GIT COMMAND

1. git config

Set your name and email in Git.

- Global name: git config --global user.name "swathi"
- Local email: git config user.email "swathi@gmail.com"

2. git init

Start a new Git repo in a folder.

• git init

3. git clone

Copy an existing repo to your system.

• git clone [repo URL]

4. git add

Move changes to the staging area.

- Single file: git add [file]
- All files: git add .

5. git commit

Save staged changes with a message.

- Normal: git commit -m "message"
- Add and commit unstaged changes: git commit -a

6. git diff

See file differences before committing.

- Unstaged: git diff
- Staged: git diff --staged
- Between branches: git diff branch1 branch2

7. git status

Check file status in your repo.

• git status

8. git reset

Unstage files or undo commits.

- Unstage file: git reset
- Undo commit: git reset [commit ID]

9. git rm

Remove a file and stage the deletion.

• git rm [file]

10. git log

View commit history.

• git log

11. git show

View details of a specific commit.

• git show [commit ID]

12. git tag

Add a tag to a commit.

• git tag [tag-name] [commit ID]

13. git branch

Create, list, or delete branches.

- New branch: git branch [branch-name]
- Delete: git branch -d [branch-name]

14. git checkout

Switch between branches.

- Switch: git checkout [branch]
- Create & switch: git checkout -b [branch]

$15.\,\mathrm{git}$ merge

Combine changes from one branch to another.

• git merge [branch]

16. git remote

Connect to a remote repo.

• git remote add origin [URL]

17. git push

Send your commits to the remote repo.

• git push origin main

18. git pull

Bring in changes from remote to your local repo.

• git pull origin main

19. git stash

Temporarily save uncommitted changes.

- Save: git stash
- List: git stash list
- Delete latest: git stash drop

20. git fsck

Check for problems in the G