_number=1...">https://www.kaggle.com/api/v1/datasets/download/idealm99/face-shape-new?dataset_version_number=1...</a>
                   236M/236M [00:11<00:00, 21.2MB/s]Extracting files...
     Path to dataset files: /root/.cache/kagglehub/datasets/idealm99/face-shape-new/versions/1
model = models.vgg16(pretrained=True)
# Print the model architecture
print(model)
     Show hidden output
# Replace the classifier of the VGG16 model
model.classifier[6] = nn.Linear(in_features=4096, out_features=5)
# Print the modified model
print(model)
     Show hidden output
# Freeze all layers except the classifier
for param in model.parameters():
    param.requires_grad = False
# Only the classifier layers will be trained
for param in model.classifier.parameters():
    param.requires_grad = True
from torchvision import transforms
train_transform = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize((150, 150)),
    transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
    transforms.RandomRotation(10),
    transforms.RandomResizedCrop(150, scale=(0.8, 1.0)),
    transforms.ColorJitter(brightness=0.1, contrast=0.1),
    transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
                          std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
val_transform = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize((150, 150)),
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transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
                         std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
])
# Reload the datasets with new transforms
train_dataset = ImageFolder(train_path, transform=train_transform)
test_dataset = ImageFolder(test_path, transform=val_transform)
val\_size = 1000
train_data, val_data = random_split(train_dataset, [len(train_dataset) - val_size, val_size])
train_dl = DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=128, shuffle=True, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
val_dl = DataLoader(val_data, batch_size=256, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
print(f"Length of Train Data : {len(train_data)}")
print(f"Length of Validation Data : {len(val_data)}")
    Length of Train Data: 6953
     Length of Validation Data: 1000
# Reload DataLoaders to make sure they're ready
train_dl = DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=128, shuffle=True, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
val_dl = DataLoader(val_data, batch_size=256, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
print("CUDA available:", torch.cuda.is_available())
print("Device name:", torch.cuda.get_device_name(0) if torch.cuda.is_available() else "CPU only")
<del>→</del>
    CUDA available: True
     Device name: Tesla T4
# Set the device
device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
model.to(device)
# Optional: Unfreeze last conv block for fine-tuning
for param in model.features[24:].parameters():
    param.requires_grad = True
# Loss function
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
# Optimizer with weight decay (L2 regularization)
optimizer = optim.SGD(filter(lambda p: p.requires_grad, model.parameters()),
                      lr=0.001, momentum=0.9, weight_decay=1e-4)
# Learning rate scheduler
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(optimizer, step_size=5, gamma=0.5)
# Early stopping params
patience = 5
best_val_loss = float('inf')
epochs_without_improvement = 0
# Training loop
for epoch in range(100):
    model.train()
    running_loss = 0.0
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    for inputs, labels in train_dl:
        inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = model(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        running_loss += loss.item()
        _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
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correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
        total += labels.size(0)
   train_acc = 100 * correct / total
   avg_loss = running_loss / len(train_dl)
   print(f"[Epoch {epoch+1}] Train Loss: {avg_loss:.4f} | Train Acc: {train_acc:.2f}%")
   # === Validation Evaluation ===
   model.eval()
   val_loss = 0.0
   val_correct = 0
   val_total = 0
   with torch.no_grad():
        for inputs, labels in val_dl:
    inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(inputs)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            val_loss += loss.item()
            _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
            val_correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
            val_total += labels.size(0)
   val_acc = 100 * val_correct / val_total
   avg_val_loss = val_loss / len(val_dl)
   print(f"[Epoch {epoch+1}] Val Loss: {avg_val_loss:.4f} | Val Acc: {val_acc:.2f}%")
   # === Early Stopping on Val Loss ===
   if avg_val_loss < best_val_loss:</pre>
        best_val_loss = avg_val_loss
        epochs_without_improvement = 0
        print("Validation loss improved. Saving model...")
        torch.save(model.state_dict(), "best_model.pth")
        epochs without improvement += 1
        print(f"No improvement in val loss. ({epochs_without_improvement}/{patience})")
        if epochs_without_improvement >= patience:
            print("Early stopping triggered.")
            break
   # Step the scheduler
   scheduler.step()
→ [Epoch 1] Train Loss: 1.1320 | Train Acc: 54.51%
    [Epoch 1] Val Loss: 1.0930 | Val Acc: 55.90%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 2] Train Loss: 1.0671 | Train Acc: 57.90%
    [Epoch 2] Val Loss: 1.0506 | Val Acc: 57.70%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 3] Train Loss: 1.0094 | Train Acc: 60.48%
    [Epoch 3] Val Loss: 1.0855 | Val Acc: 55.90%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [Epoch 4] Train Loss: 0.9506 | Train Acc: 63.20%
    [Epoch 4] Val Loss: 0.9320 | Val Acc: 64.50%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 5] Train Loss: 0.9400 | Train Acc: 63.96%
    [Epoch 5] Val Loss: 1.0077 | Val Acc: 60.10% No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [Epoch 6] Train Loss: 0.8535 | Train Acc: 67.41%
    [Epoch 6] Val Loss: 0.8648 | Val Acc: 65.50%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 7] Train Loss: 0.7744 | Train Acc: 70.34%
    [Epoch 7] Val Loss: 0.8503 | Val Acc: 66.10%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 8] Train Loss: 0.7771 | Train Acc: 70.34%
    [Epoch 8] Val Loss: 0.8117 | Val Acc: 69.20%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 9] Train Loss: 0.7535 | Train Acc: 72.33%
[Epoch 9] Val Loss: 0.8047 | Val Acc: 69.50%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 10] Train Loss: 0.7446 | Train Acc: 71.65%
    [Epoch 10] Val Loss: 0.8382 | Val Acc: 67.20%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [Epoch 11] Train Loss: 0.6831 | Train Acc: 74.56% [Epoch 11] Val Loss: 0.7901 | Val Acc: 68.60%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 12] Train Loss: 0.6708 | Train Acc: 74.77%
    [Epoch 12] Val Loss: 0.8118 | Val Acc: 68.90%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
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[Epoch 13] Train Loss: 0.6509 | Train Acc: 75.84%
    [Epoch 13] Val Loss: 0.7436 | Val Acc: 71.70%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [Epoch 14] Train Loss: 0.6365 | Train Acc: 76.24% [Epoch 14] Val Loss: 0.7761 | Val Acc: 70.00%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [Epoch 15] Train Loss: 0.6399 | Train Acc: 75.95%
    [Epoch 15] Val Loss: 0.7596 | Val Acc: 71.00%
    No improvement in val loss. (2/5)
    [Epoch 16] Train Loss: 0.6329 | Train Acc: 76.00%
    [Epoch 16] Val Loss: 0.7449 | Val Acc: 72.70%
    No improvement in val loss. (3/5)
    [Epoch 17] Train Loss: 0.6134 | Train Acc: 77.10%
    [Epoch 17] Val Loss: 0.7780 | Val Acc: 69.40%
    No improvement in val loss. (4/5)
    [Epoch 18] Train Loss: 0.6032 | Train Acc: 78.01%
    [Epoch 18] Val Loss: 0.7710 | Val Acc: 71.70%
    No improvement in val loss. (5/5)
    Early stopping triggered.
# === Load best model from previous phase ===
model.load_state_dict(torch.load("best_model.pth"))
model.to(device)
# === Unfreeze more layers (conv4 block) for deeper fine-tuning ===
for param in model.features[17:].parameters(): # conv4_1 and onward
    param.requires_grad = True
# === Use Label Smoothing to improve generalization ===
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(label_smoothing=0.1)
# === Switch to AdamW optimizer for adaptive fine-tuning ===
optimizer = torch.optim.AdamW(
    filter(lambda p: p.requires_grad, model.parameters()),
    lr=1e-4, weight_decay=1e-4
)
# === Use ReduceLROnPlateau scheduler for adaptive LR adjustment ===
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer, mode='min', patience=2, factor=0.5, verbose=True)
# === Reinitialize early stopping tracking ===
patience = 5
best_val_loss = float('inf')
epochs_without_improvement = 0
# === Fine-Tuning Loop ===
for epoch in range(30): # Fine-tune for a smaller number of epochs
    model.train()
    running_loss = 0.0
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    for inputs, labels in train_dl:
        inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = model(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        running_loss += loss.item()
        _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
        correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
        total += labels.size(0)
    train_acc = 100 * correct / total
    avg_loss = running_loss / len(train_dl)
    print(f"[FT Epoch {epoch+1}] Train Loss: {avg_loss:.4f} | Train Acc: {train_acc:.2f}%")
    # === Validation Evaluation ===
    model.eval()
    val_loss = 0.0
    val_correct = 0
    val_total = 0
    with torch.no_grad():
        for inputs, labels in val_dl:
            inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
            ...+...+. _ madal/:nn...+.\
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outputs = modet(inputs)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            val_loss += loss.item()
            _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
            val_correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
            val_total += labels.size(0)
   val_acc = 100 * val_correct / val_total
   avg_val_loss = val_loss / len(val_dl)
   print(f"[FT Epoch {epoch+1}] Val Loss: {avg_val_loss:.4f} | Val Acc: {val_acc:.2f}%")
   # === Early Stopping on Val Loss ===
   if avg_val_loss < best_val_loss:</pre>
       best_val_loss = avg_val_loss
       epochs_without_improvement = 0
       print("Validation loss improved. Saving model...")
       torch.save(model.state_dict(), "best_model.pth")
       epochs_without_improvement += 1
       print(f"No improvement in val loss. ({epochs_without_improvement}/{patience})")
        if epochs_without_improvement >= patience:
            print("Early stopping triggered.")
            break
   # Step the new scheduler based on val loss
   scheduler.step(avg_val_loss)
FT Epoch 9] Val Loss: 0.7385 | Val Acc: 82.60%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [FT Epoch 10] Train Loss: 0.5534 | Train Acc: 94.38%
    [FT Epoch 10] Val Loss: 0.7631 | Val Acc: 82.60%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [FT Epoch 11] Train Loss: 0.5282 | Train Acc: 95.54%
    [FT Epoch 11] Val Loss: 0.7426 | Val Acc: 83.20%
    No improvement in val loss. (2/5)
    [FT Epoch 12] Train Loss: 0.5235 | Train Acc: 95.63%
[FT Epoch 12] Val Loss: 0.6871 | Val Acc: 85.30%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [FT Epoch 13] Train Loss: 0.5176 | Train Acc: 95.84%
    [FT Epoch 13] Val Loss: 0.6793 | Val Acc: 86.90%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [FT Epoch 14] Train Loss: 0.4926 | Train Acc: 97.05%
    [FT Epoch 14] Val Loss: 0.6594 | Val Acc: 88.60%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [FT Epoch 15] Train Loss: 0.4757 | Train Acc: 97.64%
    [FT Epoch 15] Val Loss: 0.6570 | Val Acc: 87.70%
    Validation loss improved. Saving model...
    [FT Epoch 16] Train Loss: 0.4708 | Train Acc: 97.87%
    [FT Epoch 16] Val Loss: 0.6685 | Val Acc: 85.70%
    No improvement in val loss. (1/5)
    [FT Epoch 17] Train Loss: 0.4711 | Train Acc: 97.77%
    [FT Epoch 17] Val Loss: 0.6836 | Val Acc: 86.80%
    No improvement in val loss. (2/5)
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[FT Epoch 27] Train Loss: 0.4178 | Train Acc: 99.63% [FT Epoch 27] Val Loss: 0.6111 | Val Acc: 90.00% No improvement in val loss. (2/5) [FT Epoch 28] Train Loss: 0.4185 | Train Acc: 99.48% [FT Epoch 28] Val Loss: 0.5845 | Val Acc: 91.40%

from google.colab import files
files.download("best_model.pth")



Start coding or generate with AI.