International Rectifier

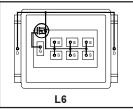
AUTOMOTIVE GRADE

AUIRF7737L2TR AUIRF7737L2TR1

Automotive DirectFET® Power MOSFET ②

- Advanced Process Technology
- Optimized for Automotive Motor Drive, DC-DC and other Heavy Load Applications
- Exceptionally Small Footprint and Low Profile
- High Power Density
- Low Parasitic Parameters
- Dual Sided Cooling
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Repetitive Avalanche Capability for Robustness and Reliability
- · Lead Free, RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free
- Automotive Qualified *

 $\begin{array}{c|c} V_{(BR)DSS} & 40V \\ \hline R_{DS(on)} & typ. & 1.5 m \Omega \\ & max. & 1.9 m \Omega \\ \hline I_{D \, (Silicon \, Limited)} & 156A \\ \hline Q_g & 89nC \\ \hline \end{array}$





Applicable DirectFET® Outline and Substrate Outline ①

SB	SC			M2	M4		L4	L6	L8	

Description

The AUIRF7737L2 combines the latest Automotive HEXFET® Power MOSFET Silicon technology with the advanced DirectFET® packaging technology to achieve exceptional performance in a package that has the footprint of a DPak (TO-252AA) and only 0.7 mm profile. The DirectFET® package is compatible with existing layout geometries used in power applications, PCB assembly equipment and vapor phase, infrared or convection soldering techniques, when application note AN-1035 is followed regarding the manufacturing methods and processes. The DirectFET® package allows dual sided cooling to maximize thermal transfer in automotive power systems.

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET is designed for applications where efficiency and power density are of value. The advanced DirectFET® packaging platform coupled with the latest silicon technology allows the AUIRF7737L2 to offer substantial system level savings and performance improvement specifically in motor drive, high frequency DC-DC and other heavy load applications on ICE, HEV and EV platforms. This MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance and low Qg per silicon area. Additional features of this MOSFET are 175°C operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this MOSFET a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for high current automotive applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature (T_A) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	40	V
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	
D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited) @	156	
D @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited) @	110	
D @ T _A = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited) ^③	31	A
_D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Package Limited)	315	
DM	Pulsed Drain Current ®	624	
P _D @T _C = 25°C	Power Dissipation ®	83	w
P _D @T _A = 25°C	Power Dissipation ③	3.3	
-AS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Thermally Limited) ®	104	- m l
E _{AS} (tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ®	386	mJ
AR	Avalanche Current ⑤	See Fig.18a, 18b, 16, 17	А
- AR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ®	-	mJ
ГР	Peak Soldering Temperature	270	
 Γ _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
Тете	Storage Temperature Range		

Thermal Resistance

Thermal nesistance							
	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ③		45				
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ®	12.5					
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ®	20		°C/W			
$R_{\theta JCan}$	Junction-to-Can ⊕®		1.8				
$R_{\theta J\text{-PCB}}$	Junction-to-PCB Mounted		0.5				
	Linear Derating Factor	0.	0.56				

HEXFET® is a registered trademark of International Rectifier.

Static Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise stated)

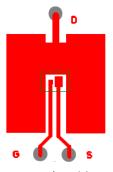
	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		0.03		V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I _D = 1mA
R _{DS(on)}	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		1.5	1.9	mΩ	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 94A ⑦
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	3.0	4.0	V	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 150μA
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient		-10		mV/°C	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 130μA
gfs	Forward Transconductance	100			S	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_{D} = 94A$
R_{G}	Gate Resistance		0.6		Ω	
I _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			5		$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				250	μA	$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100	I IIA	V _{GS} = -20V

Dynamic Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise stated)

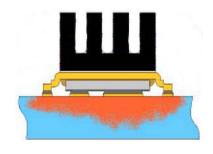
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Total Gate Charge		89	134		V _{DS} = 20V, V _{GS} = 10V
Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge		18			I _D = 94A
Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge		8			See Fig.11
Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		34	_		
Gate Charge Overdrive		29			
Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd})	_	42			
Output Charge	_	39		nC	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$
Turn-On Delay Time		12			$V_{DD} = 20V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑦
Rise Time		19			$I_D = 94A$
Turn-Off Delay Time		22		ns	$R_G = 1.8\Omega$
Fall Time		14			
Input Capacitance		5469			$V_{GS} = 0V$
Output Capacitance		1193			$V_{DS} = 25V$
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		534			f = 1.0MHz
Output Capacitance		4296		l he	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f=1.0MHz$
Output Capacitance		1066			V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 32V, f=1.0MHz
Effective Output Capacitance		1615		1	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$ to $32V$
	Total Gate Charge Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge Gate Charge Overdrive Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd}) Output Charge Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Input Capacitance Output Capacitance Output Capacitance Output Capacitance Output Capacitance Output Capacitance Output Capacitance	Total Gate Charge —— Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge —— Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge —— Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge —— Gate Charge Overdrive —— Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd}) —— Output Charge —— Turn-On Delay Time —— Rise Time —— Turn-Off Delay Time —— Fall Time —— Input Capacitance —— Output Capacitance ——	Total Gate Charge — 89 Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 18 Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 8 Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge — 34 Gate Charge Overdrive — 29 Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd}) — 42 Output Charge — 39 Turn-On Delay Time — 12 Rise Time — 19 Turn-Off Delay Time — 22 Fall Time — 14 Input Capacitance — 5469 Output Capacitance — 534 Output Capacitance — 534 Output Capacitance — 4296 Output Capacitance — 1066	Total Gate Charge — 89 134 Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 18 — Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 8 — Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge — 34 — Gate Charge Overdrive — 29 — Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd}) — 42 — Output Charge — 39 — Turn-On Delay Time — 12 — Rise Time — 19 — Turn-Off Delay Time — 22 — Fall Time — 14 — Input Capacitance — 5469 — Output Capacitance — 534 — Output Capacitance — 534 — Output Capacitance — 1066 —	Total Gate Charge — 89 134 Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 18 — Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge — 8 — Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge — 34 — Gate Charge Overdrive — 29 — Switch Charge (Q _{gs2} + Q _{gd}) — 42 — Output Charge — 39 — nC Turn-On Delay Time — 12 — Rise Time — 19 — ns Turn-Off Delay Time — 22 — ns Fall Time — 14 — Input Capacitance — 5469 — Output Capacitance — 1193 — pF Output Capacitance — 4296 — pF Output Capacitance — 1066 — P

Diode Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise stated)

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Is	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)			156	Α	MOSFET symbol showing the	□ □ □
I _{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) (Body Diode)			624		integral reverse p-n junction diode.	G S
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage			1.3	V	I _S = 94A, V _{GS} = 0V ⑦	
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time		35	53	ns	$I_F = 94A, V_{DD} = 20V$	
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		32	48	nC	di/dt = 100A/µs ⑦	



③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu (still air).



Mounted to a PCB with small clip heatsink (still air)



 Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink (still air)

Notes ① through ⑩ are on page 10

Qualification Information[†]

		Automotive				
			(per AEC-Q101) ^{††}			
Qualification Level		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification R's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.				
Moisture Sensitivity	Level	LARGE-CAN MSL1				
	Machine Model	Class M4(+/-425V)				
		(per AEC-Q101-002)				
FOR	Human Body Model	Class H1C(+/-2000V)				
ESD			(per AEC-Q101-001)			
	Charged Device	N/A				
	Model		(per AEC-Q101-005)			
RoHS Compliant	*	Yes				

[†] Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: http://www.irf.com

www.irf.com 3

^{††} Exceptions to AEC-Q101 requirements are noted in the qualification report.

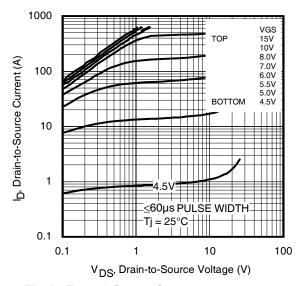
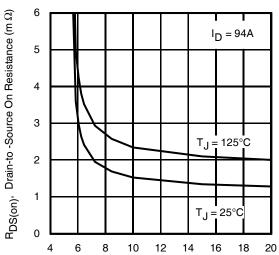


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics



 $\label{eq:VGS} \mbox{ V}_{\mbox{GS}, \mbox{ Gate -to -Source Voltage (V)} } \mbox{ Fig 3. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage}$

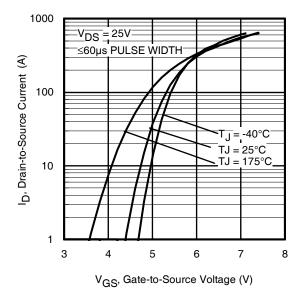


Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

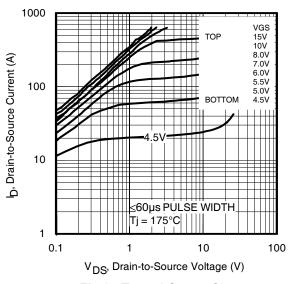


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

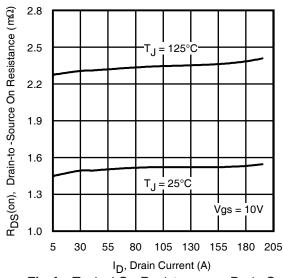


Fig 4. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

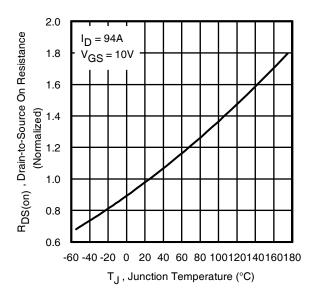
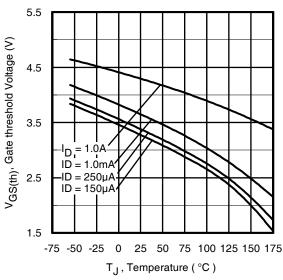


Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature www.irf.com



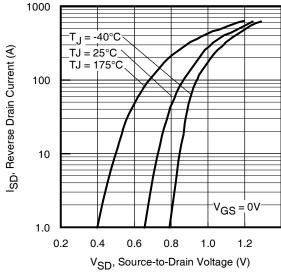
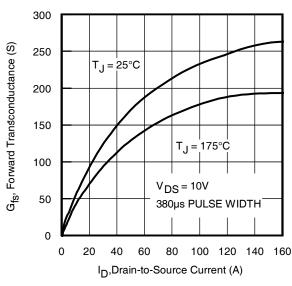


Fig 7. Typical Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



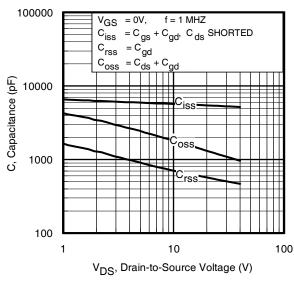
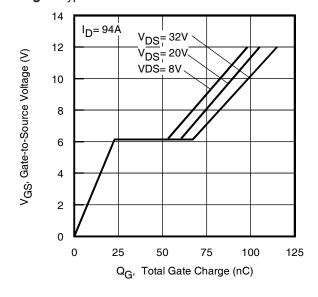


Fig 9. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

Fig 10. Typical Capacitance vs.Drain-to-Source Voltage



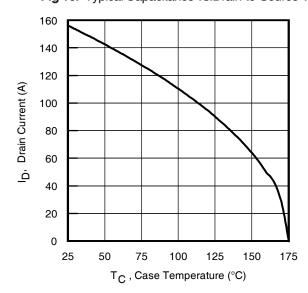


Fig.11 Typical Gate Charge vs.Gate-to-Source Voltage www.irf.com

Fig 12. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature 5

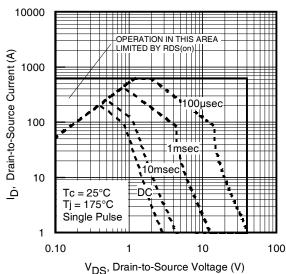
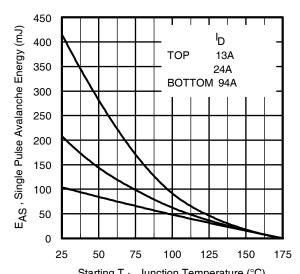


Fig 13. Maximum Safe Operating Area



 $\label{eq:StartingTJ} \mbox{Starting T}_{\mbox{\scriptsize J}} \,, \, \mbox{Junction Temperature (°C)}$ $\mbox{Fig 14.} \ \mbox{Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature}$

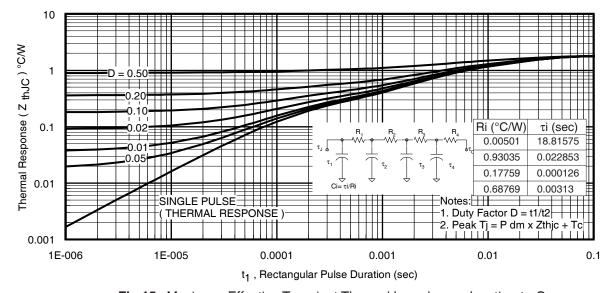


Fig 15. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

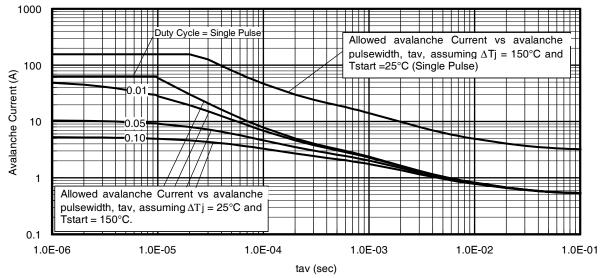


Fig 16. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

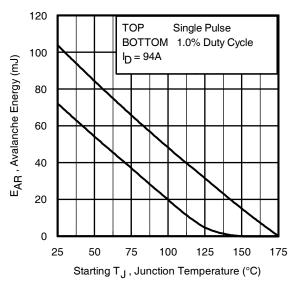


Fig 17. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

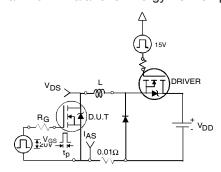


Fig 18a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

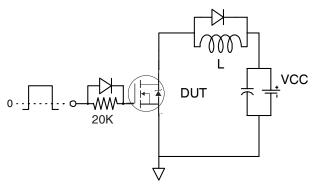


Fig 19a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

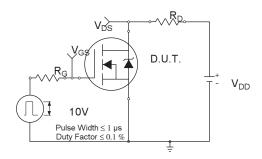


Fig 20a. Switching Time Test Circuit

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 16, 17: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

- 1. Avalanche failures assumption: Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for
- 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT_{imax} is not exceeded.
- 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 18a, 18b.
- 4. P_{D (ave)} = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
- 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 16, 17).
 - t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 - D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$

 $Z_{th,IC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 15)

$$\begin{split} P_{D \; (ave)} &= 1/2 \; (\; 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{aV}) = \Delta T / \; Z_{th,JC} \\ I_{av} &= 2\Delta T / \; [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}] \\ E_{AS \; (AR)} &= P_{D \; (ave)} \cdot t_{av} \end{split}$$

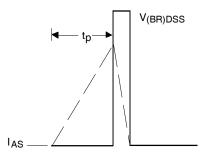


Fig 18b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

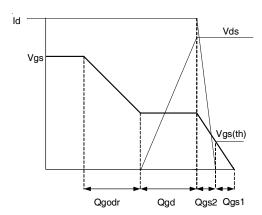


Fig 19b. Gate Charge Waveform

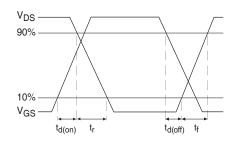
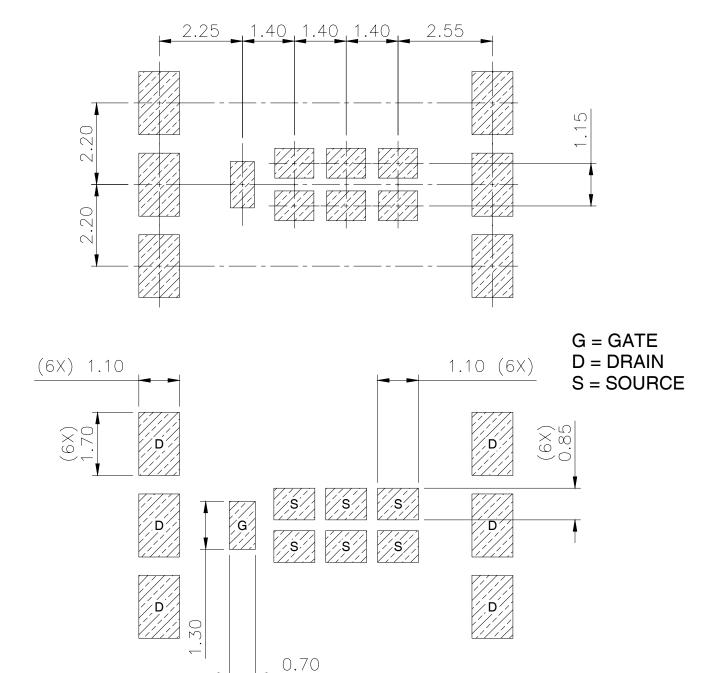


Fig 20b. Switching Time Waveforms

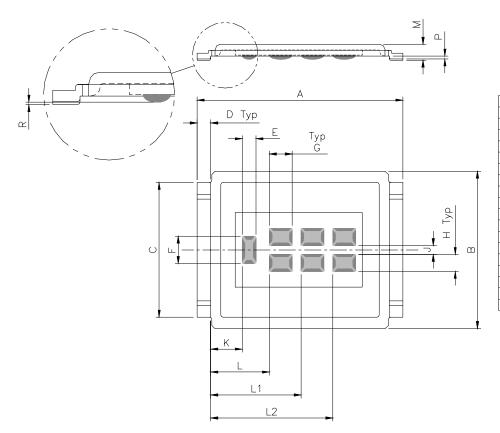
Automotive DirectFET® Board Footprint, L6 (Large Size Can).

Please see AN-1035 for DirectFET® assembly details and stencil and substrate design recommendations



Automotive DirectFET® Outline Dimension, L6 Outline (LargeSize Can).

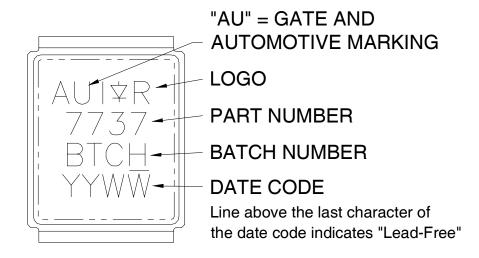
Please see AN-1035 for DirectFET® assembly details and stencil and substrate design recommendations



DIMENSIONS								
	MET	TRIC	IMPE	RIAL				
CODE	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX				
Α	9.05	9.15	0.356	0.360				
В	6.85	7.10	0.270	0.280				
С	5.90	6.00	0.232	0.236				
О	0.55	0.65	0.022	0.026				
Е	0.58	0.62	0.023	0.024				
F	1.18	1.22	0.046	0.048				
G	0.98	1.02	0.039	0.040				
I	0.73	0.77	0.029	0.030				
J	0.38	0.42	0.015	0.017				
K	1.35	1.45	0.053	0.057				
L	2.55	2.65	0.100	0.104				
L1	3.95	4.05	0.155	0.159				
L2	5.35	5.45	0.210	0.214				
M	0.68	0.74	0.027	0.029				
Р	0.09	0.17	0.003	0.007				
R	0.02	0.08	0.001	0.003				

9

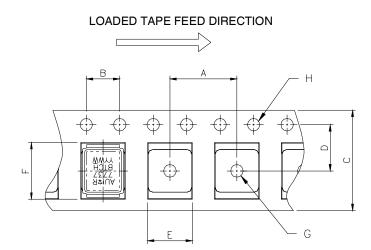
Automotive DirectFET® Part Marking



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

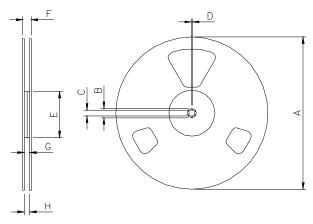
www.irf.com

Automotive DirectFET® Tape & Reel Dimension (Showing component orientation).



NOTE: CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS IN MM

DIMENSIONS								
	MET	TRIC	IMPE	RIAL				
CODE	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX				
Α	11.90	12.10	4.69	0.476				
В	3.90	4.10	0.154	0.161				
С	15.90	16.30	0.623	0.642				
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299				
E	7.20	7.40	0.283	0.291				
F	9.90	10.10	0.390	0.398				
G	1.50	N.C	0.059	N.C				
Н	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.063				



NOTE: Controlling dimensions in mm Std reel quantity is 4000 parts. (ordered as AUIRF7737L2TR). For 1000 parts on 7" reel, order AUIRF7737L2TR1

	REEL DIMENSIONS									
STANDARD OPTION (QTY 4000)					TR	1 OPTION	V (QTY 10	00)		
	MET	RIC	IMPERIAL		MET	RIC	IMPE	IMPERIAL		
CODE	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	330.00	N.C	12.992	N.C	177.80	N.C	7.000	N.C		
В	20.20	N.C	0.795	N.C	20.20	N.C	0.795	N.C		
С	12.80	13.20	0.504	0.520	12.98	13.50	0.331	0.50		
D	1.50	N.C	0.059	N.C	1.50	2.50	0.059	N.C		
Е	99.00	100.00	3.900	3.940	62.48	N.C	2.460	N.C		
F	N.C	22.40	N.C	0.880	N.C	N.C	N.C	0.53		
G	16.40	18.40	0.650	0.720	N.C	N.C	N.C	N.C		
Н	15.90	19.40	0.630	0.760	16.00	N.C	0.630	N.C		

Notes:

- ① Click on this section to link to the appropriate technical paper.
- ② Click on this section to link to the DirectFET® Website.
- 3 Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$ T $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$ measured with thermocouple mounted to top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- © Starting $T_J = 25$ °C, L = 0.024mH, $R_G = 50\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 94$ A.
- Pulse width $\leq 400 \mu s;$ duty cycle $\leq 2\%.$
- ® Used double sided cooling, mounting pad with large heatsink.
- Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink.
- 1 R_{θ} is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C.

International

TOR Rectifier

AUIRF7737L2TR/TR1

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