System Requirements Specification

Index

For

Appointment Scheduler Application Beginner

Version 1.0

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APPOINTMENT SCHEDULER APPLICATION

System Requirements Specification

BACKEND-SPRING DATA RESTFUL APPLICATION

1 Project Abstract

The **Appointment Scheduler Application** is implemented using Spring Data with a MySQL database. This application is engineered to optimize the management of medical appointments, facilitating seamless interaction between patients and healthcare providers.

You are tasked with building a system that allows users to easily book and manage patients with healthcare providers. The application offers functionalities to create, update, and delete doctor profiles.

Following is the requirement specifications:

	Appointment Scheduler Application	
Modules		
1	Doctor	
Doctor Module		
Functionalities		
1	List all doctors (must return doctors by name in ascending order and that also in	
	pages)	
2	Get doctor by id	
3	Create doctor (must be transactional)	
4	Update doctor by id (must be transactional)	
5	Delete doctor by id (must be transactional)	
6	Get doctor by speciality (must use dynamic method)	

2 ASSUMPTIONS, DEPENDENCIES, RISKS / CONSTRAINTS

2.1 DOCTOR CONSTRAINTS

- When fetching a doctor by ID, if the doctor ID does not exist, the service method should throw a NotFoundException with "Doctor not found" message.
- When updating a doctor, if the doctor ID does not exist, the service method should throw a NotFoundException with "Doctor not found" message.
- When removing a doctor, if the doctor ID does not exist, the service method should throw a NotFoundException with "Doctor not found" message.

COMMON CONSTRAINTS

- For all rest endpoints receiving @RequestBody, validation check must be done and must throw custom exception if data is invalid
- All the business validations must be implemented in dto classes only.
- All the database operations must be implemented on entity object only
- Do not change, add, remove any existing methods in service layer
- In Repository interfaces, custom methods can be added as per requirements.
- All RestEndpoint methods and Exception Handlers must return data wrapped in ResponseEntity.

3 Business Validations

Doctor:

- Name should not be blank.
- Hospital name should not be blank.
- Speciality should not be blank.
- DailyTime should not be null.
- Similarly all validations must be applied in the constructor also.

4 DATABASE OPERATIONS

Doctor:

- Class must be treated as an entity.
- The table must have a name as "doctors" in the database.
- Id must be of type id and generated by IDENTITY technique.
- Name must not be null.

- hospitalName should have a column name as "hospital_name" and must not be null.
- Speciality must not be null.
- dailyTime should have a column name as "daily_time" and must not be null.

5 REST ENDPOINTS

Rest End-points to be exposed in the controller along with method details for the same to be created.

5.1 DOCTORCONTROLLER

URL I	Exposed	Purpose
1. /api/doctors		
Http Method	GET	Fetches all the doctors
Parameter	-	
Return	Page <doctordto></doctordto>	
2. /api/doctors/{id}		
Http Method	GET	Get a doctor by id
Parameter 1	Long (id)	
Return	DoctorDTO	
3. /api/doctors		
Http Method	POST]
	The doctor data to be	
	created must be	
	received in the	Create a new doctor
	controller using	
	@RequestBody.	
Parameter	-	
Return	DoctorDTO	
4. /api/doctors/{id}		
Http Method	PUT	
	The doctor data to be	Updates existing doctor by id
	updated must be	
	received in the	
	controller using	
	@RequestBody.	
Parameter 1	Long (id)	
Return	DoctorDTO	
5. /api/doctors/{id}		
Http Method	DELETE	

١	Parameter 1	Long (Ia)	Deletes a doctor by id
	Return	-	
-			
	6. /api/doctors/spec	ialty/{specialty}	
	Http Method	GET	-
	Parameter 1	String (specialty)	Fetches all doctor with given specialty
	Return	List <doctordto></doctordto>	

6 TEMPLATE CODE STRUCTURE

6.1 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT

Resources

AppointmentSchedulerAp	This is the Spring Boot starter class of the	Already
plication	application.	Implemented
(Class)		

6.2 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.REPOSITORY

Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
DoctorRepository	Repository interface exposing	Partially implemented.
(interface)	CRUD functionality for Doctor	
	entity.	
	• It must contain the methods for:	
	o Finding a list of doctors by	
	their speciality and	
	ordered by name in	
	ascending order.	
	o Finding all doctors	
	ordered by name in	
	pages.	
	You can go ahead and add any	
	custom methods as per	
	requirements.	

6.3 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.SERVICE

Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
DoctorService (interface)	 Interface to expose method signatures for doctor related functionality. Do not modify, add or delete any method. 	Already implemented.

6.4 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.SERVICE.IMPL

Class/Interface	Description	Status
DoctorServiceImpl (class)	• Implements DoctorService.	To be implemented.
	 Contains template method implementation. 	
	• Need to provide	
	implementation for doctor	
	related functionalities.	
	Do not modify, add or delete	
	any method signature.	

6.5 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.CONTROLLER

Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
DoctorController (Class)	• Controller class to expose all	To be implemented
	rest-endpoints for doctor	
	related activities.	
	● May also contain local	
	exception handler methods.	

6.6 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.DTO

Resources

Class/Interface	Description			Status
DoctorDTO (Class)	Use appropriate	annotations	for	Partially implemented.
	validating attribute	s of this class.		

6.7 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.ENTITY

Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
Doctor (Class)	• This class is partially	Partially implemented.
	implemented.	
	Annotate this class with proper	
	annotation to declare it as an	
	entity class with id as primary	
	key.	
	Map this class with a doctor	
	table.	
	• Generate the id using the	
	IDENTITY strategy	

6.8 PACKAGE: COM.APPOINTMENT.EXCEPTION

Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
NotFoundException (Class)	• Custom Exception to be	Already implemented.
	thrown when trying to	
	fetch, update or delete	
	the doctor or schedule	
	info which does not exist.	
	Need to create Exception	
	Handler for same	
	wherever needed (local	
	or global)	

ErrorResponse (Class)	RestControllerAdvice Class Already implemented.
	for defining global
	exception handlers.
	Contains Exception Handler
	for InvalidDataException
	class.
	Use this as a reference for
	creating exception handler
	for other custom exception
	classes
RestExceptionHandler (Class)	RestControllerAdvice Class Already implemented.
	for defining rest exception
	handlers.
	Contains Exception Handler
	for NotFoundException
	class.
	Use this as a reference for
	creating exception handler
	for other custom exception
	classes

6 METHOD DESCRIPTIONS

1. ServiceImpl Class - Method Descriptions

a. DoctorServiceImpl – Method Descriptions

• Declare a private final variable with name doctorRepository of type DoctorRepository interface.

Method	Task	Implementation Details
<pre>@Autowired public DoctorServiceImp 1(DoctorReposito ry</pre>	Constructor-based dependency injection	- Annotated with @Autowired.- Injects the repository dependency through constructor.

doctorRepository	- Assigns to the doctorRepository field.

Method	Task	Implementation Details
createDoctor	To implement logic for saving a new doctor	- Convert the incoming DoctorDTO to a Doctor entity using convertToEntity(). - Call doctorRepository.save(doctor) to store the doctor. - Convert the saved entity back to DoctorDTO using convertToDTO() and return it.
updateDoctor	To implement logic for updating doctor details by ID	 Call doctorRepository.findById(doctorId) to find the doctor. If not found, throw NotFoundException with message "Doctor not found". Update fields: name, hospital name, specialty, and daily time using setters. Save updated doctor using doctorRepository.save(doctor). Return updated DoctorDTO using convertToDTO().
getDoctorById	To implement logic for retrieving a doctor by ID	 Call doctorRepository.findById(doctorId). If not found, throw NotFoundException with message "Doctor not found". If found, convert to DoctorDTO using convertToDTO() and return it.
deleteDoctor	To implement logic to delete a doctor by ID	 Call doctorRepository.findById(doctorId). If not found, throw NotFoundException with message "Doctor not found". If found, delete using doctorRepository.deleteById(doctorId). Return true after successful deletion.
getAllDoctors	To implement logic to retrieve all doctors with pagination	 - Accept a Pageable object as input. - Call doctorRepository.findAllByOrderByNameAsc(pageable). - Map each Doctor to DoctorDTO using map(this::convertToDTO). - Return a Page<doctordto> object.</doctordto>
findDoctorsByS pecialty	To implement logic to get doctors based on specialty	 - Accept a specialty string as input. - Call doctorRepository.findBySpecialtyOrderByNameAsc(specialty). - Convert each Doctor to DoctorDTO using stream().map(this::convertToDTO). - Return the list of DoctorDTO objects.

2. Controller Class - Method Descriptions

a. DoctorController – Method Descriptions

• Declare a private final variable with name doctorService of type DoctorService interface.

Method	Task	Implementation Details
<pre>@Autowired public DoctorController (DoctorService doctorService)</pre>	Constructor-based dependency injection	- Annotated with @Autowired.- Injects the repository dependency through constructor.- Assigns to the doctorService field.

Method	Task	Implementation Details
getAllDoctors	To implement logic to fetch all doctors with pagination	- Request type: GET, URL: /api/doctors - Method name: getAllDoctors, returns ResponseEntity <page<doctordto>> - Accept @RequestParam for 'page' and 'size' - Create Pageable object using PageRequest.of(page, size) - Call doctorService.getAllDoctors(pageable) - Return the result with HttpStatus.OK</page<doctordto>
		- Return the result with https://dias.ok
getDoctorById	To implement logic to fetch a doctor by ID	- Request type: GET, URL: /api/doctors/{id} - Method name: getDoctorByld, returns ResponseEntity <doctordto> - Use @PathVariable for doctor ID - Call doctorService.getDoctorByld(id) - Return the doctor with HttpStatus.OK - If NotFoundException is thrown, return HttpStatus.NO_CONTENT</doctordto>
createDoctor	To implement logic to create a new doctor	- Request type: POST, URL: /api/doctors - Method name: createDoctor, returns ResponseEntity <doctordto> - Use @Validated @RequestBody to accept DoctorDTO - Call doctorService.createDoctor(doctorDTO) - Return the created doctor with HttpStatus.CREATED</doctordto>

updateDoctor	To implement logic	- Request type: PUT, URL: /api/doctors/{id}
	to update a doctor	- Method name: updateDoctor, returns
	by ID	ResponseEntity <doctordto></doctordto>
		- Use @PathVariable for ID and @Validated @RequestBody for
		DoctorDTO
		- Call doctorService.updateDoctor(id, doctorDTO)
		- Return updated doctor with HttpStatus.OK
		- If NotFoundException is thrown, return
		HttpStatus.NO_CONTENT
deleteDoctor	To implement logic	- Request type: DELETE, URL: /api/doctors/{id}
	to delete a doctor	- Method name: deleteDoctor, returns ResponseEntity <void></void>
	by ID	- Use @PathVariable to accept doctor ID
		- Call doctorService.deleteDoctor(id)
		- Return response with HttpStatus.NO_CONTENT
getDoctorsBySp	To implement logic	- Request type: GET, URL: /api/doctors/specialty/{specialty}
ecialty	to fetch doctors	- Method name: getDoctorsBySpecialty, returns
	based on specialty	ResponseEntity <list<doctordto>></list<doctordto>
		- Use @PathVariable to accept the specialty value
		- Call doctorService.findDoctorsBySpecialty(specialty)
		- Return the filtered list with HttpStatus.OK

7 EXECUTION STEPS TO FOLLOW FOR BACKEND

- 1. All actions like build, compile, running application, running test cases will be through Command Terminal.
- 2. To open the command terminal the test takers need to go to the Application menu (Three horizontal lines at left top) -> Terminal -> New Terminal.
- 3. cd into your backend project folder
- 4. To build your project use command:

mvn clean package -Dmaven.test.skip

5. To launch your application, move into the target folder (cd target). Run the following command to run the application:

java -jar <your application jar file name>

- 6. This editor Auto Saves the code.
- 7. These are time bound assessments the timer would stop if you logout and while logging in back using the same credentials the timer would resume from the same time it was

stopped from the previous logout.

- 8. To test any Restful application, the last option on the left panel of IDE, you can find ThunderClient, which is the lightweight equivalent of POSTMAN. Please use 127.0.0.1 instead of localhost to test rest endpoints.
- 9. To test any UI based application the second last option on the left panel of IDE, you can find Browser Preview, where you can launch the application.
- 10. Default credentials for MySQL:

a. Username: root

b. Password: pass@word1

- 11. To login to mysql instance: Open new terminal and use following command:
 - a. sudo systemctl enable mysql
 - b. sudo systemctl start mysql

NOTE: After typing any of the above commands you might encounter any warnings.

- >> Please note that this warning is expected and can be disregarded. Proceed to the next step.
- c. mysql -u root -p

The last command will ask for password which is 'pass@word1'

12. Mandatory: Before final submission run the following command:

mvn test