

## Basic information

**Name** SUN, Yahui  
**Email** yahuisun@outlook.com  
**Languages** Mandarin, English, C++, R, MATLAB  
**Current position** Research fellow, School of Computing,  
National University of Singapore



## Education and positions

2020-	<b>Research fellow, School of Computing, National University of Singapore</b>
2019-2020	<b>Research fellow, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Nanyang Technological University</b>
2018-2019	<b>Postdoctoral fellow, Research School of Engineering, Australian National University</b>
2014-2018	<b>Ph.D. in Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Melbourne</b> Thesis title: Classical, prize-collecting and node-weighted Steiner tree problems in graphs
2012-2014	<b>M.S. in Department of Aerospace Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology</b>
2008-2012	<b>B.S. in Department of Aerospace Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology</b>

## Research interests

Graph computing and related data mining (such as knowledge graphs and social networks; **I particularly like researches that blur the boundary between applied data engineering and theoretical computer science**)

## Career profile

Motivated by China's first crewed space mission in 2003, I studied aerospace engineering for my bachelor and master degrees in the Harbin Institute of Technology. Then, I studied Steiner trees in the field of graph theory for my PhD degree in the University of Melbourne. My research interests originate from my PhD study.

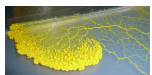
## Representative publications

**Yahui Sun**, Jun Luo, Theodoros Lappas, Xiaokui Xiao, and Bin Cui. "Hunting multiple bumps in graphs", Proceedings of the VLDB Endowment (2020).  
[PDF]



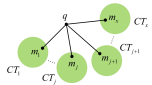
*Bump hunting is a graph-related anomaly detection approach. A single bump is hunted in an unweighted graph in the previous work. We extend the previous work by hunting multiple bumps in a weighted graph. We prove that our extended problem can be transformed to a recently formulated prize-collecting Steiner forest problem. We further prove that this problem is NP-hard even in trees. Subsequently, we propose a fast approximation algorithm for solving this problem in trees. Based on this algorithm, we improve the state-of-the-art approximation algorithm for solving this problem in graphs. Experiments on real datasets show the dominance of our improvement over the state-of-the-art algorithms for hunting multiple bumps in graphs.*

**Yahui Sun**, Daniel Rehfeldt, Marcus Brazil, Doreen Thomas, and Saman Halgamuge. "A Physarum-inspired algorithm for minimum-cost relay node placement in wireless sensor networks", IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (2020).  
[PDF]



*Relay node placement is essential in minimizing the costs of wireless sensor networks. We formulate a new problem for minimum-cost relay node placement. By considering the heterogeneous production and placement costs of relay nodes, our formulation extends the previous work that considers the costs of relay nodes to be homogeneous. We conduct some theoretical analyses on the emerging Physarum-inspired algorithms to reveal their potential of computing efficient networks. Based on these analyses, we propose an algorithm for solving our problem. In comparison with the state-of-the-art, our algorithm designs wireless sensor networks with lower relay costs and similar qualities of service. This shows the usefulness of our work in budget-limited scenarios.*

**Yahui Sun**, Marcus Brazil, Doreen Thomas, and Saman Halgamuge. "The fast heuristic algorithms and post-processing techniques to design large and low-cost communication networks", IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (2019).  
[PDF]



*Solving the prize-collecting Steiner tree problem is useful in various scenarios, including computer networking and data mining. We propose two fast algorithms for solving this problem: the first one is a quasilinear-time heuristic algorithm that is faster and consumes less memory than the other algorithms; and the second one is an improvement of a state-of-the-art polynomial-time approximation algorithm (we improve the time complexity of the inside pruning method from  $O(n^2)$  to  $O(n)$ , without sacrificing the optimality of solutions). We show the competitiveness of our algorithms by comparing them with the state-of-the-art. We also propose some post-processing techniques that update the best-known solution for a notoriously difficult benchmark instance.*

## The other publications

**Yahui Sun**, and Saman Halgamuge. "Minimum-cost heterogeneous node placement in wireless sensor networks", IEEE Access (2019).  
[PDF]

**Yahui Sun**, Chenkai Ma, and Saman Halgamuge. "The node-weighted Steiner tree approach to identify elements of cancer-related signaling pathways", International Conference on Bioinformatics (2017).  
[PDF]

**Yahui Sun**, Pathima Nusrath Hameed, Karin Verspoor, and Saman Halgamuge. "A physarum-inspired prize-collecting Steiner tree approach to identify subnetworks for drug repositioning", International Conference on Bioinformatics (2016).  
[PDF]

**Yahui Sun**, and Saman Halgamuge. "Fast algorithms inspired by physarum polycephalum for node weighted steiner tree problem with multiple terminals", In 2016 IEEE Congress on Evolutionary Computation, pp. 3254-3260. IEEE, (2016).  
[PDF]

**Yahui Sun**, Yunhai Geng, and Shuang Wang. "Analysis and calibration of star sensor's image plane displacement", Infrared and Laser Engineering 10 (2014): 26.  
[PDF]

**Yahui Sun**, Yingying Xiao, and Yunhai Geng. "On-orbit calibration of star sensor based on a new lens distortion model", In Proceedings of the 32nd Chinese Control Conference, pp. 4989-4994. IEEE, (2013).  
[PDF]

## Professional services

Program committee member of the International Conference on Database Systems for Advanced Applications (DASFAA) 2020.

Invited reviewer of the ACM SIGKDD Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining 2019, IEEE Systems Journal, and IEEE Wireless Communications Letters.

## Scholarships and awards

2014-2018	Melbourne International Research Scholarship, University of Melbourne, Australia
2014-2018	Melbourne International Fee Remission Scholarship, University of Melbourne, Australia
2013	National Scholarship, China

(timestamp: 11/2020)