

## Оглавление

Task 1.1 Var 4 .....	2
Task 1.2 Var4 - Backup AdventureWorks2012 .....	3
Task2.1 Var4 .....	5
Task 2.2 Var4 .....	6
Task 3.1 Var4 .....	8
Task 3.2 Var4 .....	10
Task 4.1 Var4 .....	13
Task 4.2 Var4 .....	15
Task 5.1 Var4 .....	18
Task 6.1 Var4 .....	21
Task 7.1 Var4 .....	22

## Task 1.1 Var 4

The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface on the left and the SQL Query Editor on the right. The Enterprise Manager shows the server 'DESKTOP-AHV1F62\YAHOR\_STS (SQL S)' with a tree view including Databases, Security, Server Objects, Backup Devices, Linked Servers, Triggers, Replication, and Management. The 'backup' folder under Backup Devices is selected. The Query Editor window, titled 'V4\_1.sql - DESKTOP-AHV1F62\YAHOR\_STS (yb)', contains the following T-SQL script:

```
BACKUP DATABASE YahorStsefanovich TO "backup";
GO

USE master;
GO

DROP DATABASE YahorStsefanovich;
GO

RESTORE DATABASE YahorStsefanovich FROM "backup";
GO
```

Below the script, the 'Messages' pane shows the execution results:

Processed 320 pages for database 'YahorStsefanovich', file 'YahorStsefanovich' on file 1.  
Processed 6 pages for database 'YahorStsefanovich', file 'YahorStsefanovich\_log' on file 1.  
RESTORE DATABASE successfully processed 326 pages in 0.267 seconds (9.538 MB/sec).

## Task 1.2 Var4 - Backup AdventureWorks2012

```
RESTORE DATABASE AdventureWorks2012
FROM 'AdventureWorks2012'
WITH MOVE 'AdventureWorks2012_Data' TO 'D:\Programs\SQL_Server\MSSQL11.YAHOR_STS\MSSQL\DATA\AdventureWorks2012_Data.mdf',
MOVE 'AdventureWorks2012_Log' TO 'D:\Programs\SQL_Server\MSSQL11.YAHOR_STS\MSSQL\Log\AdventureWorks2012_Log.ldf'
GO
```

Processed 24176 pages for database 'AdventureWorks2012', file 'AdventureWorks2012\_Data' on file 1.  
Processed 2 pages for database 'AdventureWorks2012', file 'AdventureWorks2012\_Log' on file 1.  
RESTORE DATABASE successfully processed 24178 pages in 4.905 seconds (38.509 MB/sec).

```
/*Вывести на экран список отделов, принадлежащих группе 'Executive General and Administration'.*/
SELECT Name, GroupName
FROM HumanResources.Department
WHERE GroupName='Executive General and Administration';
```

100 %

Results Messages

	Name	GroupName
1	Human Resources	Executive General and Administration
2	Finance	Executive General and Administration
3	Information Services	Executive General and Administration
4	Facilities and Maintenance	Executive General and Administration
5	Executive	Executive General and Administration



```
/*Вывести на экран максимальное количество оставшихся часов отпуска у сотрудников. Назовите столбец с результатом 'MaxVacationHours'.*/
SELECT MAX(VacationHours) AS MaxVacationHours
FROM HumanResources.Employee;
```

100 %

Results Messages

	MaxVacationHours
1	99

```
SELECT E.BusinessEntityID, E.JobTitle, E.Gender, E.BirthDate, E.HireDate
FROM HumanResources.Employee AS E WHERE E.JobTitle LIKE '%Engineer%'
```

 Results Messages

	BusinessEntityID	Job Title	Gender	BirthDate	HireDate
1	2	Vice President of Engineering	F	1965-09-01	2002-03-03
2	3	Engineering Manager	M	1968-12-13	2001-12-12
3	5	Design Engineer	F	1946-10-29	2002-02-06
4	6	Design Engineer	M	1953-04-11	2002-02-24
5	8	Research and Development Engineer	F	1980-07-06	2003-01-30
6	9	Research and Development Engineer	F	1973-02-21	2003-02-17
7	14	Senior Design Engineer	M	1973-07-17	2005-01-30
8	15	Design Engineer	F	1955-06-03	2005-02-18

## Task2.1 Var4

```
/*Вывести на экран неповторяющийся список должностей в каждом отделе, отсортированный по названию отдела.
Посчитайте количество сотрудников, работающих в каждом отделе.*/
SELECT DISTINCT D.Name,
                E.JobTitle,
                COUNT(E.BusinessEntityID) OVER (PARTITION BY edh.DepartmentID) AS EmpCount
FROM HumanResources.Department AS D
JOIN HumanResources.EmployeeDepartmentHistory AS EDH
    ON D.DepartmentID=EDH.DepartmentID
JOIN HumanResources.Employee AS E
    ON EDH.BusinessEntityID=E.BusinessEntityID
ORDER BY D.Name ASC;
```

	Name	Job Title	EmpCount
1	Document Control	Control Specialist	5
2	Document Control	Document Control Assistant	5
3	Document Control	Document Control Manager	5
4	Engineering	Design Engineer	7
5	Engineering	Engineering Manager	7
6	Engineering	Senior Design Engineer	7
7	Engineering	Senior Tool Designer	7
8	Engineering	Vice President of Engineering	7
9	Executive	Chief Executive Officer	2
10	Executive	Chief Financial Officer	2
11	Facilities and Maintenance	Facilities Administrative Assistant	7
12	Facilities and Maintenance	Facilities Manager	7
13	Facilities and Maintenance	Janitor	7
14	Facilities and Maintenance	Maintenance Supervisor	7
15	Finance	Accountant	11
16	Finance	Accounts Manager	11

```
/*Вывести на экран сотрудников, которые работают в ночную смену.*/
SELECT E.BusinessEntityID, E.JobTitle, S.Name, S.StartTime, S.EndTime FROM HumanResources.Employee AS E
JOIN HumanResources.EmployeeDepartmentHistory AS EDH
    ON E.BusinessEntityID=EDH.BusinessEntityID
JOIN HumanResources.Shift AS S
    ON S.ShiftID=EDH.ShiftID
WHERE S.Name='Night';
```

	BusinessEntityID	Job Title	Name	StartTime	EndTime
1	40	Production Supervisor - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
2	41	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
3	42	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
4	43	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
5	44	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
6	45	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
7	46	Production Technician - WC60	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000
8	55	Production Supervisor - WC50	Night	23:00:00.0000000	07:00:00.0000000

## Task 2.2 Var4

```
/* а) создайте таблицу dbo.StateProvince с такой же структурой как Person.StateProvince,
кроме поля uniqueidentifier, не включая индексы, ограничения и триггеры;*/
CREATE TABLE dbo.StateProvince(
    StateProvinceID [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    StateProvinceCode [nchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    CountryRegionCode [nvarchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    IsOnlyStateProvinceFlag [dbo].[Flag] NOT NULL,
    Name dbo.[Name] NOT NULL,
    TerritoryID [int] NOT NULL,
    ModifiedDate [datetime] NOT NULL
) ON [PRIMARY];
GO
```

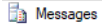
100 %



Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*b) используя инструкцию ALTER TABLE, создайте для таблицы dbo.StateProvince ограничение UNIQUE для поля Name;*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD CONSTRAINT NameConstraint UNIQUE(Name);
```

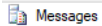
100 %



Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/* с) используя инструкцию ALTER TABLE, создайте для таблицы dbo.StateProvince ограничение для поля CountryRegionCode
запрещающее заполнение этого поля цифрами;*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD CONSTRAINT CountryRegionCodePermitDigit
CHECK (CountryRegionCode NOT LIKE '%[0-9].*%');
```

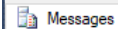
100 %



Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*d) используя инструкцию ALTER TABLE, создайте для таблицы dbo.StateProvince ограничение
DEFAULT для поля ModifiedDate, задайте значение по умолчанию текущую дату и время;*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD CONSTRAINT DefaultModifiedDate DEFAULT GetDate() FOR ModifiedDate;
```

100 %



Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/* е) заполните новую таблицу данными из Person.StateProvince.
Выберите для вставки только те данные, где имя штата/государства совпадает с именем страны/региона в таблице CountryRegion;*/
INSERT INTO dbo.StateProvince
SELECT
    SP.StateProvinceCode,
    SP.CountryRegionCode,
    SP.IsOnlyStateProvinceFlag,
    SP.Name,
    SP.TerritoryID,
    SP.ModifiedDate
FROM Person.StateProvince AS SP
JOIN Person.CountryRegion AS CR ON SP.CountryRegionCode=CR.CountryRegionCode
WHERE SP.Name=CR.Name;
```

100 %



(6 row(s) affected)

```
/*f) удалите поле IsOnlyStateProvinceFlag, а вместо него создайте новое CountryNum типа int допускающее null значения.*/  
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince DROP COLUMN IsOnlyStateProvinceFlag;  
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD CountryNum INT NULL;
```

100 % <

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

## Task 3.1 Var4

```
/*a) добавьте в таблицу dbo.StateProvince поле CountryRegionName типа nvarchar(50);*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD CountryRegionName NVARCHAR(50);

100 % <
Messages
Command(s) completed successfully.

declare @StateProvinceVar table (
    StateProvinceID [int] NOT NULL,
    StateProvinceCode [nchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    CountryRegionCode [nvarchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    Name [dbo].[Name] NOT NULL,
    TerritoryID [int] NOT NULL,
    ModifiedDate [datetime] NOT NULL,
    CountryRegionName [nvarchar](50)
);

INSERT INTO @StateProvinceVar
SELECT
    SP.StateProvinceID,
    SP.StateProvinceCode,
    SP.CountryRegionCode,
    SP.Name,
    SP.TerritoryID, |
    SP.ModifiedDate,
    CR.Name AS CountryRegionName
FROM
    [dbo].[StateProvince] AS SP
JOIN Person.CountryRegion AS CR ON SP.CountryRegionCode = CR.CountryRegionCode;

/*c) обновите поле CountryRegionName в dbo.StateProvince данными из табличной переменной;*/
UPDATE dbo.StateProvince SET CountryRegionName = V.CountryRegionName FROM @StateProvinceVar AS V
WHERE StateProvince.StateProvinceID = V.StateProvinceID;

100 % <
Messages
(6 row(s) affected)

/*d) удалите штаты из dbo.StateProvince, которые отсутствуют в таблице Person.Address;*/
DELETE FROM dbo.StateProvince WHERE StateProvinceID NOT IN (SELECT StateProvinceID FROM Person.Address);

100 % <
Messages
(3 row(s) affected)

/*e) удалите поле CountryRegionName из таблицы, удалите все созданные ограничения и значения по умолчанию.*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince
DROP CONSTRAINT CountryRegionCodePermitDigit, DefaultModifiedDate, COLUMN CountryRegionName;

100 % <
Messages
Command(s) completed successfully.

/*f) удалите таблицу dbo.StateProvince.*/
DROP TABLE dbo.StateProvince;

100 % <
Messages
Command(s) completed successfully.
```





## Task 3.2 Var4

```
/*a) выполните код, созданный во втором задании второй лабораторной работы.
Добавьте в таблицу dbo.StateProvince поля SalesYTD MONEY и SumSales MONEY.
Также создайте в таблице вычисляемое поле SalesPercent,
вычисляющее процентное выражение значения в поле SumSales от значения в поле SalesYTD.*/
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD SalesYTD MONEY;
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD SumSales MONEY;
ALTER TABLE dbo.StateProvince ADD SalesPercent AS ROUND(SalesYTD/SumSales*100, 0) PERSISTED;
```

100 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*b) создайте временную таблицу #StateProvince, с первичным ключом по полю StateProvinceID.
Временная таблица должна включать все поля таблицы dbo.StateProvince за исключением поля SalesPercent.*/
CREATE TABLE #StateProvince (
    StateProvinceID [int] NOT NULL,
    StateProvinceCode [nchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    CountryRegionCode [nvarchar](3) COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CI_AS NOT NULL,
    Name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
    TerritoryID [int] NOT NULL,
    ModifiedDate [datetime] NOT NULL,
    CountryNum [int],
    CountryRegionName [nvarchar](50),
    SalesYTD MONEY,
    SumSales MONEY
)
```

100 %


Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

/\*c) заполните временную таблицу данными из dbo.StateProvince.  
Поле SalesYTD заполните значениями из таблицы Sales.SalesTerritory.  
Посчитайте сумму продаж (SalesYTD) для каждой территории (TerritoryID)  
в таблице Sales.SalesPerson и заполните этими значениями поле SumSales.  
Подсчет суммы продаж осуществите в Common Table Expression (CTE).\*/

```
WITH SumSales_CTE AS
(
    SELECT ST.TerritoryID, SUM(ST.SalesLastYear) AS SumSales
    FROM dbo.StateProvince AS SP
    JOIN Sales.SalesTerritory AS ST ON SP.TerritoryID = ST.TerritoryID
    GROUP BY ST.TerritoryID
)
INSERT INTO #StateProvince
SELECT
    SP.StateProvinceID,
    SP.StateProvinceCode,
    SP.CountryRegionCode,
    SP.Name,
    SP.TerritoryID,
    SP.ModifiedDate,
    SP.CountryNum,
    ST.SalesLastYear,
    SS.SumSales
FROM
    [dbo].[StateProvince] AS SP
JOIN Sales.SalesTerritory AS ST ON SP.TerritoryID = ST.TerritoryID
JOIN SumSales_CTE AS SS ON SS.TerritoryID = SP.TerritoryID;
```


91 % <

 Messages

(6 row(s) affected)

/\*d) удалите из таблицы dbo.StateProvince одну строку (где StateProvinceID = 5)\*/  
DELETE FROM dbo.StateProvince WHERE StateProvinceID = 5;

91 % <

 Messages

(1 row(s) affected)

/\*e) напишите Merge выражение, использующее dbo.StateProvince как target, а временную таблицу как source. Для связи target и source используйте StateProvinceID. Обновите поля SalesYTD и SumSales, если запись присутствует в source и target. Если строка присутствует во временной таблице, но не существует в target, добавьте строку в dbo.StateProvince. Если в dbo.StateProvince присутствует такая строка, которой не существует во временной таблице, удалите строку из dbo.StateProvince.\*/

```
MERGE dbo.StateProvince AS TARGET
USING #StateProvince AS SOURCE ON
TARGET.StateProvinceID = SOURCE.StateProvinceID
WHEN MATCHED THEN
    UPDATE SET TARGET.SalesYTD = SOURCE.SalesYTD,
              TARGET.SumSales = SOURCE.SumSales
WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN
    INSERT VALUES (StateProvinceCode, CountryRegionCode,
                  Name, TerritoryID, ModifiedDate, CountryNum, SalesYTD, SumSales)
WHEN NOT MATCHED BY SOURCE THEN
    DELETE;
```

91 % <



Messages

(6 row(s) affected)

## Task 4.1 Var4

```
/*a) Создайте таблицу Production.ProductModelHst,
которая будет хранить информацию об изменениях в таблице Production.ProductModel.
Обязательные поля, которые должны присутствовать в таблице:
    ID – первичный ключ IDENTITY(1,1);
    Action – совершенное действие (insert, update или delete);
    ModifiedDate – дата и время, когда была совершена операция;
    SourceID – первичный ключ исходной таблицы;
    UserName – имя пользователя, совершившего операцию.
Создайте другие поля, если считаете их нужными.*/
CREATE TABLE Production.ProductModelHst(
    ID [INT] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [Action] VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL CHECK ([Action] IN('insert', 'update', 'delete')),
    ModifiedDate DATETIME NOT NULL,
    SourceID [INT],
    UserName VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL
);
```

100 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*b) Создайте один AFTER триггер для трех операций INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
для таблицы Production.ProductModel. Триггер должен заполнять
таблицу Production.ProductModelHst с указанием типа операции
в поле Action в зависимости от оператора, вызвавшего триггер.*/
CREATE TRIGGER onProductModelChanged
ON Production.ProductModel
AFTER INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @eventType varchar(42);
    DECLARE @sourceID int;
    IF EXISTS(SELECT * FROM inserted)
    BEGIN
        SELECT @sourceID = ProductModelID FROM inserted;
        IF EXISTS(SELECT * FROM deleted)
        BEGIN
            SELECT @eventType = 'update';
        END
        ELSE
        BEGIN
            SELECT @eventType = 'insert';
        END
    END
    ELSE
    BEGIN
        IF EXISTS(SELECT * FROM deleted)
        BEGIN
            SELECT @eventType = 'delete';
        END
        SELECT @sourceID = ProductModelID FROM deleted;
    END
    INSERT INTO Production.ProductModelHst([Action], ModifiedDate, SourceID, UserName)
    VALUES (@eventType, GETDATE(), @sourceID, USER_NAME());
END;
```

75 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*с) Создайте представление VIEW, отображающее все поля таблицы Production.ProductModel.*/  
CREATE VIEW ProductModelView AS SELECT * FROM Production.ProductModel;
```

100 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*d) Вставьте новую строку в Production.ProductModel через представление.  
Обновите вставленную строку. Удалите вставленную строку.  
Убедитесь, что все три операции отображены в Production.ProductModelHst.*/  
INSERT INTO Production.ProductModel(Name)  
VALUES('Glory Glory Man United');  
UPDATE Production.ProductModel  
SET Name = 'May the force be with you'  
WHERE Name = 'Glory Glory Man United';  
DELETE FROM Production.ProductModel  
WHERE Name = 'May the force be with you';  
SELECT * FROM Production.ProductModelHst;
```

Results

Messages

ID	Action	ModifiedDate	SourceID	UserName
1	insert	2019-09-21 13:53:04.277	129	dbo
2	update	2019-09-21 13:54:53.057	129	dbo
3	delete	2019-09-21 13:54:56.240	129	dbo

## Task 4.2 Var4

```
/*a) Создайте представление VIEW, отображающее данные из таблиц Production.ProductModel,
Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture, Production.Culture и Production.ProductDescription.
Сделайте невозможным просмотр исходного кода представления.
Создайте уникальный кластерный индекс в представлении по полям ProductModelID,CultureID.*/
CREATE VIEW dbo.ProductModelClusterView
WITH ENCRYPTION, SCHEMABINDING
AS
SELECT
    C.CultureID,
    C.Name AS C_Name,
    C.ModifiedDate AS C_ModifiedDate,
    PM.CatalogDescription,
    PM.Instructions,
    PM.Name AS PM_Name,
    PM.ProductModelID,
    PM.ModifiedDate AS PM_ModifiedDate,
    PD.Description,
    PD.ProductDescriptionID,
    PD.rowguid,
    PD.ModifiedDate AS PD_ModifiedDate,
    PMPDC.ModifiedDate AS PMPDC_ModifiedDate
FROM Production.ProductModel AS PM
JOIN Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture AS PMPDC
    ON PM.ProductModelID = PMPDC.ProductModelID
JOIN Production.Culture AS C
    ON C.CultureID = PMPDC.CultureID
JOIN Production.ProductDescription AS PD
    ON PD.ProductDescriptionID = PMPDC.ProductDescriptionID;
GO

CREATE UNIQUE CLUSTERED INDEX PRODUCT_MODEL_INDX
ON dbo.ProductModelClusterView(ProductModelID,CultureID);
GO
```

75 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
CREATE TRIGGER OnDeleteFromProductModelView
ON dbo.ProductModelClusterView
INSTEAD OF DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    -- Get Id's of deleted entities
    DECLARE @CultureID [int];
    DECLARE @ProductDescriptionID [int];
    DECLARE @ProductModelID [int];
    SELECT
        @CultureID = CultureID,
        @ProductDescriptionID = ProductDescriptionID,
        @ProductModelID = ProductModelID
    FROM deleted;

    --Delete Culture FROM ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture if not bound to it
    IF @CultureID NOT IN (SELECT CultureID FROM Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture)
    BEGIN
        DELETE FROM Production.Culture
        WHERE CultureID = @CultureID;
    END;

    --Delete ProductDescription FROM ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture if not bound to it
    IF @ProductDescriptionID NOT IN (SELECT ProductDescriptionID FROM Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture)
    BEGIN
        DELETE FROM Production.ProductDescription
        WHERE ProductDescriptionID = @ProductDescriptionID;
    END;

    --Delete ProductModel FROM ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture if not bound to it
    IF @ProductModelID NOT IN (SELECT ProductModelID FROM Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture)
    BEGIN
        DELETE FROM Production.ProductModel
        WHERE ProductModelID = @ProductModelID;
    END;
END;
```

3 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

Inserting row into view:

```
/*с) Вставьте новую строку в представление, указав новые данные для ProductModel,
Culture и ProductDescription. Триггер должен добавить новые строки в таблицы Production.ProductModel,
Production.ProductModelProductDescriptionCulture, Production.Culture и Production.ProductDescription.
Обновите вставленные строки через представление. Удалите строки.*/
INSERT INTO dbo.ProductModelClusterView(
    CultureID, C_Name, PM_Name, [Description]
) |
VALUES ('EPL', 'English Premier Ligue', 'Football', 'We are going to the Wembely');
```

91 %

Messages

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

Updating row of view:



```
UPDATE dbo.ProductModelClusterView
SET C_Name = 'BundesLigue',
    PM_Name = 'BasketBall',
    [Description] = 'Super Deutschland'
WHERE CultureID = 'EPL' AND
      ProductModelID = IDENT_CURRENT('Production.ProductModel') AND
      ProductDescriptionID = IDENT_CURRENT('Production.ProductDescription');
```

91 %

Messages

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

(1 row(s) affected)

Deleting row from view:

```
DELETE FROM dbo.ProductModelClusterView
WHERE CultureID = 'EPL' AND
      ProductModelID = IDENT_CURRENT('Production.ProductModel') AND
      ProductDescriptionID = IDENT_CURRENT('Production.ProductDescription');
```

91 %

Messages

(1 row(s) affected)

## Task 5.1 Var4

```
/*Создайте scalar-valued функцию, которая будет принимать в качестве входного
параметра id заказа (Sales.SalesOrderHeader.SalesOrderID) и возвращать максимальную
цену продукта из заказа (Sales.SalesOrderDetail.UnitPrice).*/
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.GetMaxCost(@SalesOrderID [int])
RETURNS money
WITH EXECUTE AS CALLER
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @resultValue money;
    SET @resultValue = (SELECT MAX(SOD.UnitPrice) FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS SOH
                        JOIN Sales.SalesOrderDetail AS SOD
                          ON SOH.SalesOrderID = SOD.SalesOrderID
                        WHERE @SalesOrderID = SOH.SalesOrderID);
    RETURN(@resultValue);
END;
GO
```

100 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

```
/*Создайте table-valued функцию, которая будет принимать в качестве входного
параметра id продукта (Production.ProductID) и возвращать таблицу с данными о продукте,
находящемся в заказе (Production.ProductInventory).*/
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.GetRowsByIdAndCount(
    @ProductID [int],
    @rowCount [int]
)
RETURNS TABLE
AS RETURN(
    SELECT
        ProductID,
        LocationID,
        Quantity,
        Bin,
        Shelf,
        rowguid,
        ModifiedDate
    FROM (
        SELECT
            ProductID,
            LocationID,
            MAX(Quantity) OVER(PARTITION BY ProductID) AS Quantity,
            Bin,
            Shelf,
            rowguid,
            ModifiedDate,
            ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY ProductID ORDER BY ProductID) AS rn
        FROM Production.ProductInventory
        WHERE ProductID = @ProductID
            AND Shelf = 'A'
    ) AS Result WHERE rn <= @rowCount
);
GO
```

83 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

100 %

## Cross Apply GetRowsByIdAndCount

```
/*Вызовите функцию для каждого продукта, применив оператор CROSS APPLY.  
Вызовите функцию для каждого продукта, применив оператор OUTER APPLY.*/  
SELECT *  
FROM Production.Product AS P  
CROSS APPLY dbo.GetRowsByIdAndCount(P.ProductID, 2);
```

	ProductID	Name	ProductNumber	MakeFlag	FinishedGoodsFlag	Color	SafetyStockLevel	ReorderPoint	StandardCost	ListPrice	Size	SizeUnitMeasureCode	W
1	1	Adjustable Race	AR-5381	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
2	1	Adjustable Race	AR-5381	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
3	2	Bearing Ball	BA-8327	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
4	2	Bearing Ball	BA-8327	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
5	3	BB Ball Bearing	BE-2349	1	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
6	3	BB Ball Bearing	BE-2349	1	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
7	4	Headset Ball B...	BE-2908	0	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
8	4	Headset Ball B...	BE-2908	0	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-AHV1F62\YAHOR\_STS (... DESKTOP-AHV1F62\Yahor ... AdventureWorks2012 00:00:00 81 rows

## Outer Apply GetRowsByIdAndCount

```
SELECT *  
FROM Production.Product AS P  
OUTER APPLY dbo.GetRowsByIdAndCount(P.ProductID, 2);
```

	ProductID	Name	ProductNumber	MakeFlag	FinishedGoodsFlag	Color	SafetyStockLevel	ReorderPoint	StandardCost	ListPrice	Size	SizeUnitMeasureCode	W
1	1	Adjustable Race	AR-5381	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
2	1	Adjustable Race	AR-5381	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
3	2	Bearing Ball	BA-8327	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
4	2	Bearing Ball	BA-8327	0	0	NULL	1000	750	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
5	3	BB Ball Bearing	BE-2349	1	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
6	3	BB Ball Bearing	BE-2349	1	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
7	4	Headset Ball Bearings	BE-2908	0	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
8	4	Headset Ball Bearings	BE-2908	0	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
9	316	Blade	BL-2036	1	0	NULL	800	600	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	
10	317	LL Crankarm	CA-5965	0	0	Black	500	375	0.00	0.00	NULL	NULL	

Query executed successfully. DESKTOP-AHV1F62\YAHOR\_STS (... DESKTOP-AHV1F62\Yahor ... AdventureWorks2012 00:00:00 531 rows

```

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.GetRowsByIdAndCount(
    @ProductID [int],
    @rowCount [int]
)
RETURNS @ProductInventory TABLE(
    ProductID int,
    LocationID smallint,
    Quantity int,
    Bin tinyint,
    Shelf nvarchar,
    rowguid uniqueidentifier,
    ModifiedDate datetime
)
AS
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO @ProductInventory
    SELECT ProductID, LocationID, Quantity, Bin, Shelf, rowguid, ModifiedDate
    FROM (
        SELECT
            ProductID, LocationID,
            MAX(Quantity) OVER(PARTITION BY ProductID) AS Quantity,
            Bin, Shelf, rowguid, ModifiedDate,
            ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY ProductID ORDER BY ProductID) AS countOfRows
        FROM Production.ProductInventory
        WHERE ProductID = @ProductID
            AND Shelf = 'A'
    ) AS Result WHERE countOfRows <= @rowCount
    RETURN;
END;
GO

```

83 % <



Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

## Task 6.1 Var4

```
ON D.DepartmentID = ED.DepartmentID
-- if endDate null then get 2019;
-- minus 1: if employee was sacked in currentYear, then we don't count him)
WHERE @itemYear BETWEEN YEAR(ED.StartDate) AND ((ISNULL(YEAR(ED.EndDate), YEAR(GETDATE())) - 1)
SET @itemYear = @itemYear + 1;
END;

set @query = '
    SELECT Name, ' + @listofYears + '
    FROM #everyYearEmployeesHistory
    AS DepartmentEmployees
    PIVOT (
        COUNT (DepartmentID)
        FOR currentYear IN ( ' + @listofYears + ' )
    )
    ORDER BY Name;
'
```

83 %

Results Messages

	Name	2003	2004	2005
1	Document Control	5	5	5
2	Engineering	5	4	6
3	Executive	1	1	1
4	Facilities and Maintenance	1	7	7
5	Finance	11	11	11
6	Human Resources	6	6	6
7	Information Services	10	10	10
8	Marketing	6	6	9
9	Production	149	180	179
10	Production Control	5	5	6
11	Purchasing	2	9	11
12	Quality Assurance	5	6	7
13	Research and Developm...	4	4	4
14	Sales	0	0	11
15	Shipping and Receiving	6	6	6

## Task 7.1 Var4

```
/* Вывести значения полей [BusinessEntityID], [Name], [AccountNumber]
из таблицы [Purchasing].[Vendor] в виде xml, сохраненного в переменную.
Создать хранимую процедуру, возвращающую таблицу,
заполненную из xml переменной представленного вида.
Вызвать эту процедуру для заполненной на первом шаге переменной.*/
IF OBJECT_ID ( 'dbo.vendorToXML', 'P' ) IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROCEDURE dbo.vendorToXML;
GO

CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].vendorToXML
    @xmlForVendors XML
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT [BusinessEntityID] = Node.Data.value('(ID)[1]', 'INT')
           , [Name] = Node.Data.value('(Name)[1]', 'NAME')
           , [AccountNumber] = Node.Data.value('(AccountNumber)[1]', 'AccountNumber')
    FROM @xmlForVendors.nodes('/Vendors/Vendor') Node(Data)
    END;

DECLARE @vendorsFromXML XML;
SELECT @vendorsFromXML = (
    SELECT [BusinessEntityID] AS ID, [Name], [AccountNumber]
    FROM [Purchasing].[Vendor]
    FOR XML RAW ('Vendor'), TYPE, ELEMENTS, ROOT ('Vendors')
);

EXEC [dbo].vendorToXML @vendorsFromXML;
```

83 %



Results



Messages

	BusinessEntityID	Name	AccountNumber
1	1492	Australia Bike Retailer	AUSTRALI0001
2	1494	Allenson Cycles	ALLENSON0001
3	1496	Advanced Bicycles	ADVANCED0001
4	1498	Trikes, Inc.	TRIKES0001
5	1500	Morgan Bike Accessories	MORGANB0001