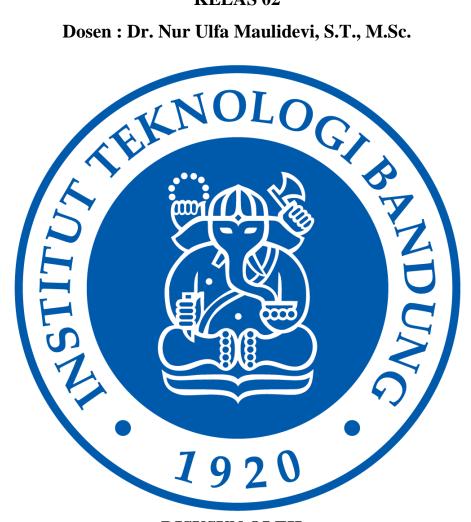
LAPORAN TUGAS KECIL III

"Penyelesaian Persoalan 15-Puzzle dengan Algoritma Branch and Bound" Laporan Ini Dibuat Untuk Memenuhi Tugas Perkuliahan

Mata Kuliah Strategi Algoritma (IF2211)

KELAS 02

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SEKOLAH TEKNIK ELEKTRO DAN INFORMATIKA INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG **SEMESTER II TAHUN 2021-2022**

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BABI

Langkah Algoritma Branch and Bound

Deskripsi Langkah Algoritma

Algoritma *Branch and Bound* adalah algoritma yang digunakan untuk persoalan optimisasi. Setiap simpul diberi sebuah nilai cost yang merupakan nilai taksiran lintasan termurah ke simpul tujuan yang melalui simpul tersebut. Simpul yang berikutnya di-expand tidak lagi berdasarkan urutan pembuatannya, tetapi simpul yang memiliki cost paling kecil (menggunakan sebuah priority queue).

Langkah – langkah algoritma untuk program 15-Puzzle Program:

- 1. Program akan menerima sebuah matriks akar (root matrix) dari input user, sebuah file, atau dari sebuah random matrix yang dibuat oleh program. Random matrix yang dibuat pasti dapat dicari solusinya (nilai fungsi KURANG(i) + X selalu genap).
- Program akan menghitung nilai fungsi KURANG(i) + X yang bertujuan untuk mengecek apakah matriks tersebut dapat diselesaikan atau tidak. Apabila nilai fungsi KURANG(i) + X bernilai genap, maka matriks tersebut dapat memiliki solusi.
- 3. Program kemudian akan menggunakan matriks akar tersebut sebagai dasar dari algoritma *branch and bound*. Matriks akar tersebut akan dijadikan *e-node*, kemudian akan dibangun matriks anak anaknya sesuai dengan arah yang memungkinkan.
- 4. Setiap matriks anak yang dibentuk akan dihitung cost-nya, menggunakan fungsi c(i) = f(i) + g(i), dimana f(i) adalah ongkos untuk mencapai simpul i dari akar (kedalaman simpul di dalam pohon) dan g(i) adalah ongkos untuk mencapai simpul tujuan dari simpul i (banyaknya elemen matriks yang berbeda dengan elemen matriks tujuan).
- 5. Program akan menambahkan anak ke dalam sebuah *priority queue*, dimana *priority*-nya adalah nilai *cost* terkecil akan memiliki *priority* terbesar. Matriks anak yang memiliki *cost* terkecil akan dijadikan *e-node* untuk pembentukan anak selanjutnya.

- 6. Algoritma akan berhenti ketika matriks *e-node* sama dengan matriks tujuan, sehingga simpul solusi telah ditemukan. Program menghapus semua elemen *priority queue* yang memiliki nilai *cost* lebih besar daripada *cost e-node*.
- 7. Fungsi algoritma akan mengembalikan sebuah node yang berisi *list* arah yang diambil untuk mencapai simpul tujuan tersebut.

BAB II Source Program dalam Bahasa Java

```
main.java

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new GUI();
    }
}
```

```
Input.java
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.util.*;
public class Input {
    public static ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> createRandomMatrix() {
        ArrayList<Integer> randomNumber = new ArrayList<~>();
        for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
            randomNumber.add(i);
        Collections.shuffle(randomNumber);
        ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix = new ArrayList<~>();
        int index = 0;
            ArrayList<Integer> matrixRow = new ArrayList<~>();
            for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
                matrixRow.add(randomNumber.get(index));
                index++;
            matrix.add(matrixRow);
        return matrix;
```

Node.java

```
public class Node {
   private ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix;
   private int cost;
   private ArrayList<String> directions;
   private int depth;
   public Node(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix, int cost, ArrayList<String> directions) {
       this.directions = directions;
   public ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> getMatrix() { return this.matrix; }
   public int getCost() { return this.cost; }
   public ArrayList<String> getDirections() { return this.directions; }
   public int getDepth() { return this.depth; }
```

```
// Function to display the matrix within a node
public void displayMatrix() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
            | System.out.print(this.matrix.get(i).get(j) + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}

// Function to display in-depth information about a node
public void displayIndividualNodes() {
    System.out.println("Id: " + this.id);
    System.out.println("Matrix: ");
    this.displayMatrix();
    System.out.println("Cost: " + this.cost);
    System.out.println("Directions taken: " + this.directions.toString());
    System.out.println("Depth: " + this.depth);
    System.out.println();
}</pre>
```

PrioQueue.java

```
// Pop the front element of the queue
public void pop() { this.prioQueue.remove( index: 0); }

// Peek the front element of the queue without popping it
public Node peek() { return this.prioQueue.get(0); }

// Function to get the priority queue length
public int length() { return this.prioQueue.size(); }

// Function to remove elements that have a higher cost than the E-node
public void removeLowerPriority(Node e_node) {
    for (int i = this.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        if (this.prioQueue.get(i).getCost() > e_node.getCost()) {
            this.pop();
        }
    }
}
```

Utilities.java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashSet;

public class Utilities {
    // Function to add all the elements within an array
    public static int sumArray(ArrayList<Integer> array) {
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < array.size(); i++) {
            sum += array.get(i);
        }
        return sum;
}

// Function to find the opposite of a direction (e.g. the opposite of "UP" is "DOWN")

public static String getReverseDirection(String direction) {
        if (direction.equals("UP")) {
            return "DOWN";
        }
        if (direction.equals("DOWN")) {
            return "UP";
        }
        if (direction.equals("LEFT")) {
            return "RIGHT";
        }
        if (direction.equals("RIGHT")) {
            return "LEFT";
        }
        return "None";
}
</pre>
```

```
// Function to copy a matrix to another matrix
public static ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> copyMatrix(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> input) {
    ArrayList<ArrayListsInteger>> output = new ArrayList<?();
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        ArrayList<Integer> outputRow = new ArrayList<?();
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
            outputRow.add(input.get(i).get(j));
        }
        output.add(outputRow);
    }
    return output;
}

// Function to copy a list to another list
public static ArrayList<String> copyList(ArrayList<String> originalList) {
        return new ArrayList<String>(originalList);
}

// Function to convert a list to a matrix
public static ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> convertListToMatrix(ArrayList<Integer> list) {
        int counter = 0;
        ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix = new ArrayList<??>();
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
            ArrayList<Integer> matrixRow = new ArrayList<??>();
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
            matrixRow.add(list.get(counter));
            counter++;
        }
        matrix.add(matrixRow);
}

return matrix;
}</pre>
```

```
// Function to display goal states within the GUI
public static String displayGoalStates(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> root, ArrayList<Node> goalState) {
    ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> currentMatrix = copyMatrix(root);
    StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
    ArrayList<String> direction = goalState.get(0).getDirections();
    for (int i = 0; i < direction.size(); i++) {
        ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> printChild = Algorithm.createNewChild(currentMatrix, direction.get(i));
        if (i == direction.size() - 1) {
            output.append("Goal State: \n");
            output.append("Direction taken: " + direction.get(i) + "\n");
            output.append("Direction taken: " + direction.get(i) + "\n");
            output.append("Direction taken: " + direction.get(i) + "\n");
            output.append(formatMatrixOutput(printChild));
        }
        currentMatrix = copyMatrix(printChild);
    }
        output.append("Directions Taken: \n");
        output.append(goalState.get(0).getDirections());
    return output.toString();
}
```

```
public static ArrayList<Integer> convertMatrixToList(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix)
    ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<~>();
            list.add(matrix.get(<u>i</u>).get(<u>j</u>));
public static boolean checkRepeatingNodes(ArrayList<Node> nodeList, Node elmt) {
    for (Node node : nodeList) {
        if (node.getMatrix().equals(elmt.getMatrix())) {
public static boolean checkRepeatingElement(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix) {
   HashSet<Integer> setChecker = new HashSet<^>(convertMatrixToList(matrix));
    return (setChecker.size() == matrix.size());
public static String formatMatrixOutput(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix) {
    StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
            output.append(matrix.get(<u>i</u>).get(<u>j</u>) + " ");
        output.append("\n");
    output.append("\n");
    return output.toString();
```

Algorithm.java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
// Function to count the amount of difference between matrices
public static int getDifference(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix) {
    ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> goal = getGoalMatrix();
    int difference = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
            if (!matrix.get(i).get(j).equals(goal.get(i).get(j))) {
                difference++;
            }
        }
    }
    if (difference > 0) {
        return difference - 1;
    } else {
        return 0;
    }
}
```

```
public static List<Object> <mark>isGoalReachable</mark>(ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> matrix) {
    boolean goal;
    ArrayList<Integer> incorrectPos = new ArrayList<~>();
             int testElmt = matrix.get(i).get(j);
                            if (matrix.get(\underline{x}).get(\underline{y}) < testElmt && matrix.get(\underline{x}).get(\underline{y}) != 0) {
                  incorrectPos.add( index: testElmt - 1, counter);
                  incorrectPos.add( index: 15, counter);
result = Utilities.sumArray(incorrectPos) + addition;
 if (result % 2 == 0) {
    goal = true;
    goal = false;
```

return Arrays.asList(goal, result);

```
// Function to create new child matrix based on its direction
public static ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<ArrayList<Array
```

```
public static List<Object> branchAndBoundAlgorithm(Node root) {
   List<Object> reachableResult = isGoalReachable(root.getMatrix());
   boolean goal = (boolean)reachableResult.get(0);
   int result = (int)reachableResult.get(1);
   ArrayList<Node> goalStates = new ArrayList<~>();
   ArrayList<Node> allStates = new ArrayList<~>();
   int nodeCount = 0;
       System.out.println("Function KURANG(i) + X result is " + result + " which is even")
       PrioQueue liveNodes = new PrioQueue();
       Node e_node;
           if (liveNodes.getPrioQueue().isEmpty()) {
               e_node = root;
               e_node = liveNodes.peek();
               liveNodes.pop();
           if (Utilities.checkRepeatingNodes(allStates, e_node)) {
               allStates.add(e_node);
           System.out.println("Current e-node: ");
           e_node.displayIndividualNodes();
```

```
// Skipping the creation of recurring matrices (e.g. after moving "DOWN", skip adding moving "UP")

if (!direction.equals(Utilities.getReverseDirection(directionList.get(e_node.getDepth() - 1))))) {

// Create new child matrix based on a direction
ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>> newChildMatrix = createNewChild(e_node.getMatrix(), direction);

// Create new direction list for new child
ArrayList<String> childDirectionList = Utilities.copyList(directionList);

// Calculate differences and cost
int difference = getDifference(newChildMatrix);
int cost = difference + e_node.getDepth() + 1;

// Add direction to the directionList
childDirectionList.add(direction);
Node newChild = new Node(newChildMatrix, cost, childDirectionList);

// Add newChild to liveNodes and allStates list
liveNodes.push(allStates, newChild);
allStates.add(newChild);
}

}

// If goal is not reachable, output information to the terminal
} else {
System.out.println("Goal is not reachable!");
System.out.println("Function KURANG(1) + X result is " + result + " which is odd");
}
return Arrays.asList(goalStates, nodeCount);
}
```

GUI.java

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.io.File;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class GUI {
   // Creating frame objects
   private JFrame frame;
   // Creating label objects
   private JLabel intro1;
   private JLabel intro2;
   private JLabel intro3;
   private JLabel intro4;
   private JLabel errorLabel;
   private JLabel resetLabel;
   private JLabel timeTaken;
   private JButton button_file_input;
   private JButton button_random_input;
   private JButton button_start;
   private JButton button_reset;
   private JTextField matrixTextField;
    private JTextArea outputArea;
    private JTextArea exampleMatrix;
   private JScrollPane scrollVertical;
   private JPanel mainPanel;
   private JPanel leftPanel;
    private JPanel matrixInputPanel;
```

```
// Create array of text fields
private ArrayList
// Required ArrayLists for the algorithm
private ArrayList
// Required ArrayLists for the algorithm
private ArrayList
// Global integer
private long startTime;
private long endTime;

// Global boolean
private boolean usingFile;
private boolean usingFile;
private boolean usingRandom;

public GUI() {
    this.listOfTextFields = new ArrayList<JTextField>();
    this.matrix = new ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer>>();

    this.inputExists = false;
    this.usingRandom = false;
    this.usingRandom = false;
    frame = new JFrame();
    mainPanel = new JPanel();
    mainPanel.setLayout(new GridBagLayout());

// Create a panel on the left side
leftPanel = new JPanel();
leftPanel.setLayout(new GridBagLayout());
```

```
// Creating large text area on the left
outputArea = new JTextArea();
outputArea.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.BLACK));
outputArea.setEditable(false);
BriddBagConstraints cTextArea = new GridBagConstraints();
CTextArea.fill = GridBagConstraints.BOTH;
CTextArea.gridx = 0;
CTextArea.gridy = 0;
CTextArea.gridy = 0;
CTextArea.ipadx = 400;
leftPanel.add(outputArea, cTextArea);

scrollVertical = new JScrollPane(outputArea, JScrollPane.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED, JScrollPane.HORIZONTAL_SCROLLBAR_AS_NEEDED)
GridBagConstraints cScrollPanel = new GridBagConstraints();
cScrollPanel.gridx = 0;
cScrollPanel.gridx = 0;
cScrollPanel.gridy = 1;
cScrollPanel.gridw = 12;
cScrollPanel.ipady = 400;
leftPanel.ipady = 400;
leftPanel.ipady = 400;
leftPanel.ipady = 400;
leftPane.lipady = 60;
cleftPane.gridx = 0;
cleftPane.gridy = 0;
cleftPane.gridy = 0;
cleftPane.gridy = 0;
cleftPane.insets = new Insets(top: 20, left 20, bottom: 20, light: 10);
mainPanel.add(leftPanel, cleftPane);
```

```
intro1 = new JLabel( text: "Welcome to 15-Puzzle Problem Solver using Branch and Bound Algorithm");
GridBagConstraints cLabel1 = new GridBagConstraints();
cLabel1.gridx = 1;
cLabel1.gridy = 0;
cLabel1.insets = new Insets( top: 20, left: 10, bottom: 0, right: 20);
GridBagConstraints cLabel2 = new GridBagConstraints();
cLabel2.qridx = 1;
cLabel2.gridy = 1;
intro3 = new JLabel( text: "Example:");
GridBagConstraints cLabel3 = new GridBagConstraints();
cLabel3.gridx = 1;
cLabel3.gridy = 2;
GridBagConstraints cLabel4 = new GridBagConstraints();
cLabel4.gridy = 5;
cLabel4.insets = new Insets( top: 2, left: 10, bottom: 2, right: 20);
 errorLabel = new JLabel( text: "Error: No Error Found!");
```

```
GridBagConstraints cErrorLabel = new GridBagConstraints();
cErrorLabel.gridx = 1;
cErrorLabel.gridy = 8;
cErrorLabel.insets = new Insets( top: 5, left: 10, bottom: 5, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(errorLabel, cErrorLabel);
resetLabel = new JLabel( text: "Click the reset button to use another method");
GridBagConstraints cResetLabel = new GridBagConstraints();
cResetLabel.gridx = 1;
cResetLabel.gridy = 10;
cResetLabel.insets = new Insets( top: 5, left: 10, bottom: 5, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(resetLabel, cResetLabel);
timeTaken = new JLabel( text: "Time elapsed: 0 ms");
GridBagConstraints cTimeTaken = new GridBagConstraints();
cTimeTaken.gridx = 0;
cTimeTaken.gridy = 12;
cTimeTaken.gridwidth = 2;
cTimeTaken.insets = new Insets( top: 5, left: 20, bottom: 20, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(timeTaken, cTimeTaken);
```

```
exampleMatrix = new JTextArea();
exampleMatrix.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.BLACK));
exampleMatrix.setEditable(false);
exampleMatrix.setText(
GridBagConstraints cExampleMatrix = new GridBagConstraints();
cExampleMatrix.gridx = 1;
cExampleMatrix.gridy = 3;
cExampleMatrix.insets = new Insets( top: 10, left: 10, bottom: 10, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(exampleMatrix, cExampleMatrix);
matrixInputPanel = new JPanel();
matrixInputPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(rows: 4, cols: 4, hgap: 2, vgap: 2));
for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
    matrixTextField = new JTextField();
    matrixInputPanel.add(matrixTextField);
    this.listOfTextFields.add(matrixTextField);
GridBagConstraints cMatrixArea = new GridBagConstraints();
cMatrixArea.fill = GridBagConstraints.BOTH;
cMatrixArea.gridx = 1;
cMatrixArea.gridy = 4;
cMatrixArea.insets = new Insets( top: 10, left: 10, bottom: 10, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(matrixInputPanel, cMatrixArea);
```

```
button_file_input = new JButton( text: "Input matrix from file");
GridBagConstraints cButtonFile = new GridBagConstraints();
cButtonFile.gridx = 1;
cButtonFile.gridy = 6;
cButtonFile.insets = new Insets( top: 2, left: 10, bottom: 2, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(button_file_input, cButtonFile);
button_random_input = new JButton( text: "Use random matrix");
GridBagConstraints cButtonRandom = new GridBagConstraints();
cButtonRandom.gridx = 1;
cButtonRandom.gridy = 7;
cButtonRandom.insets = new Insets( top: 2, left: 10, bottom: 2, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(button_random_input, cButtonRandom);
button_start = new JButton( text: "Start");
GridBagConstraints cButtonStart = new GridBagConstraints();
cButtonStart.gridx = 1;
cButtonStart.gridy = 9;
cButtonStart.insets = new Insets( top: 2, left: 10, bottom: 2, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(button_start, cButtonStart);
button_reset = new JButton( text: "Reset");
GridBagConstraints cButtonReset = new GridBagConstraints();
cButtonReset.gridx = 1;
cButtonReset.gridy = 11;
cButtonReset.insets = new Insets( top: 2, left: 10, bottom: 20, right: 20);
mainPanel.add(button_reset, cButtonReset);
// Action listener
button_file_input.addActionListener(e -> fileButtonPressed());
button_random_input.addActionListener(e -> randomButtonPressed());
button_start.addActionListener(e -> startButtonPressed());
button_reset.addActionListener(e -> resetButtonPressed());
```

```
// Add Frame
   frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
public void fileButtonPressed() {
       int status = fileChooser.showOpenDialog(frame);
       if (status == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
            String fileName = fileChooser.getSelectedFile().getPath();
            System.out.println("Path: " + fileName);
            String convertedFileName = fileName.replace( target: "\\", replacement: "\\\");
                matrix = Input.readFromFile(convertedFileName);
                if (Utilities.checkRepeatingElement(matrix)) {
                    printErrorMessage( text: "Not all matrix elements are distinct!");
                             listOfTextFields.get(<u>counter</u>).setText(matrix.get(<u>i</u>).get(<u>j</u>).toString());
                             listOfTextFields.get(counter).setEditable(false);
           } catch (Exception e) {
```

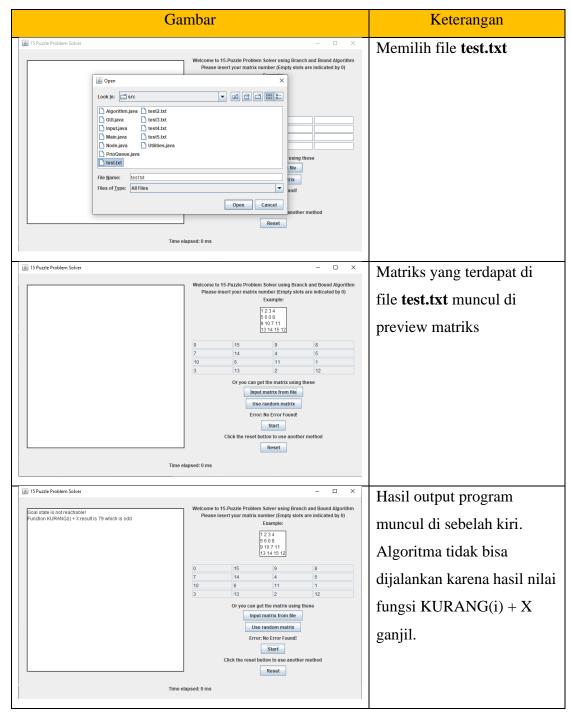
```
// Action when reset button is pressed
public void resetButtonPressed() {
    usingFile = false;
    usingRandom = false;
    inputExists = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
        listOfTextFields.get(i).setText(null);
        listOfTextFields.get(i).setEditable(true);
    }
    outputArea.setText(null);
    timeTaken.setText("Time elapsed: 0 ms");
    printErrorMessage( text "No Error Found!");
}

// Function to display text in the text area
public void printTextOutput(String text) {
    outputArea.setText(text);
}

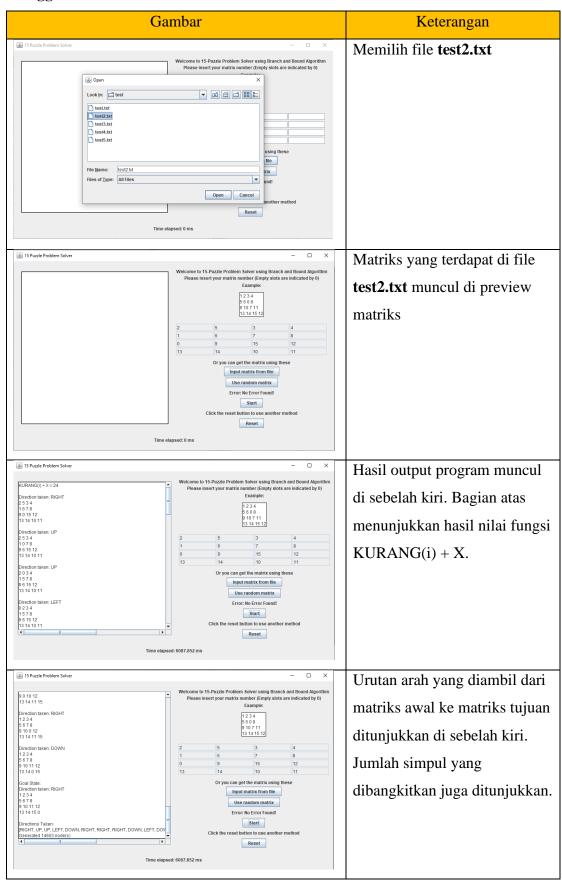
// Function to display error messages
public void printErrorMessage(String text) {
    errorLabel.setText("Error: " + text);
}</pre>
```

BAB III Screenshot Input dan Output

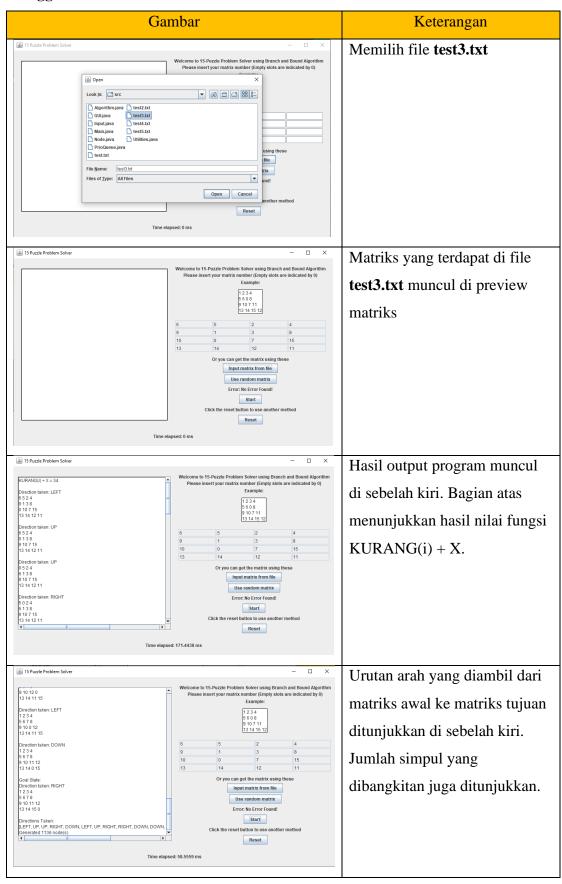
3.1.Menggunakan file test.txt



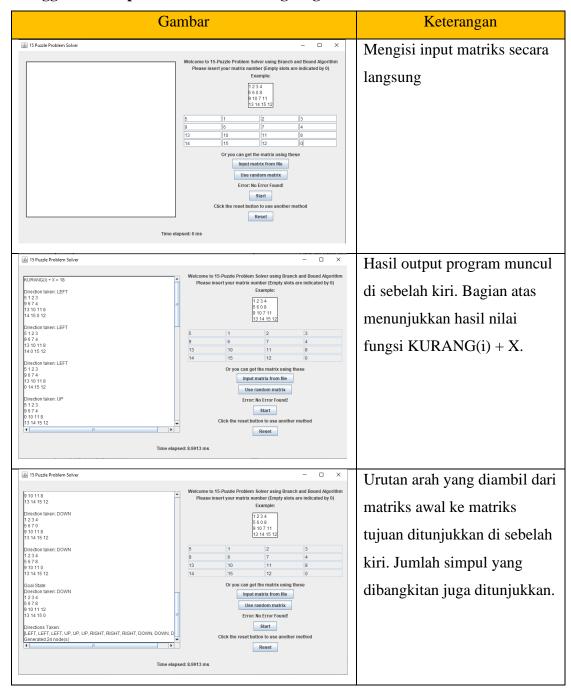
3.2.Menggunakan file test2.txt



3.3.Menggunakan file test3.txt



3.4. Menggunakan input matriks secara langsung



BAB IV Berkas Data Uji

	test.txt
0 15 9 8	
7 14 4 5	
10 6 11 1	
3 13 2 12	
	test2.txt
2534	
1678	
16 9 15 12	
13 14 10 11	
	test3.txt
6 5 2 4	
9138	
10 0 7 15	
13 14 12 11	
	test4.txt
2 3 7 4	
1 6 11 8	
5 10 12 15	
9 13 14 0	
	test5.txt
15 10 12 2	
3 4 14 0	
13 9 8 5	
7 6 11 1	

BAB V Checklist Program

Poin	Ya	Tidak
Program berhasil dikompilasi	✓	
2. Program berhasil <i>running</i>	✓	
Program dapat menerima input dan menuliskan output	✓	
4. Luaran sudah benar untuk semua data uji	✓	
5. Bonus dibuat	✓	

BAB VI Link Kode Program

Kode program dapat dilihat pada halaman github berikut https://github.com/YakobusIP/Tucil3_13520104.git

BAB VII Daftar Referensi

Munir, Rinaldi. 2022. Algoritma *Branch & Bound* (Bagian 1). Diakses pada 2 April 2022, dari https://informatika.stei.itb.ac.id/~rinaldi.munir/Stmik/2020-2021/Algoritma-Branch-and-Bound-2021-Bagian1.pdf